

TEAM





Supervisor Ms. Namalie Walgampaya



Co-Supervisor
Ms. Hansi De Silva



Dhanushka Dilshan IT19138732



Shehan Dhanuddara IT19167206



Janitha Tharaka IT19148014



Nisal Ravindu IT19197838

CONTENT

- 01 Introduction
- **02** Problem Definition
- 03 Objectives
- 04 Individual Contribution
- **05** Commercialization



INTRODUCTION

 The education field has been revolutionized by introduction of information technology-based tools as a teaching aid.

 The effective integration of educational technology and early childhood education requirements are limited.

 The primary aim of this study is to develop an interactive learning platform that provides teaching aids to primary level students without the need of manual supervision.

Researchers integrated advanced technology and key primary level activities

- Letter based activities
- Image based activities
- Shapes based activities
- Color based activities

Problem Definition

- Today's generation is more interested in learning from an interactive computer or mobile application—based activities.
- But limited number of education systems have developed as automatic self learning platforms.
- The COVID-19 pandemic created space between children and manual supervision by teachers.
- Parents might not have sufficient time or knowledge to assist to enhance primary level educational concepts.
- This interactive learning system providing an innovative real-time learning experience for children that does not require any manual supervision.



OBJECTIVES



■ Main Objective

 To create an interactive learning system to enhance knowledge and skills of primary level students.

☐ Sub Objective

- To identify and predict hand-drawn letters, in order to provide suggestions to recorrect the letter in professional manner.
- To recognize shapes and number of shapes by art drawn ,according to the instructions given by system.
- To identify color of drawing object in order to provide corrections and suggestions for the given draw
- Extract features from given image & generate caption depending on that extracted image features



IT19138732 | M.G.D.D.B. Ekanayaka

B.Sc. (Hons) Degree in Information Technology Specialized in Software Engineering

Introduction - Interactive learning system of English alphabet for kids



- Mainly aims to identify and predict hand-drawn letters, in order to provide suggestions to recorrect the letter in professional manner.
- Existing systems and applications are allowed children to draw a letter on a provided letter-shaped image.
- But present research work provide by
 - Allowing children to write letters on screen freely
 - predicting the drawing as letter
 - identifying mistakes in the basic letter
 - providing correct way to draw the letter
- This system will be provided self learning platform to children to improve alphabetical knowledge and skills as unique learning experiences.

Implementation..



Dataset

A-Z Handwritten Alphabets in .csv format

370000+ English Alphabets Image Data-set



- The dataset contains 26 folders (A-Z) containing handwritten images in size 28*28 pixels.
- Contain 370000+ images in data set.
- All the images are converted into the CSV format.

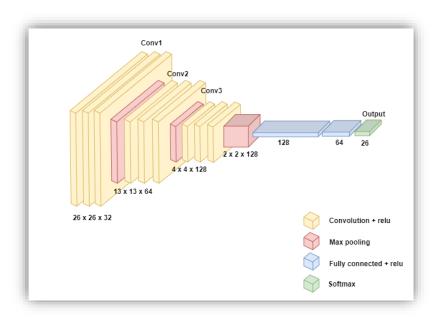
Implementation...

- ☐ Steps to create the model
 - Data preparation
 - Load data
 - Reshape
 - Split data into train & test
 - Scale data
 - Create CNN based model
 - Define the model
 - Set the activation & optimizer
 - Evaluate the model
 - Training & validation curves
 - Prediction

Implementation...



■ Model Creation



- Use three 2D Convolution layers.
- Every Con2D layers have max pooling operation to extract maximum value from the Feature map according to filter size.

Implementation..



