

Politics Are Afoot!

Da Qi Ren

The Setup

There is *a lot* of money that is spent in politics in Presidential election years. So far, estimates have the number at about \$11,000,000,000 (11 billion USD). For context, in 2019 Twitter's annual revenue was about \$3,500,000,000 (3.5 billion USD).

The work

Install the package, `fec16`.

```
## install.packages('fec16')
```

This package is a compendium of spending and results from the 2016 election cycle. In this dataset are 9 different datasets that cover:

- **candidates:** candidate attributes, like their name, a unique id of the candidate, the election year under consideration, the office they're running for, etc.
- **results_house:** race attributes, like the name of the candidates running in the election, a unique id of the candidate, the number of **general_votes** garnered by each candidate, and other information.
- **campaigns:** financial information for each house & senate campaign. This includes a unique candidate id, the total receipts (how much came in the doors), and total disbursements (the total spent by the campaign), the total contributed by party central committees, and other information.

Your task

Describe the relationship between spending on a candidate's behalf and the votes they receive.

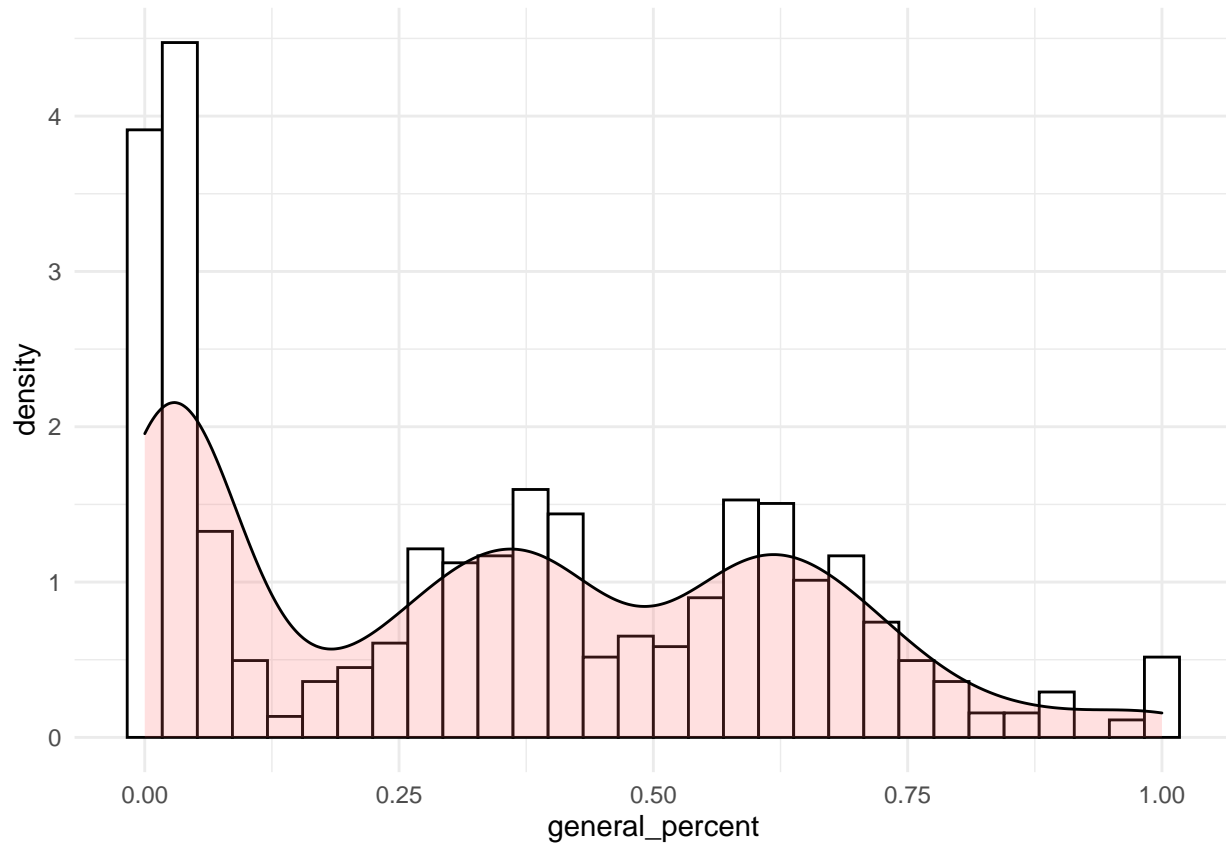
Your work

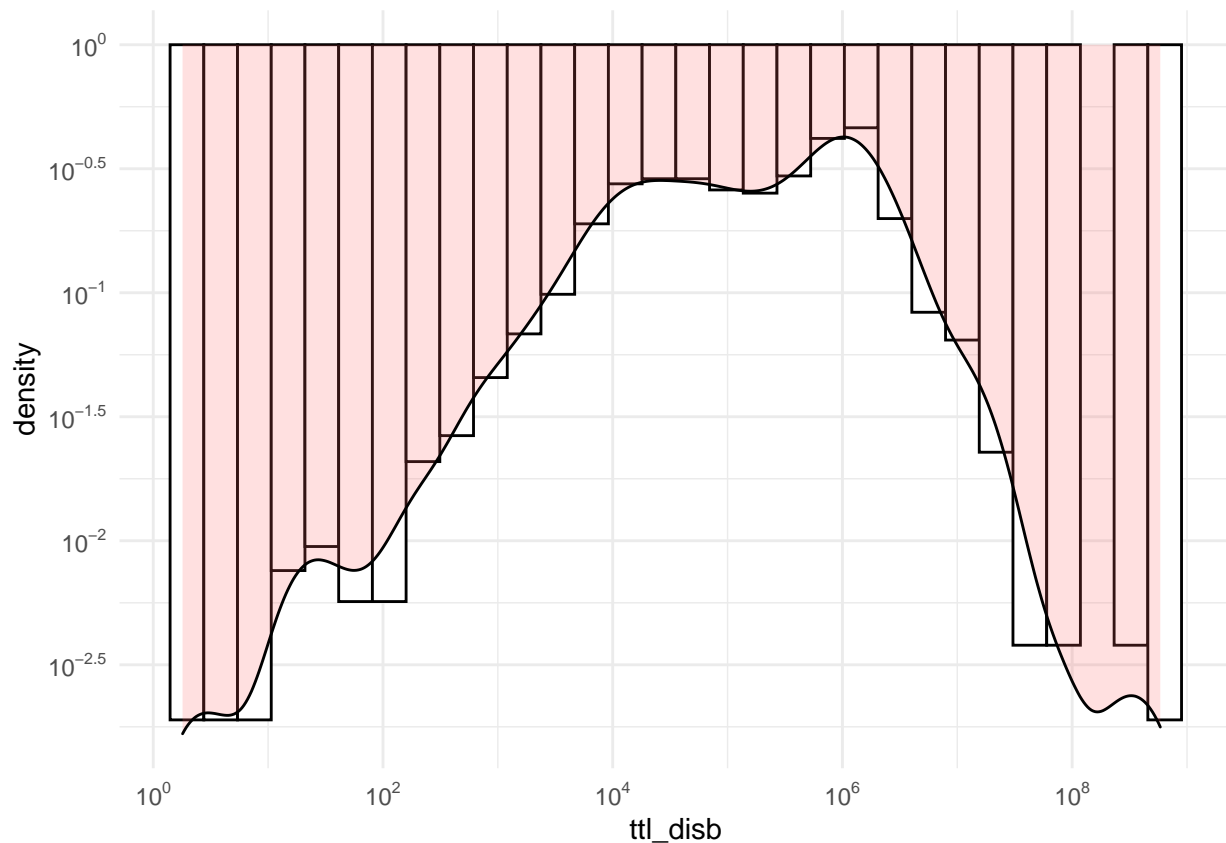
- We want to keep this work *relatively* constrained, which is why we're providing you with data through the `fec16` package. It is possible to gather all the information from current FEC reports, but it would require you to make a series of API calls that would pull us away from the core modeling tasks that we want you to focus on instead.
- Throughout this assignment, limit yourself to functions that are within the **tidyverse** family of packages: `dplyr`, `ggplot`, `patchwork`, and `magrittr` for wrangling and exploration and `base`, `stats`, `sandwich` and `lmtest` for modeling and testing. You do not *have* to use these packages; but try to limit yourself to using only these.

```
candidates <- fec16::candidates
results_house <- fec16::results_house
campaigns <- fec16::campaigns
```

