

1. (+2) Create tasks using @task decorator.
  - a. You can use as many tasks as you want
  - b. Schedule the tasks properly (task dependency)

```

@task
def fetch_last_90d(symbol):
    # Get the API key securely from Airflow Variables
    api_key = Variable.get('alpha_api_key')

    # Alpha Vantage endpoint for daily time series
    url =
        f"https://www.alphavantage.co/query?function=TIME_SERIES_DAILY&symbol={symbol}&
        apikey={api_key}"

    # Make GET request to the API
    r = requests.get(url)
    data = r.json()

    # Calculate the cutoff date (90 days ago from today)
    cutoff = datetime.today().date() - timedelta(days=90)
    results = []

    # Parse the API JSON response
    for d in data["Time Series (Daily)"]:
        trade_date = datetime.strptime(d, "%Y-%m-%d").date()
        if trade_date >= cutoff:
            stock_info = data["Time Series (Daily)"][d]
            stock_info["date"] = d # add date key for reference
            results.append(stock_info)

    return results


@task
def load_to_snowflake(cur, records, symbol):
    target_table = "RAW STOCK_API" # destination table in Snowflake

    try:
        # Begin SQL transaction
        cur.execute("BEGIN;")

        # Create table if it does not already exist
        cur.execute(f"""
            CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS {target_table} (
                symbol VARCHAR NOT NULL,
                trade_date DATE NOT NULL,
                open NUMBER(18,4),
        """)

```

```

        close NUMBER(18,4),
        high NUMBER(18,4),
        low NUMBER(18,4),
        volume NUMBER(38,0),
        CONSTRAINT pk_symbol_date PRIMARY KEY (symbol, trade_date) NOT
ENFORCED
    );
....)
# Delete existing records to refresh dataset (optional)
cur.execute(f"DELETE FROM {target_table}")

# Insert each record individually
for r in records:
    trade_date = r["date"]
    open_ = r["1. open"]
    high_ = r["2. high"]
    low_ = r["3. low"]
    close_ = r["4. close"]
    volume_ = r["5. volume"]

    # Build INSERT SQL command
    insert_sql = f"""
        INSERT INTO {target_table}
        (symbol, trade_date, open, close, high, low, volume)
        VALUES (
            '{symbol}',
            TO_DATE('{trade_date}', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
            {open_}, {close_}, {high_}, {low_}, {volume_}
        );
.....
    cur.execute(insert_sql)

# Commit the transaction if all inserts succeed
cur.execute("COMMIT;")
print(f"[SUCCESS] Loaded {len(records)} records for {symbol} into
{target_table}")

except Exception as e:
    # Roll back in case of any failure
    cur.execute("ROLLBACK;")
    print(f"[ERROR] Failed to load data for {symbol}: {e}")
    raise

with DAG(
    dag_id='AlphaVantage_to_Snowflake',
    start_date=datetime(2025, 9, 29),

```

```

    catchup=False,
    tags=['ETL', 'StockAPI'],
    schedule='30 2 * * *' # cron format (02:30 UTC)
) as dag:

    # Stock symbol to load
    symbol = "ELV"

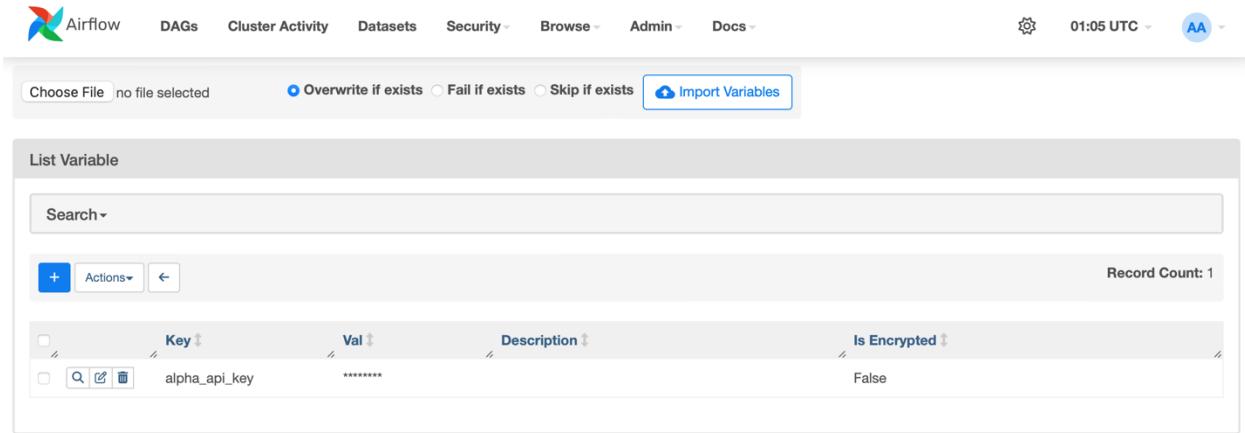
    # Get a Snowflake connection cursor
    cur = return_snowflake_conn()

    # Define the Airflow task flow
    fetch_task = fetch_last_90d(symbol)
    load_task = load_to_snowflake(cur, fetch_task, symbol)

    # Task dependency chain
    fetch_task >> load_task

```

2. (+1) Set up a variable for Alpha Vantage API key
  - a. Use the variable in your code (Variable.get)
  - b. Capture the Admin -> Variables screenshot



