

# Data Analysis and Integration

Concepts of data integration

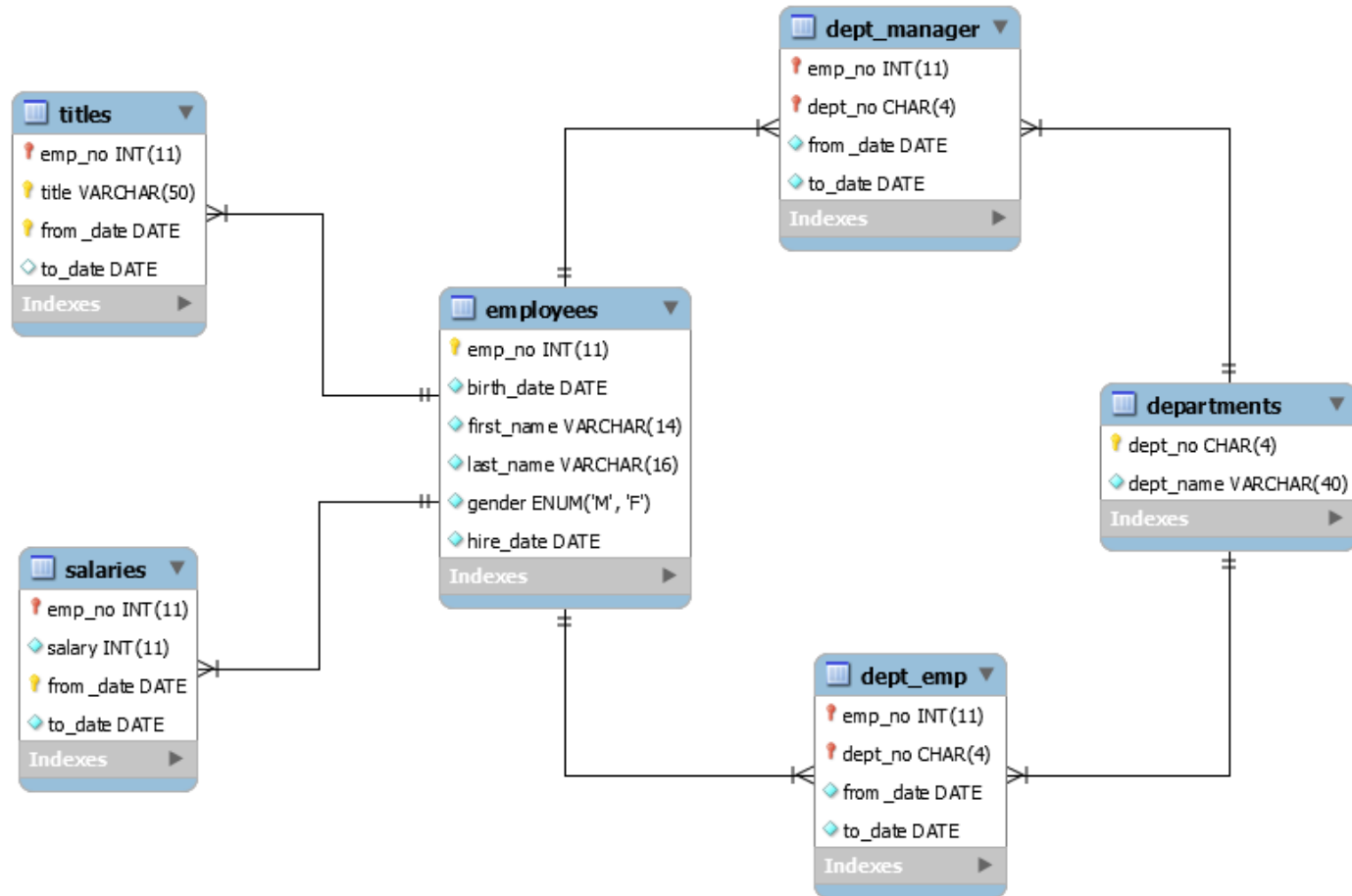
# Introduction

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- The need for data integration
  - company A merges with company B
  - A is a company with the **employees** database
  - B is a company with the **company** database
  - provide an integrated view of data from both companies
    - e.g. employees, departments, salaries, job titles

