



UNIVERSITAS
GADJAH MADA

May 17, 2024

Course: Geospatial Information Infrastructure

Konsep dan Implementasi OpenGIS Specification

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Departemen Teknik Geodesi UGM



UNIVERSITAS GADJAH MADA

OpenGIS Specification

- Interoperabilitas Data Spasial dan Prinsip FAIR
- Konsep OpenGIS
- Implementasi OpenGIS
- Standar OpenGeospatial Consortium (OGC)
- The Way Forward

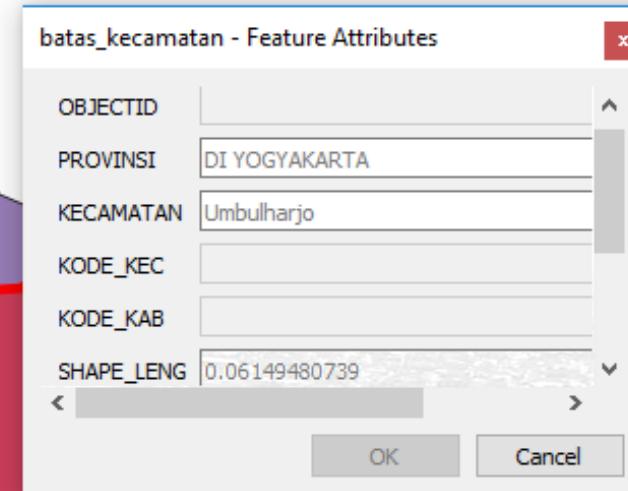
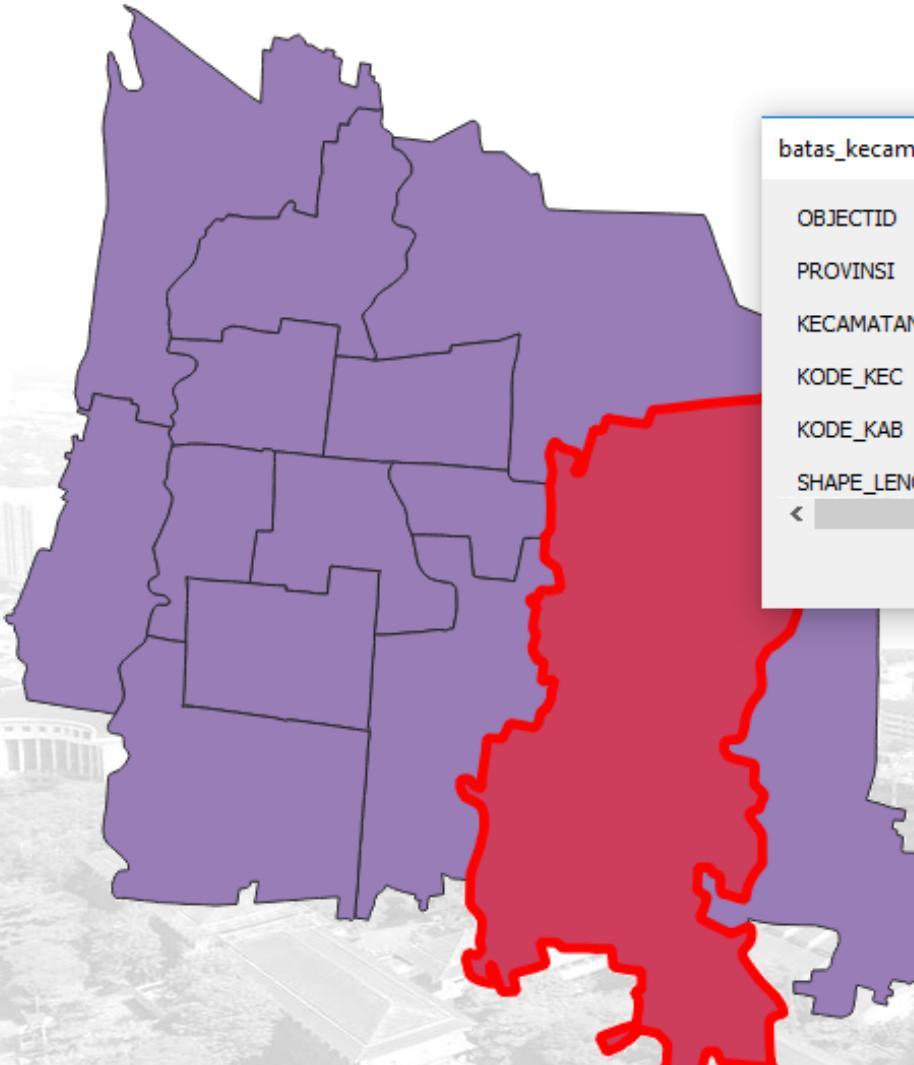


LOCALLY ROOTED, GLOBALLY RESPECTED

Prinsip FAIR pada Data Spasial



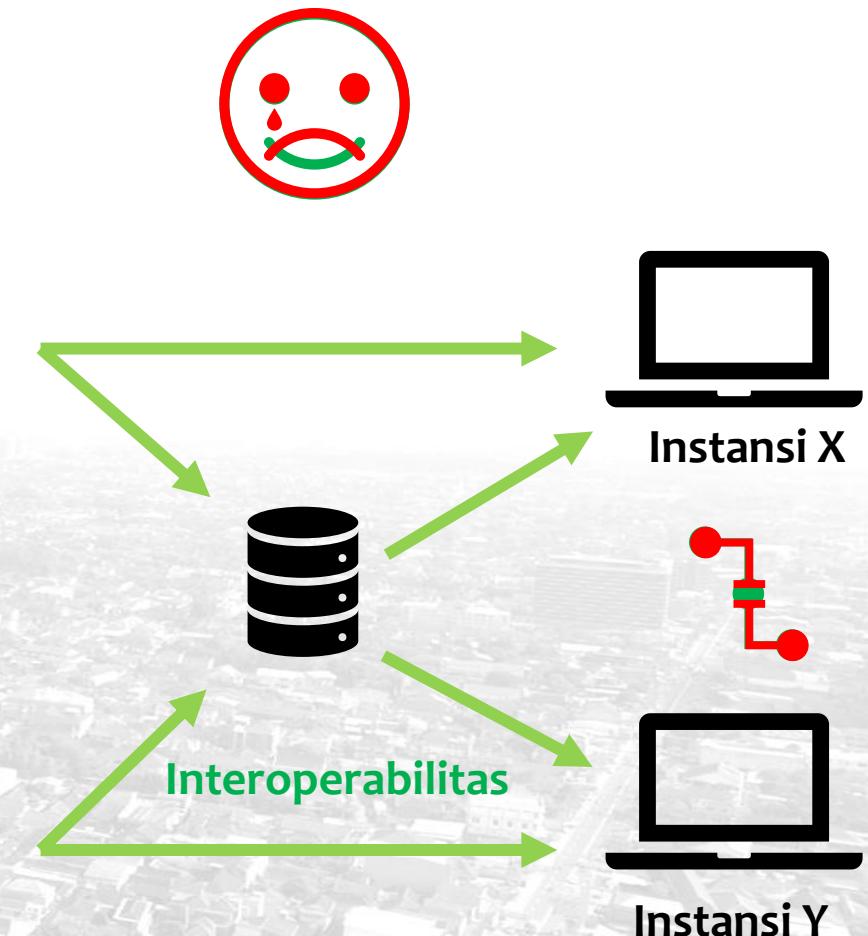
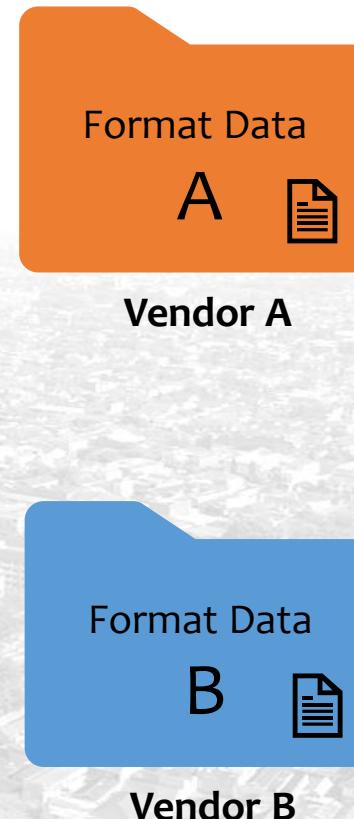
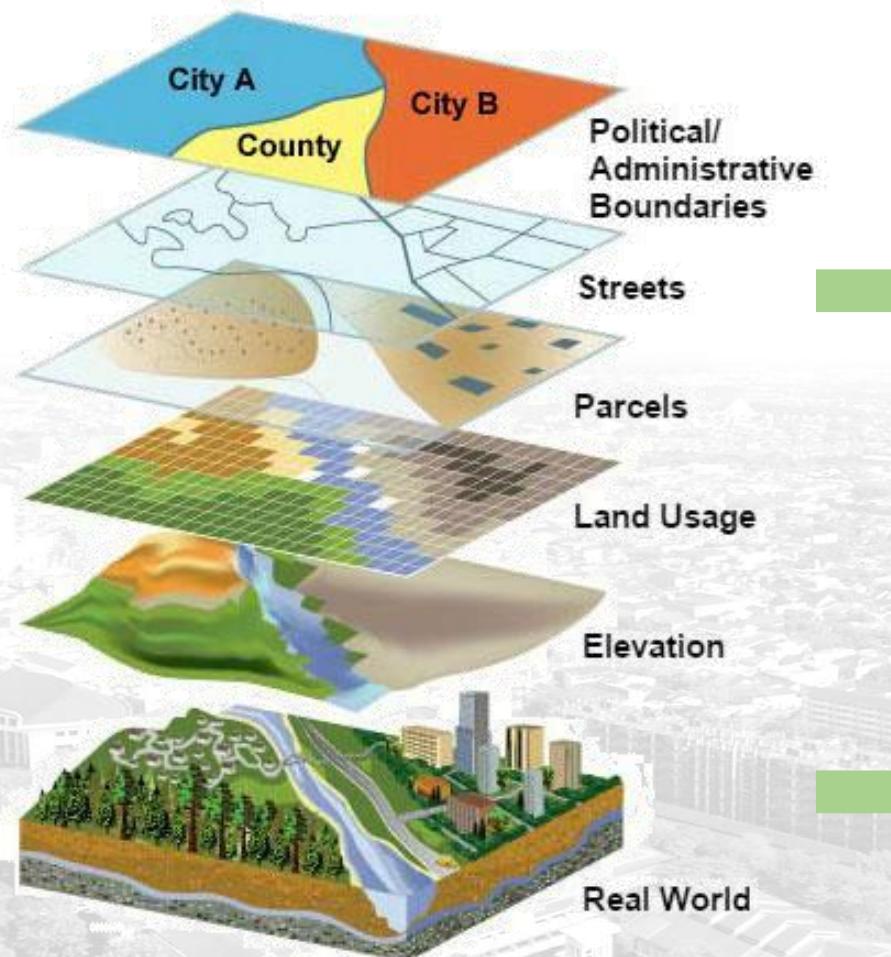
Interoperabilitas Data Spasial



Data spasial itu
'spesial':

- Bentuk (geometry)
- Extent
- Proyeksi
- Atribut
- Waktu
- Topologi
- Dimensi

Interoperabilitas Data Spasial



Vector & Raster Spatial Data



Diskusi:

