



# Architecture Design

TEAM MYSTERY

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# **Non Relational Database Design**

# Database Design V1

## Last updated

- August 20th

## Sprint

- Sprint 1

## Version Description

- This is our very first design made after collecting requirements from client
- Due to the nature of MongoDB, the tables actually don't have physical relations, including multiplicities. However, here we drew lines between them to represent logical relations.

## Database Design (names of tables could be discussed further)

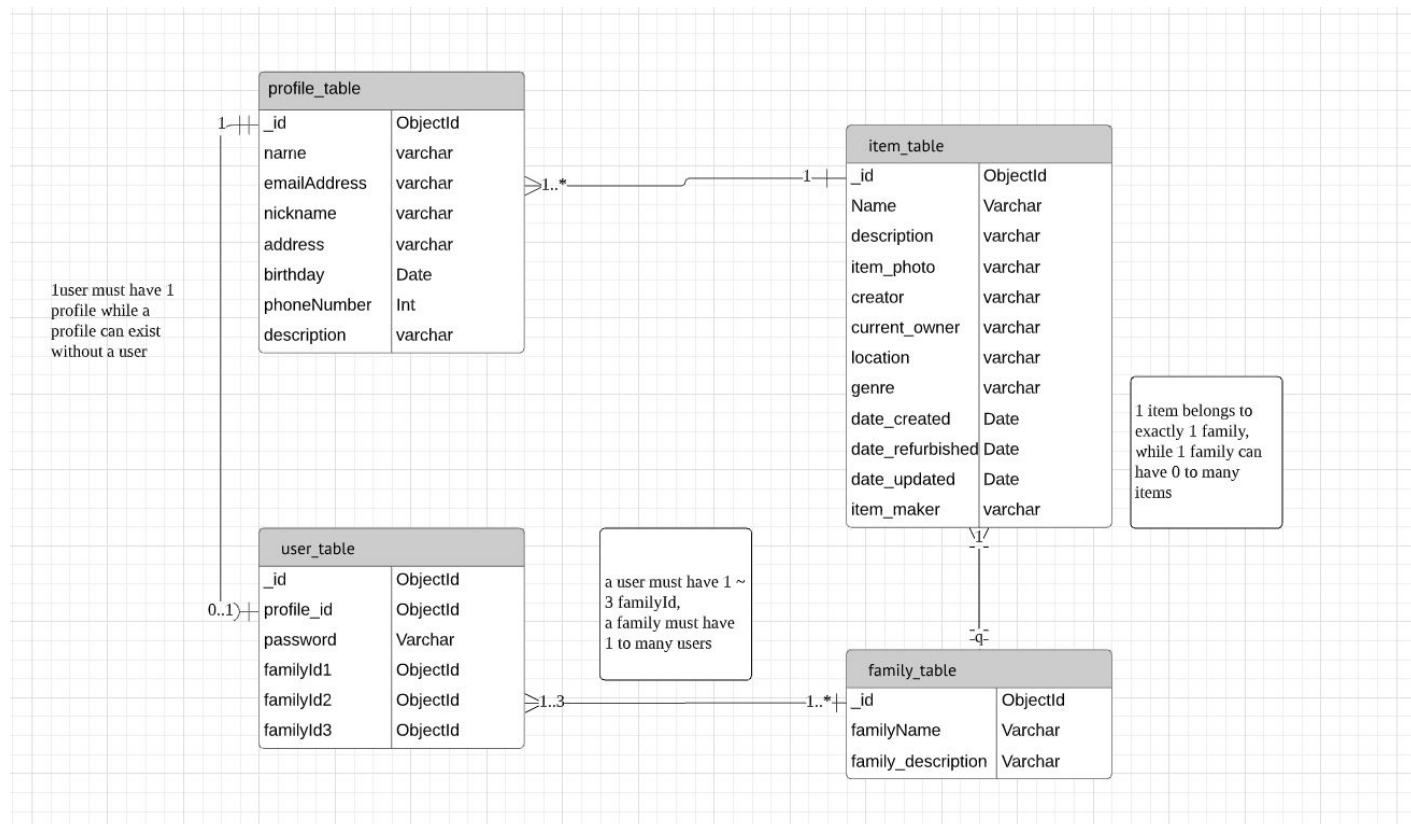


Figure 1 Database design tables

## Database Table Details

1. **Item\_tables:** all treasure items, items of the same family are grouped by family\_id  
id int notnull pk  
Name varchar  
Description varchar  
Item\_photo url varchar  
date \_added date default notnull The date that item is added to the database  
Date\_updated date default  
Date\_created data default notnull The date that the item was created(a picture shot by client/ an item purchased by client)  
Date\_refurbished data default The data the the item was refurbished  
Creator varchar notnull  
Current\_owner varchar notnull  
Location varchar notnull (str 'online' for digital treasure)  
Genre varchar notnull  
Family\_id int notnull
2. **profile\_tables:** all users, users of the same family are grouped by family\_id(here we assume that a person who has place in more than one family would have several entries in the database, with different family\_id and user\_id)  
profile\_table and item\_table can join by i.creator = u.name or i.current\_owner=u.name  
profile\_id int notnull pk  
email\_address pk,which can be used to login  
name varchar notnull  
nickname varchar notnull  
Family\_id int notnull  
Address varchar  
Phone\_number int  
Birthday Date  
Authorization bool
3. **family\_tables:**  
Family\_id int notnull  
Family\_name varchar notnull
4. **account\_tables:**  
**All users have profile while not all profiles have corresponding user(e.g passed people)**  
profile\_table and user\_table can join by p.user\_id = u.user\_id  
User\_id int  
Password varchar  
Family\_id1 int

