# **Henry and Lost Ranges**

Henry is a curious little boy. He likes to play around with numbers. One day, he defined a function f for natural numbers such that:

$$f(X)$$
 = largest prime factor of  $X$ , where  $X > 1$ 

For example: f(2) = 2

f(3) = 3

f(75) = 5

Now, Henry selected two integers **A** and **B** ( $A \le B$ ) and counted all numbers **X** between **A** and **B** (both inclusive) such that f(X) = K. He found out that there are **N** such numbers.

After that Henry went for playing. When he returned home, he found out that he had forgotten the upper limit of range i.e. the integer **B**. However, he remembers all other numbers i.e. **A**, **K** and **N**.

Henry wants to find out **B** as soon as possible. Can you help him finding it?

#### Note:

- If there are multiple possible values of **B**, output the **least** value out of those.
- It is assured that the input will be in such a way that final value of **B** will be within the range of **long long int**.

# Input

First line of input contains **T**, the number of test cases.

The only line of each test case contains three integers A, K and N.

#### Output

For each test case, output a single line containing the integer **B**.

#### **Constraints**

- 1≤T≤5
- $\bullet \quad 2 \le A \le 10^9$
- 2 ≤ K ≤ 11 and K is a prime number
- $0 \le N \le 152319$

### Example

#### Input:

5

324

534

454

574

3 11 4

### Output:

32

18

20

28

44

## **Explanation**

In the first case, least value of **B** such that there are exactly **4** numbers having largest prime factor as **2** in range [3,**B**] will be **32** (the **4** numbers are **4**, **8**, **16**, **32**).

In the second case, least value of **B** such that there are exactly **4** numbers having largest prime factor as **3** in range **[5,B]** will be **18** (the **4** numbers are **6**, **9**, **12**, **18**).

In the third case, least value of **B** such that there are exactly **4** numbers having largest prime factor as **5** in range **[4,B]** will be **20** (the **4** numbers are **5**, **10**, **15**, **20**).

In the fourth case, least value of **B** such that there are exactly **4** numbers having largest prime factor as **7** in range **[5,B]** will be **28** (the **4** numbers are **7**, **14**, **21**, **28**).

In the fifth case, least value of **B** such that there are exactly **4** numbers having largest prime factor as **11** in range **[3,B]** will be **44** (the **4** numbers are **11, 22, 33, 44**).