



Spring for GraphQL

October 2022



SHOULD WE REPLACE ALL OF OUR REST APIs WITH GRAPHQL?

IT DEPENDS...

ABOUT ME

- Husband & Father
- Cleveland
- Software Development 20+ Years
- Spring Developer Advocate
- Content Creator (www.danvega.dev)
 - Blogger
 - YouTuber
 - Course Creator
- @therealdanvega

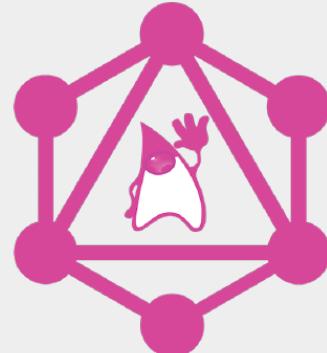


AGENDA

- Why GraphQL?
- What is GraphQL?
- GraphQL Java
- Spring for GraphQL
- Security
- Testing
- Q&A



Spring
for GraphQL



GraphQL Java

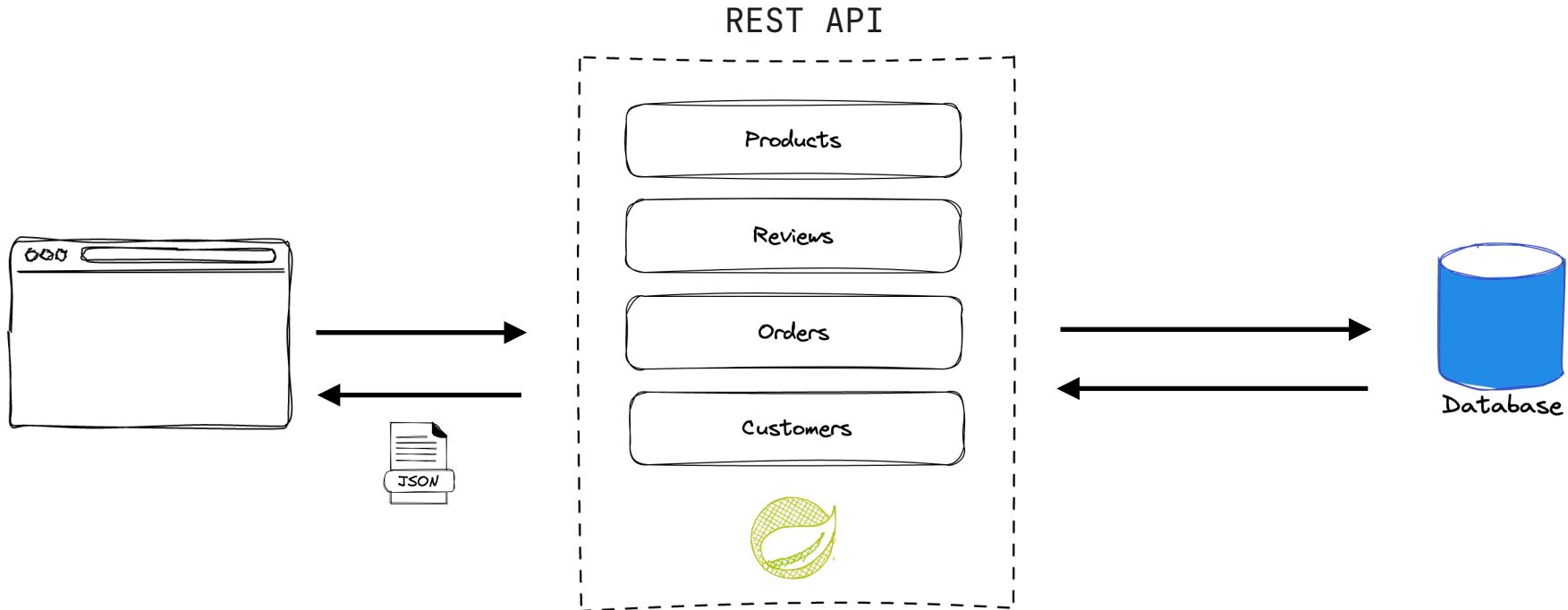
WAFFLECORP

- WaffleCorp Products
 - Direct to Consumer
 - Strategic Partnerships
- WaffleCorp e-commerce service
 - Monolithic Spring Boot MVC
 - REST API & Vue Frontend
- Open up our REST APIs
 - Partner Microservices
 - iOS and Android applications
 - IoT Applications (Smart Toaster)