■ Model Creation

```
# creating the model
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=(3, 3),
          activation='relu', input_shape=(28, 28, 1)))
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool size=(2, 2), strides=2))
model.add(Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3, 3),
          activation='relu', padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2, 2), strides=2))
model.add(Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=(3, 3),
          activation='relu', padding='valid'))
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool size=(2, 2), strides=2))
model.add(Flatten()) # output
model.add(Dense(128, activation="relu"))
model.add(Dense(64, activation="relu"))
# output laver
model.add(Dense(26, activation="softmax"))
# compile
model.compile(optimizer=adam v2.Adam(learning rate=0.001),
              loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
# model summary
model.summary()
```

- Used different filters to get the best accuracy result by increasing each Conv2D layers.
- Used ReLU for activation to get the positive result.
- Used Softmax activation for multiclass classification problems where required on more than two class labels.

Implementation...



■ Model Creation

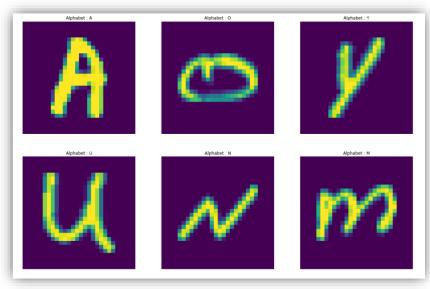
```
# creating the model
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=(3, 3),
          activation='relu', input shape=(28, 28, 1)))
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool size=(2, 2), strides=2))
model.add(Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3, 3),
          activation='relu', padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2, 2), strides=2))
model.add(Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=(3, 3),
          activation='relu', padding='valid'))
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool size=(2, 2), strides=2))
model.add(Flatten()) # output
model.add(Dense(128, activation="relu"))
model.add(Dense(64, activation="relu"))
# output laver
model.add(Dense(26, activation="softmax"))
# compile
model.compile(optimizer=adam v2.Adam(learning rate=0.001),
              loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
# model summary
model.summary()
```

- Adam optimizer used for the optimize the model.
- Used Categorical cross entropy for the loss function and that is used in multi-class classification tasks.

Implementation..



☐ Training data



Training data

Designing









- Use Figma tool to design the Mobile Interface.
- Here shows pre-design interfaces.

Designing..





 This is the Actual Home Screen in the Mobile application for our research.

Designing...



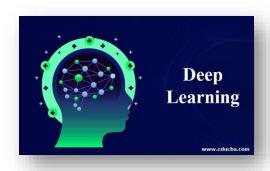




- Kids can draw the letters given section with the given alphabet.
- When clicked the next alphabet button then moves to the next alphabet letter.

Key Pillars & Relevant Technologies







- Use Convolution Neural Network (CNN) in Deep Learning to recognize and prediction the drawing letters.
- CNN is a class of Deep Neural Network.
- CNN has achieved better result in detecting and segmenting the specific objects.

Key Pillars & Relevant Technologies



Hardware Requisites

- Our basic plan is to implement the application operating on an Android device with a drawing platform
 - Mobile Phone



Technologies to be used

- Flutter
- Python
- TensorFlow







User Requirement & Functional Requirement



Functional Requirements

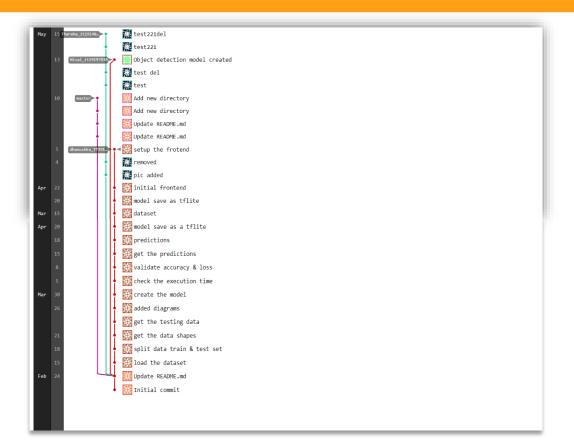
- Recognize hand-drawn letters.
- Predict the letter if the student draws the letter incompletely.
- Identify mistakes done by the student when drawing the letter and correct the mistake letter.