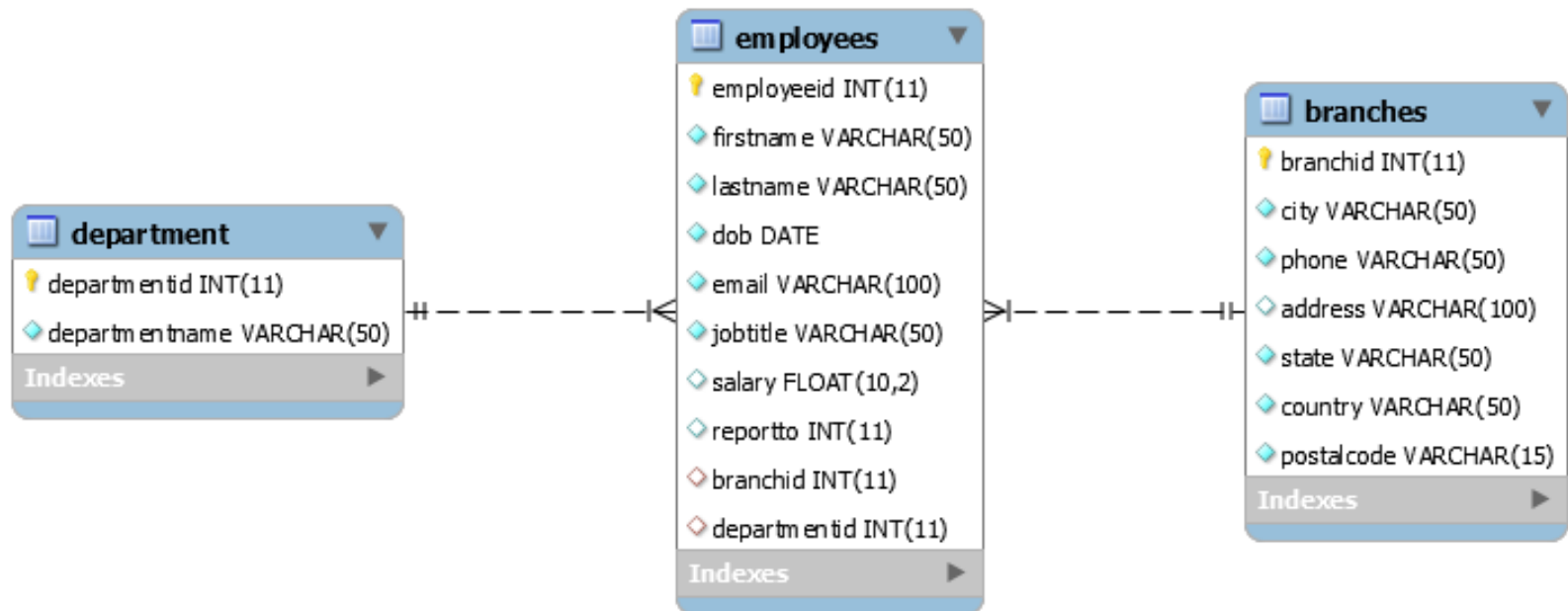
# Company A

- The employees database



# Company B

- The company database

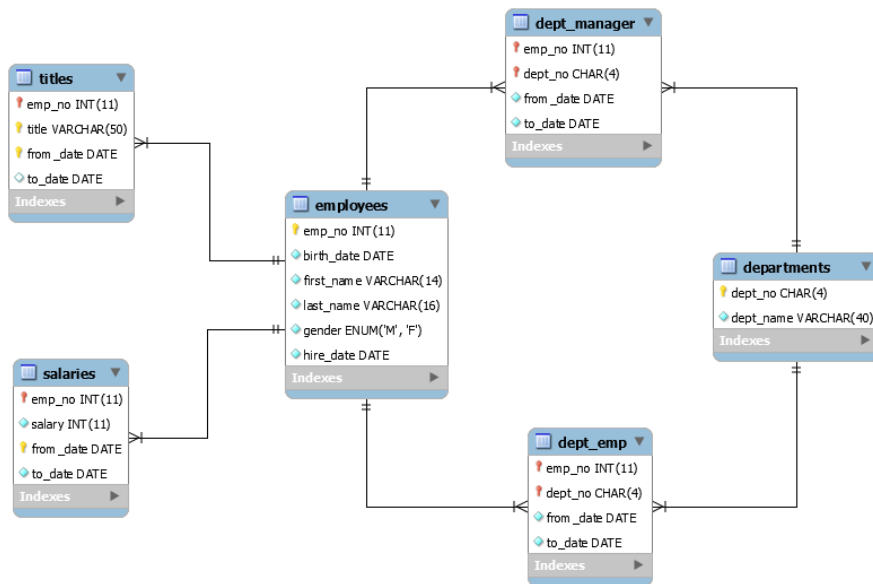


# Schema Matching

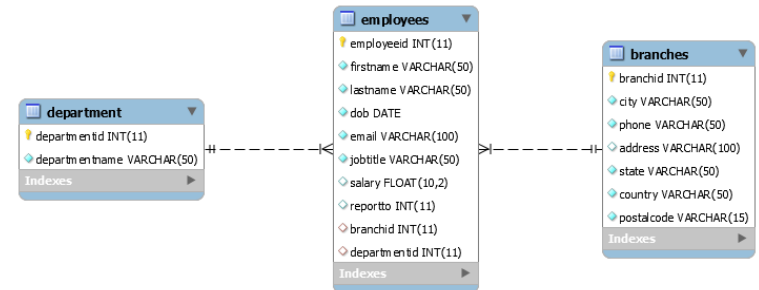
# Data sources

- Comparing the two **data sources** (schema)