1. What does the distribution of votes and of spending look like?

- (3 points) In separate histograms, show both the distribution of votes (measured in `results_house$general_percent` for now) and spending (measured in `t11_disb`). Use a log transform if appropriate for each visualization. How would you describe what you see in these two plots?





2. Exploring the relationship between spending and votes.

2. (3 points) Create a new dataframe by joining `results_house` and `campaigns` using the `inner_join` function from `dplyr`. (We use the format `package::function` – so `dplyr::inner_join`.)

```
nrow(results_house)
```

```
## [1] 2110
```

```
nrow(campaigns)
```

```
## [1] 1898
```

```
d1 <- dplyr::inner_join(results_house, campaigns, by = NULL)
```

```
## Joining, by = "cand_id"
```

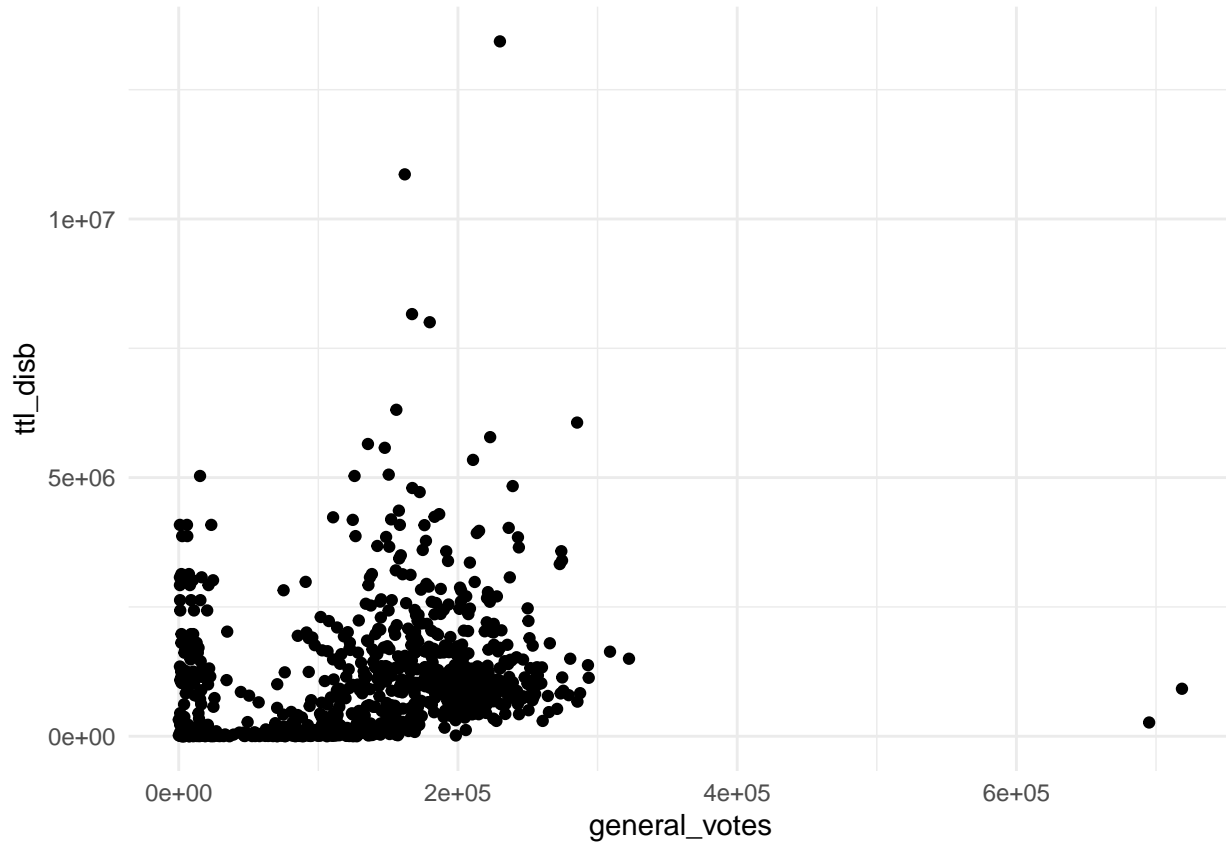
```
nrow(d1)
```

```
## [1] 1342
```

3. (3 points) Produce a scatter plot of `general_votes` on the y-axis and `ttl_disb` on the x-axis. What do you observe about the shape of the joint distribution?

```
ggplot(d1, aes(x=general_votes, y=ttl_disb)) + geom_point()
```

```
## Warning: Removed 462 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```

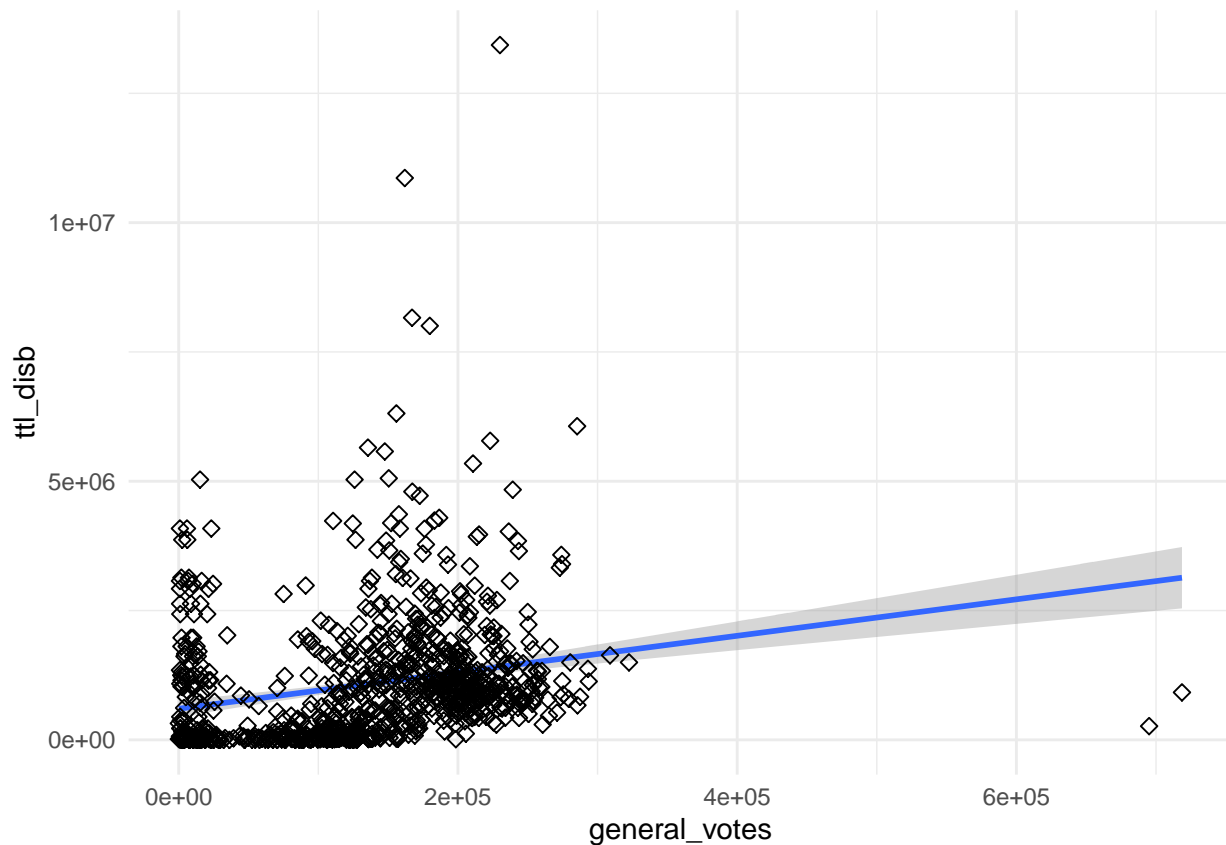