The screenshot shows the Airflow Admin Variables page. At the top, there are buttons for 'Choose File' (no file selected), 'Overwrite if exists' (selected), 'Fail if exists', 'Skip if exists', and 'Import Variables'. Below this is a table titled 'List Variable' with one row:

	Key	Val	Description	Is Encrypted
<input type="checkbox"/>	alpha_api_key	*****		False

3. (+2) Set up Snowflake Connection (refer to GitHub link Links to an external site.)
  - a. Use the connection in your code
  - b. Capture the Connection detail page screenshot (an example will be provided ②)

Airflow DAGs Cluster Activity Datasets Security Browse Admin Docs 01:06 UTC AA

Warning: Fields that are currently populated can be modified but cannot be deleted. To delete data from a field, delete the Connection object and create a new one. X

### Edit Connection

**Connection Id \*** snowflake\_conn

**Connection Type \*** Snowflake  
Connection Type missing? Make sure you've installed the corresponding Airflow Provider Package.

**Description**

**Schema** RAW

**Login** HEDGEHOG

**Password** snowflake password

**Extra**

```
{  
    "account": "sfedu02-lvb17920",  
    "warehouse": "HEDGEHOG_QUERY_WH",  
    "database": "USER_DB_HEDGEHOG",  
    "insecure_mode": false  
}
```

**Account** sfedu02-lvb17920

**Warehouse** HEDGEHOG\_QUERY\_WH

**Database** USER\_DB\_HEDGEHOG

**Region** snowflake hosted region

**Role** TRAINING

Private key (Path) Path of snowflake private key (PEM Format)

Private key (Text)

Insecure mode  Turns off OCSP certificate checks

**Save** **Test** **<** **>**

4. (+5) Ensure the overall DAG is implemented properly and runs successfully
  - a. A github link with the entire code needs to be submitted (2 pts)
  - b. Implement the same full refresh using SQL transaction (3 pts)

Code Link: [https://github.com/danwaseem/SJSU-DATA226/blob/main/HW5/hw5\\_final.py](https://github.com/danwaseem/SJSU-DATA226/blob/main/HW5/hw5_final.py)

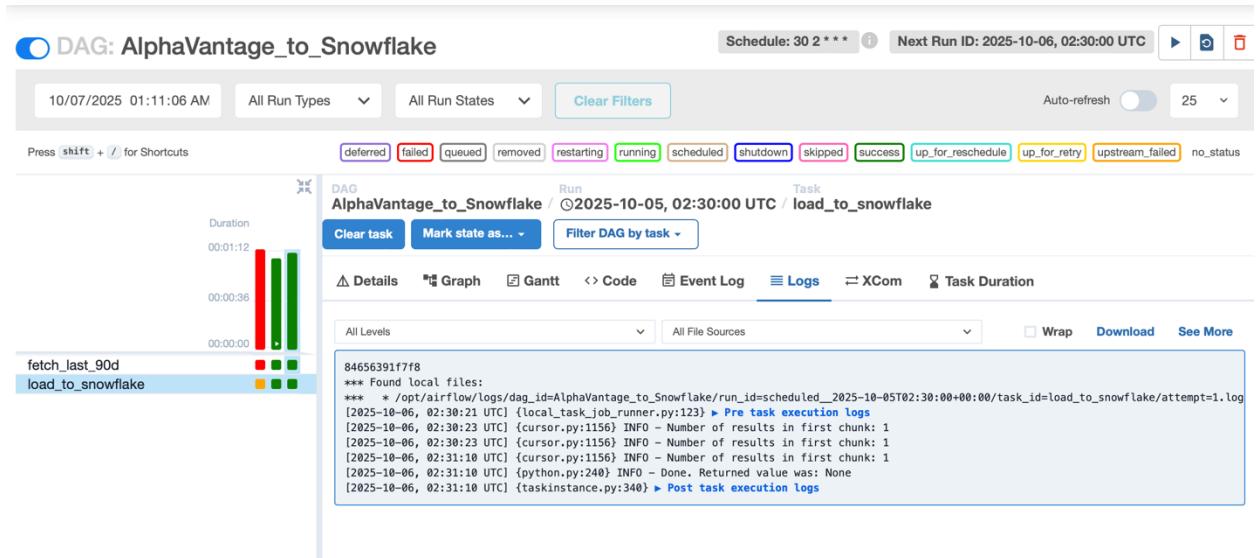
Airflow Link: <https://github.com/danwaseem/SJSU-DATA226/tree/main/Airflow>

5. (+2) Capture two screenshot of your Airflow Web UI (examples to follow)
  - a. One with the Airflow homepage showing the DAG (③)

DAG	Owner	Runs	Schedule	Last Run	Next Run	Recent Tasks
AlphaVantage_to_Snowflake ETL   StockAPI	airflow	2   1	30 2 * * *	2025-10-05, 03:07:54	2025-10-06, 02:30:00	2
ETL_DAG ETL   StockAPI	airflow	5   0	30 2 * * *	2025-10-06, 22:35:34	2025-10-06, 02:30:00	3
Stock_Forecasting_DAG Forecast   SnowflakeML	airflow	1   4	0 3 * * *	2025-10-06, 21:12:17	2025-10-06, 03:00:00	3

Showing 1-3 of 3 DAGs

- b. The other with the log screen of the DAG (④)



## 6. (+1) Overall formatting