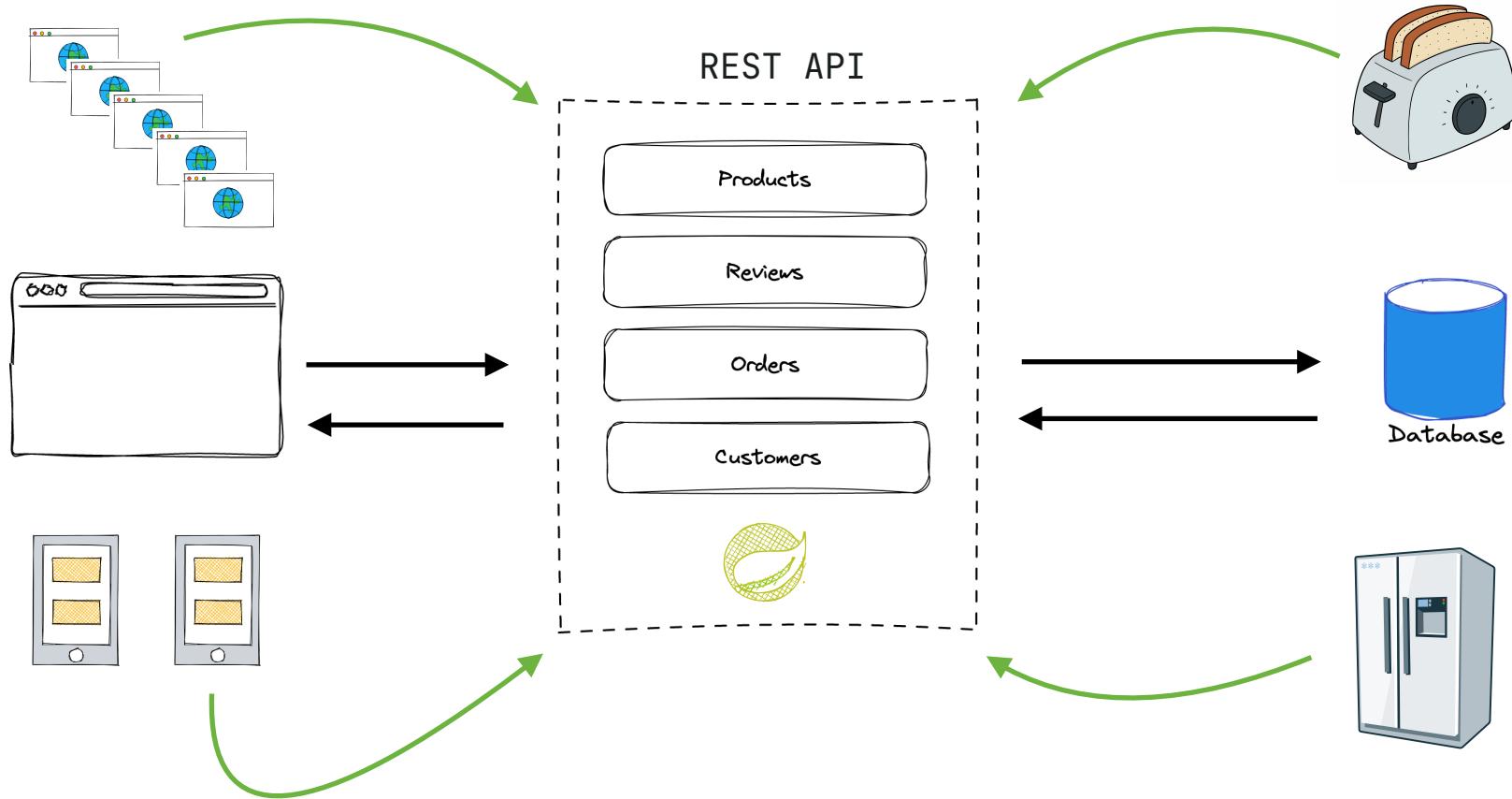


WHY GRAPHQL?