## Data source A (employees database)

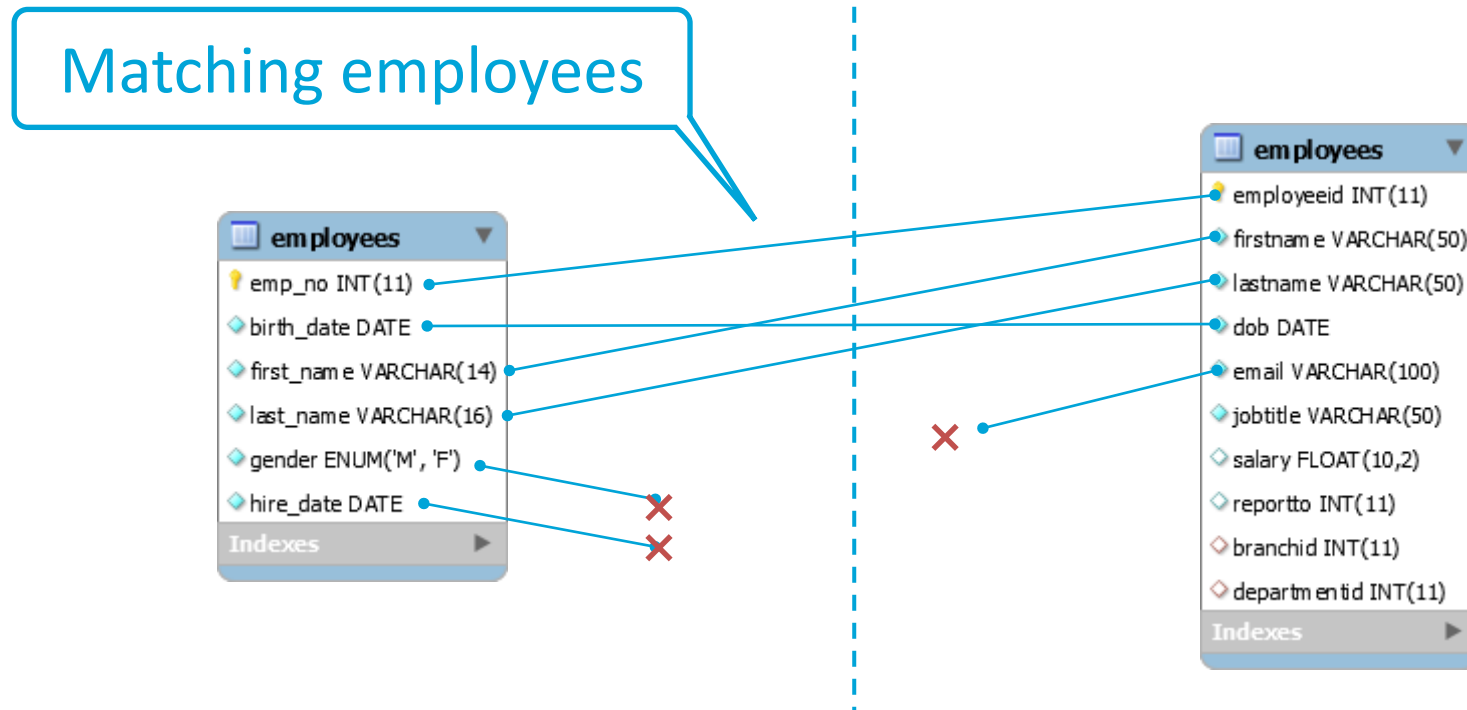


## Data source B (company database)



# Schema matching (employees)

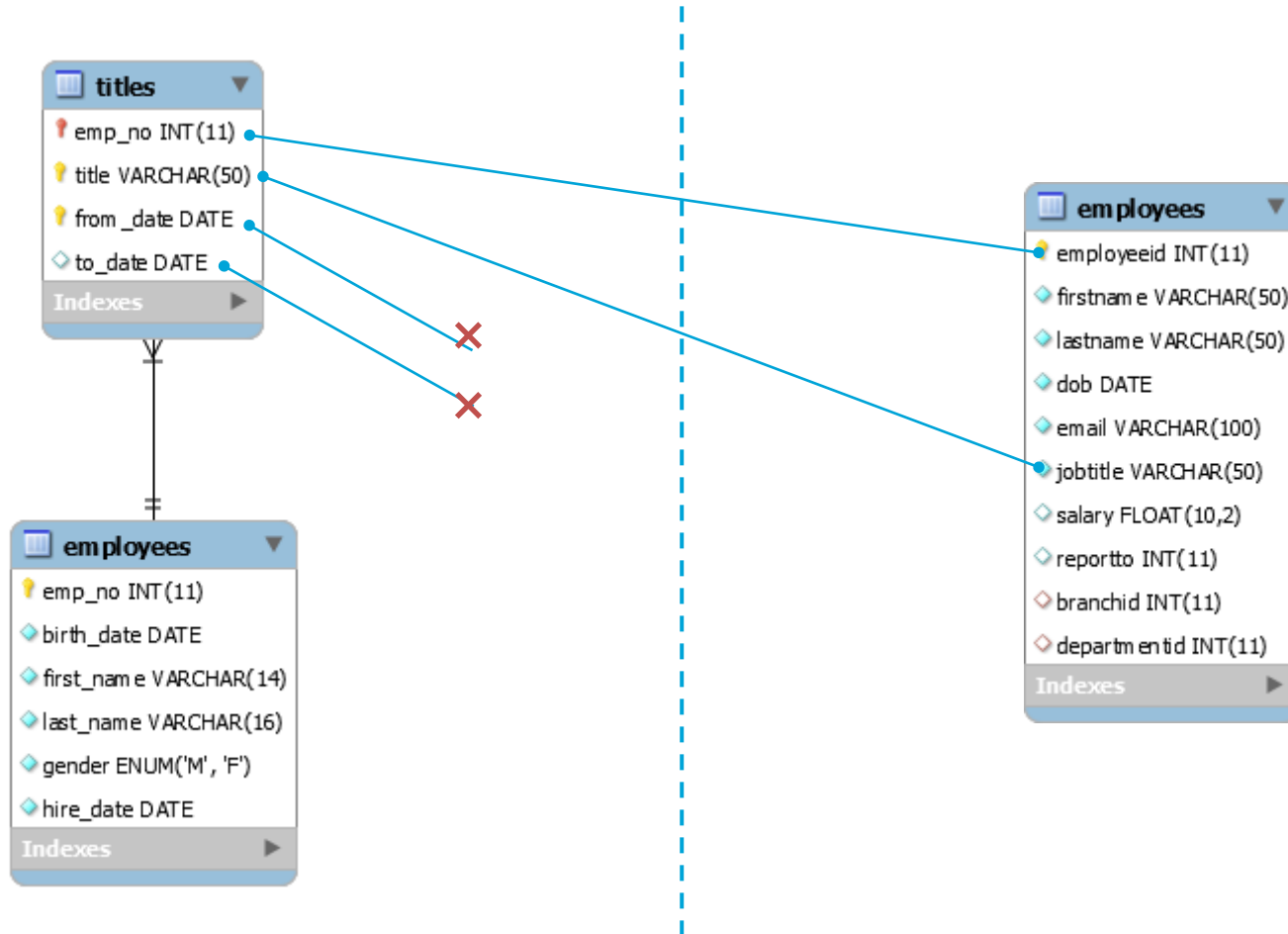
- Comparing the two data sources (**schema matching**)



We are only specifying the “*what*”; not the “*how*”!

# Schema matching (titles)

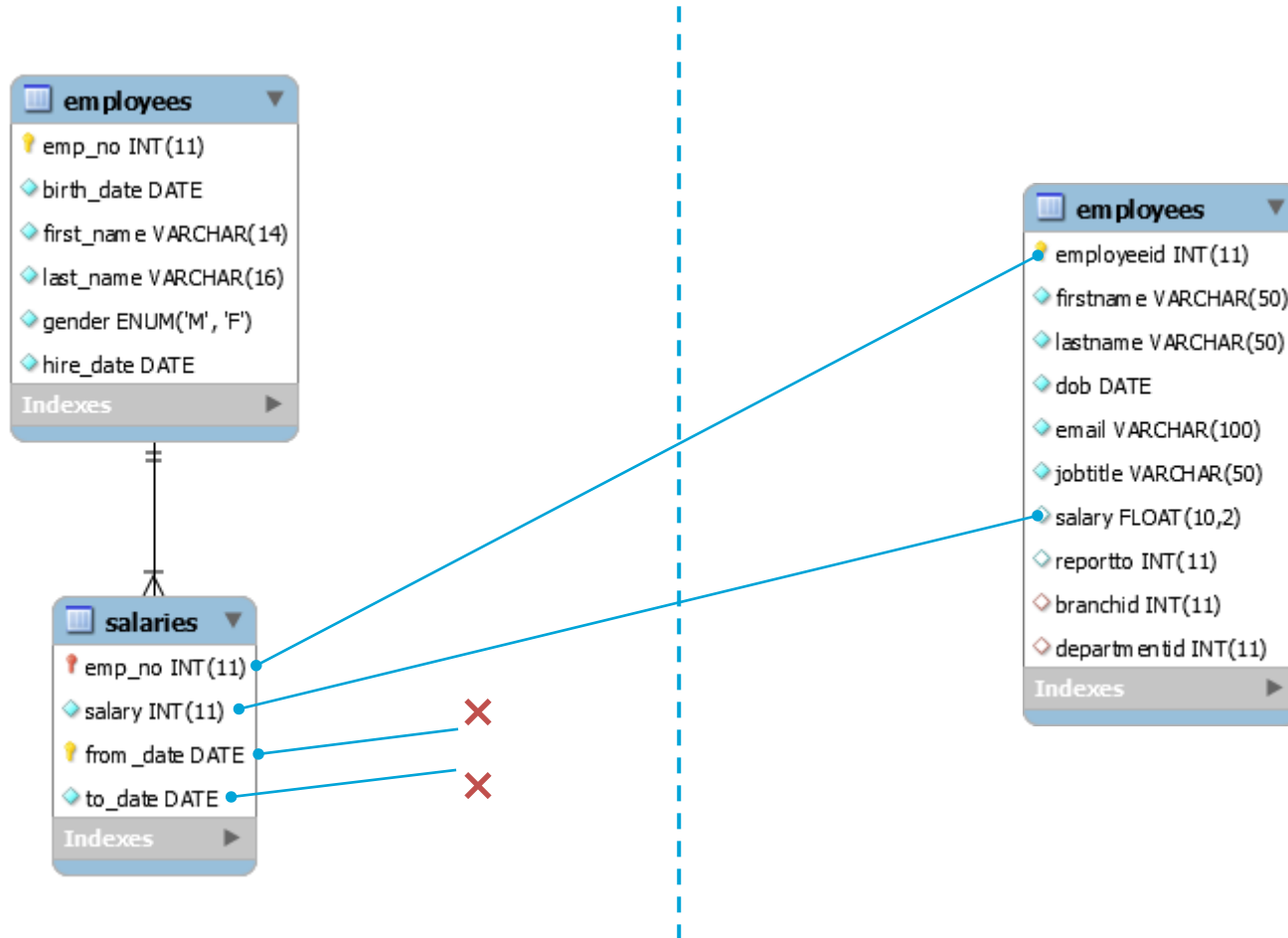
- Comparing the two data sources (**schema matching**)