User Requirements

- User friendliness.
- Provide solutions to improve knowledge of writing letters.
- Facilitate to quick response.

Version Control Mechanism





Challengers & Overcomes



Challengers

- Lack of existing literature and works related to the outcome of study.
- Difficult to find most suitable data set for model.
- Difficult to use some parameters when creating a model for the study (optimizes, activations).
- Difficult to intergrade models and mobile applications.
- Difficult to obtain the model outcome in mobile applications.

Overcomes

- Follow the guidance of supervisors and experts.
- Refer to the references and previously published works.
- Utilize the theoretical knowledge of the machine learning module.
- Self-studied and used analytical thinking to resolve the problems.

Overall...

- Done
- Completed the developing model.
- Completed the Frontend of mobile application.
- Prediction of the alphabet.
- Connected with the model & android using the tflite library in TensorFlow.

- ☐ To be done
 - Identify the mistakes of the drawn alphabet letter.
 - Correctness alphabet letter of mistake letter.
 - Try to adjust the model with changing the optimizers, activations, loss functions & other specific functions to check the better output result.



IT19148014 | J.T Jayasundara

B.Sc. (Hons) Degree in Information Technology Specialized in Software Engineering

OBJECTIVES



- Identify and classify hand-drawn shapes
- Give grades to hand-drawn shapes
- Identify and classify hand-drawn arts that are drawn using shapes
- Give grades to hand-drawn arts
- Count the number of shapes in the art

What I have done for fifty percent of the project



- Created a dataset
- Create a model to classify hand-drawn shapes
- Identified and classified hand-drawn shapes
- Gave grades to drawn shapes

Research Problem



- Lack of accurate hand-drawn shape identification application systems.
- Even though drawing shapes is very important in primary education, there is no application to give grades for hand-drawn shapes.