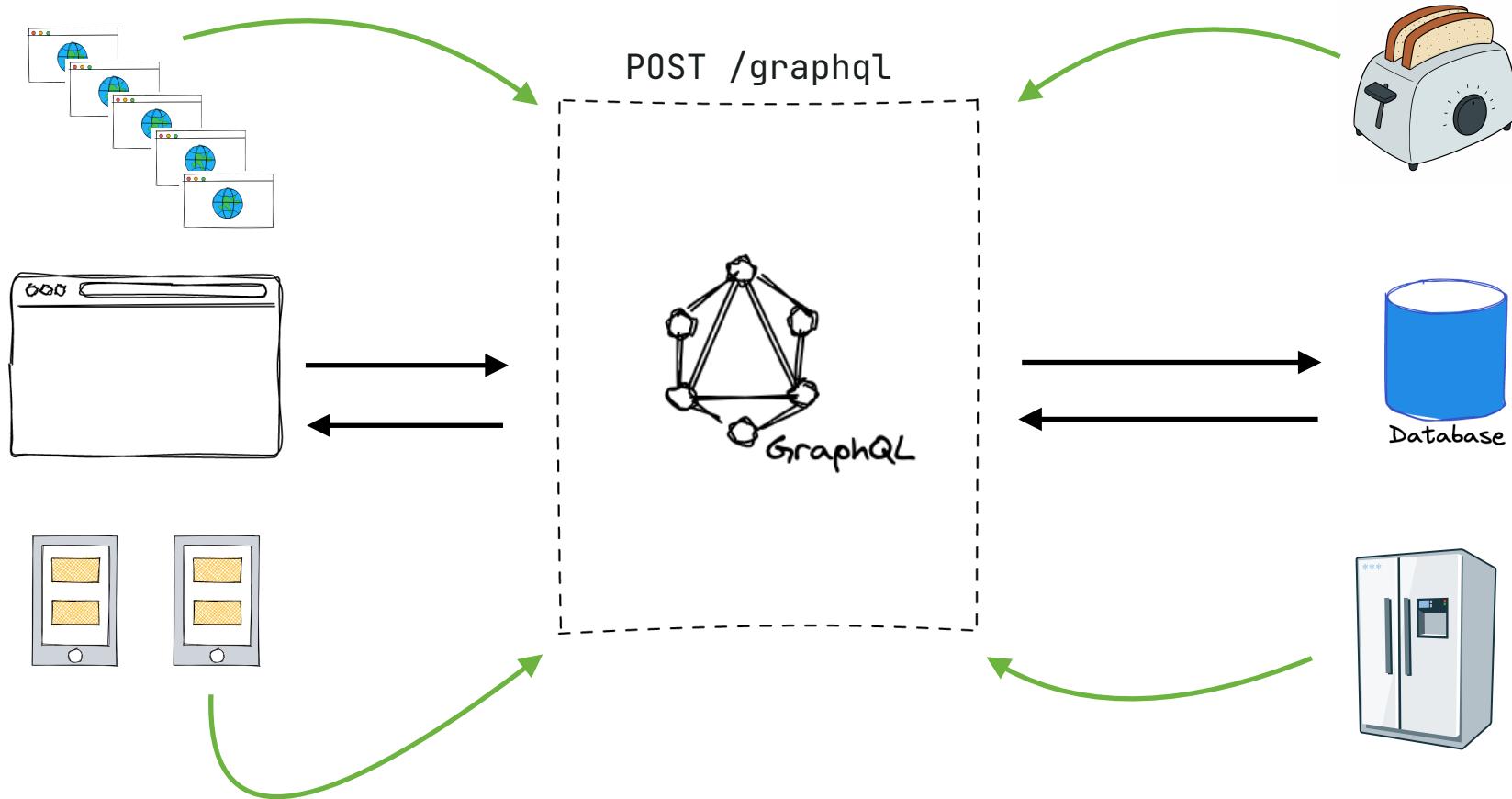
CURRENT ARCHITECTURE



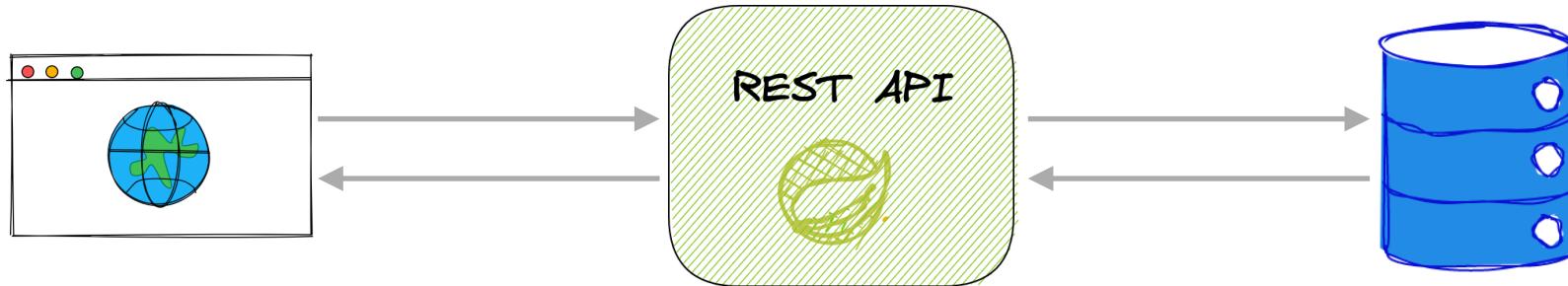
CURRENT ARCHITECTURE



CURRENT ARCHITECTURE



CURRENT ARCHITECTURE

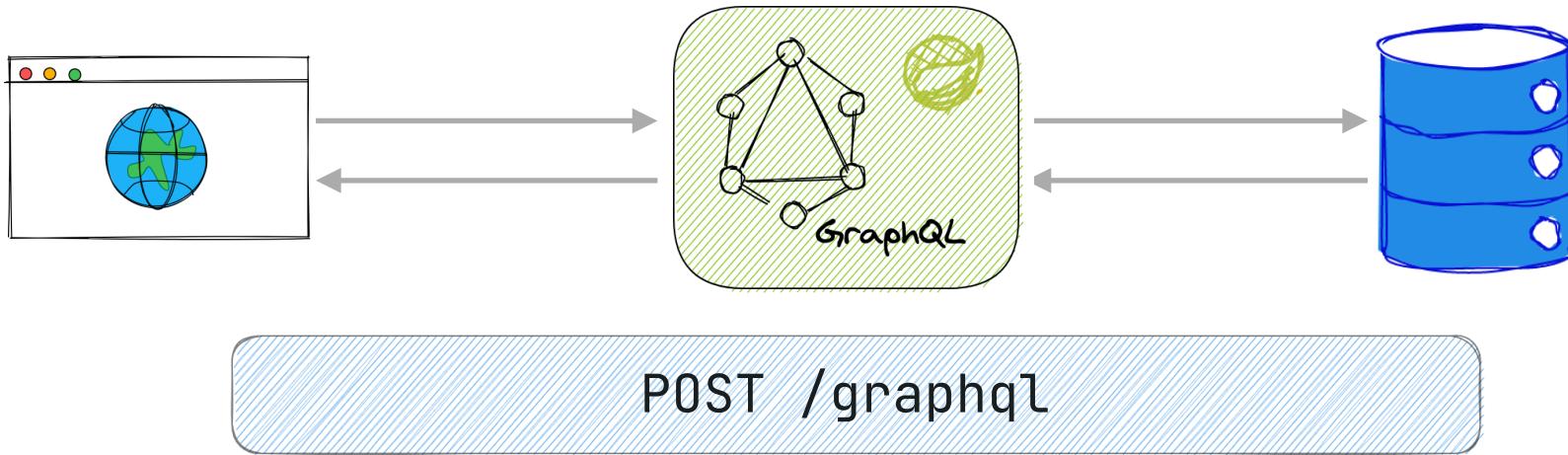


GET /products/123

GET /products/123/related

GET /products/123/reviews

CURRENT ARCHITECTURE



WHAT IS GRAPHQL?