```
sp <- ggplot(d1, aes(x=general_votes, y=ttl_disb )) +  
  geom_smooth(method=lm)+  
  geom_point(size=2, shape=23)  
  
sp
```

```
## 'geom_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'
```

```
## Warning: Removed 462 rows containing non-finite values (stat_smooth).
```

```
## Warning: Removed 462 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```



4. (3 points) Create a new variable to indicate whether each individual is a “Democrat”, “Republican” or “Other Party”.

- Here’s an example of how you might use `mutate` and `case_when` together to create a variable.

```
starwars %>%
  select(name:mass, gender, species) %>%
  mutate(
    type = case_when(
      height > 200 | mass > 200 ~ "large",
      species == "Droid"       ~ "robot",
      TRUE                     ~ "other"
    )
  )
```

Once you’ve produced the new variable, plot your scatter plot again, but this time adding an argument into the `aes()` function that colors the points by party membership. What do you observe about the distribution of all three variables?

```
d2<-d1 %>%
  dplyr::select(cand_pty_affiliation, general_votes, ttl_disb, state) %>%
  na.omit() %>%
  mutate(
    can_party = case_when(
      cand_pty_affiliation=="REP" ~ "REP",
```

```

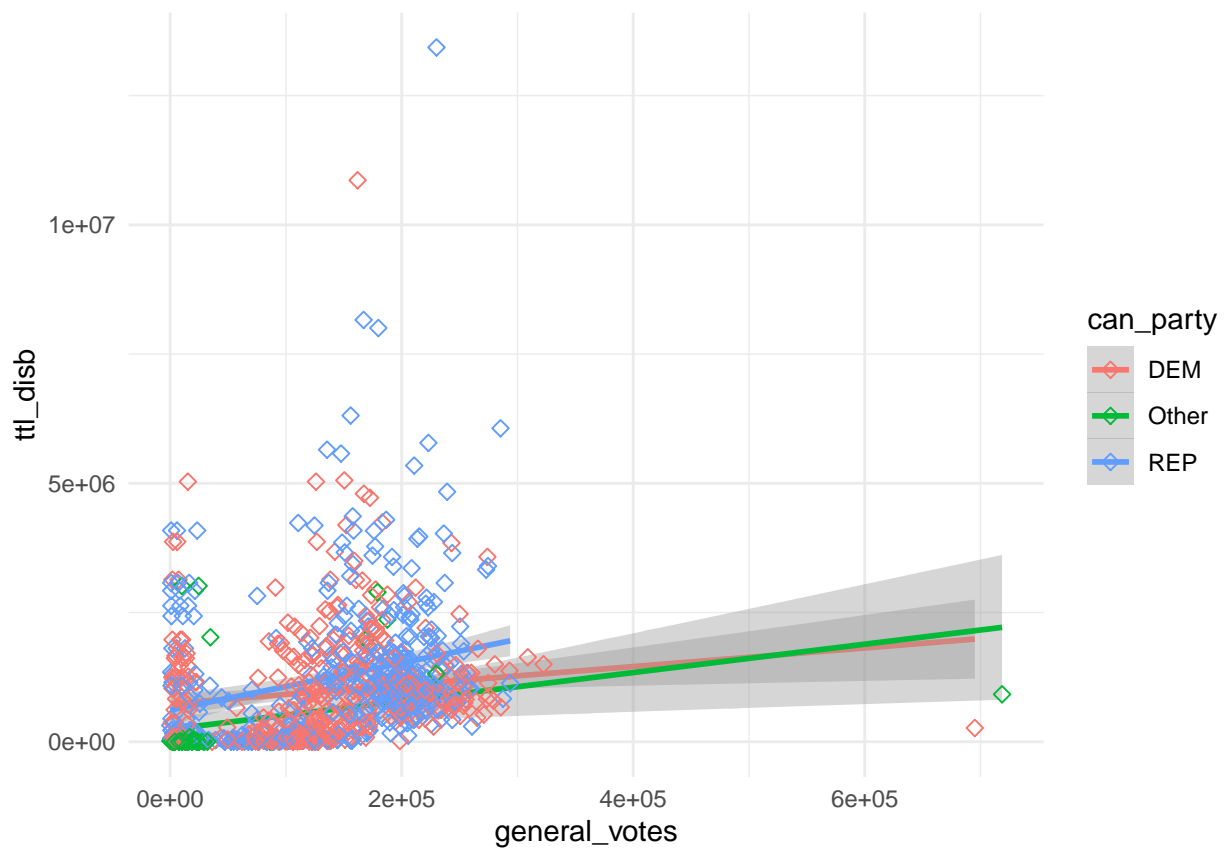
    cand_pty_affiliation=="DEM" ~ "DEM",
    TRUE ~ "Other"
  )
)

d2<-d2 %>% dplyr::select(can_party, general_votes, ttl_disb, state)

sp <- ggplot(d2, aes(x=general_votes, y=ttl_disb, color=can_party)) +
  geom_smooth(method=lm)+
  geom_point(size=2, shape=23)
sp