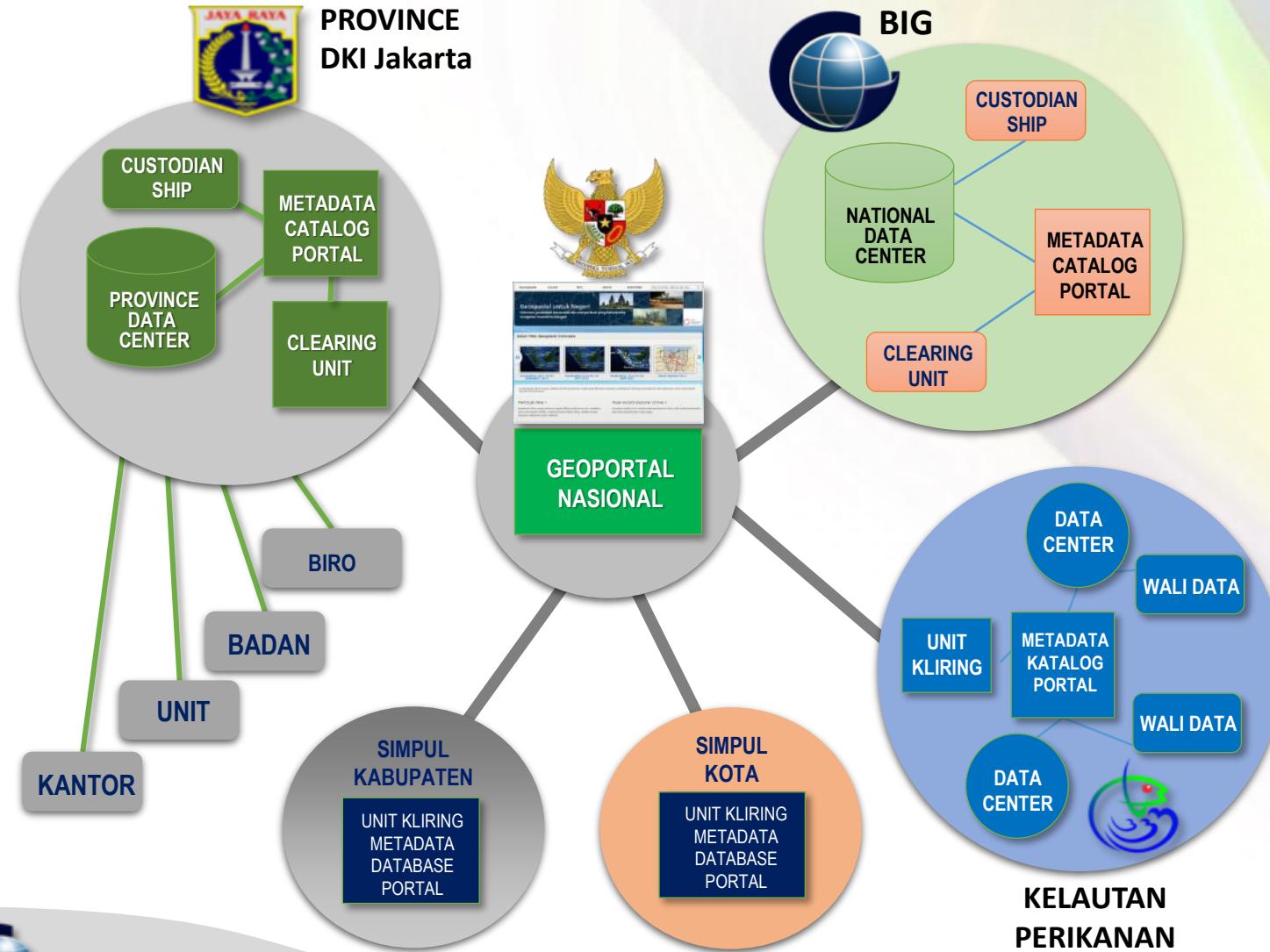
Berapa banyak format data spasial yang Anda ketahui?

Format apa yang menurut Anda paling banyak digunakan?

STRATEGY : THE DEVELOPMENT OF GEOSPATIAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE NETWORK NODES

Target : *57 Ministries, 34 Provinces, and 508 Regencies/Cities*

PerPres Nr. 85 / 2007 saat ini sudah
direvisi No. 27 /2014



PerPres JARINGAN INFORMASI GEOSPASIAL NASIONAL
Pasal 4 ayat (1)

Jaringan IGN terdiri atas:

- Jaringan IG pusat; dan
- Jaringan IG daerah.

Pasal 4 ayat (2)

Jaringan IG daerah sebagaimana dimaksud pada ayat (1) huruf b meliputi Pemerintah Daerah.

Pasal 4 ayat (4)

Instansi Pemerintah, Tentara Nasional Indonesia, dan Kepolisian Negara Republik Indonesia sebagaimana dimaksud pada ayat (2) dan Pemerintah Daerah sebagaimana dimaksud pada ayat (3) bertugas sebagai Simpul Jaringan.

Pasal 5 ayat (3)

Dalam hal Simpul Jaringan di Pemerintah Daerah, unit kerja sebagaimana dimaksud pada ayat (2) merupakan satuan kerja perangkat daerah yang ditetapkan Gubernur atau Bupati/Walikota.

Mengapa Perlu Berbagi Peta?

Home > Ekonomi > Berita Bisnis

Insiden Pipa Pertamina, Menhub Sebut Peta KCIC Tak Lengkap

CNN Indonesia | Minggu, 27/10/2019 00:28 WIB

Bagikan :



Jakarta, CNN Indonesia -- Menteri Perhubungan (Menhub), **Budi Karya Sumadi**, menduga kebakaran pipa minyak milik PT Pertamina akibat penggerjaan proyek Kereta Cepat Jakarta-Bandung disebabkan peta jaringan pipa yang digunakan PT Kereta Cepat Indonesia China (**KCIC**) tidak lengkap. Menurut Budi, seharusnya PT KCIC selaku kontraktor Kereta Cepat Jakarta-Bandung meminta peta jaringan infrastruktur yang lengkap kepada para pemangku kebijakan.

"Pemetaannya yang tidak komprehensif. Jadi kita minta kontraktor supaya minta kepada Pertamina, PLN, bahwa ada jalur infrastruktur. Itu akan dijadikan pola kerja yang akan KCIC lakukan," kata Budi kepada awak media di Gedung PUPR, Jakarta Selatan, Sabtu (26/10).

Budi malah khawatir PT KCIC tidak memiliki peta jaringan infrastruktur tersebut. Padahal peta tersebut jadi acuan bagi KCIC untuk melakukan pekerjaan proyek kereta cepat.

Lebih lanjut, Budi mengatakan Kemenhub mendukung KCIC. Akan tetapi, Kemenhub tidak mengetahui soal koordinasi antara KCIC dengan Pertamina.

"Karena *lead* dari pembangunan itu tidak di saya, saya memang tidak mengikuti. Tapi bahwa KCIC kita support penuh. Kalau koordinasi antar lembaga itu, kami sebagai regulator tidak ikut serta," katanya.

Lihat juga: Gubernur Jabar akan Tegur KCIC soal Pipa Pertamina Terbakar

Indonesia Menangkan Gugatan Arbitrase Internasional

Oleh: marsot | Selasa, 02 Apr 2019 04:57

BAGIKAN:



Dalam putusan pada Jumat (29/3), majelis arbiter menolak gugatan yang diajukan oleh IMFA serta memerintahkan IMFA untuk mengembalikan biaya yang dikeluarkan selama proses arbitrase kepada Pemerintah RI.

"Ini keberhasilan yang dicapai dengan jalan yang panjang," ujar Jaksa Agung HM Prasetyo di Kantor Kejagung, Jakarta, Senin 1 April 2019.

Jaksa Agung mengatakan keberhasilan penanganan perkara yang disidangkan sejak Agustus 2018 itu didukung tim terpadu yang dibentuk berdasarkan Peraturan Presiden Nomor 17 Tahun 2016

Majelis arbiter dalam putusannya menerima bantahan Pemerintah RI soal permasalahan tumpang tindih dan batas wilayah merupakan permasalahan yang telah terjadi sebelum IMFA masuk sebagai investor di Indonesia.

emberikan
n Kantor
Kantor FAMS

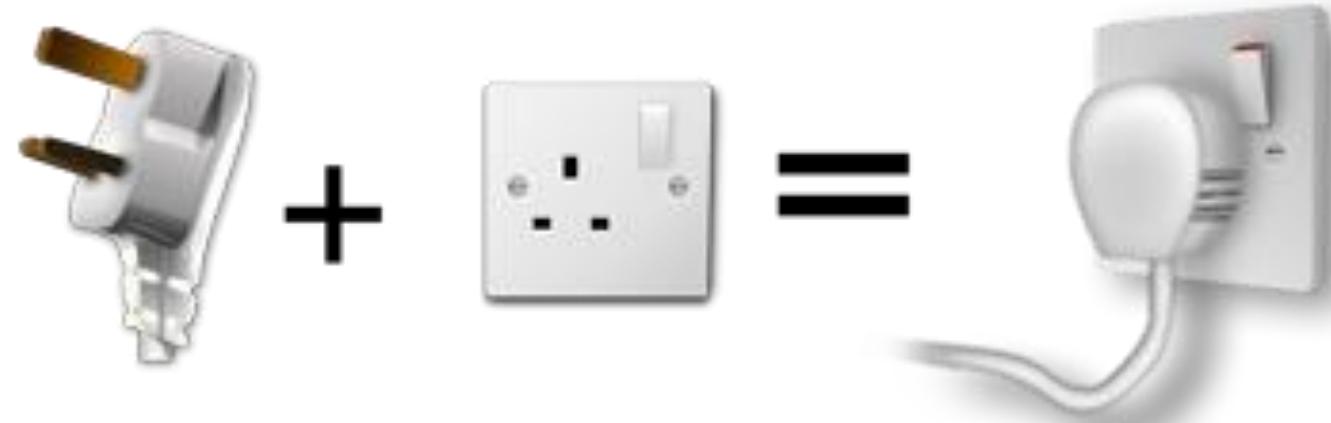
24 Juli 2015
ibangan
lain akibat

Permasalahan tersebut semestinya telah diketahui oleh IMFA sehingga Pemerintah RI sebagai negara tuan rumah tidak dapat disalahkan atas kelalaian investor.

gklaim
meminta



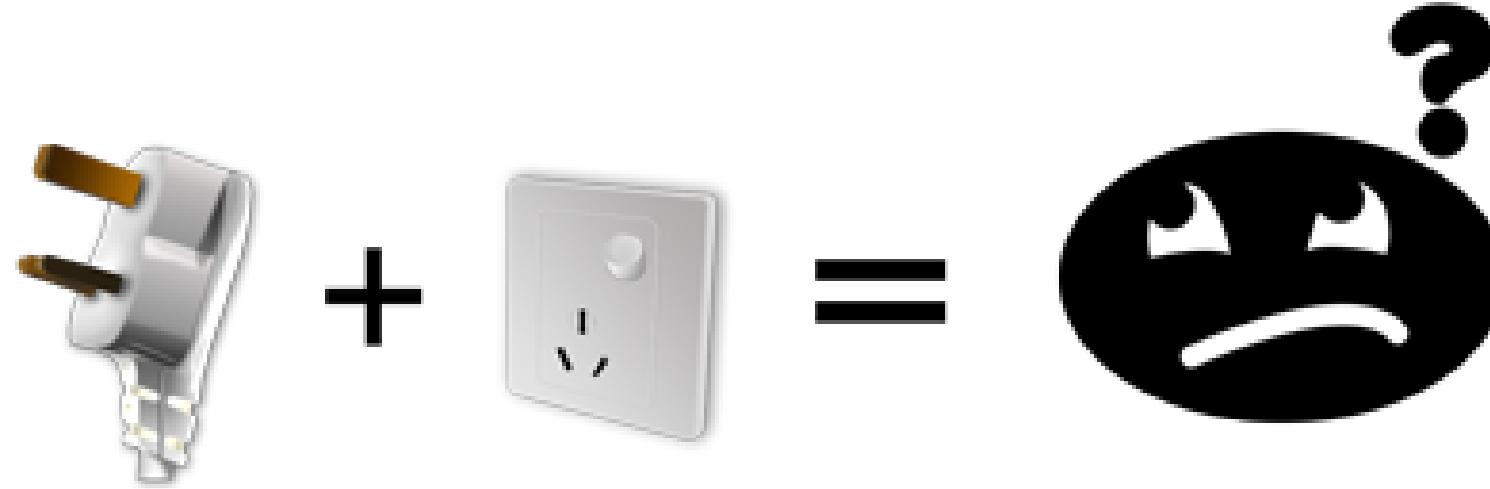
Apa itu Interoperabilitas?