Family\_id2 int  
Family\_id3 int

# Non Relational Database Design V2

## Last updated

- September 10th

## Last version

- File 'Non Relational Database Design v1', under the same folder  
<https://docs.google.com/document/d/1cb-047RQjQOZZ-SqPYB8viTdJZNY4KYNVQmI2OxwZql/edit?usp=sharing>

## New Features

1. All table names now end with 's' to be suitable for mongoDB
2. Changes of attributes including fields, names, and data types have been updated
3. Addition of person\_tables, to generalise fields that profile\_tables and account\_tables share in common

## Database Design (names of tables could be discussed further)

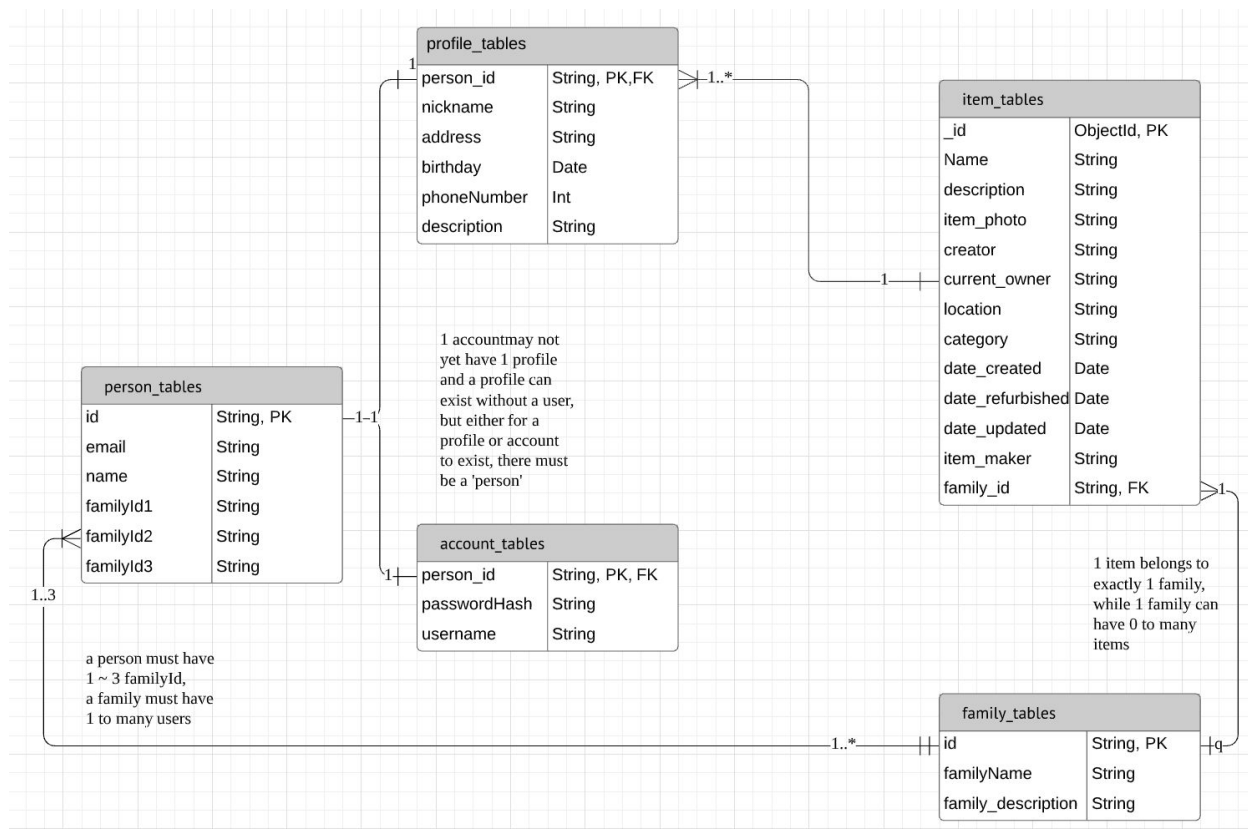


Figure 2 Database design tables

# Non Relational Database Design V3

## Link

<https://www.lucidchart.com/invitations/accept/90fcd97b-a4cd-4443-8494-ad66918fba5b>

## Last updated

- October 7th

## Last version

- File 'Non Relational Database Design v2'

## New Features

1. Add new tables to store photos
  - Why not just add 'path' as attributes in corresponding tables as they are 1-to-1 relation?  
To make it easy to create photo object in code , as we use `fs.writeFileSync`
  - Why not put familyPhoto and profilePhoto at the same table, since all of their attributes have the same data types?  
In case of some families' ids are the same as some users' ids and bring confusion and inconvenience
2. Birthdays are now stored as year/month/day, for 3 benefits: 1. Reduce confusion to users when they need to enter a date, 2. Clearer in database, 3. Easier to sort and to be shown at frontend. The date attribute of items stay String, to give users flexibility with items with obscure dates
3. Remove the person table which contains the shared information of profile\_tables and user\_tables, as profile\_tables and user\_tables actually barely overlap
4. Delete relation between profile and user, as a part of reducing scope



