

Vulnerability in Easy Filter for Android

Daoyuan Wu*, Xiapu Luo* and Rocky K. C. Chang

The Hong Kong Polytechnic University

{csdwu, csxluo, csrchang}@comp.polyu.edu.hk

December 2, 2011

Abstract

We found that Easy Filter 2.0.8 and 2.0.10 have a vulnerability that allows a malicious application to access and manipulate the user's call records, sms and the blacklists set by the user.

1 Application Information

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Package Name | com.phoneblocker.android |
| Full Name | Easy Filter |
| Version | 1.1 and 1.2 (the latest version in the Android market) |
| Category | Communication |
| Installs | 50,000 - 100,000 |
| Average Rating | 3.5/5.0 from 402 users |

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| CVE Reference | CVE-2011-4698 |
| Vendor | AndroidAppTools, https://market.android.com/developer?pub=AndroidAppTools |
| Vendor Response | Null |

2 Description

Easy Filter (EF) exposes the following content provider in the AndroidManifest.xml file, which are not properly protected:

```
● <provider
  android:name="com.phoneblocker.android.provider.EasyFilterProvider"
  android:authorities="com.easyfilter.provider.EasyFilterProvider" />
```

Through the provider com.phoneblocker.android.provider.EasyFilterProvider, a malicious application on the same device can query, modify and delete the call records, sms and the blacklists set by the user, and insert new records, sms, and blacklists.

3 Impact

This vulnerability enables an adversary to access and manipulate the user's call records, sms and the blacklists. For example, a malicious application on the same device can obtain a contact's sms, as shown in Figure 1, without being noticed by the user. The vulnerability also allows an attacker to access the record of the user's phone call and other information, as shown in Figure 2. Although this application helps the user filter unwanted calls using blacklist that is protected by password, an attacker can bypass this protection and manipulate the blacklist, as shown in Figure 3. For example, she can delete a record so that spam could come or add a record to launching the DoS attack.

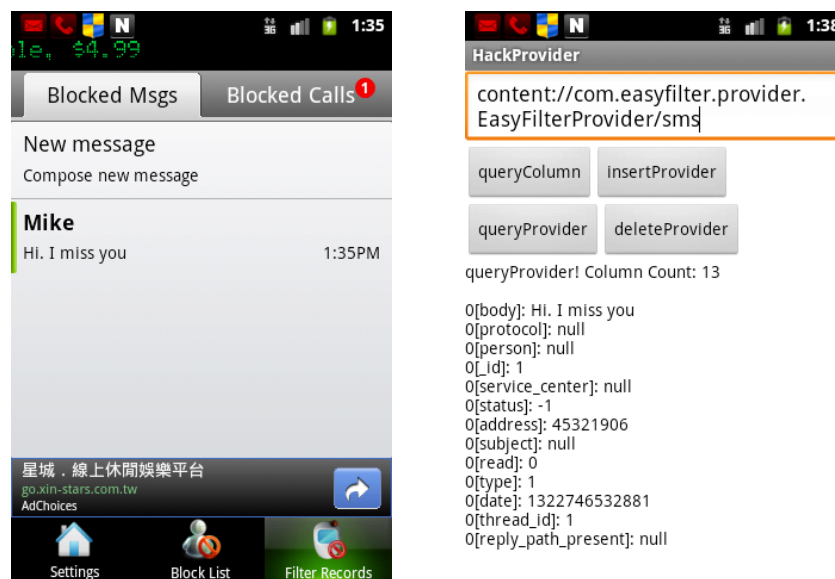


Figure 1: User's sms are exposed.