Stop kontak (dan ‘colokan’) dibuat dengan desain tertentu untuk dapat digunakan satu sama lain di negara atau Kawasan tertentu



Apa itu Interoperabilitas?



Bagaimana kalau colokan Indonesia digunakan di luar negeri?

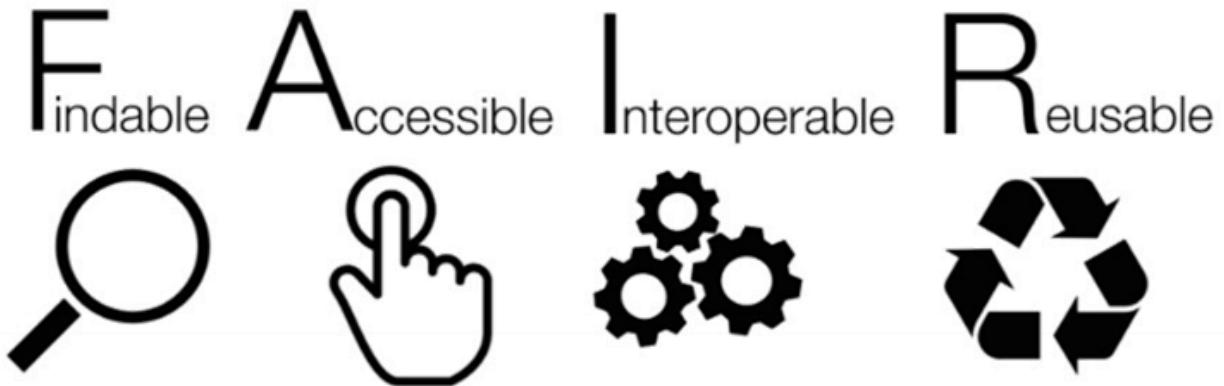


Apa itu Interoperabilitas?

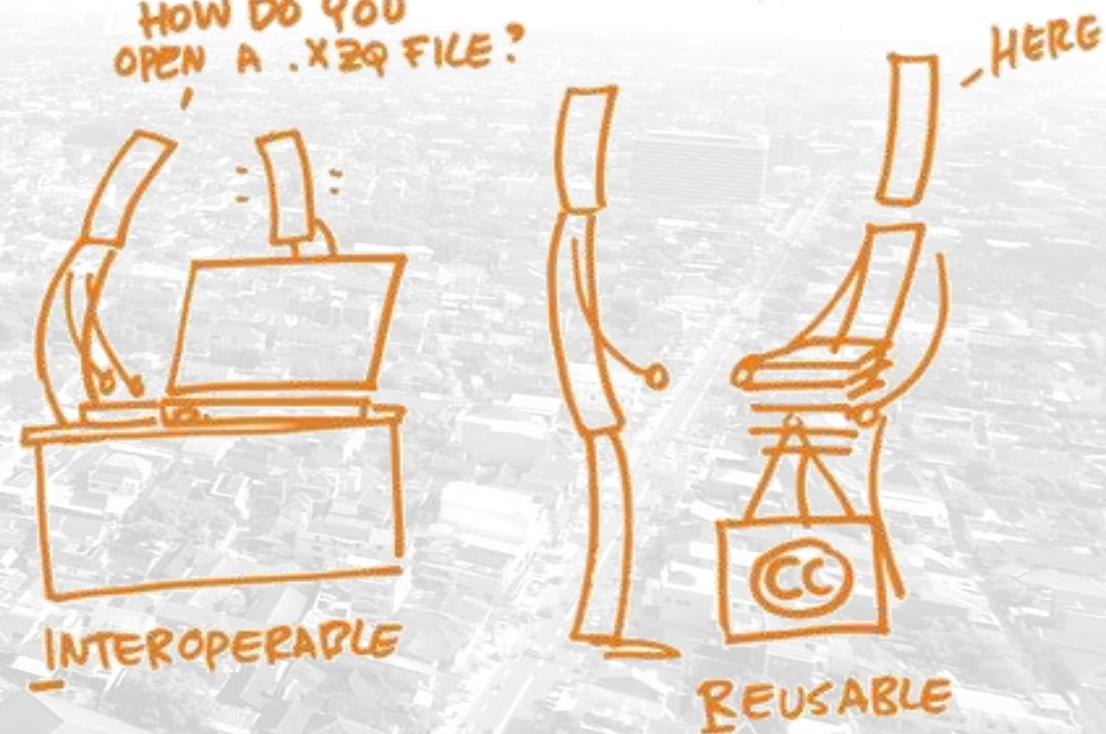


Salah satu solusi adalah: menggunakan **adaptor** untuk menjamin colokan bisa digunakan di lokasi lain

FAIR Principle:



FAIR DATA PRINCIPLES



FAIR Principle:

FINDABLE

Unique identifiers and metadata are used to allow data to be located quickly and efficiently



ACCESSIBLE

Data is open, free and universally available for research discovery efforts



INTER-OPERABLE

A common programming language is used to allow use in a broad range of applications



REUSABLE

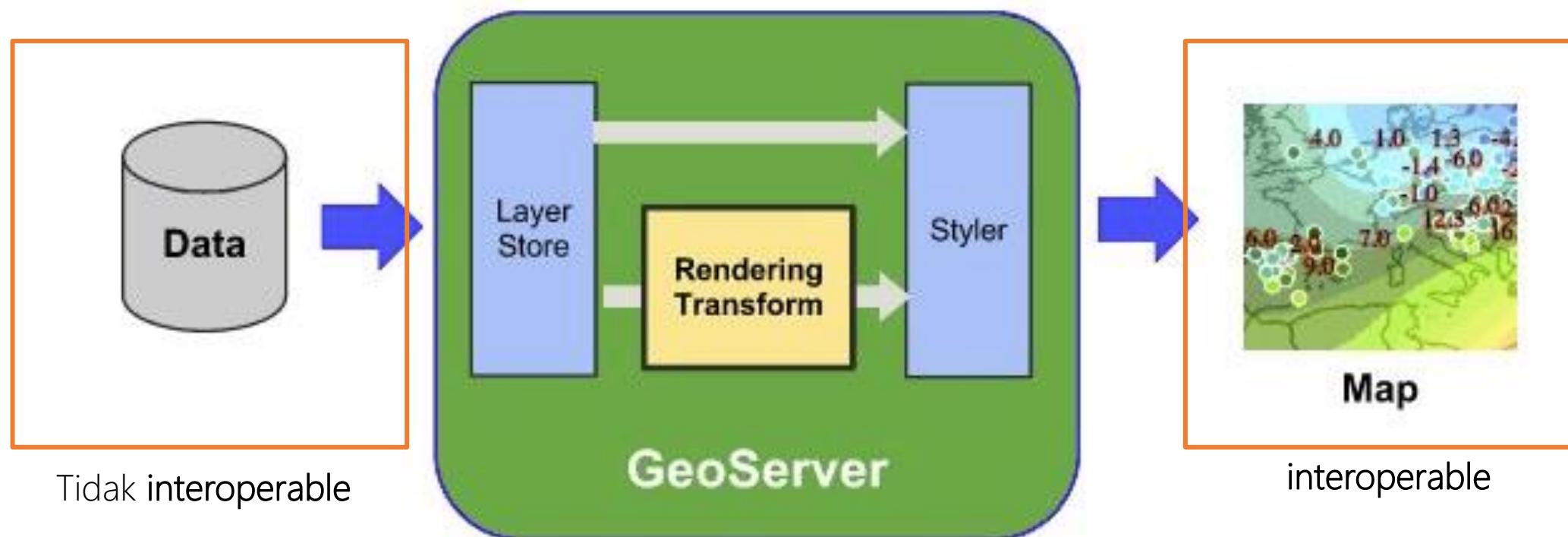
All data is clearly described and outlines associated data-use standards





Menjamin Interoperabilitas

Penggunaan format layanan standar (OGC) untuk **interoperabilitas** data spasial



Konsep OpenGIS Specification



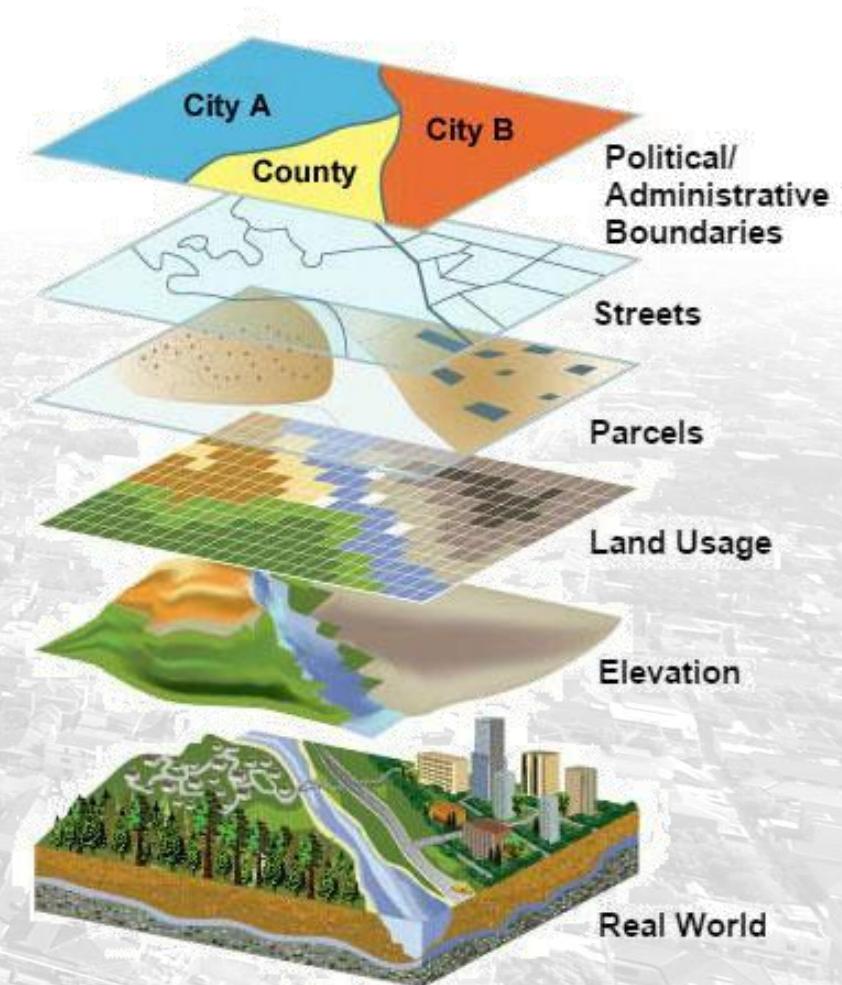
Spatial Data is a Model of the Real World