GraphQL is a query language for your API, and a server-side runtime for executing queries using a type system you define for your data. GraphQL **isn't tied to any specific database or storage engine** and is instead backed by your existing code and data.

WHAT IS GRAPHQL?

GraphQL is a technology for client server data exchange

- Alternative to REST APIs
- Provides a really great developer experience
- Created by Facebook in 2012
 - Open Sourced in 2015
 - Governed by a neutral foundation today
- Client + Server: 
 - Client Side Query Language
 - Server Side execution engine

CLIENT + SERVER



Client

- Custom GraphQL Query Language
- Client crafted query based on their needs
- Responses return only what client requests
- Developer Tooling

Server

- GraphQL Schema defines your API
- Schema Definition Language (SDL) is used to describe a schema.
- Schema based on **simple** static type system
- Implemented in specific languages based on the GraphQL specification.

TYPE SYSTEM

```
type Product {  
    id: ID!  
    title: String  
    desc: String  
}  
  
type Order {  
    id: ID!  
    product: Product  
    qty: Int  
    customer: Customer  
    orderedOn: Date  
    status: OrderStatus  
}
```



Object Type



```
type Product {  
    id: ID!  
    title: String  
    desc: String  
}  
  
type Order {  
    id: ID!  
    product: Product  
    qty: Int  
    customer: Customer  
    orderedOn: Date  
    status: OrderStatus  
}
```

```
Object Type → type Product {  
    Field → id: ID!  
    Field → title: String  
    Field → desc: String  
}
```

```
type Order {  
    id: ID!  
    product: Product  
    qty: Int  
    customer: Customer  
    orderedOn: Date  
    status: OrderStatus  
}
```

```
Object Type → type Product {  
  Field → id: ID!  
  Field → title: String ← Built-in scalar types  
  Field → desc: String  
}  
  
→
```

```
type Order {  
  id: ID!  
  product: Product  
  qty: Int  
  customer: Customer  
  orderedOn: Date  
  status: OrderStatus  
}
```

```
Object Type → type Product {  
  Field → id: ID! ← non-nullable  
  Field → title: String ← Built-in scalar types  
  Field → desc: String  
}
```

```
      type Order {  
        id: ID!  
        product: Product  
        qty: Int  
        customer: Customer  
        orderedOn: Date  
        status: OrderStatus  
    }
```

```
Object Type → type Product {  
  Field → id: ID! ← non-nullable  
  Field → title: String ← Built-in scalar types  
  Field → desc: String  
}
```

```
      type Order {  
        id: ID!  
        product: Product ← Object Type  
        qty: Int  
        customer: Customer  
        orderedOn: Date  
        status: OrderStatus  
    }
```

```
Object Type → type Product {  
    Field → id: ID! ← non-nullable  
    Field → title: String ← Built-in scalar types  
    Field → desc: String  
}  
  
type Order {  
    id: ID!  
    product: Product ← Object Type  
    qty: Int  
    customer: Customer  
    orderedOn: Date ← Custom scalar type  
    status: OrderStatus  
}
```

```
Object Type → type Product {  
  Field → id: ID! ← non-nullable  
  Field → title: String ← Built-in scalar types  
  Field → desc: String  
}  
  
type Order {  
  id: ID!  
  product: Product ← Object Type  
  qty: Int  
  customer: Customer  
  orderedOn: Date ← Custom scalar type  
  status: OrderStatus ← Enum  
}
```

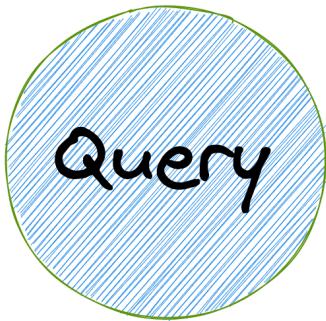
GRAPHQL SCHEMA: SCALAR TYPES

GraphQL comes with a set of default scalar types out of the box:

- **Int**: A signed 32-bit Integer.
- **Float**: A signed double-precision floating point value.
- **String**: A UTF-8 character sequence.
- **Boolean**: true or false.
- **ID**: The ID scalar type represents a unique identifier, often used to refetch an object or as the key for a cache. The ID type is serialized in the same way as a String; however, defining it as an ID signifies that it is not intended to be human-readable.