## Database Design

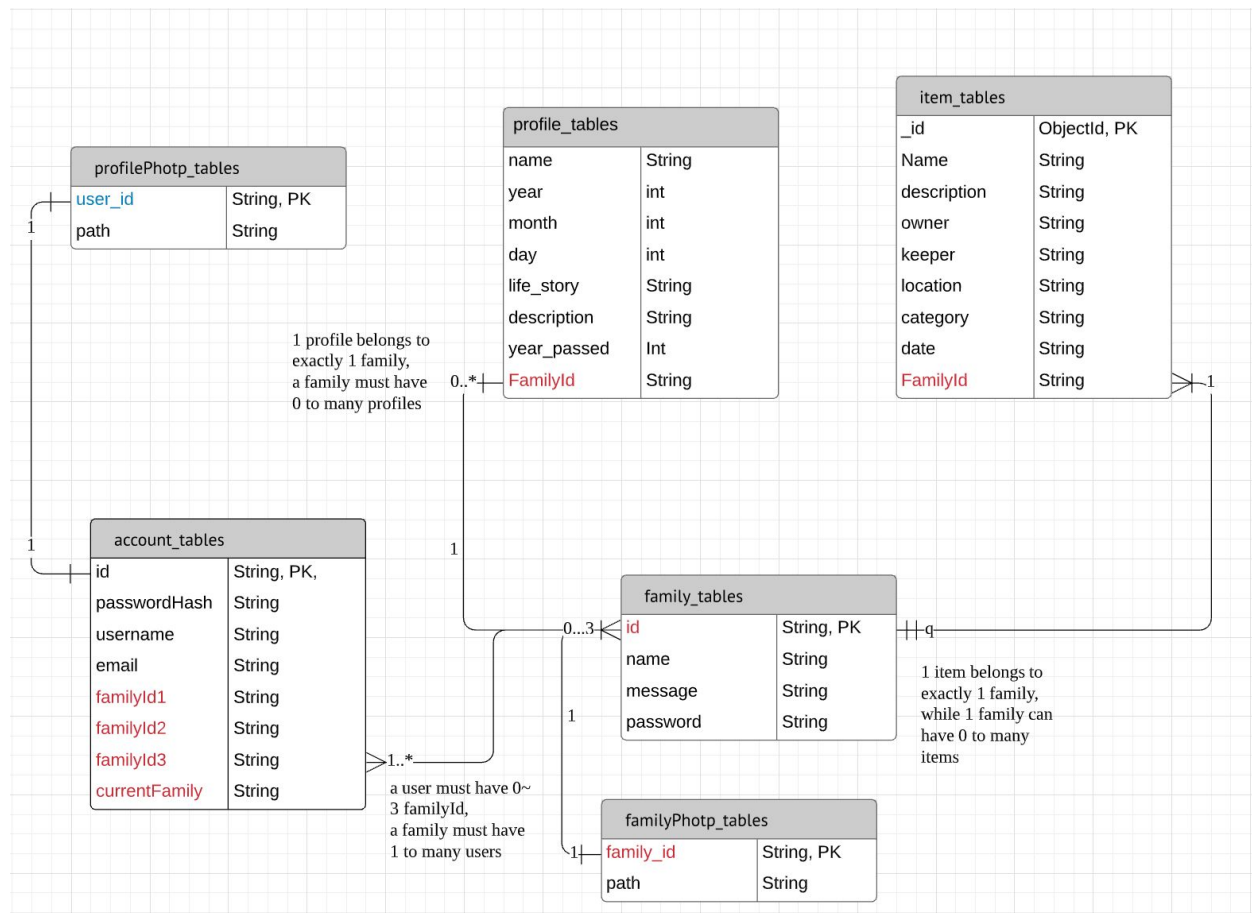


Figure 3 Database design tables

# System Flow Design(substitutes SSD)

## Flow Chart Link

- Flow chart of the website's supposed jumping between pages(substitution of SSD):  
<https://www.lucidchart.com/invitations/accept/264c3994-ed66-4af0-bd95-cef3ac3fecba>