Real World



*Abstraction
Process*

Spatial Data Model

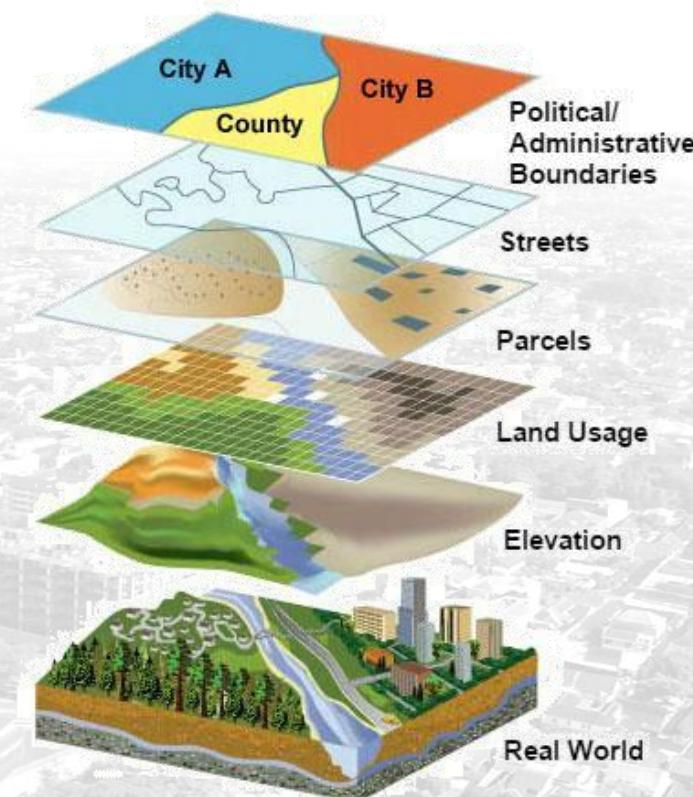


Spatial Data is a Model of the Real World

Real World



Spatial Data Model



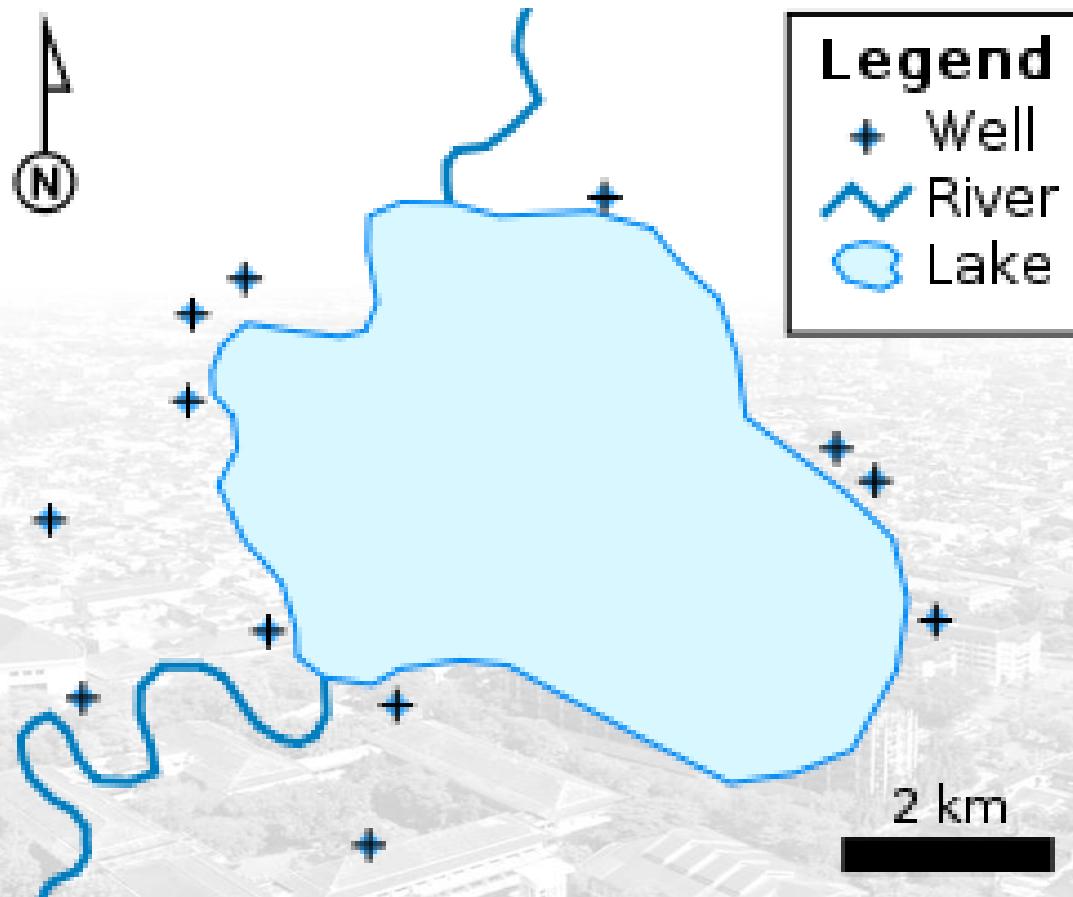
Internet GIS



How do we present spatial data on Internet according to FAIR Principle?

How to represent spatial data on the web?

Data spasial itu
'spesial':



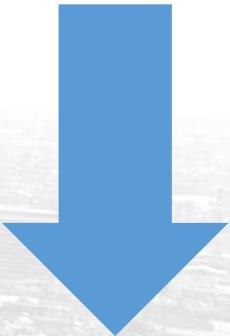
- Bentuk (geometry)
- Extent
- Proyeksi
- Atribut
- Waktu
- Topologi
- Dimensi

Formats understood by the internet

```
<gml:LineString gml:id="p21"  
srsName="http://www.opengis.net/def/  
/crs/EPSG/0/4326">  
  <gml:coordinates>  
    45.67, 88.56 55.56,89.44  
  </gml:coordinates>  
</gml:LineString >
```

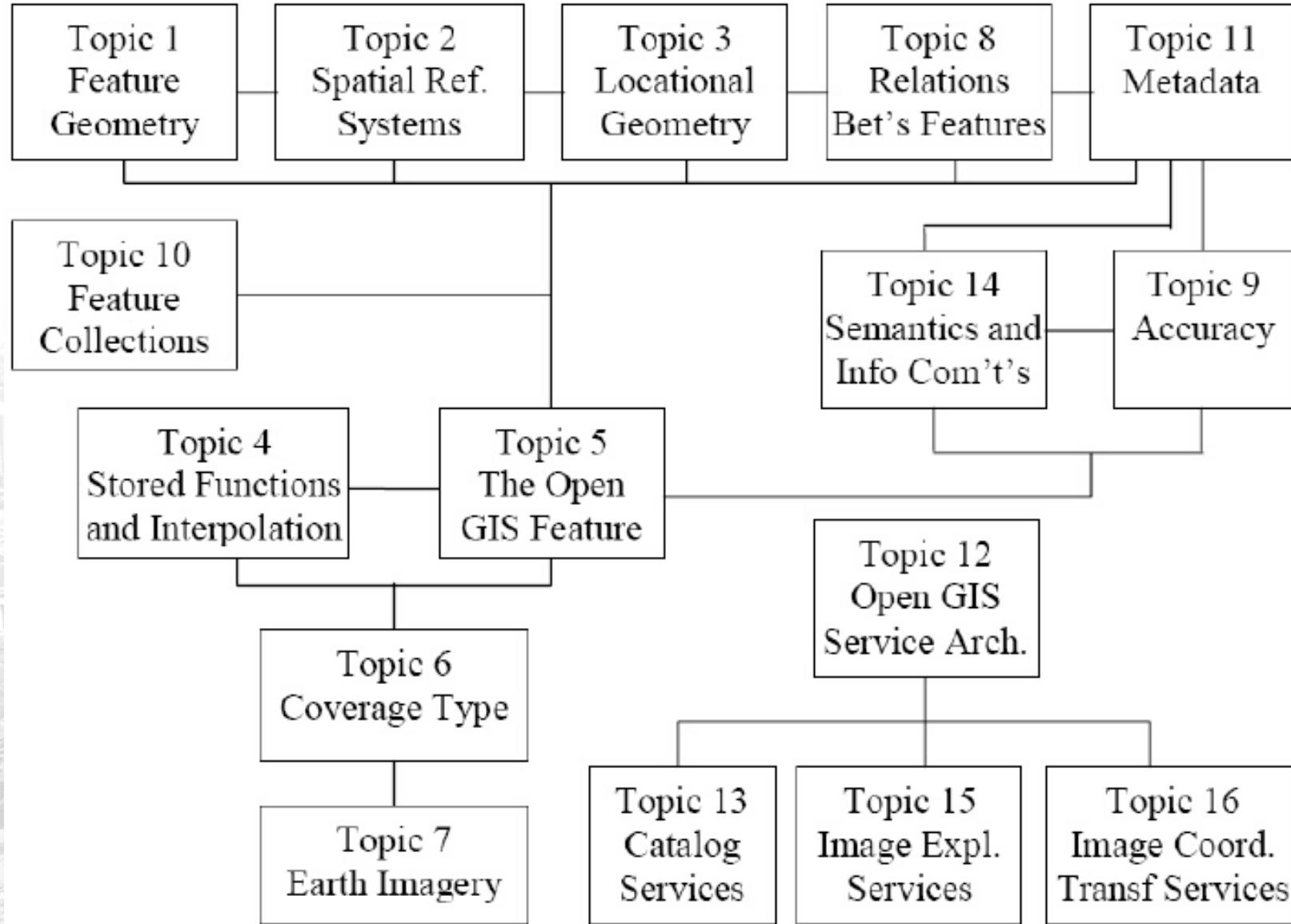
OpenGIS Specifications

- OpenGIS – Open and interoperable geoprocessing, or the ability to share heterogeneous geodata and geoprocessing resources transparently in a networked environment. “The highest level of the interoperability specification.”
- OpenGIS Specification (“OGIS”). A software specification that enables geodata sharing and geoprocessing interoperability. An interface standard for interoperable geoprocessing.
- Open GIS Consortium, Inc. A member-based consensus forum dedicated to the development of OpenGIS technologies and the integration of geoprocessing into enterprise computing.