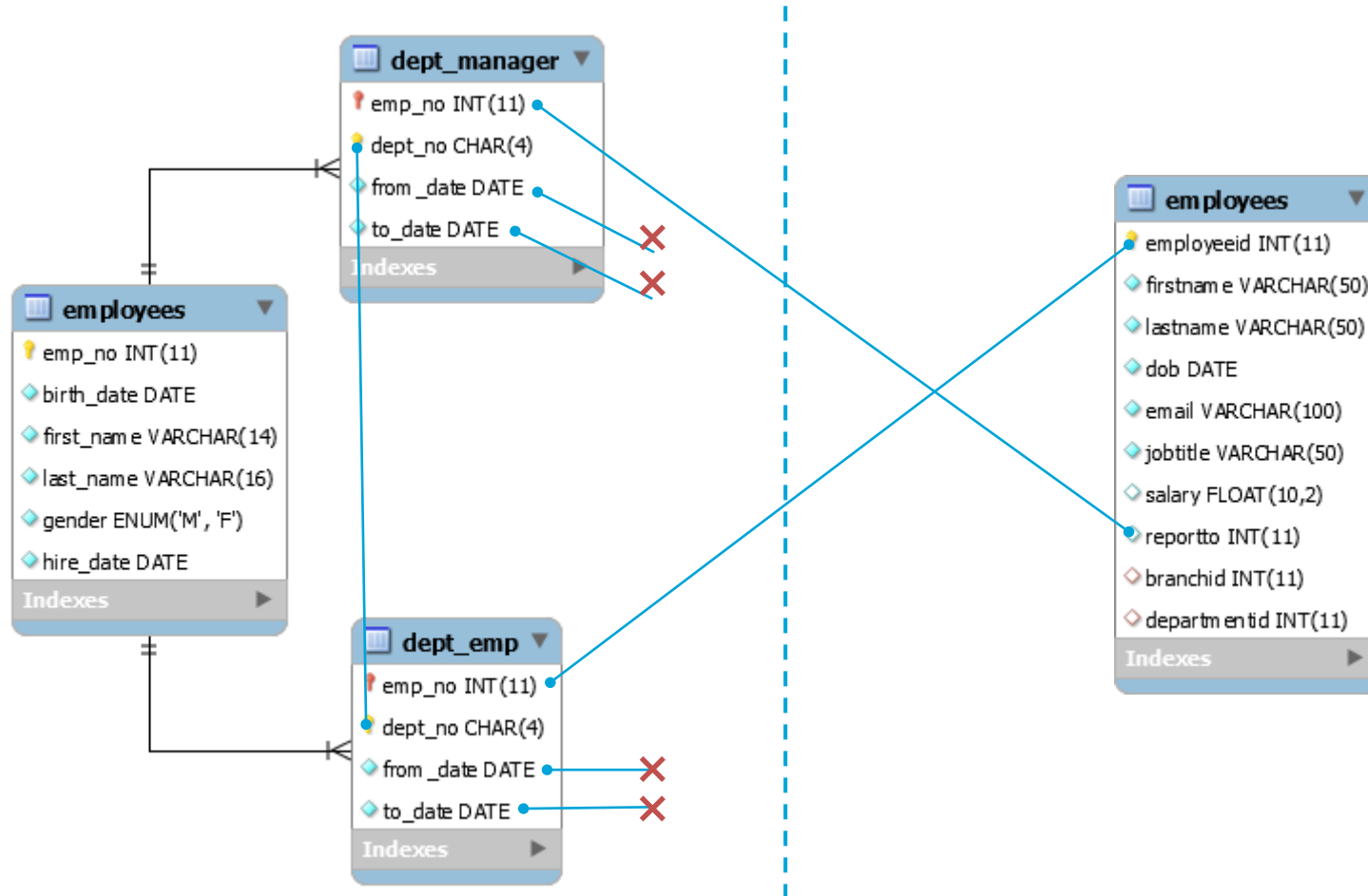
# Schema matching (salaries)

- Comparing the two data sources (schema matching)



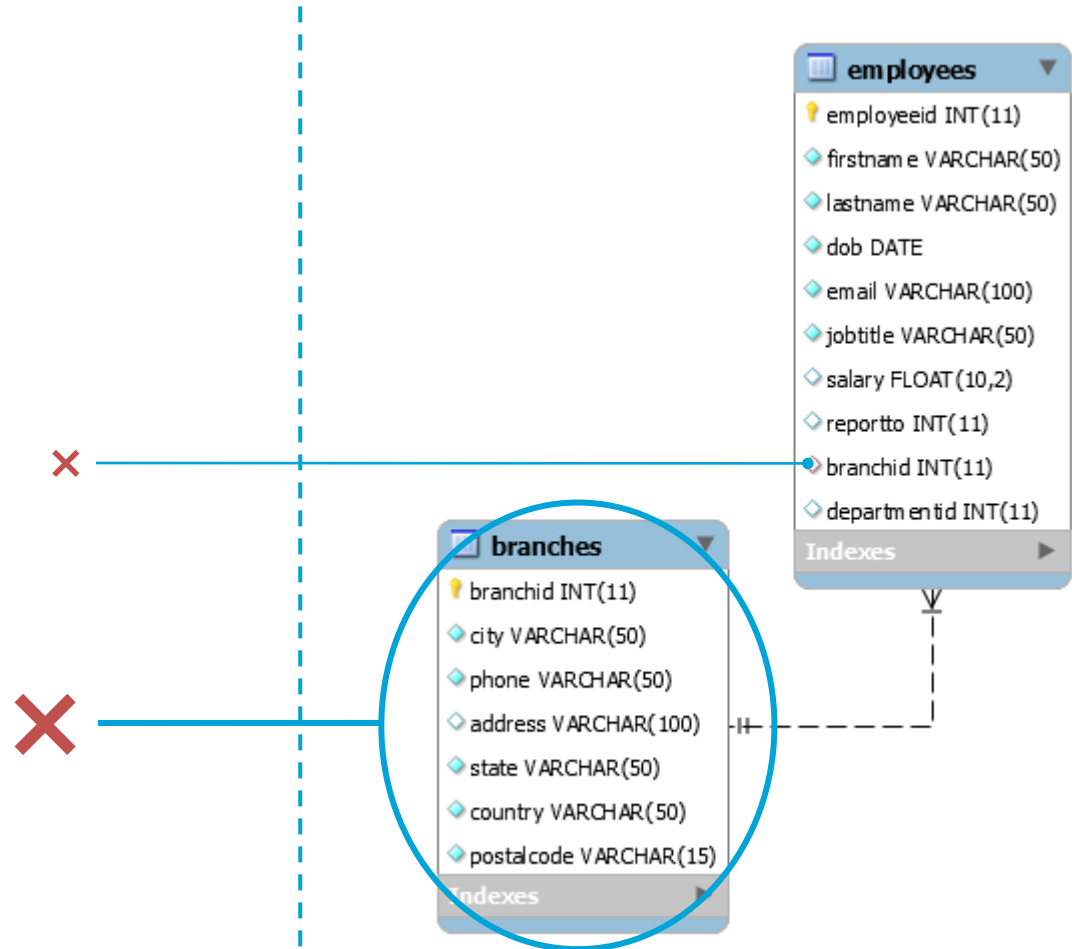
# Schema matching (managers)