OPERATION TYPES

Most types in your schema will just be normal object types, but there are three types that are special within a schema:



```
type Product {  
    id: ID!  
    title: String  
    desc: String  
}
```

```
type Query {  
    allProducts: [Product]!  
    getProduct(id: ID): Product  
}
```



```
type Product {  
    id: ID!  
    title: String  
    desc: String  
}
```

```
type Query {  
    allProducts: [Product]! ← Return Type  
    getProduct(id: ID!): Product  
}
```

Field



Argument



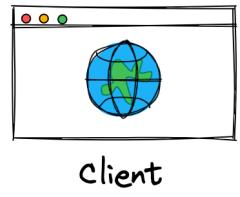
GRAPHIQL DEMO

GRAPHQL JAVA

GRAPHQL JAVA

GraphQL Java is the GraphQL implementation for Java

- Started mid 2015
 - Andreas Marek, Software Architect at Atlassian
 - [Bootiful Podcast Interview with Andreas](#)
 - [Spring Tips](#)
- Pure Execution Engine: No HTTP or IO. No high level abstractions
- Active on Github
- Adds Custom Scalar Types
- <https://www.graphql-java.com/>



Client

```
query {  
  findCustomerByLastName(last: "Vega"){  
    id  
    firstName  
    lastName  
    email  
    orders {  
      id  
      product {  
        id  
        title  
        desc  
      }  
      qty  
      orderedOn  
      status  
    }  
  }  
}
```



GraphQL Java Engine



Application

← Tweet



GraphQL Java
@graphql_java

...

Twitter is now powered by #GraphQL #Java. Serving
500k requests per second. github.com/graphql-java/g

...

Thanks a lot for the public feedback @Twitter @jbell

graphql-java/graphql-java

#2591 twitter + graphql- java



General 9 comments

jbellenger opened on October 18, 2021



github.com
twitter + graphql-java · Discussion #2591 · graphql-java/graphql-java
Hi team! Twitter is wrapping up its migration to graphql-java and I wanted to share some info about how we use graphql and why we chose to migrate our ...

