

```
class Presentation(object):
    def __init__(self, topic):
        self.topic = topic
        self.presenter = "Dan O'Day"

    @staticmethod
    def gives_you_wings(self):
        import antigravity as wings
        return wings

this = Presentation("Why Python for 4n6?")
this.gives_you_wings()
```

I LEARNED IT LAST NIGHT! EVERYTHING IS SO SIMPLE! HELLO WORLD IS JUST Print "Hello, world!" I DUNNO...
DYNAMIC TYPING?
WHITESPACE?

COME JOIN US!
PROGRAMMING
IS FUN AGAIN!
IT'S A WHOLE
NEW WORLD
UP HERE!

BUT HOW ARE
YOU FLYING?

I JUST TYPED
import antigravity
THAT'S IT?

... I ALSO SAMPLED
EVERYTHING IN THE
MEDICINE CABINET
FOR COMPARISON.

BUT I THINK THIS
IS THE PYTHON.



ABOUT ME

- Digital forensic examiner, Lake County HIDTA (since 2009)
- Training contractor, viaForensics/NowSecure (since 2012)
- Adjunct instructor: Purdue University Calumet,
 Governor's State University
- Training includes DHS/FLETC, DOJ, Guidance Software, X-Ways, and more....
- Background: US Army Signal Corps (also an amateur radio operator), criminal intelligence analyst
- M.S. Technology, Purdue University; began Ph.D. but...

OBJECTIVE

- This is not a Python tutorial
- Show a couple of examples illustrating why Python is awesome the lingua franca of digital forensics scripting

WHY PYTHON FOR FORENSICS?

idea — let's do more of those!

- Open source
- Easier to learn
- More with less
- There's an app library for that

 Adds up to increased productivity

Beautiful is better than ugly. Explicit is better than implicit. Simple s better than complex. Complex is better than complicated. Flat is better than nested. Sparse is better than dense. Readability counts. Special cases aren't break the rules. Although practicality beats purity. Errors should never pass silently. Unless explicitly silenced. In the face of more of those! op s,jaj -- gapi ambiguity, refuse the temptation to guess. There should be one oue youking great and preferably only one — obvious way to do it. Although that way may not be obvious at first unless you're Dutch. Now is Namespaces are better than never. Although never is often better than right may be a **good** idea. now. If the implementation is hard to explain, it's a bad is easy to explain, it dea. If the implementation_ idea. If the implementation now. If the implementation is hard to explain, it's a bad is easy to explain, it better than never, Although never is often better than right may be a good idea. way may not be obvious at first unless you're Dutch. Now is Namespaces are one honking great and preferably only one — obvious way to do it. Although that ambiguity, refuse the temptation to guess. There should be one bass silently. Unless explicitly silenced. In the face of Although practicality beats purity. Errors should never break the rules. ot ugnona leipads Readability counts. Special cases aren't

> nested. Sparse is better than dense. than complicated. Flat is better than is better than complex. Complex is better Explicit is better than implicit. Simple Beautiful is better than ugly.

Iterate though list/array with iterator/counter integer

"Other" Language #include <iostream> using namespace std; int main () double myList[5] = $\{5.0, 2.7, 32.56, 22.1, 7.9\};$ myListLength = sizeof(myList) / sizeof(myList[0]); for (i=0; i < myListLength; i++)</pre> cout << "Element " << i << " = " << myList[i]; cout << endl; return 0;

Iterate though list/array with iterator/counter integer

Python Antipattern

```
my_list = [5.0, 2.7, 32.56, 22.1, 7.9]
i = 0
for item in my_list:
    print 'Element %d = %0.2f' % (i, item)
    i += 1
```

Python gives you wings!

```
for i, item in enumerate(my_list):
    print 'Element %d = %0.2f' % (i, item)
```

What if we wanted to perform an operation on each list item? Dictionary & list comprehensions

```
my_list = [5.0, 2.7, 32.56, 22.1, 7.9]
my_dict = {n: n**2 for n in my_list}
my_list = [n**2 for n in my_list]
```

Collections

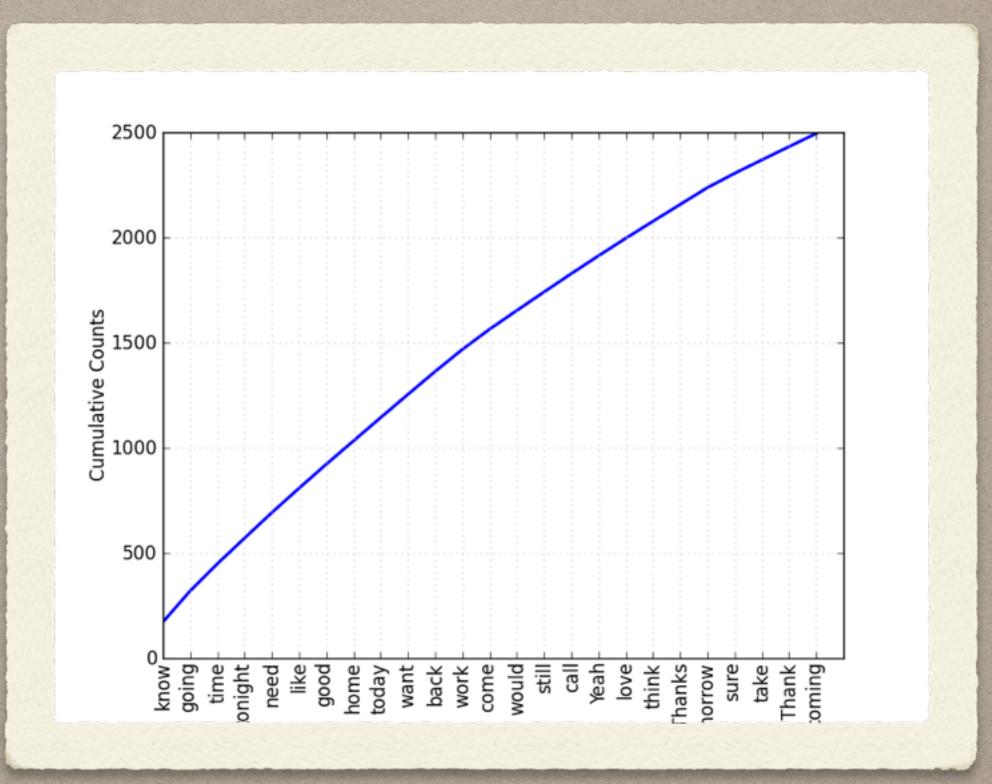
```
from collections import Counter

words = ['mitre', 'ffrdc', 'mitre', 'research']

word_count = Counter(words)
print word_count

# output
Counter({'mitre': 2, 'ffrdc': 1, 'research': 1})
```

Collections



Itertools

```
import binascii, hashlib, itertools
values = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
shalsum = # hash value from gesture.key file
for i in range(3, 10):
    perms = itertools.permutations(values, i)
    for p in perms:
        pattern = ''.join(str(val) for val in p)
        key = binascii.unhexlify(''.join(
              '%02x' % (ord(c) - ord('0')) \
              for c in pattern))
        sha1 = hashlib.sha1(key).hexdigest()
        if sha1 == sha1sum:
            return pattern
```

return None

BRIEF MENTION

- Easy to parse data (JSON, CSV, HTML, XML, database, binary - no problem!)
- Generators & Coroutines
- Easy to distribute code as modules and packages
- I want to... go ahead. Python will probably let you

DeeplyTechnical 15.20 Minutes