- Comparing the two data sources (schema matching)



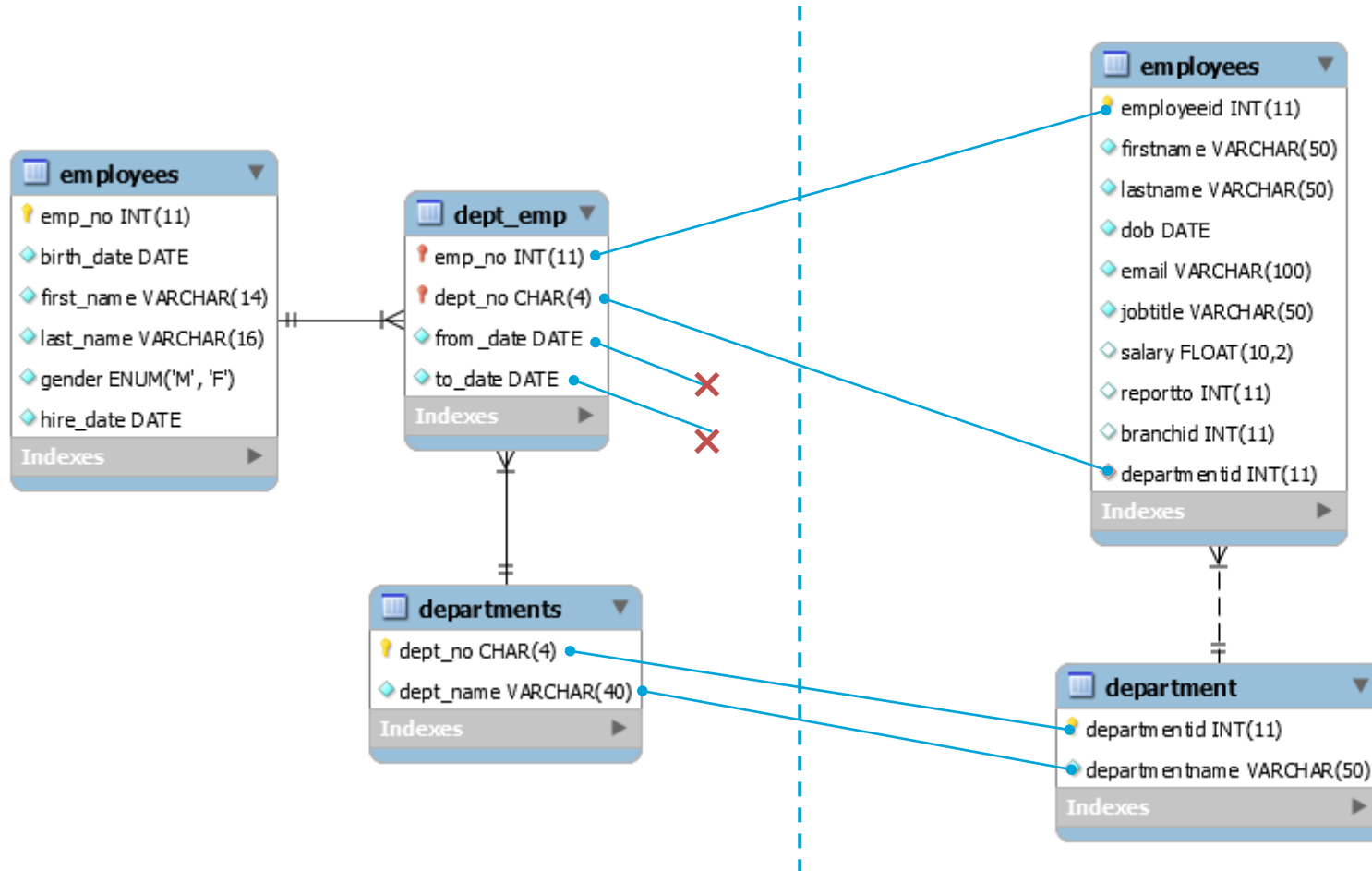
# Schema matching (branches)

- Comparing the two data sources (**schema matching**)



# Schema matching (departments)

- Comparing the two data sources (schema matching)



# Schema Matching: The mediated schema

# Mediated schema

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- Once company A merges with company B
  - We need to access data through a single/uniform access point
- Example of a common schema (**mediated schema**)
  - all\_employees(emp\_no, first\_name, last\_name, birth\_date, report\_to)
  - all\_departments(dept\_no, dept\_name)
  - all\_dept\_emp(emp\_no, dept\_no)
  - all\_salaries(emp\_no, salary)
  - all\_titles(emp\_no, title)

# Mediated schema

- Common schema (**mediated schema**)

all\_employees(emp\_no, first\_name, last\_name, birth\_date, report\_to)

all\_departments(dept\_no, dept\_name)

all\_dept\_emp(emp\_no, dept\_no)

all\_salaries(emp\_no, salary)

all\_titles(emp\_no, title(

Absence of **from\_date** and **to\_date** attributes means that data retrieved from the employees database will always refer to current date

