

# CamJam EduKit Robotics Worksheet Three (GPIO Zero) – Running the Motors camjam.me/edukit



## <u>CamJam EduKit Robotics – Running the Motors</u>

**Project** Running the Motors

**Description** You will learn how to make the wheels on your robot turn, and ensure they turn in the same

direction.

## **Equipment Required**

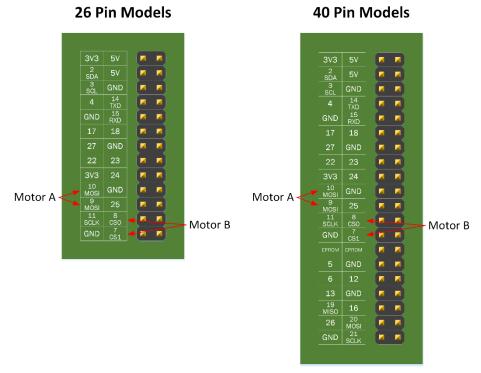
For this worksheet, you will require:

The basic robot built in Worksheet 2

### **Making the Wheels Turn**

The EduKit Motor Controller Board takes the output of some of the Raspberry Pi's GPIO (General Purpose Input/Output) pins and turns the motors forwards or backwards depending on whether those pins are 'on' or 'off'. The controller board is a type of controller called an 'H Bridge'. Wikipedia has a good article on the H Bridge if you want to learn more about it.

The EduKit Motor Controller Board uses two pins to control the left motor and two pins to control the right motor. GPIO pins 9 and 10 control Motor A (the right-hand motor), and 7 and 8 control Motor B (the left-hand motor).



The Raspberry Pi GPIO Pins used by the Controller Board

One pin is used to set the direction of the motor forward by turning that pin 'on'. The other GPIO pin will make the motor turn backwards, again when that pin is turned 'on'. When both pins are off, or both pins are on, the motor will not turn.

For the robot you built in the previous worksheet, you are going to use GPIO pin 10 to make the right-hand motor turn forwards, and GPIO pin 9 to make it turn backwards.

The left-hand motor uses GPIO pin 8 to turn it forwards, and GPIO pin 7 to turn it backwards.



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### **Code**

Follow the instructions in Worksheet One to turn on your Pi and open the IDLE3 Python editor. Create a new file by going to the File menu item and selecting New File. Type in the following code:

Note: Any text after the '#' is a comment, and can be left out if you want. However, it helps to tell you what the code does.

```
# CamJam EduKit 3 - Robotics
# Worksheet 3 - Motor Test Code
import time # Import the Time library
from gpiozero import CamJamKitRobot # Import the CamJam GPIO Zero Library

robot = CamJamKitRobot()

# Turn the motors on
robot.forward()

# Wait for 1 seconds
time.sleep(1)

# Turn the motors off
robot.stop()
```

Save the file as 3-motors.py.

## **Running the Code**

Note: Before running the code, turn the battery pack on.

Note: Put your robot onto a stand so that the motors are off the ground – at the moment, unless you are using a battery for your Pi, it is tethered to your power supply. Also, you don't want your robot running off your desk!

You are now ready to run the code. Select the Run Module menu option, under the Run menu item. Alternatively, you can just press the F5 key.

If you find that the code does not run correctly, there may be an error in the code you have typed.

You should now see both motors turning forward at the same time. If only one motor turns, check your wiring. If either of the motors turns backwards, swap the red and black wires for that motor over in the terminal block. Keep running the code until you have the wires in the right place.

### <u>Summary</u>

You now have a basic robot whose wheels can be turned in the correct direction.

In the next worksheet, you will learn how to drive the robot backwards, left and right.