Research Methodology





Technologies

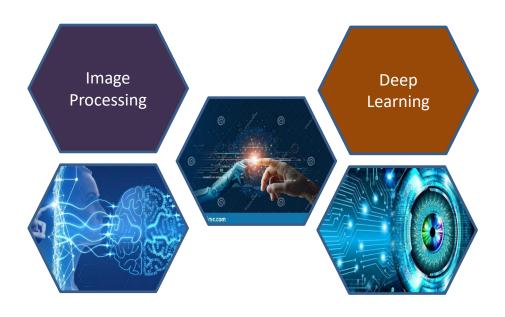


- Python
- Flutter



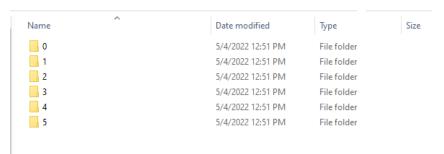
Key Pillars





Dataset



















angleCross_226.j





angleCross_163.j



angleCross_178.j angleCross_195.j





angleCross_152.j





angleCross_153.j







angleCross_238.j



angleCross_239.j



ellipse_186.jpg





ellipse_203.jpg



















ellipse_183.jpg





ellipse_181.jpg





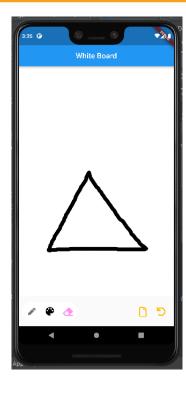


ellipse_220.jpg



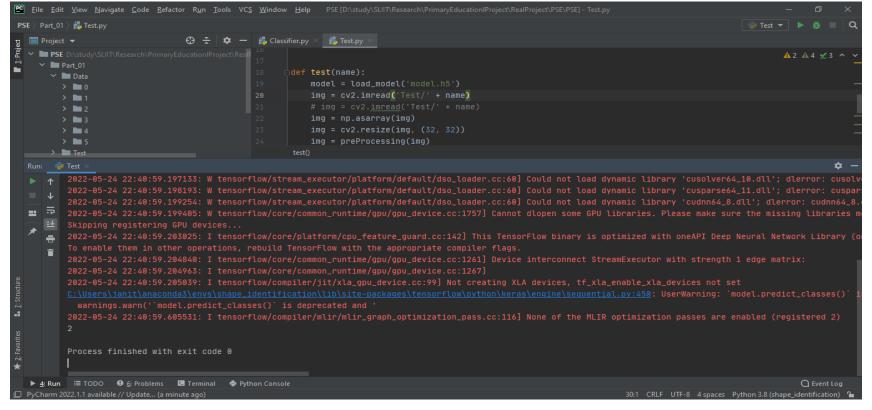
Frontend





Results





Future Plans



- Create a model to identify and classify arts that are drawn using shapes
- Count the number of shapes includes in art
- Give grades to arts that are drawn using shapes



Challengers and Overcome



Challengers

- Lack of existing application to identify and grade hand-drawn shapes
- difficult to find a dataset with grade based

Overcomes

- Created my own architecture and created an application
- Created my own dataset



IT19167206 | Wijesinghe S.A.S.D

B.Sc. (Hons) Degree in Information Technology Specialized in Software Engineering

Introduction

- In current education system normally all the modules and syllabus are made for physical environment.
- And primary level education based on teach under proper supervision.
- A situation like pandemic (Corona) or if mentor would not be able to supervise that children's it will not be good for them
- And sometimes current Sri Lankan education system teacher is not able to manage all classroom students at once
 - Those facts are bringing this idea



Objectives





- Identify the given image
- Generate image caption
- Take Student given answers
- Check given and generated sentence similarity
- Give feedback using similarity

What I have done for fifty percent of the project

- Image Caption Generator
- Sentence similarity Checker









New Notebook





Flickr 8k Dataset

Flickr8k Dataset for image captioning.















54723805 bcf7af c4ca3.jpg

Code (94)

Discussion (0)

Metadata

About Dataset

Context

A new benchmark collection for sentence-based image description and search, consisting of 8,000 images that are each paired with five different captions which provide clear descriptions of the salient entities and events. ... The images were chosen from six different Flickr groups, and tend not to contain any well-known people or locations, but were manually selected to depict a variety of scenes and situations

Usability ⁽¹⁾

7.50

License

CC0: Public Domain

Expected update frequency

Not specified



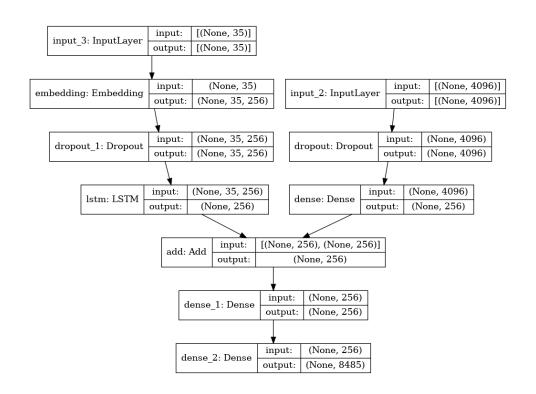
```
#Extract Image Features
model = VGG16()
model = Model(inputs=model.inputs, outputs=model.layers[-2].output)
features = {}
directory = os.path.join(BASE DIR, 'Images')
for img name in tqdm(os.listdir(directory)):
    img path = directory + '/' + img name
    image = load img(img path, target size=(224, 224))
    # convert image pixels to numpy array
    image = img_to_array(image)
    # reshape data for model
    image = image.reshape((1, image.shape[0], image.shape[1], image.shape[2]))
    # preprocess image for vgg
    image = preprocess input(image)
    # extract features
    feature = model.predict(image, verbose=0)
    image id = img name.split('.')[0]
    features[image id] = feature
```