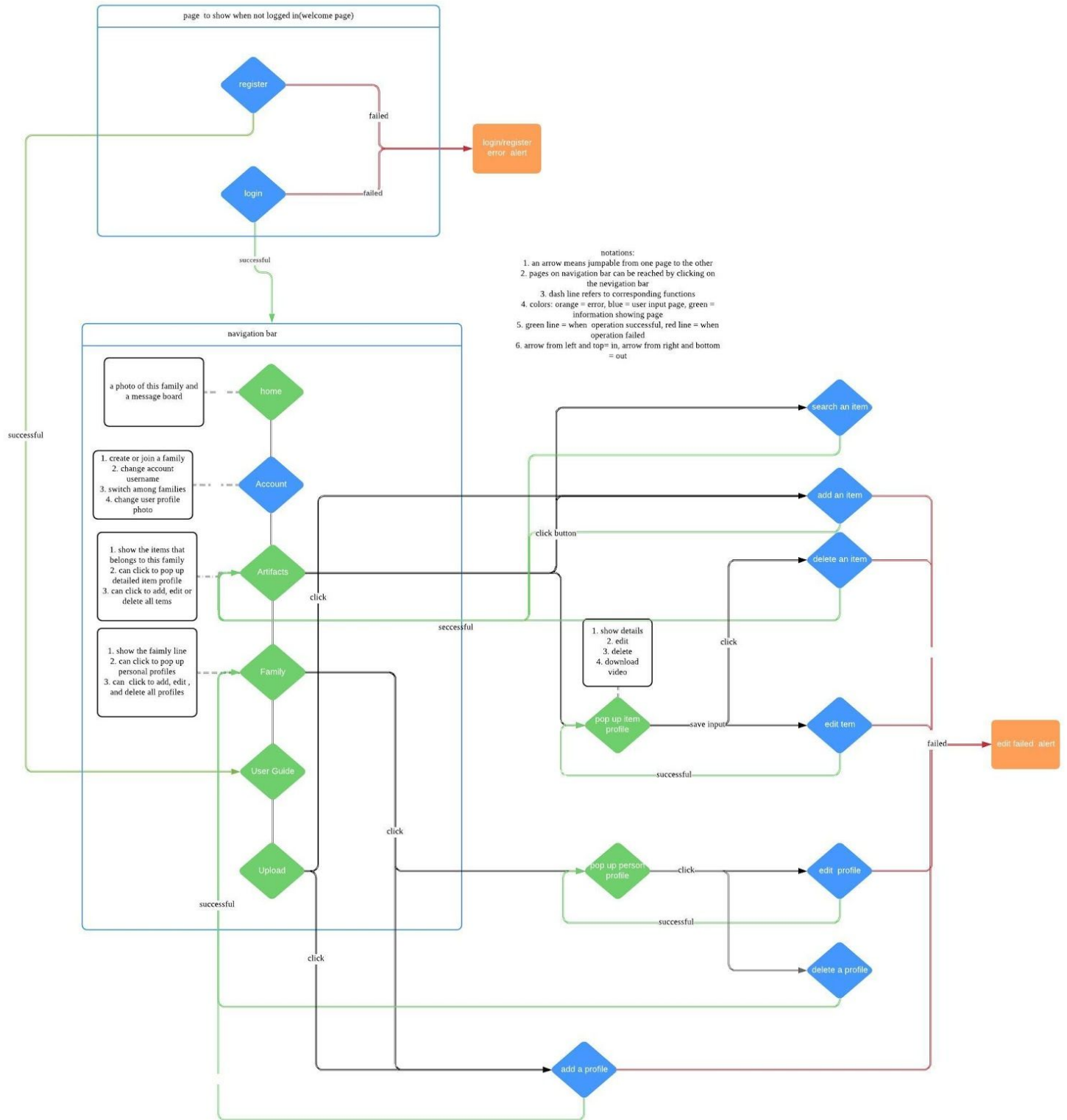
## Last Updated

- September 27th

## Notations

1. an arrow means jumpable from one page to the other
2. pages on navigation bar can be reached by clicking on the navigation bar
3. dash line refers to corresponding functions
4. colors: orange = error, blue = user input page, green = information showing page
5. green line = when operation successful, red line = when operation failed
6. arrow from left and top= in, arrow from right and bottom = out