```

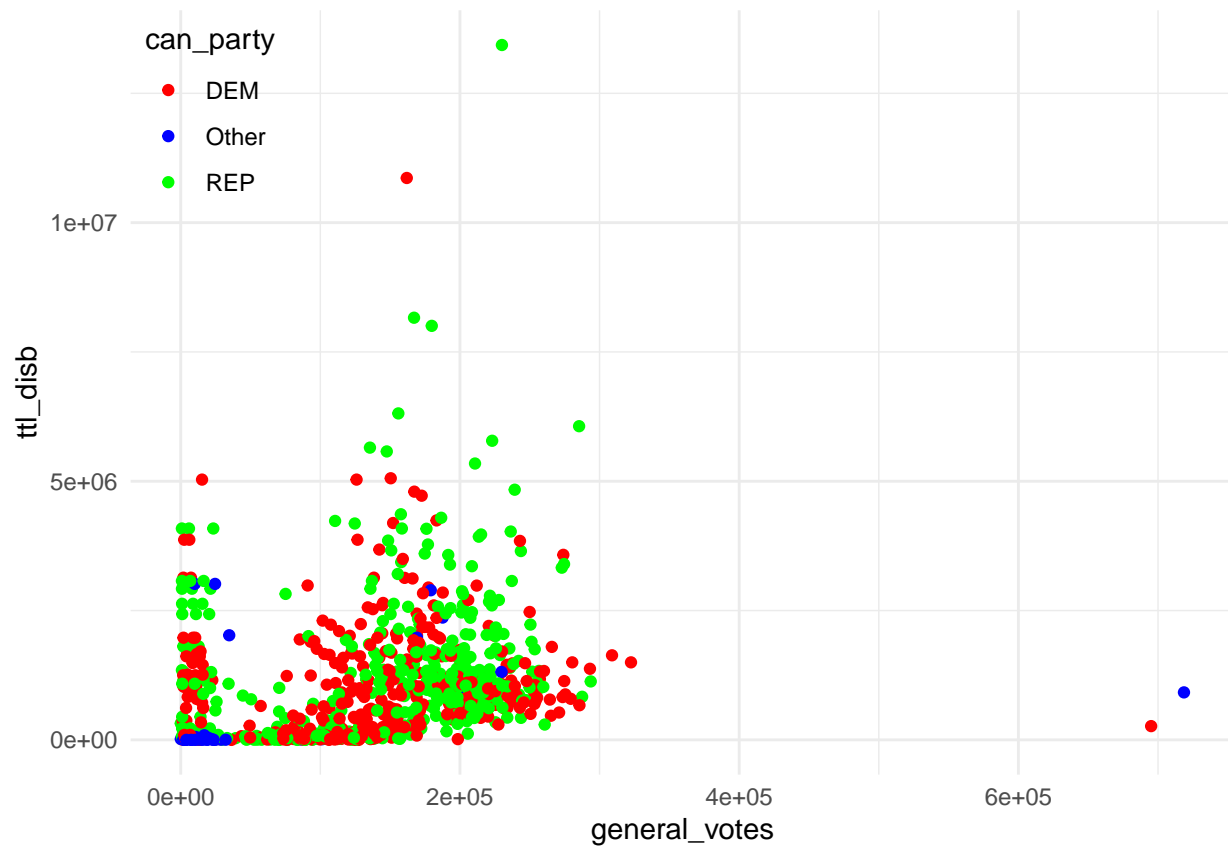
'geom_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'



