

100 100 100 PWA

Performance Accessibility Best SEO PWA

Practices



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score</u> is calculated directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator</u>.



0-49

50-89

90-100



METRICS Collapse view

First Contentful Paint

 $0.8 \, s$

First Contentful Paint marks the time at which the first text or image is painted. <u>Learn more</u>.

Speed Index

 $0.8 \, s$

Speed Index shows how quickly the contents of a page are visibly populated. <u>Learn more</u>.

Largest Contentful Paint

1.5 s

Largest Contentful Paint marks the time at which the largest text or image is painted. <u>Learn more</u>

Time to Interactive

 $2.5 \, s$

Time to interactive is the amount of time it takes for the page to become fully interactive. <u>Learn more</u>.

Total Blocking Time

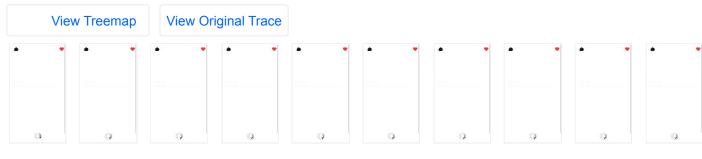
20 ms

Sum of all time periods between FCP and Time to Interactive, when task length exceeded 50ms, expressed in milliseconds. <u>Learn more</u>.

Cumulative Layout Shift

0

Cumulative Layout Shift measures the movement of visible elements within the viewport. <u>Learn more</u>.



Show audits relevant to: All FCP TBT LCP CLS

OPPORTUNITIES

Opportunity Estimated Savings

Enable text compression 0.45 s ^

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. <u>Learn</u> more. FCP (LCP)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
available-animals/11886?species=Cat (cors-through.herokuapp.com)	92.3 KiB	81.4 KiB

Reduce unused JavaScript 0.3 s ^

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u>. <u>LCP</u>

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
js/main.ed10a1f8.js (fatfelines.com)	92.0 KiB	33.7 KiB
/node_modules/react-dom/cjs/react-dom.production.min.js	43.3 KiB	14.5 KiB
/node_modules/react-lazy-load-image-component/build/index.js	8.6 KiB	3.6 KiB
/node_modules/@headlessui/react/dist/components/menu/menu.js	2.8 KiB	2.1 KiB
/node_modules/@headlessui/react/dist/components/transitions/transition.js	2.1 KiB	1.5 KiB
/node_modules/react/cjs/react.production.min.js	2.2 KiB	1.2 KiB

These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

DIAGNOSTICS

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▲ Avoid an excessive DOM size — 3,440 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn more</u>. <u>(TBT)</u>

Statistic	Element		Value
Total DOM Elements			3,440
		path	
Maximum DOM Depth			10
	section.mx-0.p-0.md:	px-5.md:mx-[-5px]	
Maximum Child Elements			95

▲ Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 4 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more.

URL	Cache	Transfer
O.I.E	TTL	Size
media/banner-3.5751f8ewebp (fatfelines.com)	None	414 KiB
js/main.ed10a1f8.js (fatfelines.com)	None	92 KiB
css/main.b91203eb.css (fatfelines.com)	None	3 KiB
/service-worker.js (fatfelines.com)	None	0 KiB
7.5ci vice-worker.js (tattetines.com)	None	O NID

○ Avoid chaining critical requests — 1 chain found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. <u>Learn more</u>. [FCP] [LCP]

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Maximum critical path latency: 100 ms

Initial Navigation

https://fatfelines.com

...css/main.b91203eb.css (fatfelines.com) - 50 ms, 2.91 KiB

○ Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 12 requests • 606 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	12	605.6 KiB
Image	1	413.6 KiB
Other	7	96.4 KiB
Script	2	92.1 KiB
Stylesheet	1	2.9 KiB
Document	1	0.6 KiB
Media	0	0.0 KiB
Font	0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	1	93.1 KiB

○ Avoid long main-thread tasks − 1 long task found

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. Learn more [TBT]

URL	Start Time	Duration
js/main.ed10a1f8.js (fatfelines.com)	3,643 ms	89 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't $\underline{\text{directly affect}}$ the Performance score.

