

Scheme : Parentheses

• everything is parentheses

Python	Scheme
func(par1, par2)	(func par1 par2)
x + 1	(+ x 1)
x == 2	(= x 2) (numbers only)
x.equals(y)	(equal? x y)
x == y	(eqv? x y)
x = 2	(define x 2)
def x(): return 2	(define (x) 2) (define (x y z) (^{return} y + z))
Link(1) Link(1, Link.empty)	(cons 1 nil)
Link(1, Link(2))	(cons 1 (cons 2 nil))
s.first	(car s)
s.rest	(cdr s)
s.rest.first	(car (cdr s))
if <predicate>: <consequence> else: <alternative>	(if pred conseq alter) (if pred conseq alter)

```

if <predicate 1>:
  <consequence 1>
elif <predicate 2>:
  <consequence 2>
:
else:
  <alternative>

```

```

(cond ((pred1) cons1)
      ((pred2) cons2)
      :
      (else alternative)
)

```

• Some useful operators

even? odd? null? modulo equal? eq?

↓
if lst is Link.empty()

• 0 & nil are truthy!!!

Warm Up:

A:

```
(define x (+ 1 2 3))
```

B:

```
(define (x) (+ 1 2 3))
```

A:

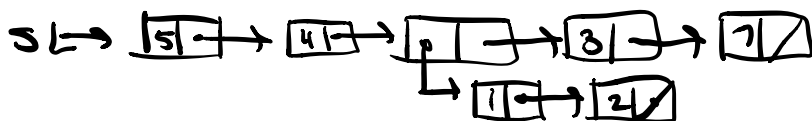
```
x = 1 + 2 + 3
```

B:

```
def x():
```

```
    return 1 + 2 + 3
```

```
(define s '(5 4 (1 2) 3 7))
```



```
(car (cdr (cdr (cdr s))))
```

s.rest.rest.rest.first

Q2:

```
(define (fib n)
  (if (< n 2)
      n
      (+ (fib(- n 1))
          (fib(- n 2)))))
)
```

def fib(n):

if n < 2:

return n

else:

return fib(n-1) + fib(n-2)

fib(0) = 0
fib(1) = 1
fib(2) = 1
fib(3) = 2
fib(4) = 3
fib(5) = 5
fib(6) = 8

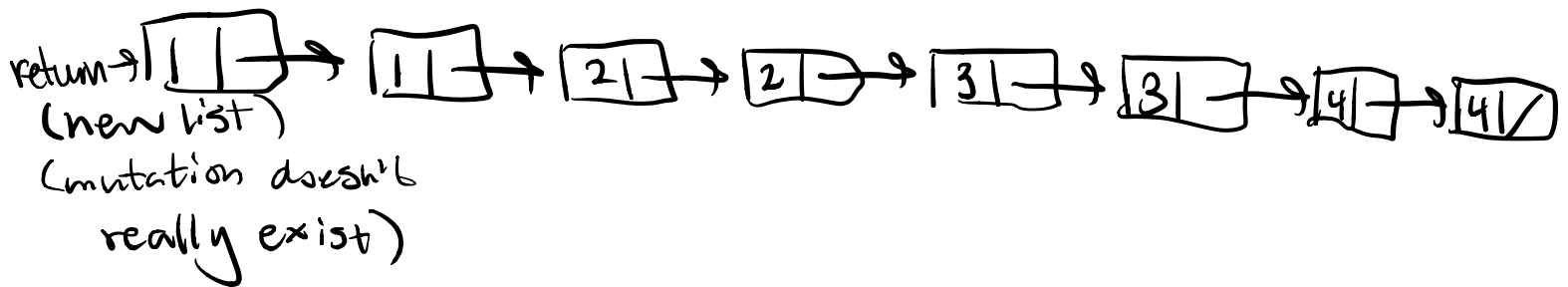
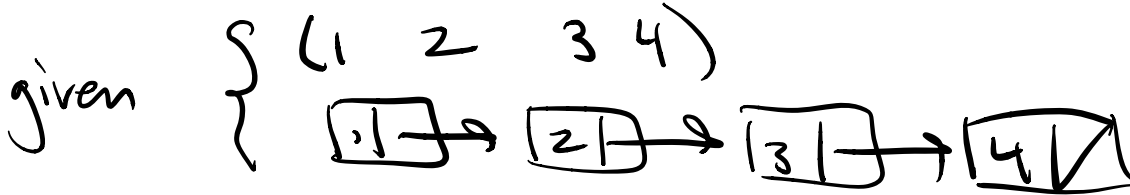
alt:

```
(define (fib n)
  (cond ((= n 1) 1)
        ((= n 0) 0)
        (else (+ (fib(- n 1))
                   (fib(- n 2)))))
  )
)
```

Q5

(define (duplicate lst)

```
(if (null? lst)
    nil
    (cons (car lst)
          (cons (car lst)
                (duplicate (cdr lst))
                )
          )
    )
)
```



def duplicate(lst):

if lst is Link.empty:
 return Link.empty

else:

return Link(lst.first, Link(lst.first, duplicate(lst.rest)))