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**PART - 1 : Theory**

(20 points)

Question 1: (5 points) What are the important data items related to a process that are maintained by the kernel for process management?

**Kernel maintains two data structures for each process.**

- an entry (proc structure) in the process table
- user structure or (u-area)

**The Kernel maintains a Process Control Block for each process, which contains:**

- ◆ Process execution state
- ◆ Process control
- ◆ I/O status - open files and devices
- ◆ CPU scheduling information
- ◆ Memory management information
- ◆ Accounting information
- ◆ Pending signals
- ◆ Signals masked

**The Kernel maintains a user structure for each process, which contains:**

- ◆ process file-descriptor table
- ◆ Pointer points to process table
- ◆ Information of current directory
- ◆ Kernel stack for the process
- ◆ Machine registers - area to save machine registers on a trap on context switch
- ◆ Kernel stack for executing traps and interrupt service routines

Question 2: (5 points) For each of the following four cases, identify the conditions under which the scheduler will change the status of a process:

a. Running to Ready

**The process gets interrupted**

**When the scheduler select another process to run, the current running process is moved from running to ready.**

b. Swapped to Running

**The execution continue with the newly arrived process**

c. Running to Waiting (Blocked)

**Process need to perform I/O operation or waiting for event.**

d. Ready or Waiting to Swapped

**The process gets moved to secondary memory and gets put in a queue of temporary suspended process**

**When there is no enough memory for in the main memory.**

Question 3: (5 points) When a UNIX process executes fork(), does the child process inherit

a. any pending signals of the parent?

**No**

b. the signal handlers of the parent process?

**Yes**

c. the signal mask of the parent?

**Yes**

Question 4: (5 points) Why is a separate stack in the kernel memory space used for handling system call functions and interrupt handlers for a process, instead of using the process stack?

**For safety reason, user cannot access data items for the process if it is in the kernel memory**