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PASSED AUDITS (33) Hide Eliminate render-blocking resources Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn more. FCP [LCP] Properly size images Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn more. Defer offscreen images Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. Learn more. Minify CSS Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn more. FCP [LCP] Minify JavaScript Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more. FCP [LCP] Reduce unused CSS Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more. FCP [LCP] Efficiently encode images Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn more. Serve images in next-gen formats Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. Learn more. Preconnect to required origins Consider adding 'preconnect' or 'dns-prefetch' resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party

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origins. Learn more. FCP LCP

Initial server response time was short — Root document took 40 ms	^
Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>FCF</u>	?)
URL Time Sp	ent
https://fatfelines.com 40	ms
Avoid multiple page redirects	^
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn more. FCP [LCP]	
O Preload key requests	^
Consider using ` <link rel="preload"/> ` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. <u>Learn</u> <u>more</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>	<u>n</u>
Use HTTP/2	^
HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more.	
Use video formats for animated content	^
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more [LCP]	
Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles	^
Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity (TBT)	y.
Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers — Potential savings of 0 KiB	^
Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy brows Learn More (TBT)	sers.

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URL		Potential Savings
js/main.ed10a1f8.js (fatfelines.com)		0.1 KiB
main.ed10a1f8.js:2	@babel/plugin-transform-classes	

O Preload Largest Contentful Paint image

Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve your LCP time. Learn more. LCP

Avoids enormous network payloads − Total size was 607 KiB

∧

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more. [LCP]

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Transfer Size
media/banner-3.5751f8ewebp (fatfelines.com)	413.6 KiB
available-animals/11886?species=Cat (cors-through.herokuapp.com)	93.1 KiB
js/main.ed10a1f8.js (fatfelines.com)	92.0 KiB
css/main.b91203eb.css (fatfelines.com)	2.9 KiB
/favicons/favicon-144.png (fatfelines.com)	1.8 KiB
/favicon.ico (fatfelines.com)	1.4 KiB
/manifest.json (fatfelines.com)	0.8 KiB
https://fatfelines.com	0.6 KiB
/index.html (fatfelines.com)	0.6 KiB
/service-worker.js (fatfelines.com)	0.1 KiB

User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user

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experiences. Learn more.

JavaScript execution time - 0.4 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u>. [TBT]

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
https://fatfelines.com	312 ms	201 ms	6 ms
js/main.ed10a1f8.js (fatfelines.com)	171 ms	152 ms	15 ms
Unattributable	58 ms	4 ms	0 ms

Minimizes main-thread work - 0.5 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more (TBT)</u>

Category	Time Spent
Script Evaluation	357 ms
Other	77 ms
Style & Layout	74 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	21 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	10 ms
Rendering	4 ms

All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more. FCP [LCP]

Minimize third-party usage - Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Heroku	93 KiB	0 ms
available-animals/11886?species=Cat (corsthrough.herokuapp.com)	93 KiB	0 ms

	through.herokuapp.com)	ns .
0	Lazy load third-party resources with facades	^
	Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. Learn mor	<u>e</u> .
0	Largest Contentful Paint element — 0 elements found	^
	This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn More</u> <u>LCP</u>	
0	Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded	^
	Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful particle.	iint.
0	Avoid large layout shifts	^
	These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page. CLS	
	Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance	^
	Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn</u> more.	
	Avoids document.write()	^
		of

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn more CLS

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O Image elements have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. Learn more CLS

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A `<meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more. TBT

Avoids unload event listeners

A The `unload' event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use `pagehide` or `visibilitychange` events instead. Learn more



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)

Hide

The page has a logical tab order
 Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more.
 Interactive controls are keyboard focusable
 Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn more.
 Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state
 Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn more.
 The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page

If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn more.	
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more</u> .	
 Custom controls have ARIA roles 	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more.	
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more.</nav></main>	

These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an accessibility</u> <u>review</u>.

PASSED AUDITS (18)

```
[aria-*] attributes match their roles

Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. Learn more.

[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body>

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document `<body>`.

Learn more.
```

[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more. Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. ^ Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5. Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more. [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn more. The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more. Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio

	Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Document has a <title> element</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th></th><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><th></th><td>[id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td>All focusable elements must have a unique `id` to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><th></th><td><html> element has a [lang] attribute</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td>If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the use chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader migh announce the page's text correctly. Learn more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><th></th><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><th></th><td><html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more. Links have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more. Links have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn more.</td><td>^ ^</td></tr><tr><th>NO</th><th>Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more. Links have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn more. Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigation.</th><th>^ atte</th></tr></tbody></table></title>	

O [accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more.