F . A . I . R

OpenGIS Specifications Abstract



Standar untuk format, protocol dan metode akuisisi serta pencarian data spasial pada web dengan menjamin prinsip FAIR

OpenGIS Specifications Implementation

OpenGIS Simple Features Specification (for OLE/COM,CORBA,SQL)

OpenGIS Catalog Services Implementation Specification

OpenGIS Grid Coverages Implementation Specification

OpenGIS Coordinate Transformation Services Implementation Specification

OpenGIS Web Map Service Interfaces Implementation Specification

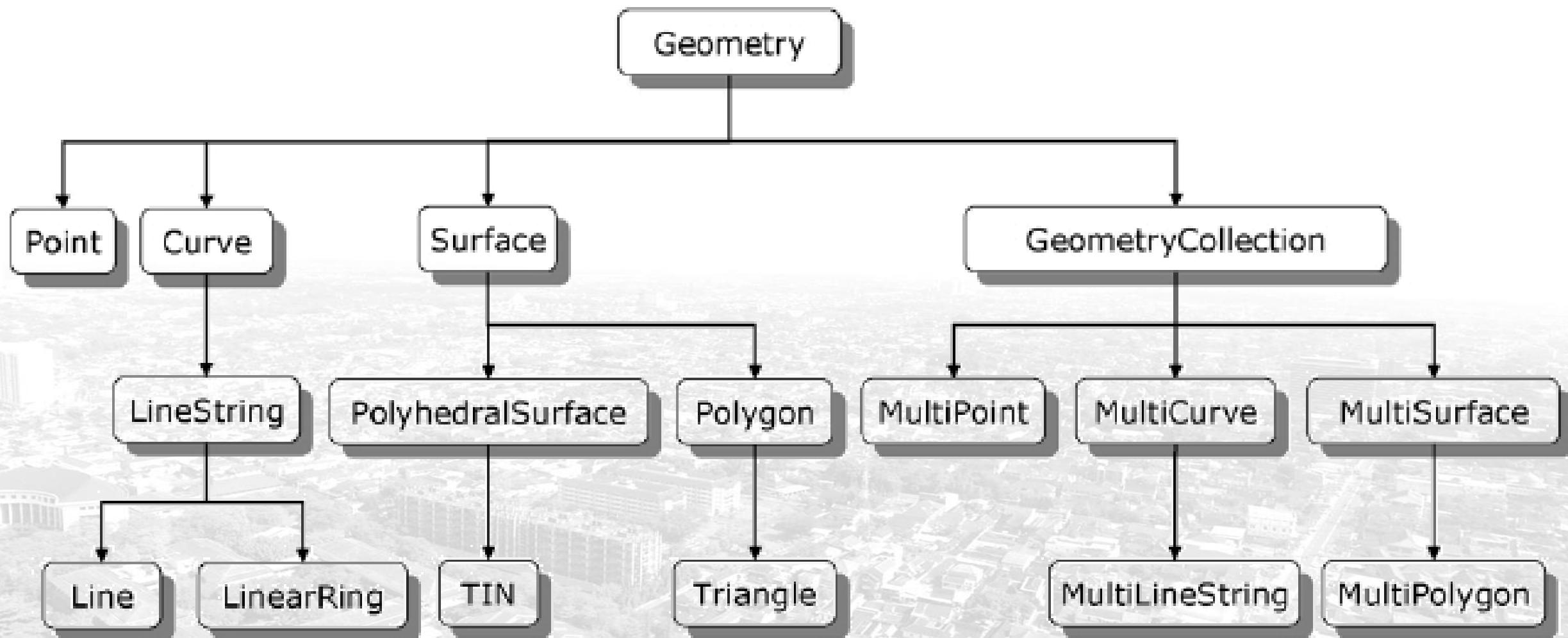
OpenGIS Geography Markup Language Implementation Specification

OpenGIS Web Feature Service Implementation Specification

OpenGIS Filter Encoding Implementation Specification

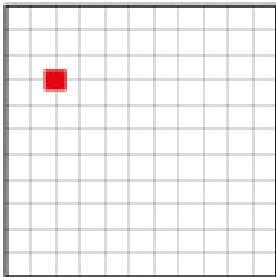
OpenGIS Styled Layer Descriptor Implementation Specification

Simple Feature Types

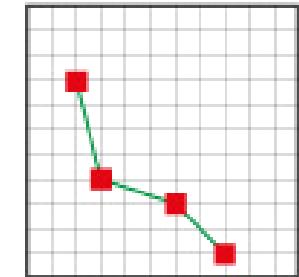


Simple Feature Types

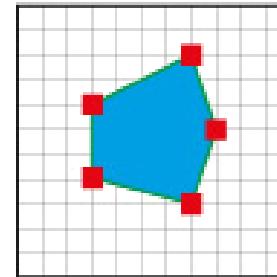
POINT(2 3)



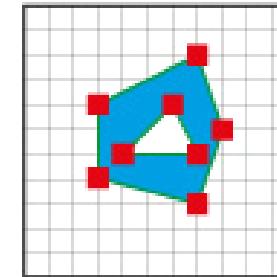
LINESTRING(2 3, 3 7, 6 8, 8 10)



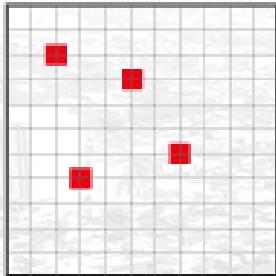
POLYGON ((3 4, 3 7, 7 8, 8 5, 7 2, 3 4))



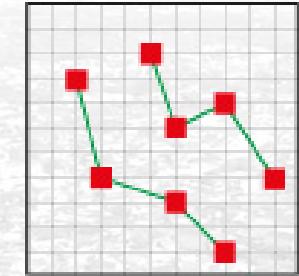
POLYGON ((3 4, 3 7, 7 8, 8 5, 7 2, 3 4),
(4 6, 7 6, 6 4, 4 6))



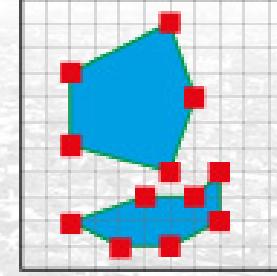
MULTIPOINT(2 2, 5 3, 7 6, 3 8)



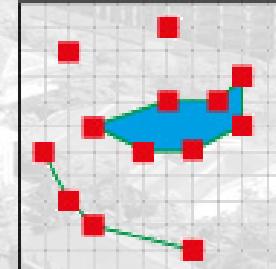
MULTILINESTRING((2 3, 3 7, 6 8, 8 10),
(5 2, 6 5, 8 4, 10 7))



MULTIPOLYGON((6 1, 7 4, 6 7, 2 6, 2 3, 6 1),
(2 9, 3 10, 5 10, 7 9, 7 7, 6 8, 4 8, 2 9))



GEOMETRYCOLLECTION(POINT(2 2), POINT(6 1),
LINESTRING(1 6, 2 8, 3 9, 7 10),
POLYGON(3 5, 5 6, 7 6, 9 5, 9 3, 8 4, 6 4, 3 5))



Primitives:

- POINT: a single coordinate pair
- LINESTRING: a set of coordinates connected
- POLYGON: set of coordinates connected and closed that make a polygon

Multiples:

- MULTIPOINT: more than one POINT
- MULTILINESTRING: more than one LINESTRING
- MULTIPOLYGON: more than one POLYGON

Collection:

- GEOMETRYCOLLECTION: an objects collection of any type



Next Week's
Discussion

Katalog Unsur Geografi Indonesia

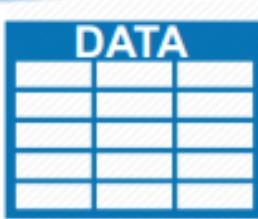
Katalog Unsur Geografi Indonesia (KUGI) adalah pemberian kode dan struktur kode, penetapan tipe, operasi, atribut, asosiasi, dan aturan-aturan pendokumentasian atas unsur yang direpresentasikan dalam data geografis sesuai dengan Peraturan BIG Nomor 12 Tahun 2013. (Disusun berdasarkan SNI ISO 19110)