4:24 PM · Oct 18, 2021 · Twitter for iPhone

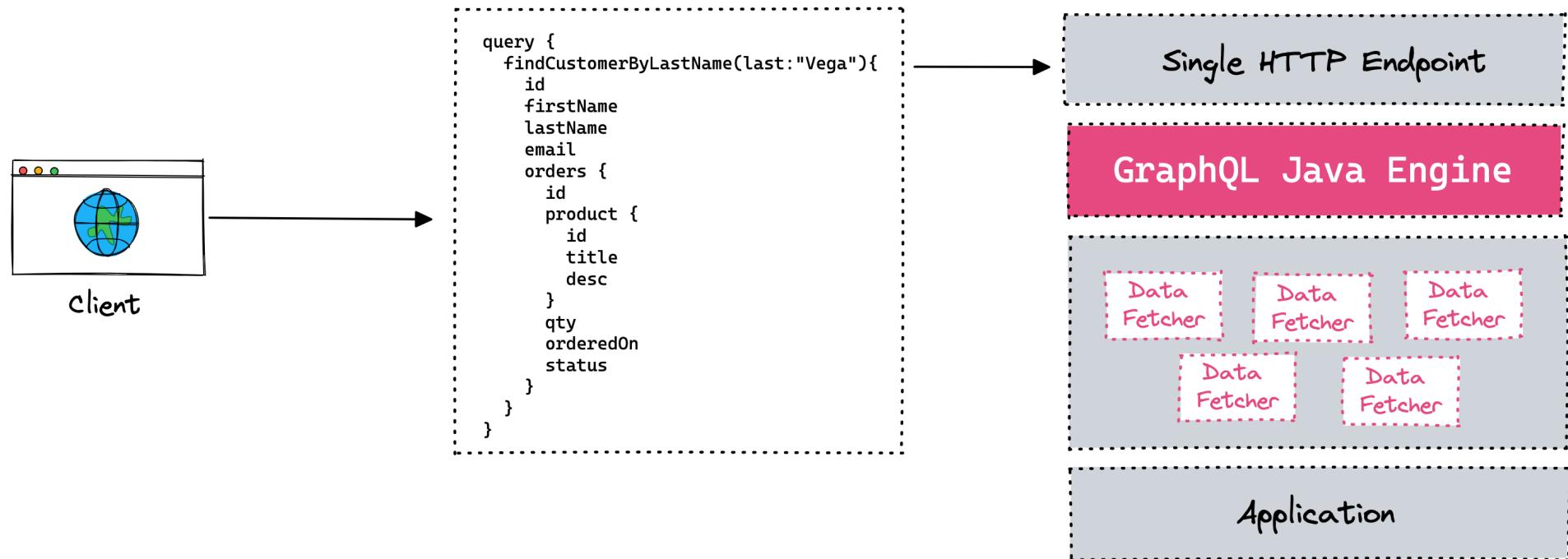
SPRING FOR GRAPHQL

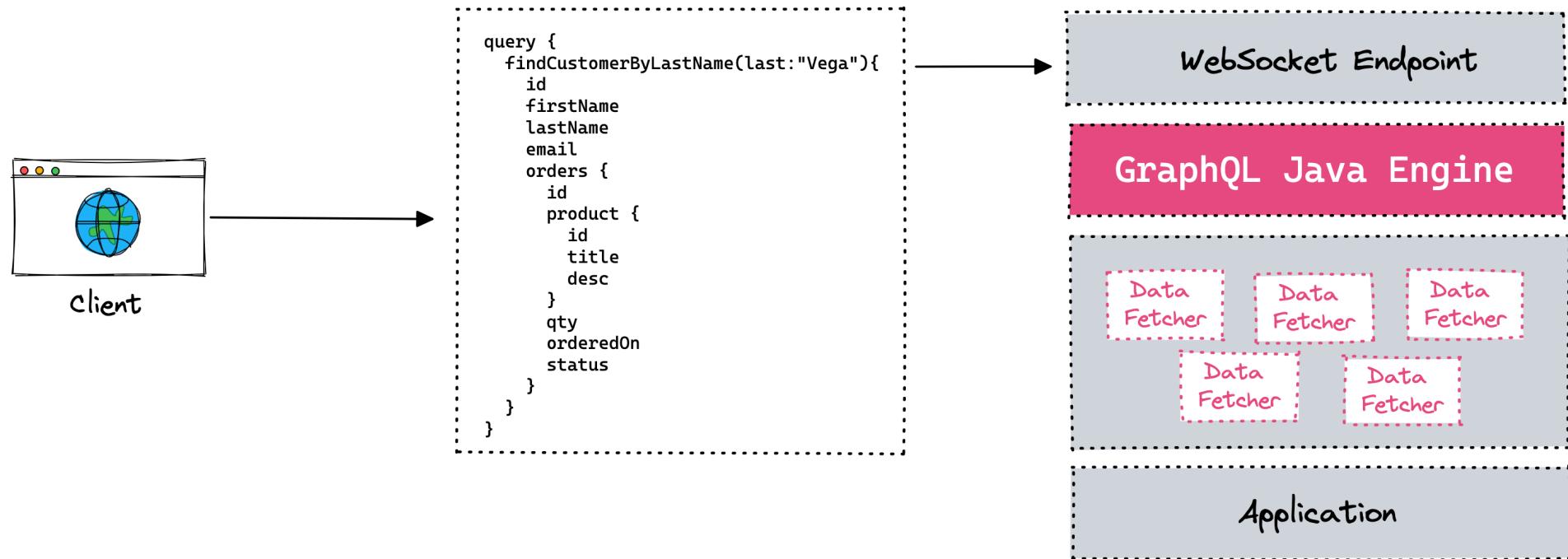
WHAT IS SPRING FOR GRAPHQL?

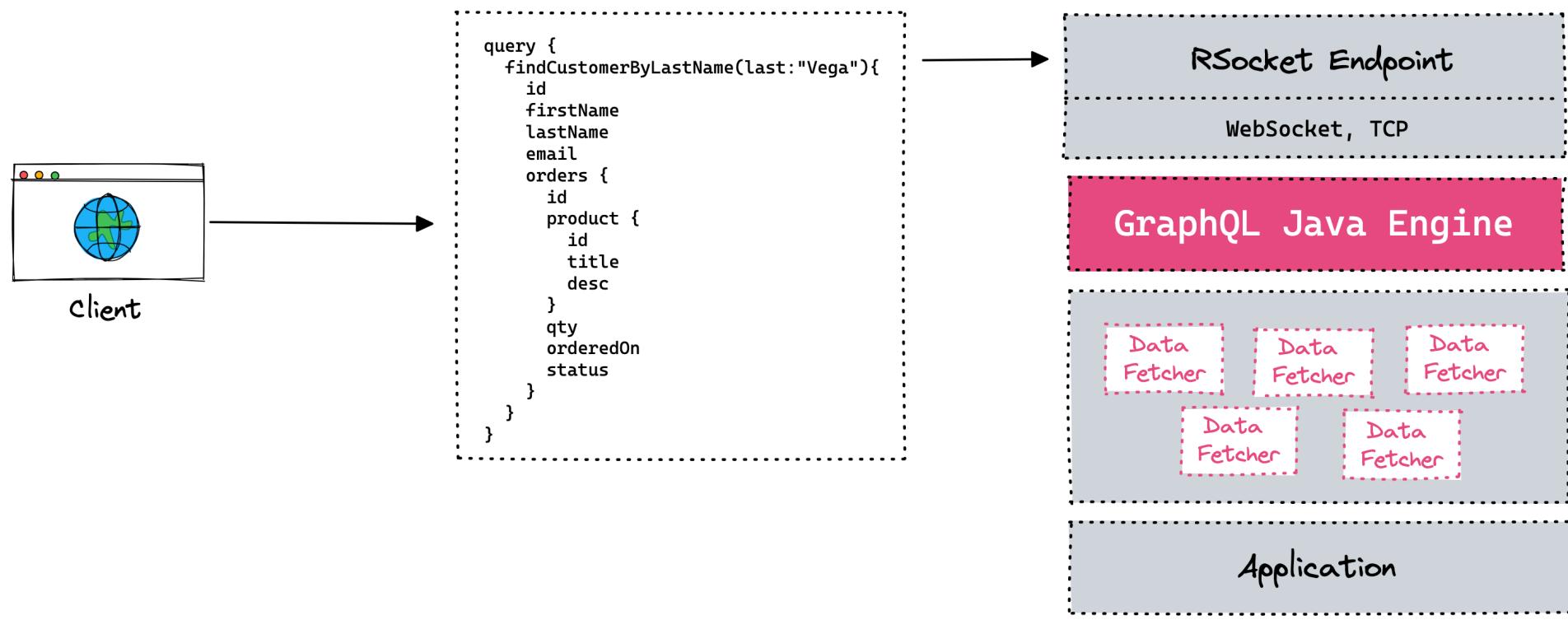
Spring for GraphQL provides support for Spring applications built on GraphQL Java.