Model Creation

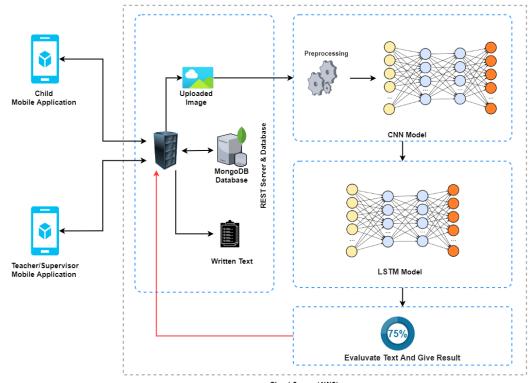
```
[16]:
       # encoder model
       # image feature layers
       inputs1 = Input(shape=(4096,))
       fe1 = Dropout(0.4)(inputs1)
       fe2 = Dense(256, activation='relu')(fe1)
       # sequence feature layers
       inputs2 = Input(shape=(max_length,))
       se1 = Embedding(vocab_size, 256, mask_zero=True)(inputs2)
       se2 = Dropout(0.4)(se1)
       se3 = LSTM(256)(se2)
       # decoder model
       decoder1 = add([fe2, se3])
       decoder2 = Dense(256, activation='relu')(decoder1)
       outputs = Dense(vocab_size, activation='softmax')(decoder2)
       model = Model(inputs=[inputs1, inputs2], outputs=outputs)
       model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam')
```





System Diagram





IT19167206 | S.A.S.D. Wijesinghe | 2022-254

Technologies & Key Pillars

Technologies

- Flutter
- Node JS
- Python
- AWS or Google Storage





Key Pillars

- Neural Network
 - CNN
 - conventional neural network
 - LSTM
 - Long Short-Term Memory

Results





```
1 similarity = cosine_similarity(
2     [sentence_embeddings[0]],
3     sentence_embeddings[1:]
4)
5 matches = []
6 for i,sentence in enumerate(sentences[1:]):
7     print(f"{sentence} \t\t {similarity[0][i]}")
8     if similarity[0][i] > 0.79:
9      matches.append(sentence)
10
11 print(matches)
```

the boy plays football 0.38733065128326416
the man plays cricket in the playground 1.000000238418579
what is null safety in dart 0.12113730609416962
A girl plays cricket 0.6203440427780151
a dog running on the grass 0.44165387749671936
black and white dog is running through the grass 0.42550086975097656
['the man plays cricket in the playground']

Challengers & Overcomes

Challengers

- Difficulty to find good data set
- Difficulty to create Model for caption generation
- When run the model and other things those cloud recourses are not enough

Overcomes

- After doing my research I was able to find good data set
- I was able to create separate layer lines for each one and finally I was able to create one
- I hope to but cloud instance to host this all things



IT19197838 | L.H.G.N.Ravindu

B.Sc. (Hons) Degree in Information Technology Specialized in Information Technology

OBJECTIVES



Recognize hand-drawn objects.

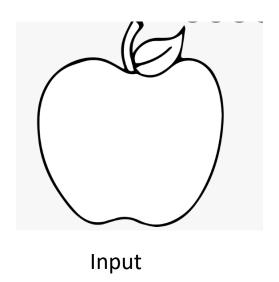
Color identification in the relevant object and matching real-life colors.

Identify mistakes that drawn object and suggest color if wrong

Draw the right object with the correct color

The Process so far...





```
<frozen importlib._bootstrap>:219: RuntimeWarning: scipy._lib.
2022-05-26 00:00:22.895339: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_fea
To enable them in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with th
[[9.999995e-01 2.441478e-09 4.958790e-07 9.543984e-10]]
[0]
0.9999995

Process finished with exit code 0
```

Output

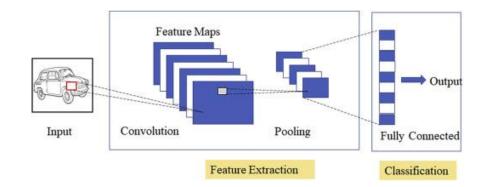
Used CNN for object detection

CNN



- ➤ What is CNN?
- ➤ Why did it use?