Pencarian

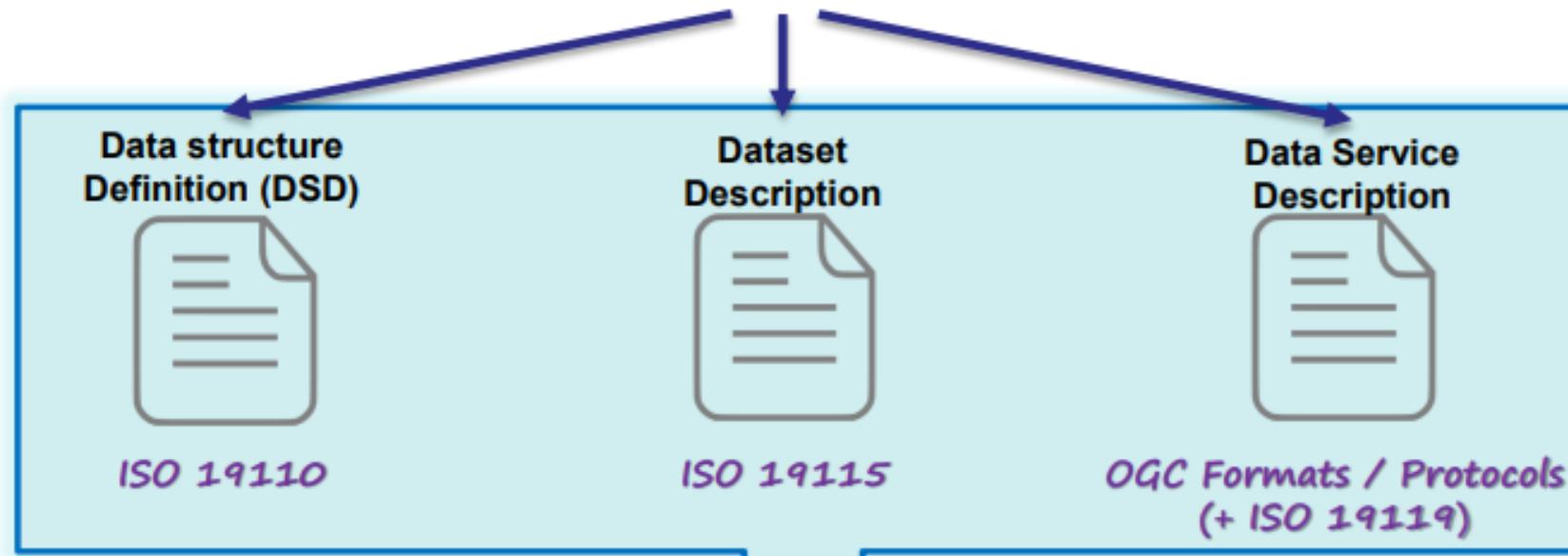


Implementasi Spesifikasi OpenGIS



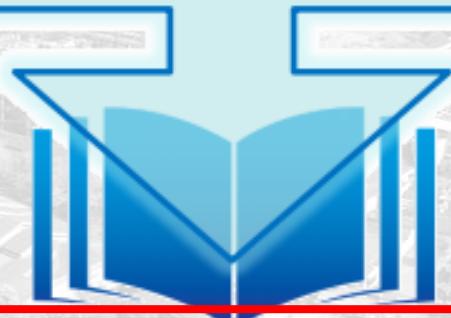


Interoperabilitas Data Spasial



*Findable
Accessible
Interoperable
Reusable*

(META) DATA
CATALOGUE

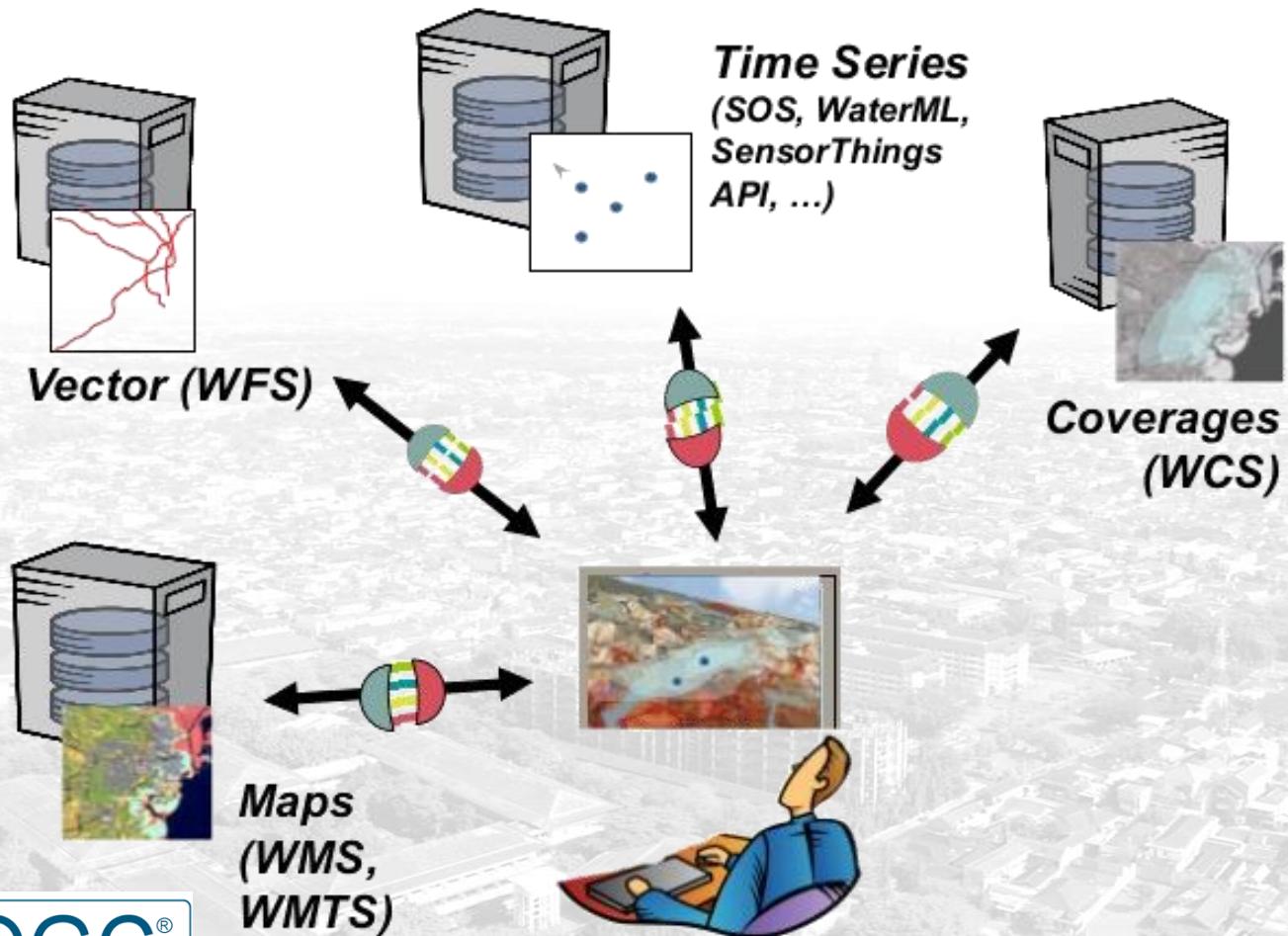


METADATA SERVICES
OGC Catalogue Service for the Web (CSW)

DATA SERVICES
OGC Data services (WMS / WFS)

Interoperabilitas Data Spasial

Standar:
ISO/TC211



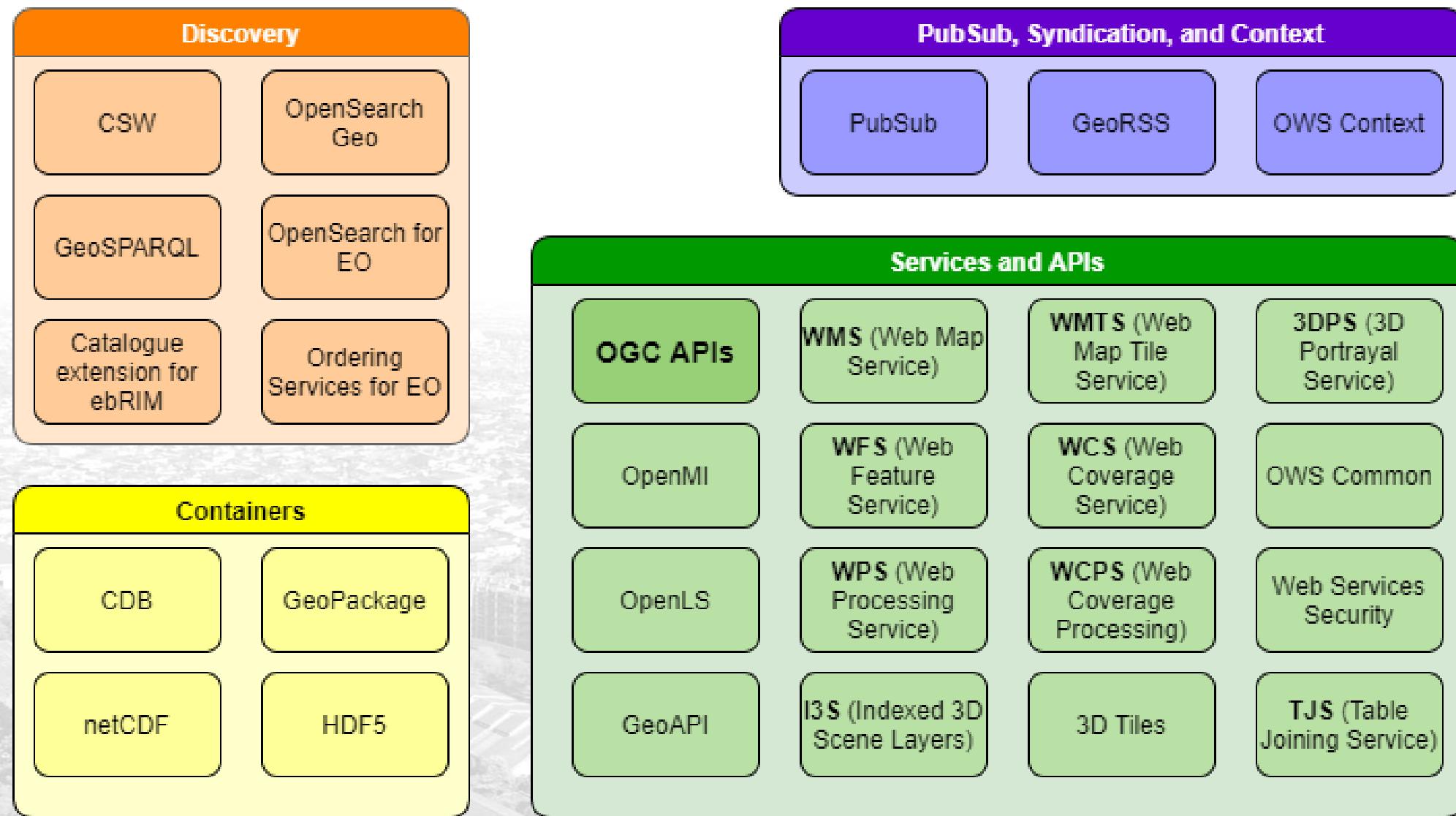
Implementasi:
OGC Services

Aplikasi, e.g.:
GeoServer

OpenGIS Implementations: OGC Standards (as of 2020)

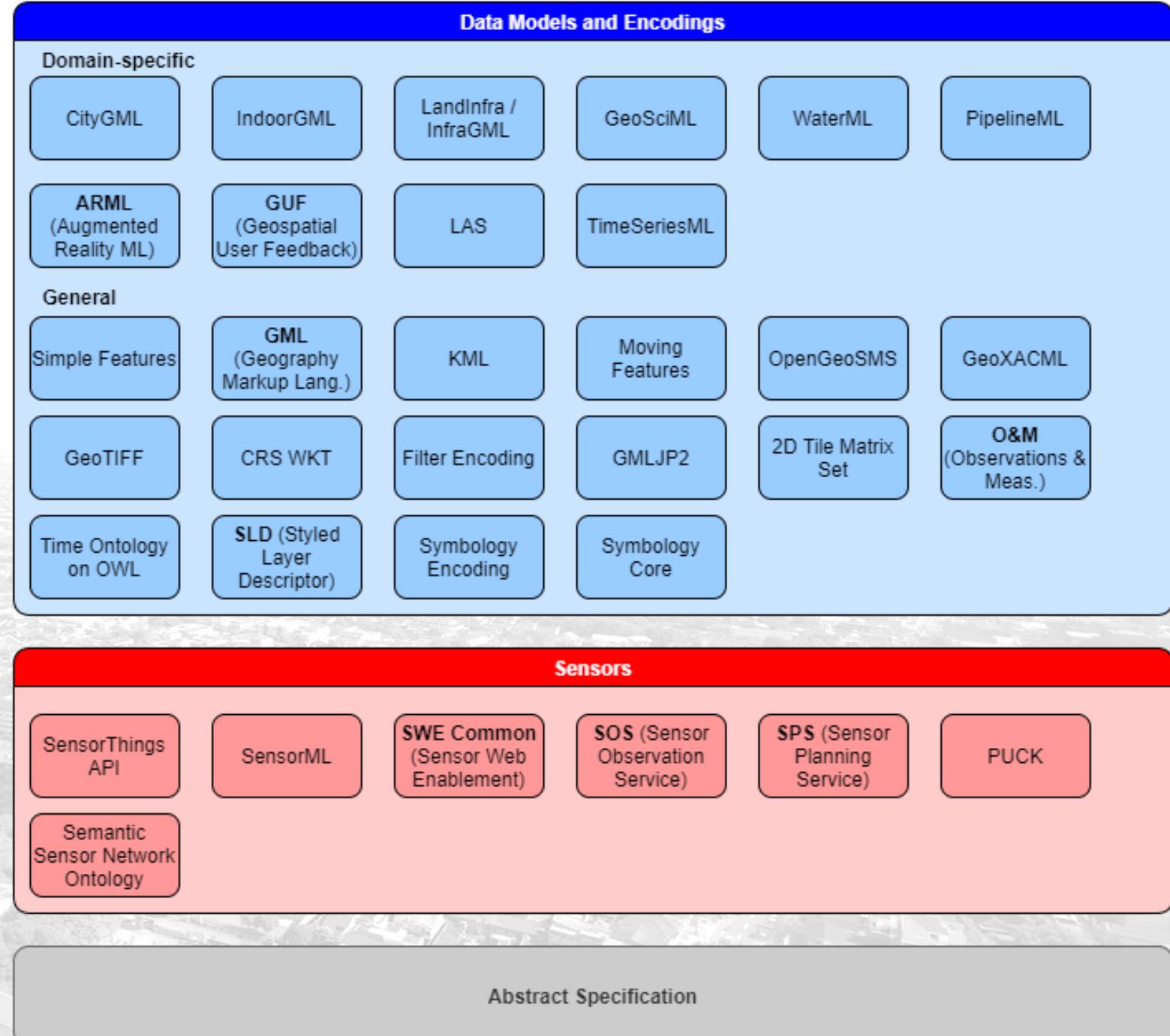
3D Tiles	Access Control Markup Language (GeoXACML)	Ordering Services Framework for Earth Observation	Simple Features SQL
3dP	Geospatial User Feedback (GUF)	Products	Styled Layer Descriptor
ARML2.0		OWS Context	Symbology Encoding
Cat: ebRIM App Profile:	GeoTiff	OWS Security	Table Joining Service
Earth Observation Products Catalogue Service	GroundwaterML	PipelineML	Time Ontology in OWL
CDB	HDF5	PubSub	TimeseriesML (tsml)
CityGML	I3S	PUCK	Two Dimensional Tile Matrix Set
Coordinate Transformation	IndoorGML	SWE Common Data Model	WaterML
EO-GeoJSON	KML	SWE Service Model	Web Coverage Processing Service
Filter Encoding	LandInfra/InfraGML	Sensor Model Language	
GML in JPEG 2000	LAS	Sensor Observation Service	Web Coverage Service
GeoAPI	Location Services (OpenLS)	Sensor Planning Service	Web Feature Service
GeoPackage	Moving Features	SensorThings	Web Map Context
GeoSciML	NetCDF	Semantic Sensor Network (SSN)	Web Map Service
GeoSPARQL	Observations and Measurements	Symbology Core	Web Map Tile Service
Geography Markup Language	OGC API - Features	Simple Features	Web Processing Service
GeoRSS	Open GeoSMS	Simple Features CORBA	Web Service Common
Geospatial eXtensible	OpenMI	Simple Features OLE/COM	WKT CRS
	OpenSearch for EO		
	OpenSearch Geo		