# Wrappers for data sources

- We already have a set of views to retrieve data for the current date

employees(emp\_no, birth\_date, first\_name, last\_name, gender, hire\_date)

departments(dept\_no, dept\_name)

curr\_dept\_emp(emp\_no, dept\_no)

curr\_dept\_manager(emp\_no, dept\_no)

curr\_salaries(emp\_no, salary)

curr\_titles(emp\_no, title)

We will use these views as a **wrapper** for the employees database

i.e. a layer through which we access the employees database



# Schema mapping

# Schema mapping (all\_employees)

- Mapping to common schema (**schema mapping**)
  - transformations/queries that populate common schema  
**all\_employees**(emp\_no, first\_name, last\_name, birth\_date, report\_to)
  - from **employees** database  

```
select a.emp_no, a.first_name, a.last_name, a.birth_date, c.emp_no
from employees.employees as a,
      employees.curr_dept_emp as b,
      employees.curr_dept_manager as c
where a.emp_no = b.emp_no and b.dept_no = c.dept_no;
```
  - from **company** database  

```
select employeeid, firstname, lastname, dob, reportto
from company.employees;
```

# Schema mapping (all\_employees)

- Mapping to common schema (**schema mapping**)

all\_employees(emp\_no, first\_name, last\_name, birth\_date, report\_to)

```
(select a.emp_no, a.first_name, a.last_name, a.birth_date, c.emp_no
from employees.employees as a,
     employees.curr_dept_emp as b,
     employees.curr_dept_manager as c
where a.emp_no = b.emp_no and b.dept_no = c.dept_no)
union
(select employeeid, firstname, lastname, dob, reportto
from company.employees);
```

emp_no	first_name	last_name	birth_date	emp_no
21637	Yefim	Luby	1964-04-28	110039
25949	Owen	Matheson	1959-08-08	110039
...	...	...	...	...
1001	Ravi	Gupta	1969-12-03	1001
1002	Ram	charan	1985-02-20	1001
...	...	...	...	...

# Schema mapping (all\_employees)

- Mapping to common schema (**schema mapping**)

all\_employees(emp\_no, first\_name, last\_name, birth\_date, report\_to)

```
create view all_employees(  
    emp_no, first_name, last_name, birth_date, report_to)  
as  
(select a.emp_no, a.first_name, a.last_name, a.birth_date, c.emp_no  
from employees.employees as a,  
    employees.curr_dept_emp as b,  
    employees.curr_dept_manager as c  
where a.emp_no = b.emp_no and b.dept_no = c.dept_no)  
union  
(select employeeid, firstname, lastname, dob, reportto  
from company.employees);
```

# Schema mapping (all\_departments)

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- Mapping to common schema (**schema mapping**)

all\_departments(dept\_no, dept\_name)

– from **employees** database

```
select dept_no, dept_name  
from employees.departments
```

– from **company** database

```
select departmentid, departmentname  
from company.department
```

# Schema mapping (all\_departments)

- Mapping to common schema (**schema mapping**)

all\_departments(dept\_no, dept\_name)

```
(select dept_no, dept_name
from employees.departments)
union
(select departmentid, departmentname
from company.department);
```

dept_no	dept_name
d009	Customer Service
d005	Development
d002	Finance
d003	Human Resources
d001	Marketing
d004	Production
d006	Quality Management
d008	Research
d007	Sales
101	IT
102	HR
103	Finance
104	Sales
105	marketing

14 rows in set (0.00 sec)

# Schema mapping (all\_departments)

- Mapping to common schema (**schema mapping**)  
all\_departments(dept\_no, dept\_name)

```
create view all_departments(dept_no, dept_name)
as
  (select dept_no, dept_name
   from employees.departments)
union
  (select departmentid, departmentname
   from company.department);
```

# Schema mapping (all\_dept\_emp)

- Mapping to common schema (**schema mapping**)

all\_dept\_emp(emp\_no, dept\_no)

— from **employees** database

```
select emp_no, dept_no  
from  
employees.curr_dept_emp
```

— from **company** database

```
select employeeid,  
departmentid  
from company.employees
```



# Schema mapping (all\_dept\_emp)

- Mapping to common schema (**schema mapping**)

all\_dept\_emp(emp\_no, dept\_no)

```
(select emp_no, dept_no
from employees.curr_dept_emp)
union
(select employeeid, departmentid
from company.employees);
```

+	-----	+	-----	+
	emp_no		dept_no	
+	-----	+	-----	+
	10721		d009	
	11260		d009	
	...		...	
	1008		101	
	1014		101	
	...		...	
+	-----	+	-----	+

# Schema mapping (all\_dept\_emp)

- Mapping to common schema (**schema mapping**)

all\_dept\_emp(emp\_no, dept\_no)

```
create view all_dept_emp(emp_no, dept_no)
as
  (select emp_no, dept_no
   from employees.curr_dept_emp)
union
  (select employeeid, departmentid
   from company.employees);
```

# Schema mapping (all\_salaries)

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- Mapping to common schema (**schema mapping**)

all\_salaries(emp\_no, salary)

- from **employees** database

**select** emp\_no, salary

**from** employees.curr\_salaries

- from **company** database

**select** employeeid, salary

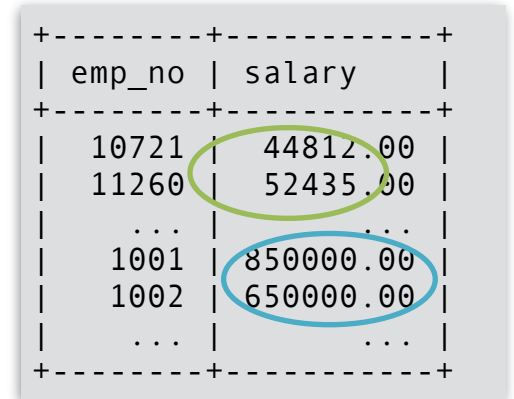
**from** company.employees

# Schema mapping (all\_salaries)

- Mapping to common schema (**schema mapping**)

all\_salaries(emp\_no, salary)

```
(select emp_no, salary
from employees.curr_salaries)
union
(select employeeid, salary
from company.employees);
```



emp_no	salary
10721	44812.00
11260	52435.00
...	...
1001	850000.00
1002	650000.00
...	...

# Schema mapping (all\_salaries)

- Mapping to common schema (**schema mapping**)

all\_salaries(emp\_no, salary)

**create view** all\_salaries(emp\_no, salary)

**as**

(**select** emp\_no, salary  
**from** employees.curr\_salaries)

**union**

(**select** employeeid, salary  
**from** company.employees);

# Schema mapping (all\_titles)

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- Mapping to common schema (**schema mapping**)

all\_titles(emp\_no, title)

- from **employees** database

**select** emp\_no, title

**from** employees.curr\_titles

- from **company** database

**select** employeeid, jobtitle

**from** company.employees

# Schema mapping (all\_titles)

- Mapping to common schema (**schema mapping**)

all\_titles(emp\_no, title)

```
(select emp_no, title
from employees.curr_titles)
union
(select employeeid, jobtitle
from company.employees);
```

emp_no	title
11371	Senior Engineer
41548	Staff
62635	Engineer
64387	Senior Staff
110039	Manager
204631	Assistant Engineer
207968	Technique Leader
...	...
1001	CEO
1002	Director
1003	President
1004	Vice President
1005	Sr. Manager
1007	Sales Manager
1008	Reporting Manager
1009	Team Leader
1010	Sales Rep
1014	Software Engineer
1023	Admin
1024	Network Engineer
...	...

