

Identifying Pneumonia Through Deep Learning

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Table of contents

01

**Problem Overview &
Methods**

Modeling

03

02

Data

**Results and
Recommendations**

04

Problem Overview

False pneumonia diagnoses and failing to diagnose pneumonia has consequences



A patient with pneumonia left without treatment

**False Negative
Diagnosis**

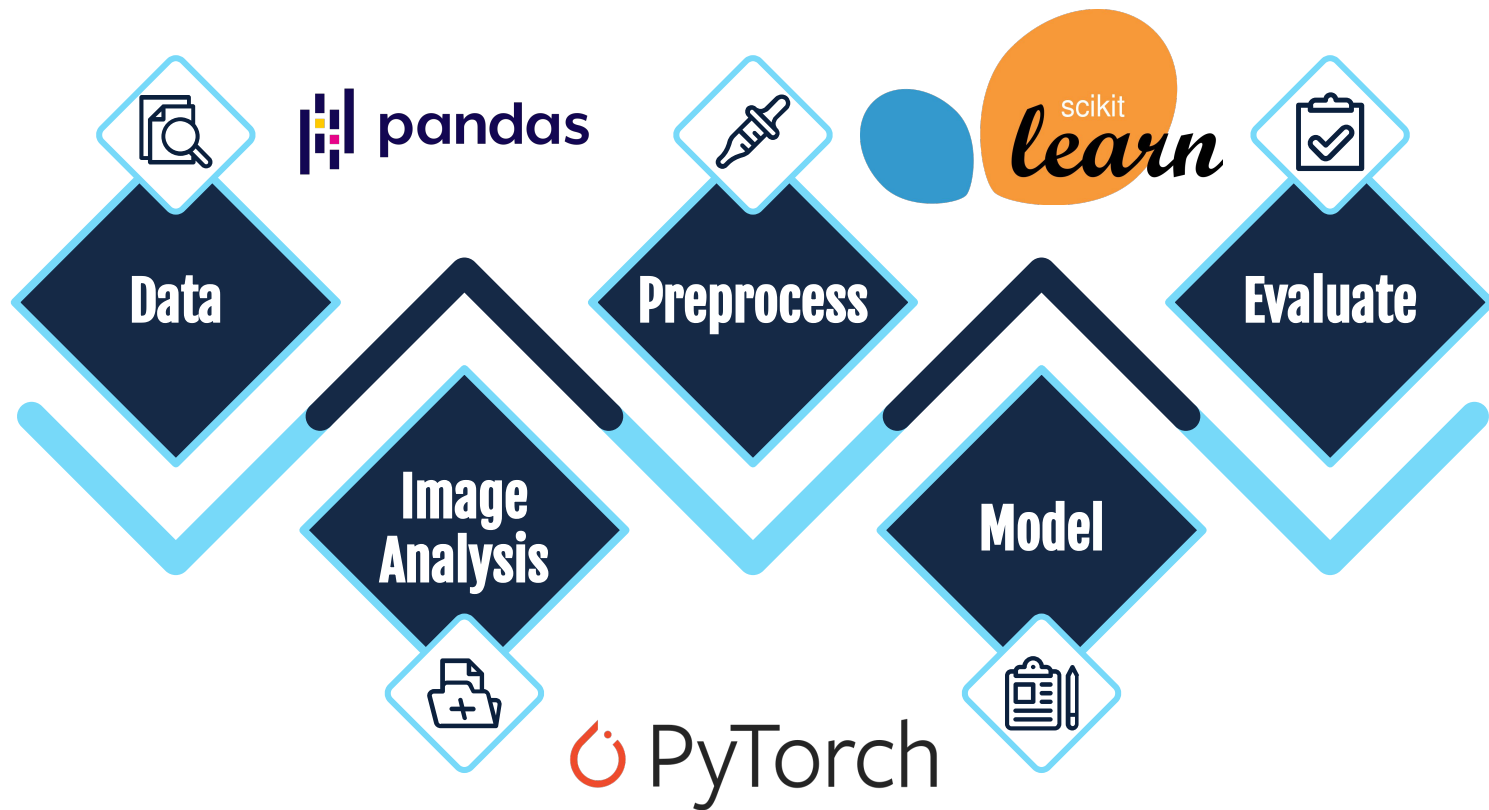


A patient given unnecessary treatments, like antibiotics

**False Positive
Diagnosis**

SOLUTION: Implementing a deep-learning model

Methods



Data

Healthy

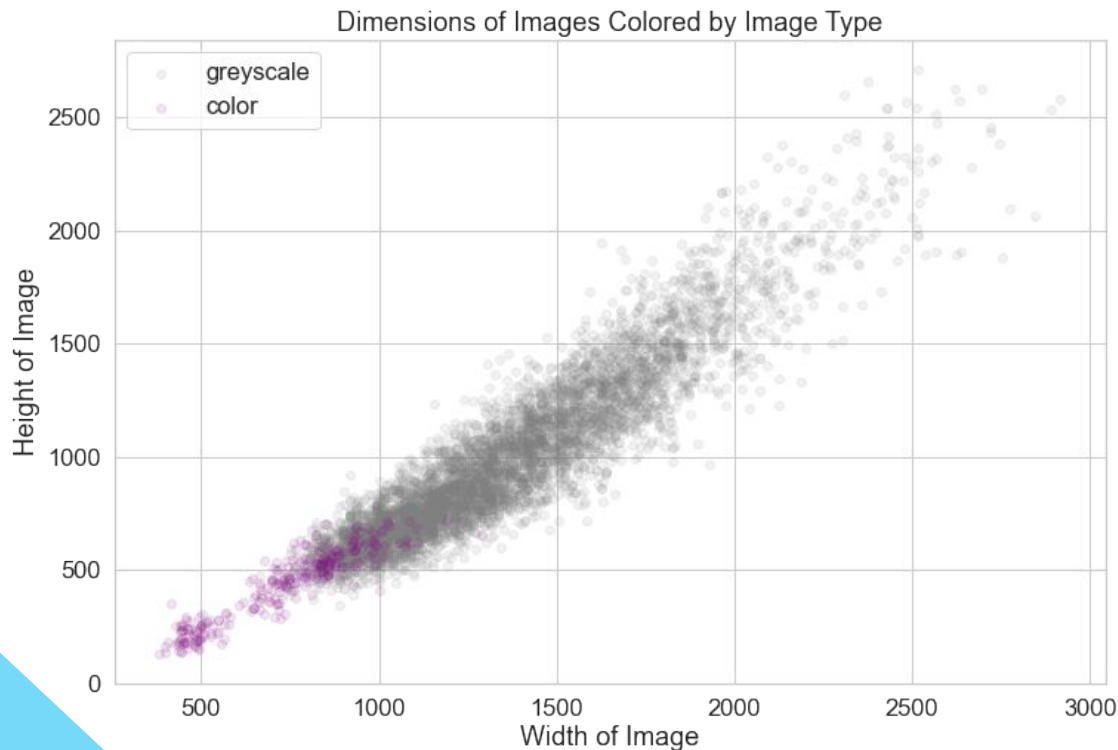