- Joint collaboration between both teams
- GraphQL Java is “limited” on purpose
- Spring Projects - Make complex problems easy
- Requirements
 - JDK8
 - Spring Boot 2.7+
- Current Version: 1.0.2









```
@Controller
public class ProductController {

    private final ProductRepository repository;

    public ProductController(ProductRepository repository) {
        this.repository = repository;
    }

    type Query { }

    allProducts: [Product]!
    @SchemaMapping(typeName = "Query", value = "allProducts")
    getProduct(id: ID!): Product
    {
        @QueryMapping
        public Optional<Product> getProduct(@Argument Integer id) {
            return repository.findById(id);
        }
    }
}
```

```
type Customer {  
    id: ID!  
    firstName: String  
    lastName: String  
    email: String  
    orders: [Order]  
}  
  
type Order {  
    id: ID!  
    product: Product  
    qty: Int  
    customer: Customer  
    orderedOn: Date  
    status: OrderStatus  
}
```



```
type Customer {  
    id: ID!  
    firstName: String  
    lastName: String  
    email: String  
    orders: [Order]  
}  
  
type Order {  
    id: ID!  
    product: Product  
    qty: Int  
    customer: Customer  
    orderedOn: Date  
    status: OrderStatus  
}
```

Diagram illustrating the mapping between GraphQL schema types and Java code:

- A pink arrow points from the `Customer` type definition to the `@QueryMapping` method.
- A pink arrow points from the `Order` type definition to the `@SchemaMapping` method.

```
@QueryMapping  
public List<Customer> allCustomers() {  
    return repository.findAll();  
}  
  
@QueryMapping  
public Customer findCustomerByLastName(@Argument String last) {  
    return repository.findByLastName(last);  
}  
  
@SchemaMapping  
public List<Order> orders(Customer customer) {  
    return orderRepository.findByCustomer(customer);  
}
```

```
1▼ query {  
2 ▼  findCustomerByLastName(last: "Vega") {  
3    id  
4    firstName  
5    lastName  
6    email  
7  ▼ orders {  
8    id  
9    product {  
10      id  
11      title  
12      desc  
13    }  
14    qty  
15    orderedOn  
16    status  
17  }  
18 }  
19 }
```



```
▼ {  
  ▼ "data": {  
    ▼ "findCustomerByLastName": {  
      "id": "5",  
      "firstName": "Dan",  
      "lastName": "Vega",  
      "email": "danvega@gmail.com",  
      "orders": [  
        {  
          "id": "6",  
          "product": {  
            "id": "1",  
            "title": "Classic Waffle",  
            "desc": "Classic Sweet Cream Waffle"  
          },  
          "qty": 1,  
          "orderedOn": "2022-10-04",  
          "status": "PENDING"  
        }  
      ]  
    }  
  }  
}
```

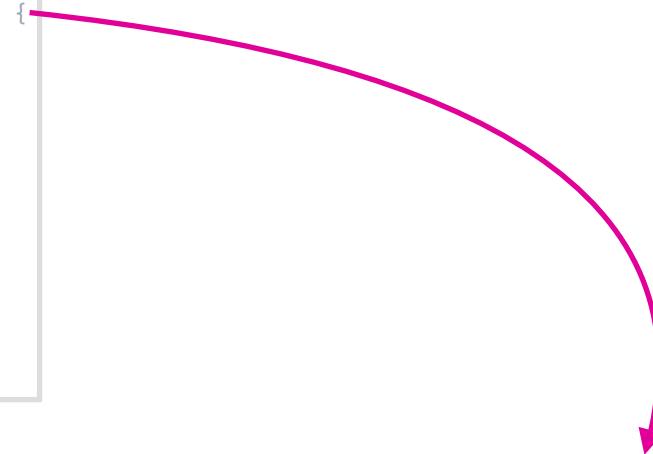
GRAPHQL REQUEST ARGUMENTS

```
query {  
  getProduct(id:1){  
    id  
    title  
    desc  
  }  
}
```

```
@QueryMapping  
public Optional<Product> getProduct(@Argument Integer id) {  
  return repository.findById(id);  
}
```

COMPLEX GRAPHQL ARGUMENTS

```
query {  
  findOrders(criteria:{orderedOn:"10/05/2022",status:"PENDING"}) {  
    id  
    product {  
      id  
      title  
      desc  
    }  
    qty  
    orderedOn  
    status  
  }  
}
```



```
@QueryMapping  
public List<Order> findOrders(@Argument OrderCriteria criteria) {  
  // ...  
}
```

SUPPORTS VALIDATION

```
@QueryMapping
public List<Order> findOrders(@Argument @Valid OrderCriteria criteria) {
    // ...
}
```



Project

 Maven Project Gradle Project

Language

 Java Kotlin Groovy

Spring Boot

 3.0.0 (SNAPSHOT) 3.0.0 (M3) 2.7.1 (SNAPSHOT) 2.7.0 2.6.9 (SNAPSHOT) 2.6.8

Project Metadata

Group dev.danvega



Artifact graphql-store

Name graphql-store

Description GraphQL Demo project for Spring Boot

Package name dev.danvega.graphql-store

Packaging Jar WarJava 18 17 11 8

Dependencies

ADD DEPENDENCIES... ⌘ + B

Spring Web WEB

Build web, including RESTful, applications using Spring MVC. Uses Apache Tomcat as the default embedded container.

Spring for GraphQL WEB

Build GraphQL applications with Spring for GraphQL and GraphQL Java.