OpenGIS Implementations



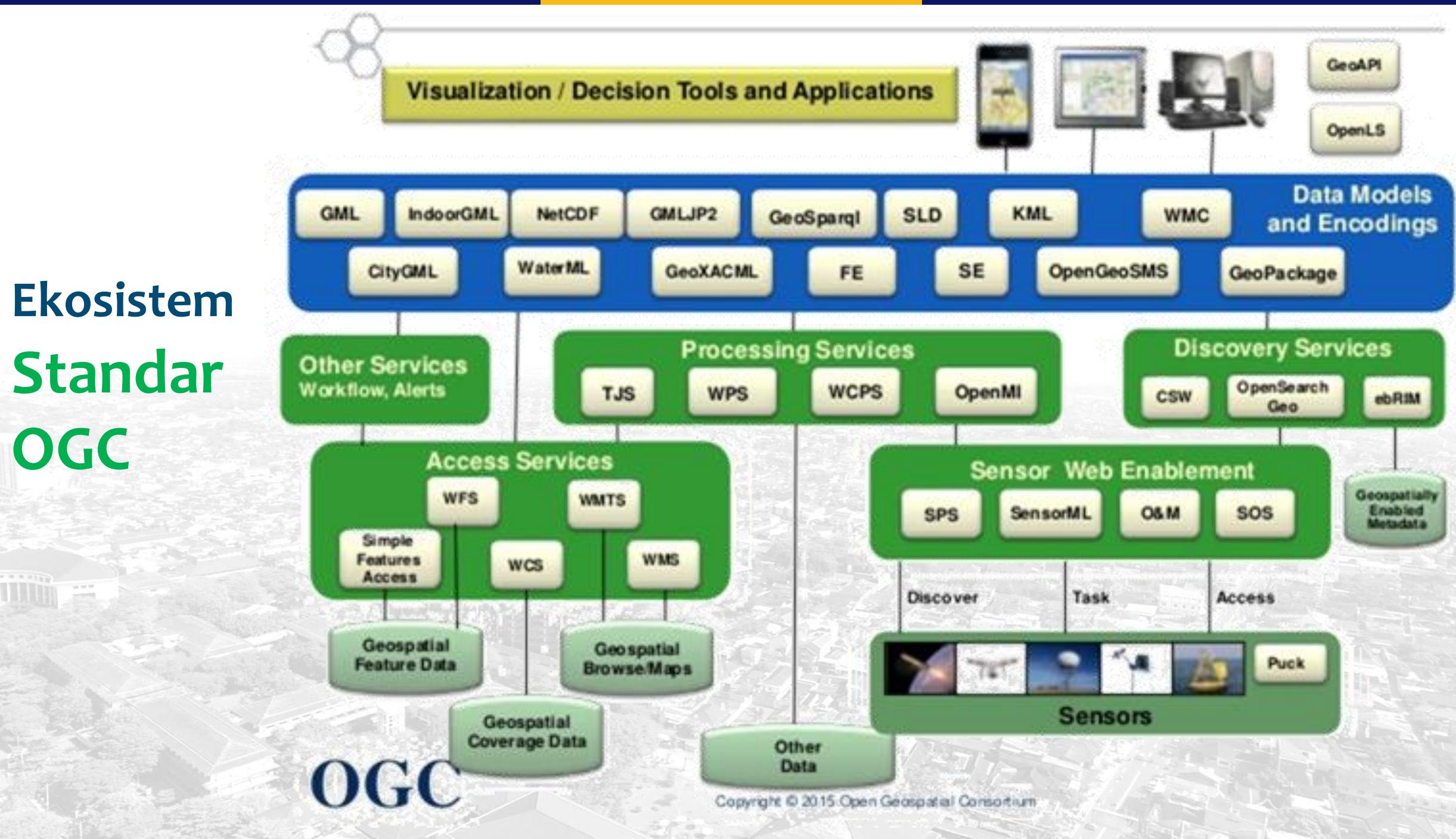
OpenGIS Implementations

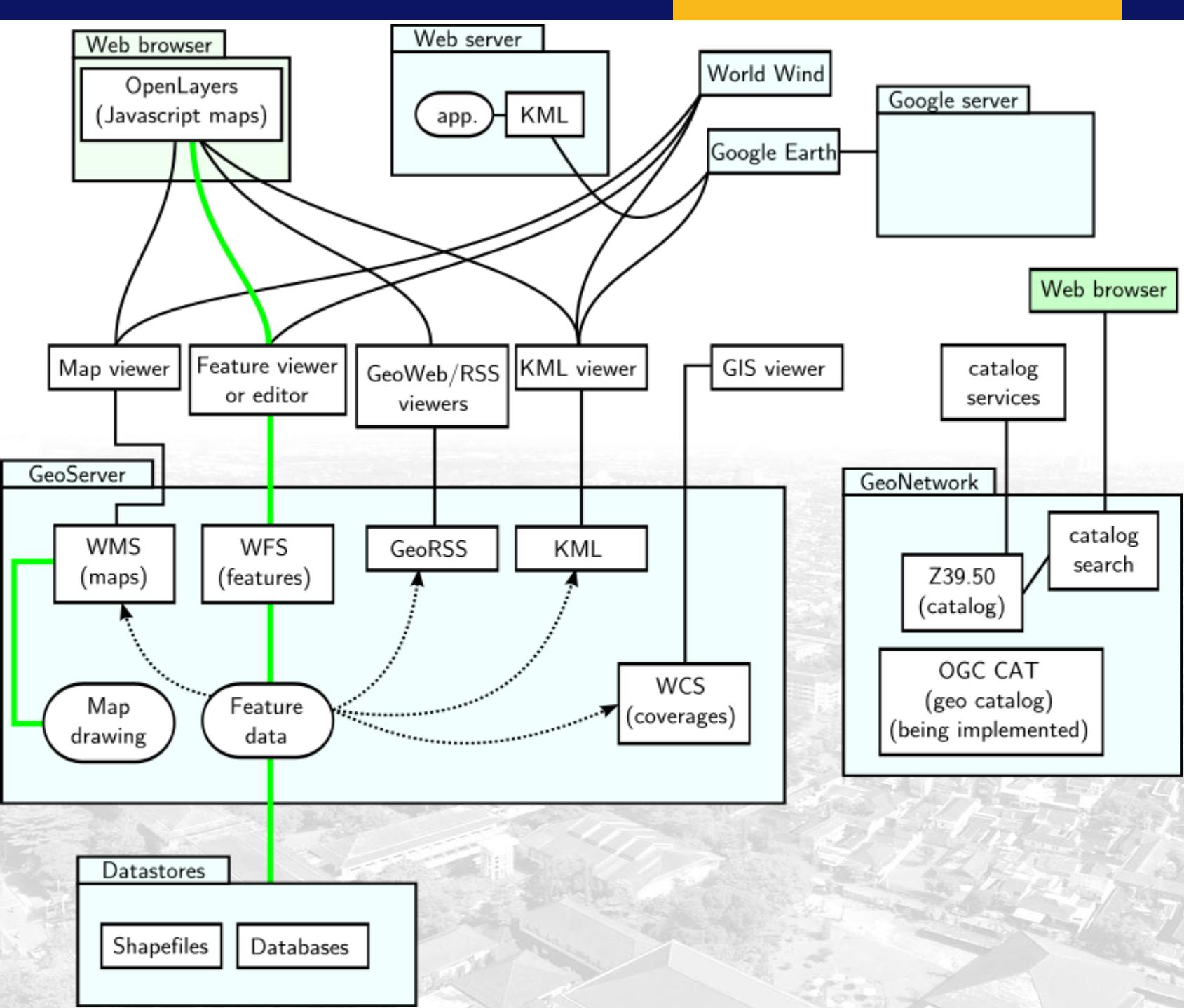
Standar untuk
format, protokol
dan metode
akuisisi serta
pencarian data
spasial pada web
dengan menjamin
prinsip FAIR



Ekosistem Standar OGC

OGC





Ekosistem OGC+FOSS4G

=

AWESOMENESS!