## Overall look



*Figure 1 The whole diagram*

## Welcome page zoom-in

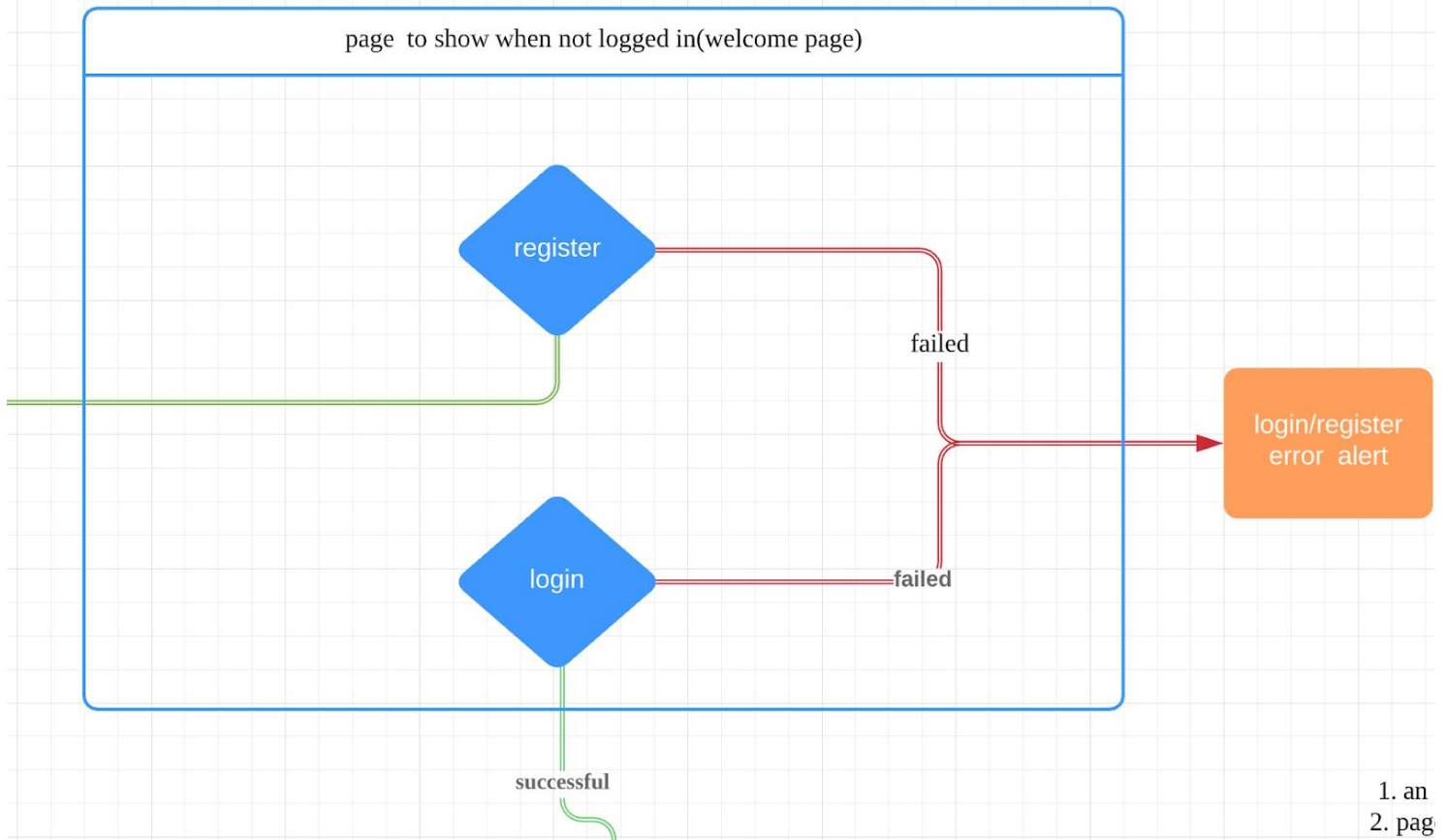