O button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

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When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA input fields have accessible names When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA meter elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names When a 'progressbar' element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [role]s are contained by their required parent element Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. ARIA toggle fields have accessible names When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements. When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more.

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O Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements</dl>	^
Definition list items (' <dt>` and `<dd>') must be wrapped in a parent `<dl>` element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. <u>Learn more</u>.</dl></dd></dt>	
ARIA IDs are unique	^
The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Le more.	<u>earn</u>
No form fields have multiple labels	^
Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn more</u> .	
<pre><frame/> or <iframe> elements have a title</iframe></pre>	^
Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Image elements have [alt] attributes	^
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empt attribute. <u>Learn more</u> .	y alt
<pre>O <input type="image"/> elements have [alt] text</pre>	^
When an image is being used as an ` <input/> ` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. <u>Learn more</u> .	d
O Form elements have associated labels	^
Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn</u> more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td> List items (<1i>) are contained within or </td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent `` or `` to be announced properly. Learn more.</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"/>	^
Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This macreate a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more</u> .	У
O <object> elements have alternate text</object>	^
Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to ` <object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. <u>Learn more</u>.</object>	
No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0	^
A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u> .	
O Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only reduced to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more.	efer
elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u> .	
O [lang] attributes have a valid value	^
Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Lea more</u> .	<u>rn</u>
<pre><video> elements contain a <track/> element with [kind="captions"]</video></pre>	^
When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. <u>Learn more</u> .	



Best Practices

TRUST AND SAFETY

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks			
A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. Learn m			
Description	Directive	Severity	
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High	

GENERAL

 Detected JavaScript libraries 		^
All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the	page. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Name	Version	
Create React App		

PASSED AUDITS (13)

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed</u> <u>content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. <u>Learn more</u>.

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Avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. Learn more. Allows users to paste into password fields Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more. Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more. Serves images with appropriate resolution Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn more. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a `<meta>` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more. Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more. No browser errors logged to the console Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools Issues logged to the 'Issues' panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

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Source maps translate minified code to the origina	I source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition	
Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Con-	sider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. Lea	
more.		
<u>11010</u> .		
URL	Map URL	
URL	Map URL	
URL	Map URL	

NOT APPLICABLE (1)

O Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload `optional` fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more



These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)	Hide
O Structured data is valid	^
Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.	
PASSED AUDITS (12)	Hide
Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^

A `<meta name="viewport">` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond</u> <u>delay to user input</u>. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

Document has a <title> element</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine it page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>a</td></tr><tr><td>Document has a meta description</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Page has successful HTTP status code</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Links have descriptive text</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Links are crawlable</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Search engines may use `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attribute of anchor element to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn More</td><td>s links</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Page isn't blocked from indexing</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Page isn't blocked from indexing Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn</td><td>ı more.</td></tr><tr><td>Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn robots.txt is valid If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled.</td><td>ı more.</td></tr><tr><td>Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn robots.txt is valid If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled indexed. Learn more.</td><td>n more.</td></tr></tbody></table></title>

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Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. Learn more.

Source	Selector	% of Page Text	Font Size
Legible text		100.00%	≥ 12px

Document avoids plugins

Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more.

Tap targets are sized appropriately — 100% appropriately sized tap targets

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more</u>.

NOT APPLICABLE (2) Hide

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more.

O Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.



PMA

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

INSTALLABLE

Web app manifest and service worker meet the installability requirements

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Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn more</u>.

PWA OPTIMIZED

Registers a service worker that controls page and start url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u>.

Configured for a custom splash screen

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn</u> more.

Sets a theme color for the address bar.

The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more.

Content is sized correctly for the viewport

If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn more.

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A `<meta name="viewport">` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond</u> <u>delay to user input</u>. <u>Learn more</u>. [TBT]

Provides a valid apple-touch-icon

For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an `apple-touch-icon`. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. <u>Learn More</u>.

Manifest has a maskable icon

A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. <u>Learn more</u>.

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Captured at Feb 19, 2023, 2:34

PM CST

Initial page load

O Site works cross-browser To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more. Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. Learn more. Each page has a URL Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. Learn more. These checks are required by the baseline PWA Checklist but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Generated by Lighthouse 9.6.8 | File an issue

Emulated Moto G4 with

Lighthouse 9.6.8

Slow 4G throttling

Single page load

with devtools

Using Chromium 110.0.0.0

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