➤ What are the pros and cons?



Weightage of Component



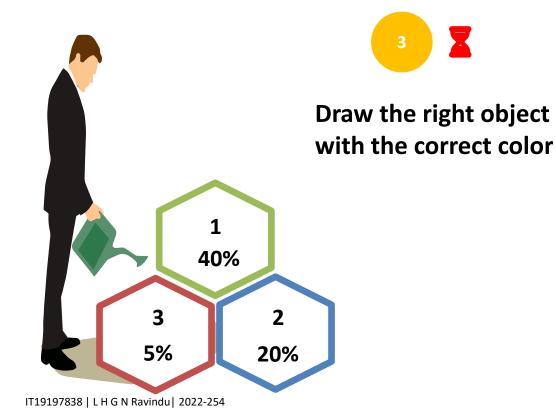


Hand drawn Object detection



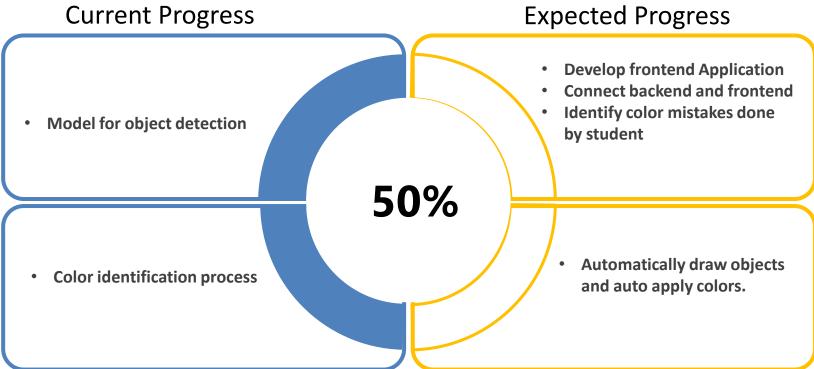
Color identification and match relevant color



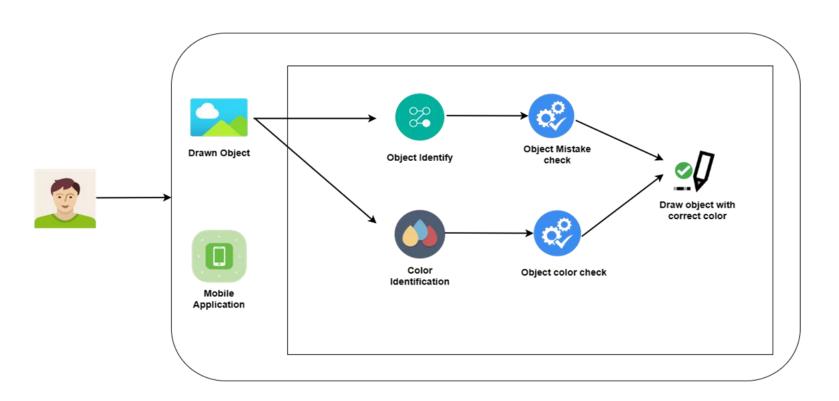


Completion Rate





Hand drawn object detection with color identification



COMMERCIALIZATION



Our App



- The First Computerized Commercialized & Automated Primary Education Application in Sri Lanka
- First App Introduce For Primary School Students Distance Learning
- 75% Automated Flow For Teachers

Main Features

- Teach students letters efficiently.
- Improve the ability to draw images.
- Increasing Knowledge of shapes.
- Improve the ability to identify features in images.

MARKET



How many children are in school in Sri Lanka?

According to the Ministry of Statistics, today there are approximately **10,012 public** schools serving close to 4,037,157 students, all around the island.

- Mean there will be around 1.5 Million primary students
- Approx. Customer Base 0.5 Million





How We Can Promote This App?

- Facebook Advertisement
- Referral Program
- Notice
- TV Commercial



How This App Make Money?

- User Subscriptions
- Partnerships