# Schema mapping (all\_titles)

- Mapping to common schema (**schema mapping**)

all\_titles(emp\_no, title)

**create view** all\_titles(emp\_no, title)

**as**

(**select** emp\_no, title  
**from** employees.curr\_titles)

**union**

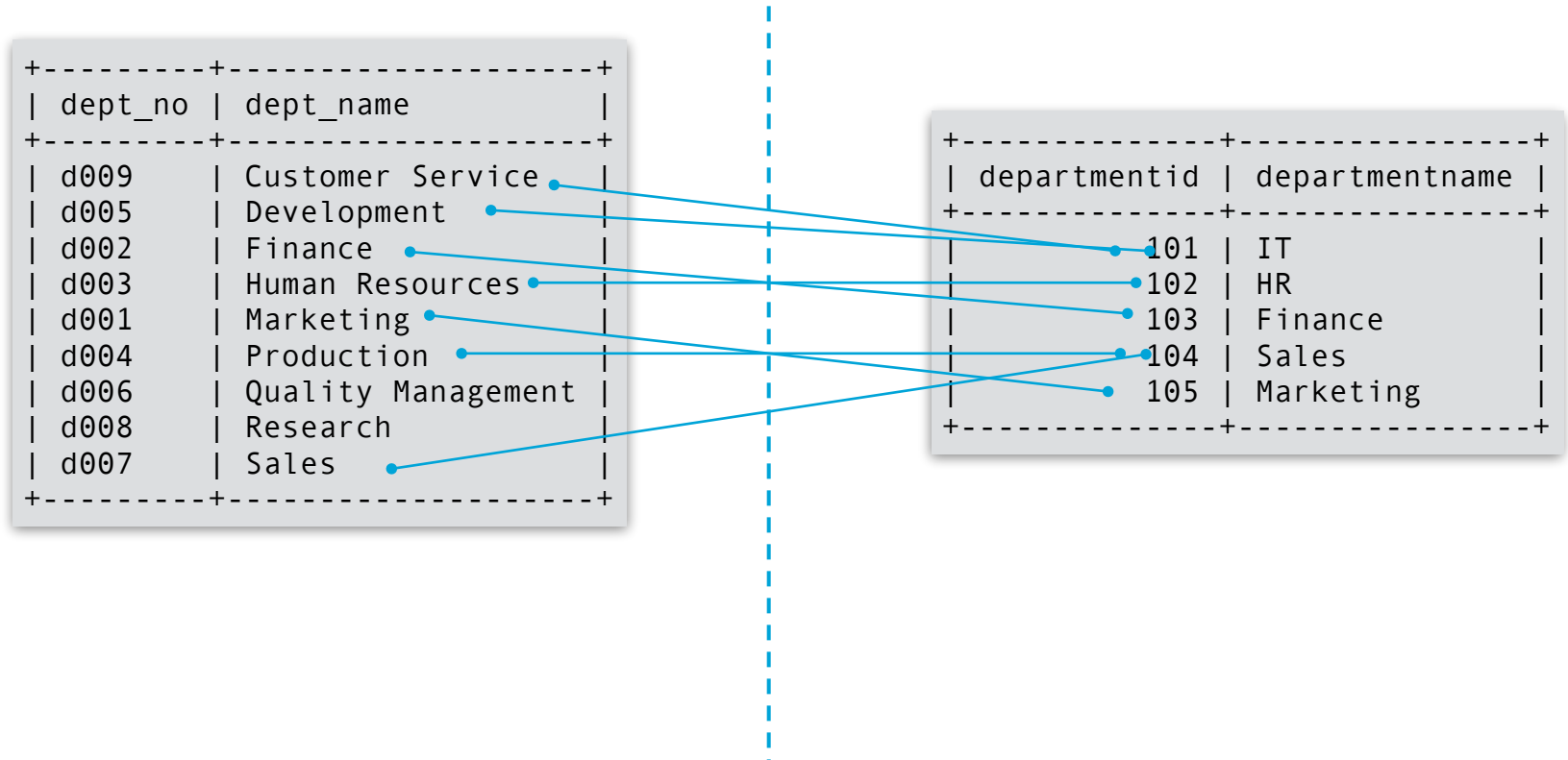
(**select** employeeid, jobtitle  
**from** company.employees);