Figure 2 welcome page zoom-in

## Navigation bar zoom-in

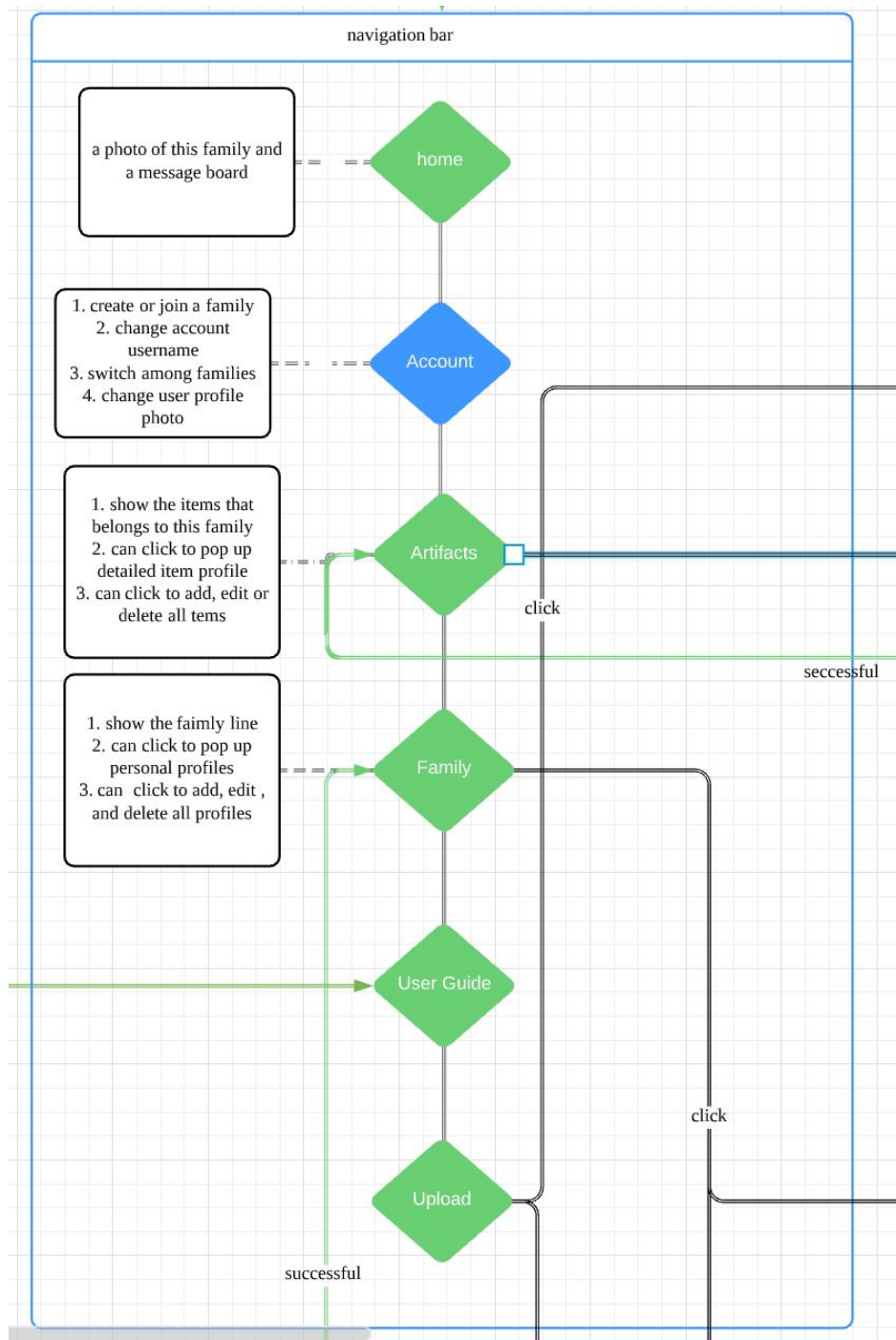
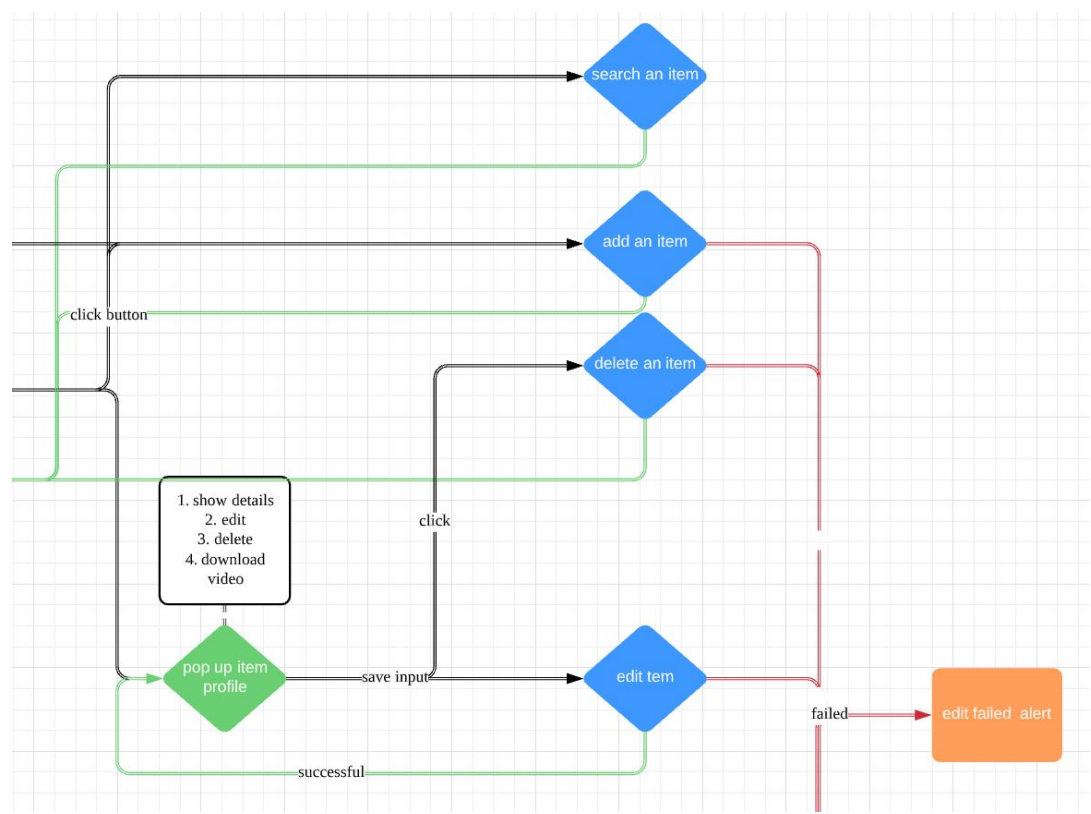