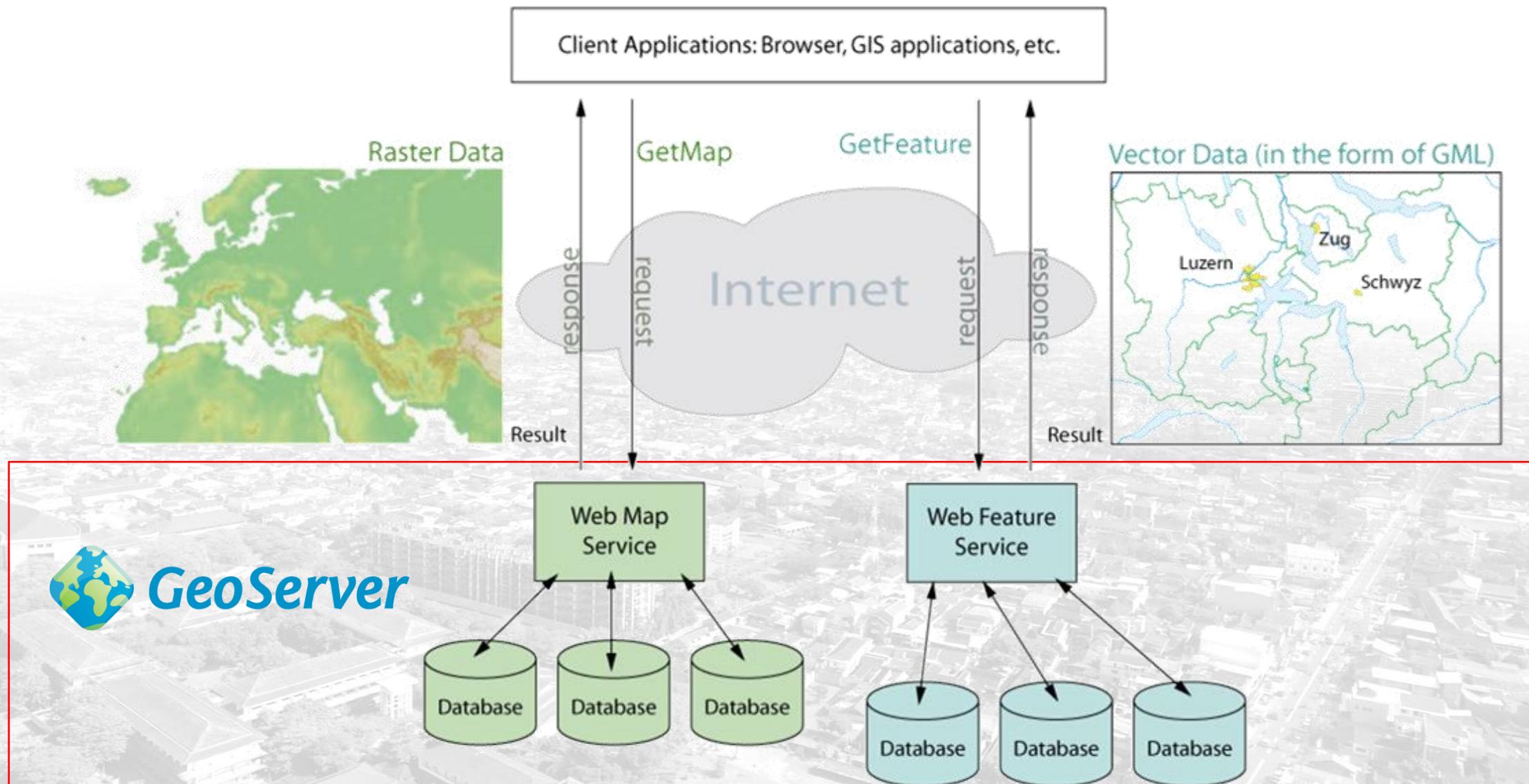
Some ‘famous’ OGC Standards

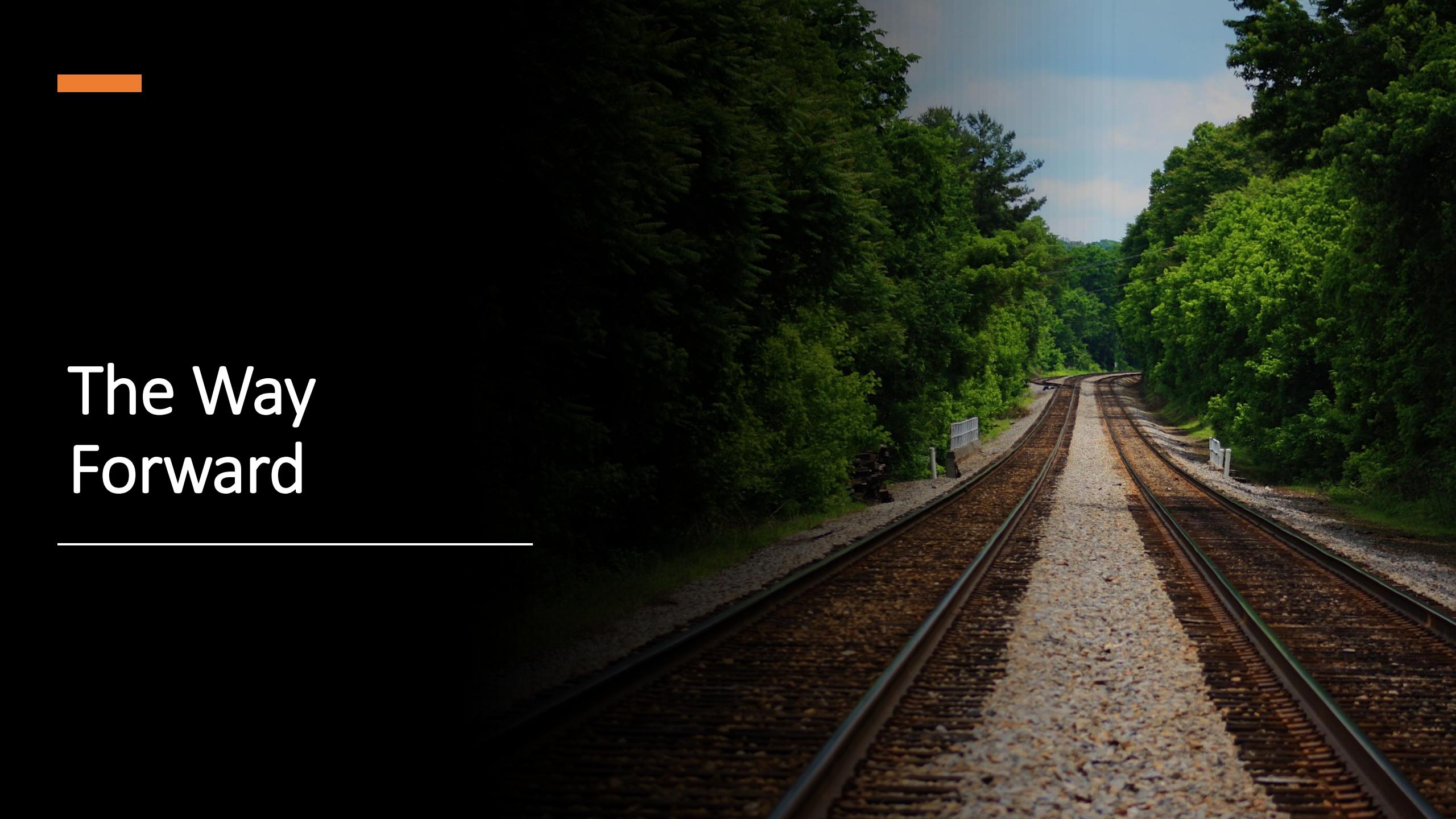
A **Web Map Service** (**WMS**) is a standard **protocol** for serving georeferenced map images over the Internet that are generated by a map server using data from a GIS database

Web Feature Service Interface Standard (**WFS**) provides an interface allowing requests for geographical features across the web using platform-independent calls

Web Coverage Service Interface Standard (**WCS**) defines Web-based retrieval of coverages – that is, digital geospatial information representing space/time-varying phenomena

Standar OGC untuk Menjamin Interoperabilitas





The Way
Forward



“Spatial Data on the web Best Practices”

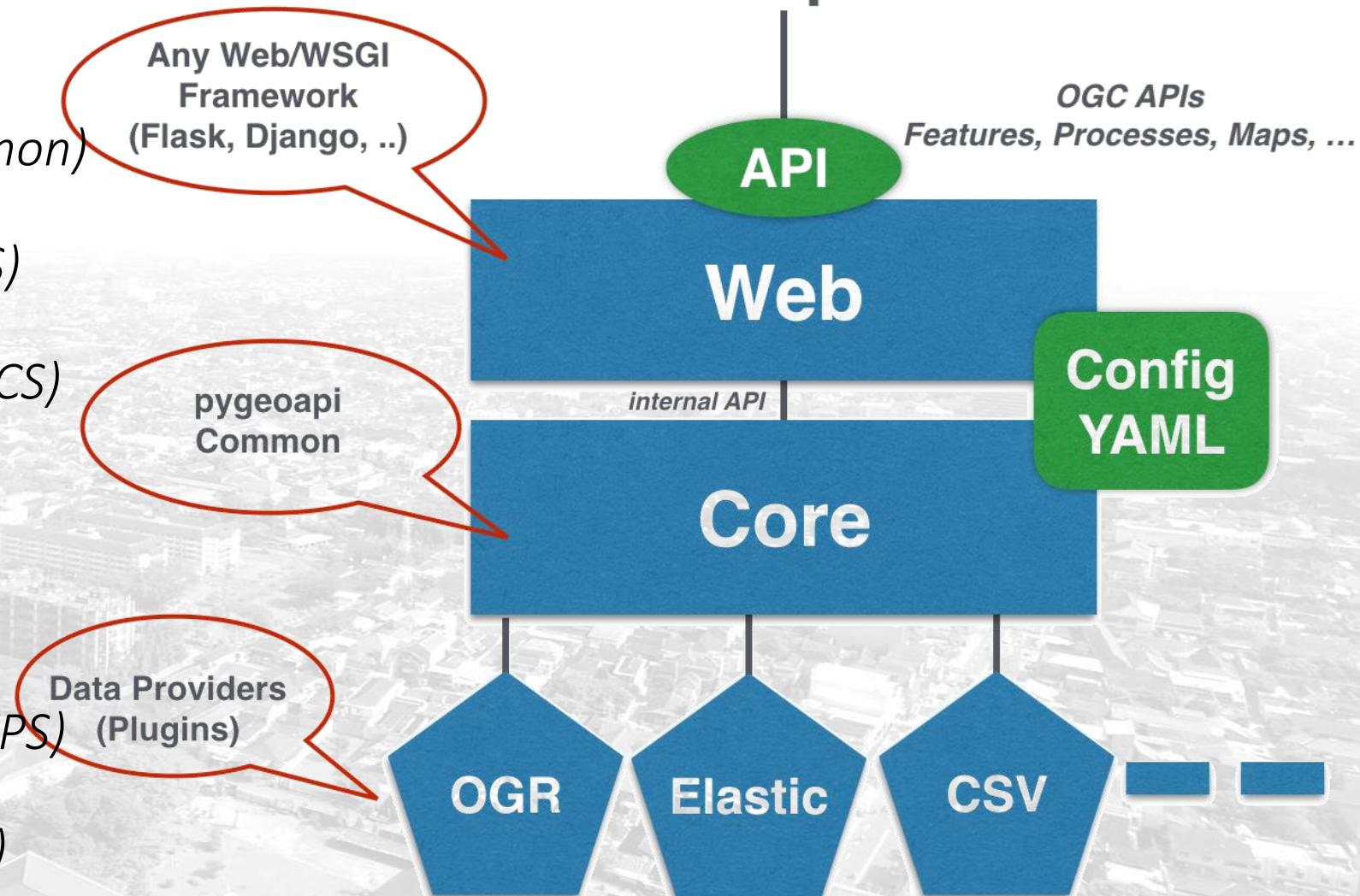
Best Practice 1	Use globally unique persistent HTTP URIs for spatial things	Best Practice 2	Make your spatial data indexable by search engines
Best Practice 3	Link resources together to create the Web of data	Best Practice 4	Use spatial data encodings that match your target audience
Best Practice 5			at the right level in, and size
Best Practice 7			e values are en-
Best Practice 9			ation types to
Best Practice 11	Provide information on the changing nature of spatial things	Best Practice 12	link spatial things
Best Practice 13	Include spatial metadata in dataset metadata	Best Practice 14	Expose spatial data through ‘convenience APIs’
			Describe the positional accuracy of spatial data (van den Brink et al., 2019)

OGC-API Implementation

pygeoapi - Architecture



- *OGC API - Common (OWS Common)*
- *OGC API - Features (former WFS)*
- *OGC API - Coverages (former WCS)*
- *OGC API - Maps (former WMS)*
- *OGC API - Tiles (former WMTS)*
- *OGC API - Processing (former WPS)*
- *OGC API - Records (former CSW)*



OGC-API: A RESTful API for Geospatial Data

Table 1. Overview of resources, applicable HTTP methods and links to the document sections

Resource	Path	HTTP method	Document reference
Landing page	/	GET	7.2 API landing page
API definition	/api	GET	7.3 API definition
Conformance declaration	/conformance	GET	7.4 Declaration of conformance classes
Feature collections	/collections	GET	7.12 Feature collections
Feature collection	/collections/{collectionId}	GET	7.13 Feature collection
Features	/collections/{collectionId}/items	GET	7.14 Features
Feature	/collections/{collectionId}/items/{featureId}	GET	7.15 Feature the features



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TERIMA KASIH

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