Sick



Over 5,000 similar images obtained from Kaggle

Data



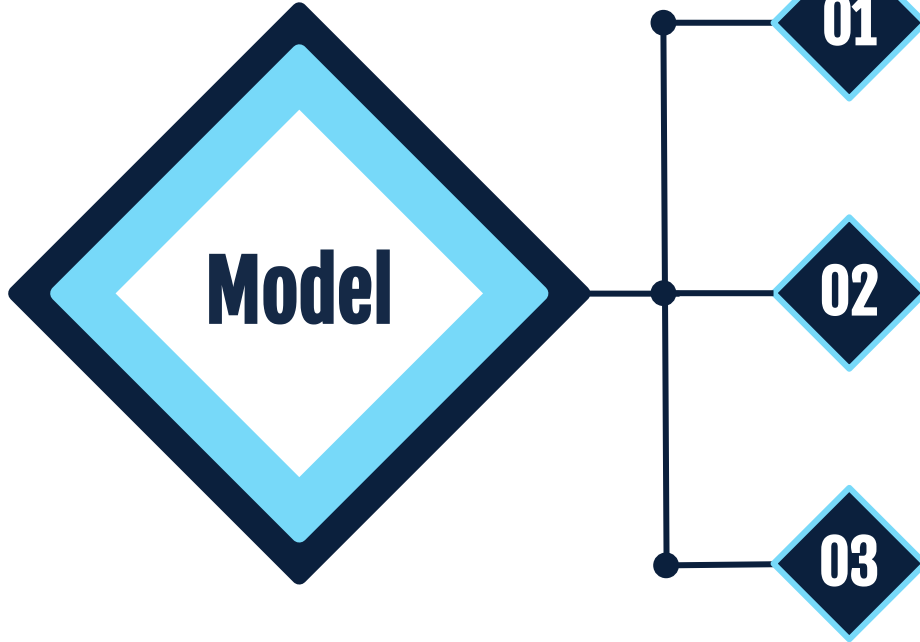
Issues

- Different colors
- Different sizes
- Different exposures

Solutions

- Converting to greyscale
- Resizing to very small image
- Normalizing

Modeling



Model Design

- Linear > ReLU
- Linear > Sigmoid

Optimization

- Adam with L2
- BCE

Interpretation

- Threshold 0.9

Model Performance

91%

Recall (Test)

100%

Prediction on
Holdout

87%

F1 (Test)

Model Performance

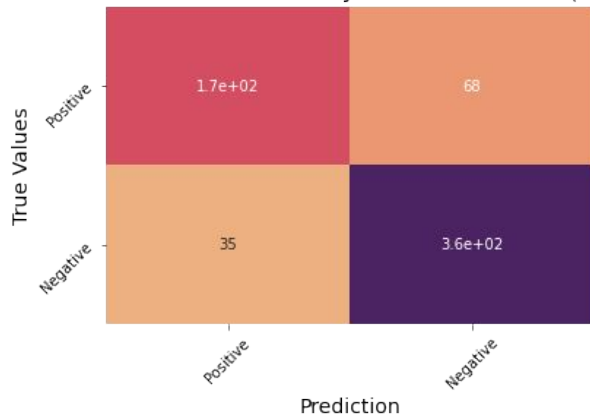
Regularization

L2
regularization
Adam

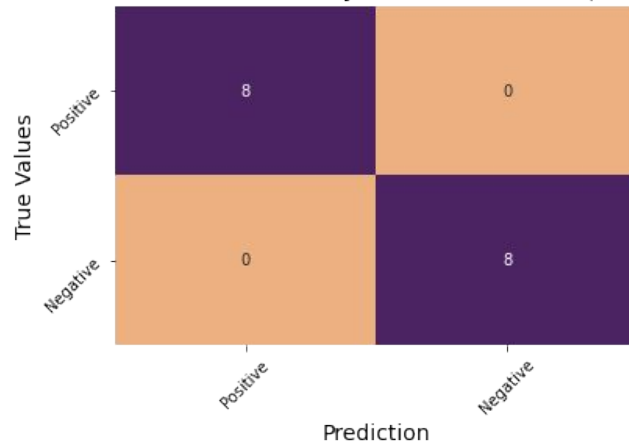
Threshold

Prediction @
0.9 or higher

Linear Model with Decay Confusion Matrix (Test)



Linear Model with Decay Confusion Matrix (Validate)



Conclusion



Doctors

Supplementary diagnosis
tools for edge cases



Labs and Specialists

Fast and efficient boost on
x-ray analysis



Patients

Accurate diagnosis with
very little financial impact

Future Works



Class Imbalance

Upsample minority
through image
manipulation



Less Compression

Utilize larger CUDA
environment



Complexity

Decrease data processing
and upscale model

Thanks

Do you have any questions?

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