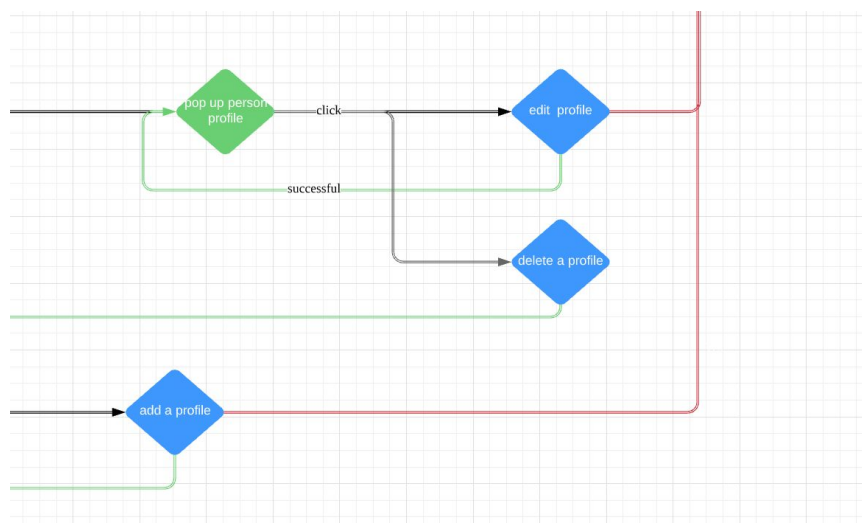
Figure 3 navigation bar zoom-in

**Artifacts related functions flow zoom-in**



*Figure 4* Artifacts related functions flow zoom-in

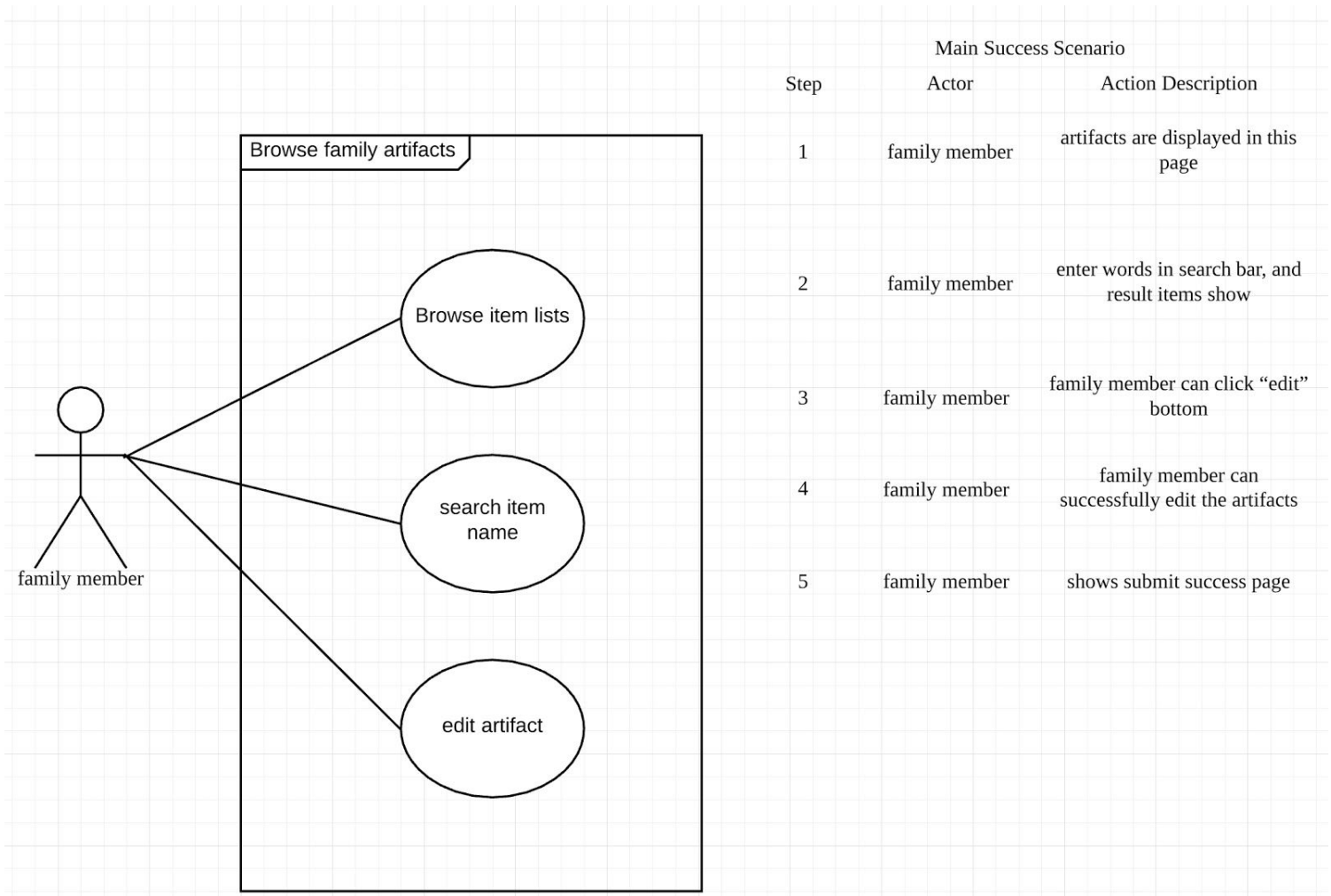
**Profiles related functions flow zoom-in**



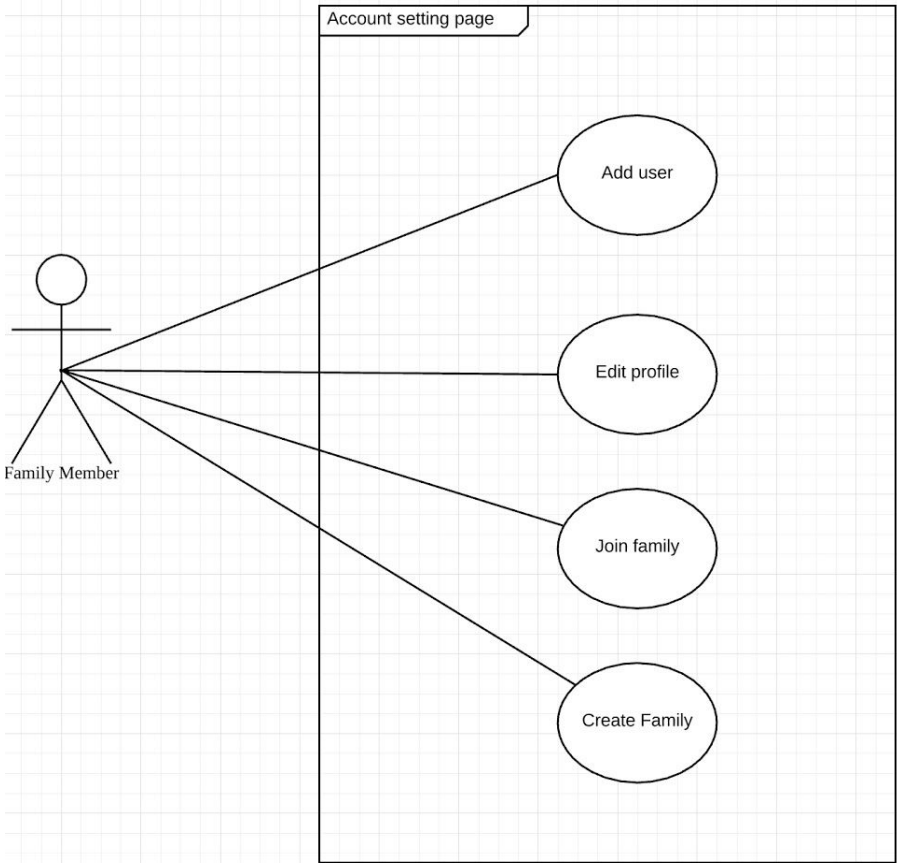
*Figure 5* Profiles related functions flow zoom-in