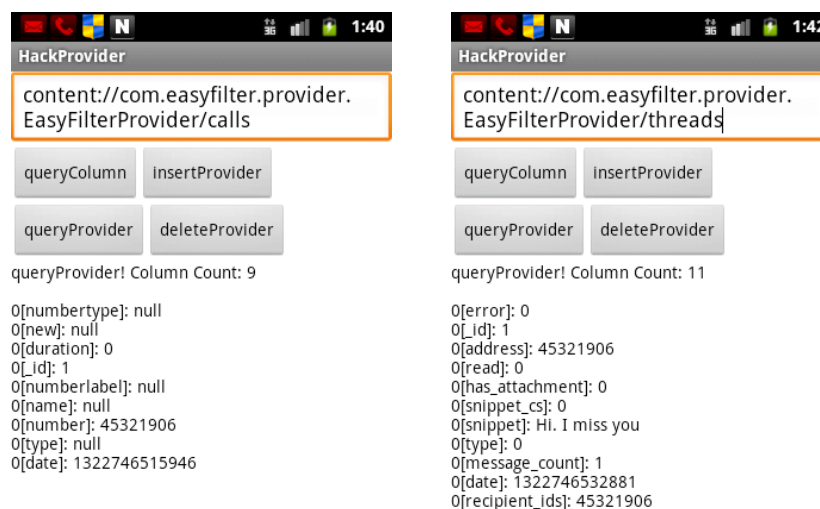


Figure 2: User's phone call and other information are exposed.

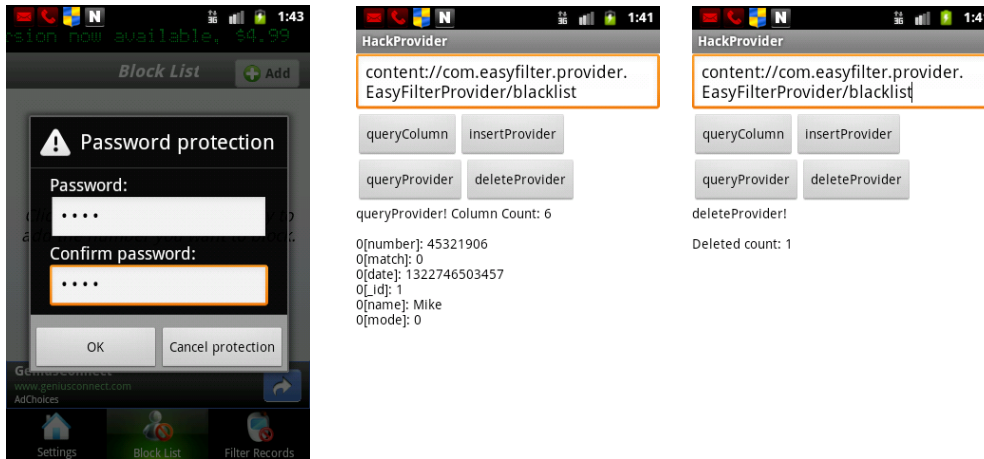


Figure 3: Manipulate the black lists protected by password

4 Solution

We are trying our best to contact *AndroidAppTools* to fix this security issue. Our advice is to set the permission of these application's content providers properly, or avoid exporting these content providers in the *AndroidManifest.xml* file. Currently, a user could disable the application temporarily and wait for an official update.

5 Technical Description

The vulnerable content provider and the corresponding table i listed as follows:

| Content Provider Authority | Table Name |
|---|------------|
| com.phoneblocker.android;com.easyfilter.provider.EasyFilterProvider | blacklist |
| com.phoneblocker.android;com.easyfilter.provider.EasyFilterProvider | calls |
| com.phoneblocker.android;com.easyfilter.provider.EasyFilterProvider | sms |
| com.phoneblocker.android;com.easyfilter.provider.EasyFilterProvider | threads |

Sample attack codes:

```
providerUri = Uri.parse("content://
com.phoneblocker.android;com.easyfilter.provider.EasyFilterProvider/sms")
ContentResolver cr = this.getContentResolver();

//Delete sms
int nCount = cr.delete(providerUri, null, null);

//Query sms
Cursor cursor = cr.query(providerUri, null, null, null, null);

//Insert sms
ContentValues values = new ContentValues();
```

```
....  
outUri = cr.insert(providerUri, values);
```