# Data mapping

# Data matching – Duplicates

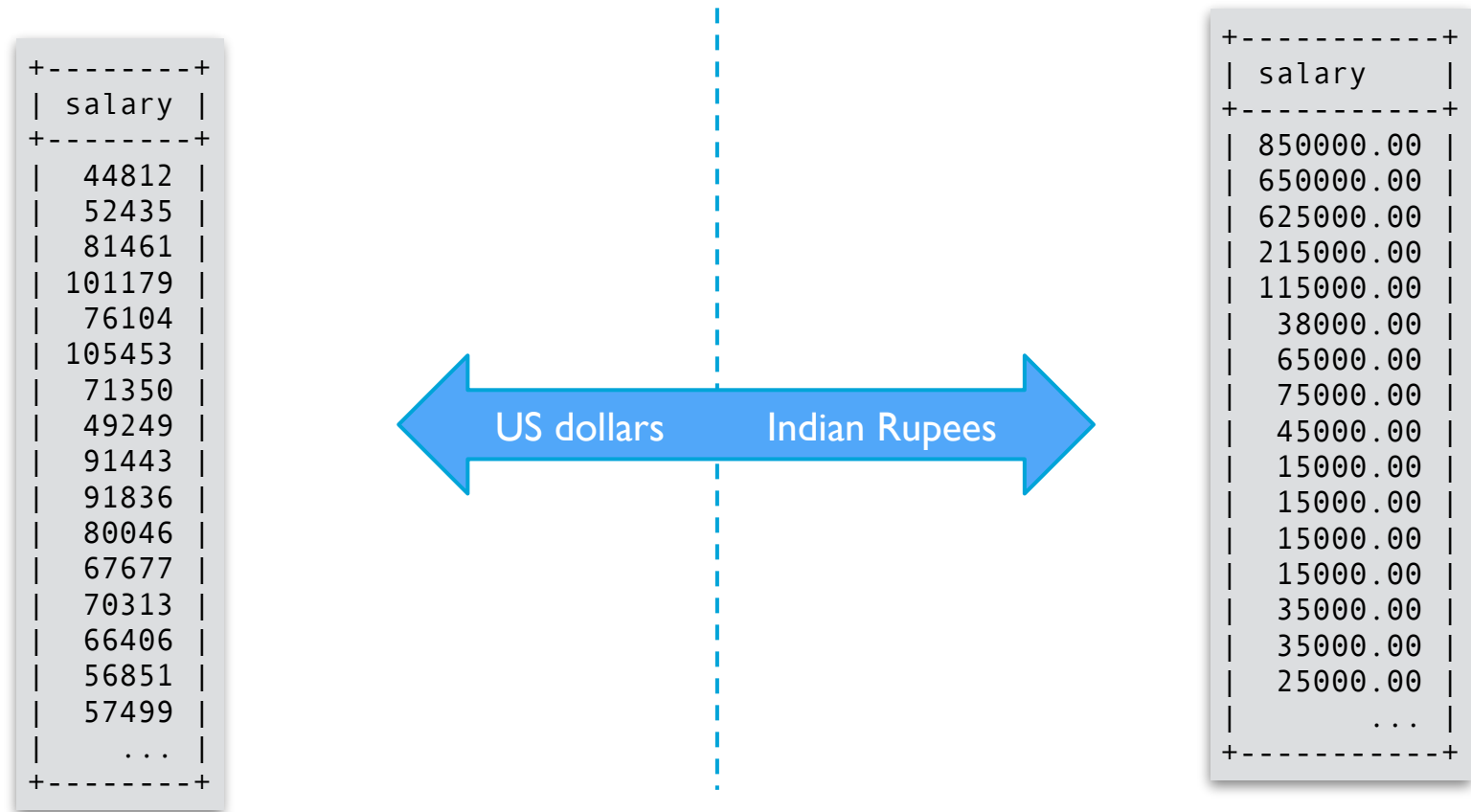
- When comparing data instances from distinct data source



Duplicate department names need to be merged

# Data matching – Conversion

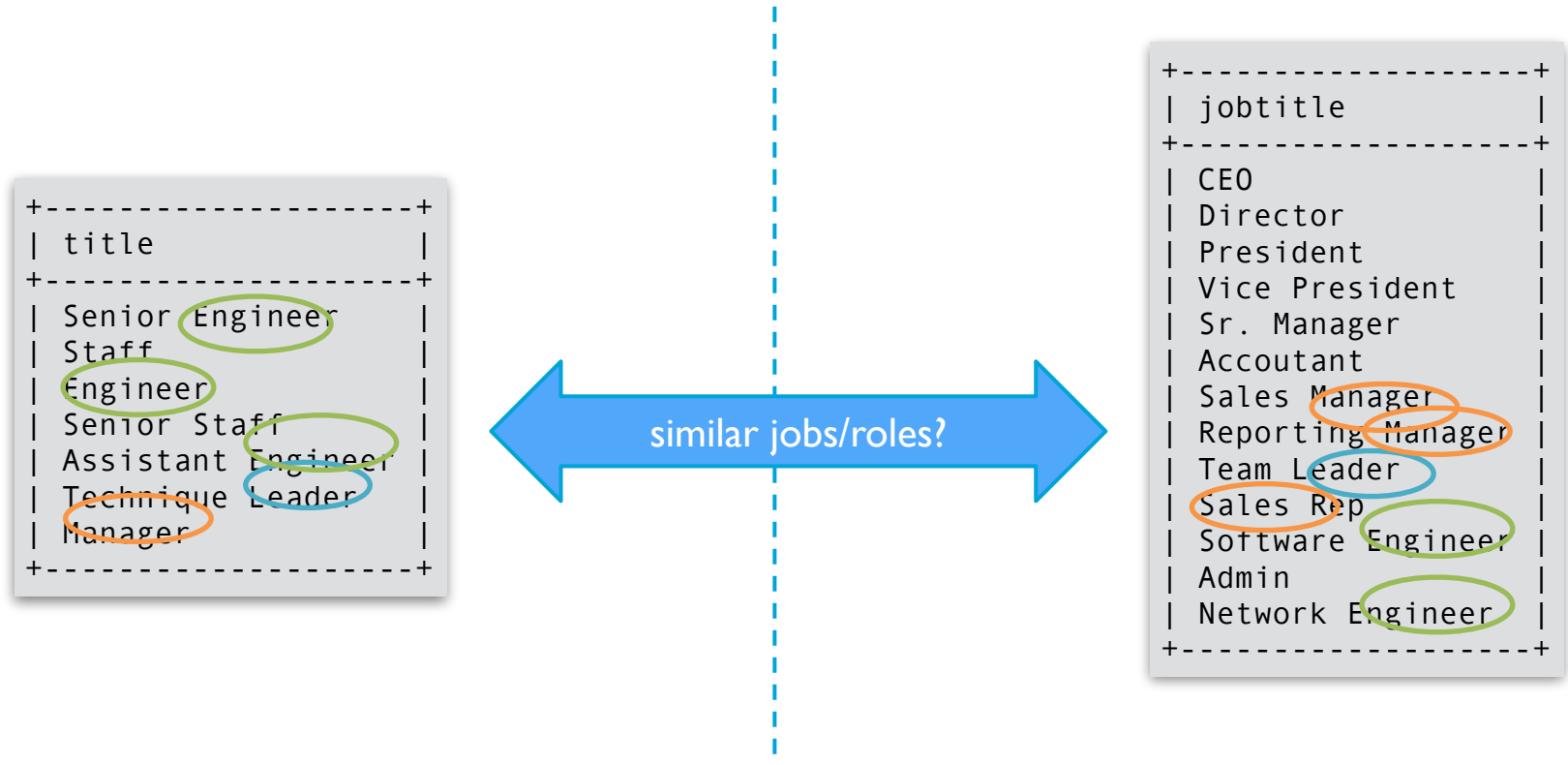
- When comparing data instances from distinct data sources



Salaries need to be converted

# Data matching – approximate duplicates

- When comparing data instances from distinct data sources



Similar job titles need to be found and merged/  
consolidated

# Summary of concepts

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- Multiple **data sources** with different schemas
  - Relational databases, but could be other data sources as well
- **Schema matching** between data sources
  - How attributes in one data source correspond to attributes in another data source
- Design of a common **mediated schema**
  - Subset of attributes from data source schemas
- **Wrappers** for data sources
  - Facilitate and simplify access to data sources
- **Schema mapping** from data sources to mediated schema
  - Queries to bring data from local schema to global mediated schema
- **Data matching** between data sources
  - Find exact/approximate duplicates from different sources that may need to be merged, converted or consolidated