# Use Case Diagram

## Browse family artifacts



Account setting page

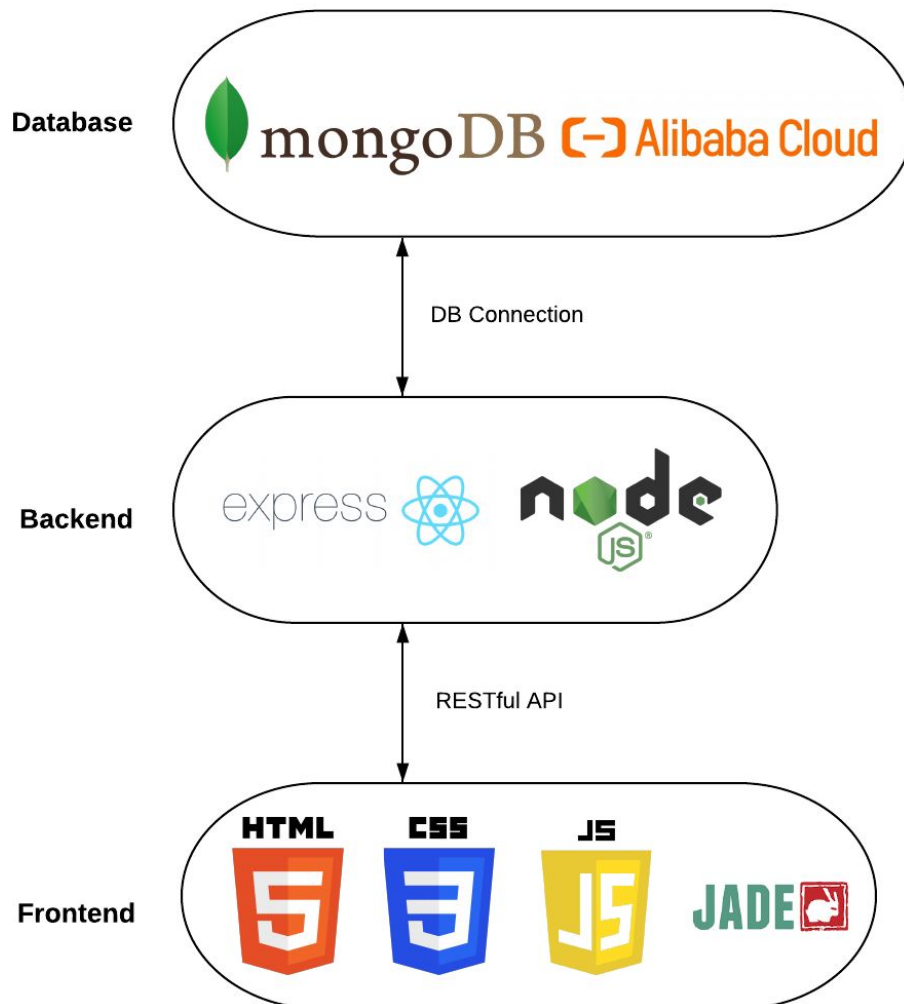


Main Success Scenario		
Step	Actor	Action Description
1	family member	click "add user" bottom and show "add user" page
2	family member	family member can submit the user profile
3	family member	family member can edit their profile
4	family member	can join family with family ID
5	family member	can create family successfully



# Tech Stack

## Tech Stack Diagram



*Tech Stack Diagram*

## Structure

- HTML
  - HTML is widely used in writing website, and almost every browser supports HTML language.
  - It is easy to learn and to use.
  - It can display changes instantly by reloading the previous HTML page.
  - It can create only static and plain pages so if we need dynamic pages then HTML is not useful.
- Jade
  - Jade can create dynamic pages rather than HTML.
  - Tags used in jade is simple, which could make the code look concise and structured.
  - It is not convenient to display changes, we have to rerun the whole project after doing some changes.

## Presentation

- CSS
  - It is easy to read, to learn and to use.
  - It is compatible with HTML and Jade.
  - CSS can save time. By making one change to css style sheet, we can automatically make it to every page we would like to update.

## Behaviour

- Javascript
  - It is easy to learn and offers syntax close to English.
  - It uses DOM model which provides many predefined functionalities to the various objects on pages making it a breeze to develop a script to solve a custom propose.
  - No compiler is needed, the browser can interpret it.

## Runtime Environment

- Node.js
  - It is popular, and supported very well.
  - It is implemented on top of the Google Chrome's V8 engine which is super fast.
  - It does I/O better.
  - Files I/O and db queries are non-blocking.

- It has great performance even handling a big number of data.

## Frameworks

- Express.js
  - It streamlined node.
  - It allows us to define routes based on HTTP methods and URLs.
  - It includes many middleware modules to perform tasks on request and response.
  - It allows us to create RESTful API server.
  - It is easy to connect with database.

## Database

- MongoDB
  - It uses BSON format which enables to internally index and map document properties.
  - It does not require data structures, that are unified in nature across all the objects that are being used, which makes it convenient to use.
  - It can fast and easy process data.
- Alibaba Cloud OSS
  - Encrypted, secure, cost-effective, and easy-to-use
  - As we tested, has higher respond speed than MongoDB, so would be better for image storage than mongoDB