**GENERATE** ⌘ + ↵**EXPLORE** CTRL + SPACE**SHARE...**

SPRING BOOT STARTER

The Spring Boot Starter Graphql (`spring-boot-starter-graphql`)

- Dependency Management
- Auto-configuration
- Properties
- Metrics
- GraphiQL UI and Schema Pages

SPRING FOR GRAPHQL DEMO

<https://github.com/danvega/graphql-store>





SECURITY

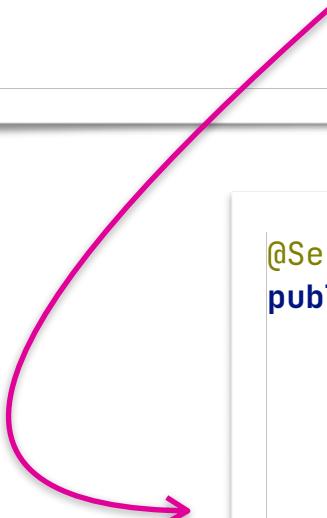
```
@Configuration
@EnableWebSecurity
@EnableMethodSecurity(securedEnabled = true)
public class SecurityConfig {

    @Bean
    public SecurityFilterChain configure(HttpSecurity http) throws Exception {
        return http
            .csrf(csrf → csrf.disable())
            .authorizeRequests( auth → {
                auth.anyRequest().authenticated();
            })
            .sessionManagement(session → session.sessionCreationPolicy(SessionCreationPolicy.STATELESS))
            .httpBasic(withDefaults())
            .build();
    }
}
```

```
@Secured("ROLE_USER")
@QueryMapping
public List<Coffee> allCoffee() {
    return coffeeService.findAll();
}

@PreAuthorize("hasRole('ADMIN')")
@MutationMapping
public Coffee createCoffee(@Argument String name, @Argument Size size) {
    return coffeeService.create(name, size);
}
```

```
@PreAuthorize("hasRole('ADMIN')")
@MutationMapping
public Coffee createCoffee(@Argument String name, @Argument Size size) {
    return coffeeService.create(name, size);
}
```



```
@Service
public class CoffeeService {

    private List<Coffee> coffees = new ArrayList<>();

    @PreAuthorize("hasRole('ADMIN')")
    public Coffee create(String name, Size size) {
        Coffee coffee = new Coffee(id.incrementAndGet(), name, size);
        coffees.add(coffee);
        return coffee;
    }
}
```

```
@Controller
public class OrderController {

    private final OrderService orderService;

    public OrderController(OrderService orderService) {
        this.orderService = orderService;
    }

    @QueryMapping
    public List<Order> findAllOrders(Principal principal) {
        return orderService.findAllByUsername(principal.getName());
    }
}
```

TESTING SUPPORT

AUTO-CONFIGURED SPRING GRAPHQL TESTS

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-test</artifactId>
    <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-webflux</artifactId>
    <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.graphql</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-graphql-test</artifactId>
    <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
```

GRAPHQL SLICE TEST

```
|  
@GraphQLTest(ProductController.class)  
class ProductControllerTest {  
  
    @Autowired  
    private GraphQLTester graphQLTester;  
  
    @MockBean  
    private ProductRepository productRepository;  
  
    private List<Product> products;  
  
    // ...  
}
```



```
@Test
void shouldGetAllProductsQueryReturnsAllProducts() {
    // language=GraphQL
    String document = """
        query {
            allProducts {
                id
                title
                desc
            }
        }
    """;
}

when(productRepository.findAll()).thenReturn(products);

graphQLTester.document(document)
    .execute()
    .path("allProducts")
    .entityList(Product.class)
    .hasSize(4);
}
```

```
query findProduct($id:ID) {  
    getProduct(id:$id) {  
        id  
        title  
        desc  
    }  
}
```

→ src/main/resources/graphql/product.test

```
@Test  
void shouldReturnValidProductWithDocumentName() {  
    when(productRepository.findById(1)).thenReturn(java.util.Optional.ofNullable(products.get(0)));  
  
    graphQLTester.documentName("product")  
        .variable("id",1)  
        .execute()  
        .path("getProduct")  
        .entity(Product.class)  
        .satisfies(product → {  
            assertEquals("Classic Waffle",product.getTitle());  
            assertEquals("Classic Sweet Cream Waffle",product.getDesc());  
        });  
}
```

TEST OVER HTTP

MockMVC or WebTestClient
No Server

```
@SpringBootTest
@AutoConfigureHttpGraphQLTester
public class ProductControllerHttpTest {

    @Autowired
    private GraphQLTester graphQLTester;

    @Test
    void shouldFindAllProducts() {
        graphQLTester.documentName("products")
            .execute()
            .path("allProducts")
            .entityList(Product.class)
            .hasSize(4);
    }

}
```

Test over HTTP

MockMVC or WebTestClient

No server

```
@SpringBootTest  
@AutoConfigureHttpGraphQLTester  
public class UserTests {  
  
    @Autowired  
    private GraphQLTester graphQLTester;  
  
    // ...  
}
```

WHAT'S NEXT?

What didn't we have a chance to talk about today?

- GraphQL Challenges (not a silver bullet)
- Subscriptions
- Server Transports
 - WebSocket
 - RSocket
- Operation Caching
- Batch Loading (N+1)
- GraphQL Client
- API Versioning
- Spring Data Integration (QueryDSL,QueryByExample)

Thank you

Contact me at dvega@vmware.com
@therealdanvega