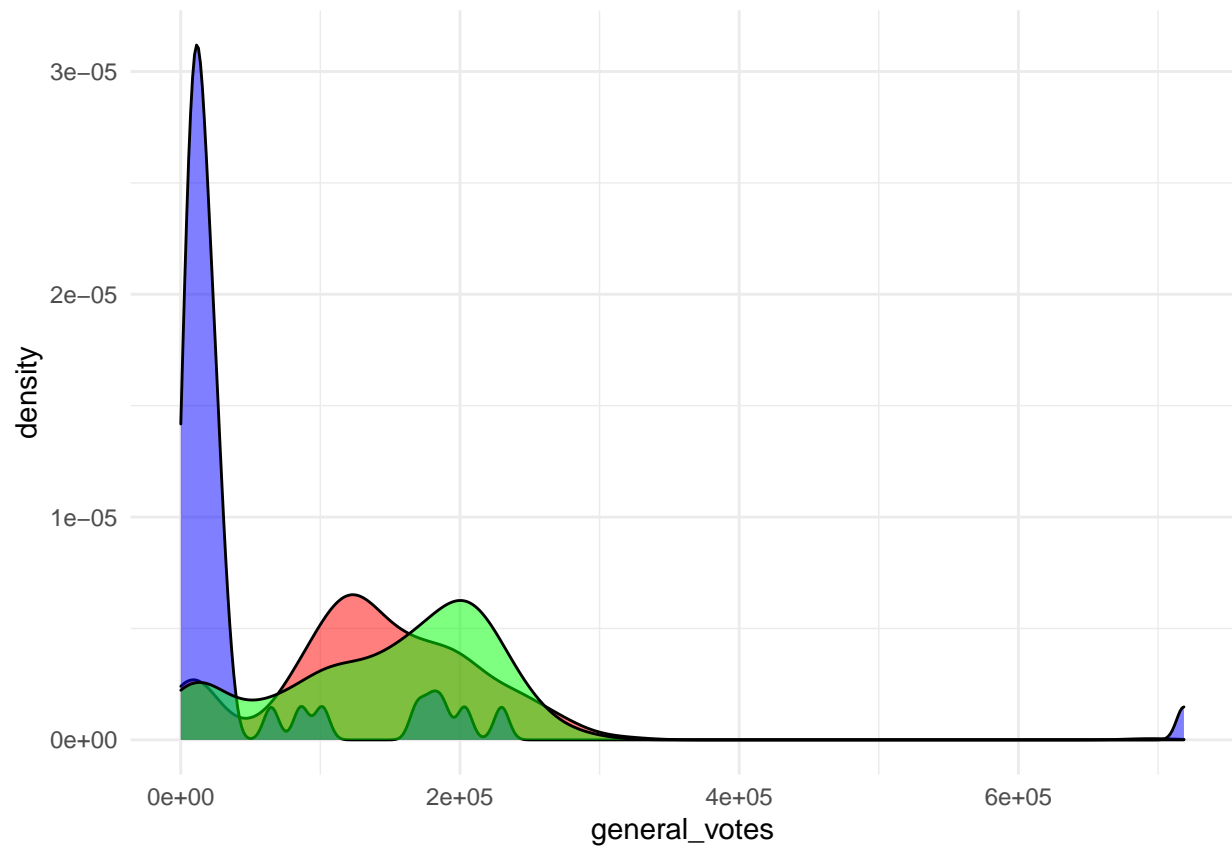
```

p1<-ggplot(d2, aes(x=general_votes, y=ttl_disb, color=can_party)) +
  geom_point() +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "blue", "green")) +
  theme(legend.position=c(0,1), legend.justification=c(0,1))
p1

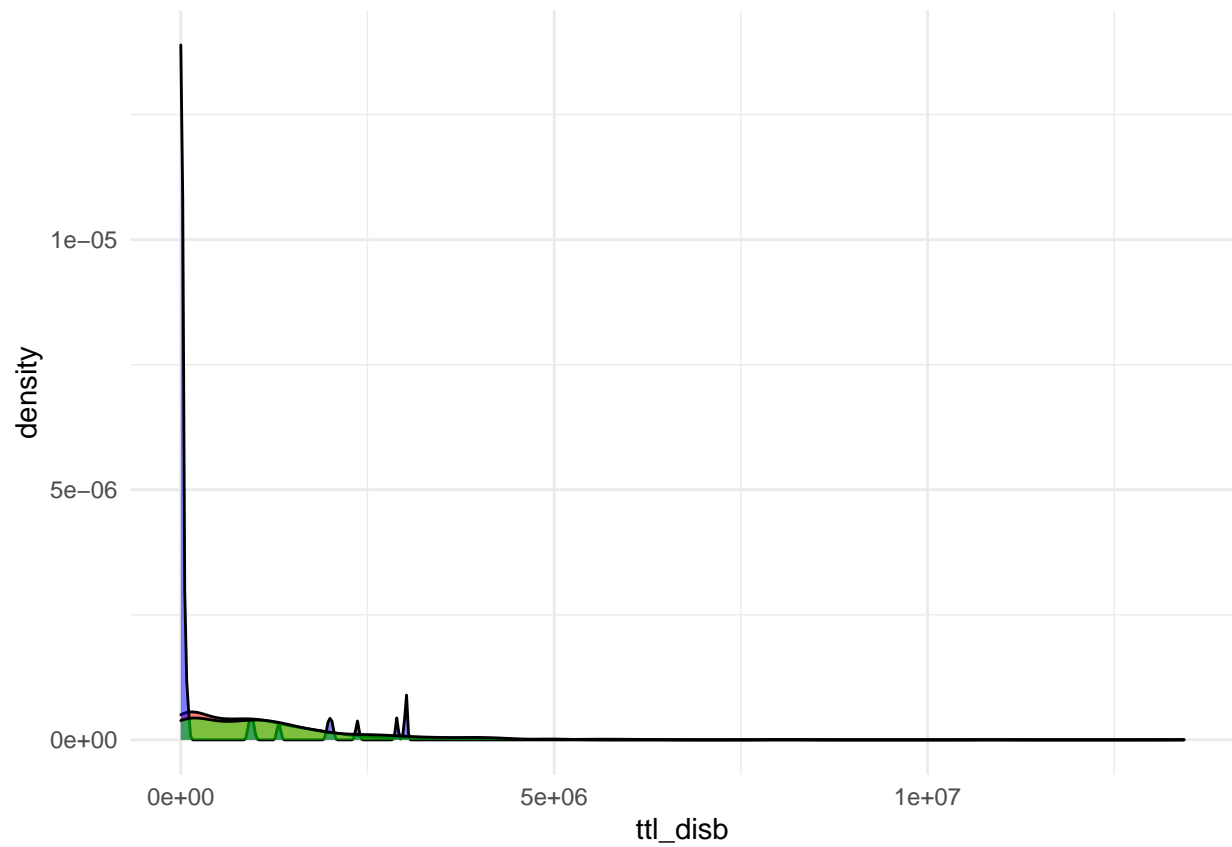
```



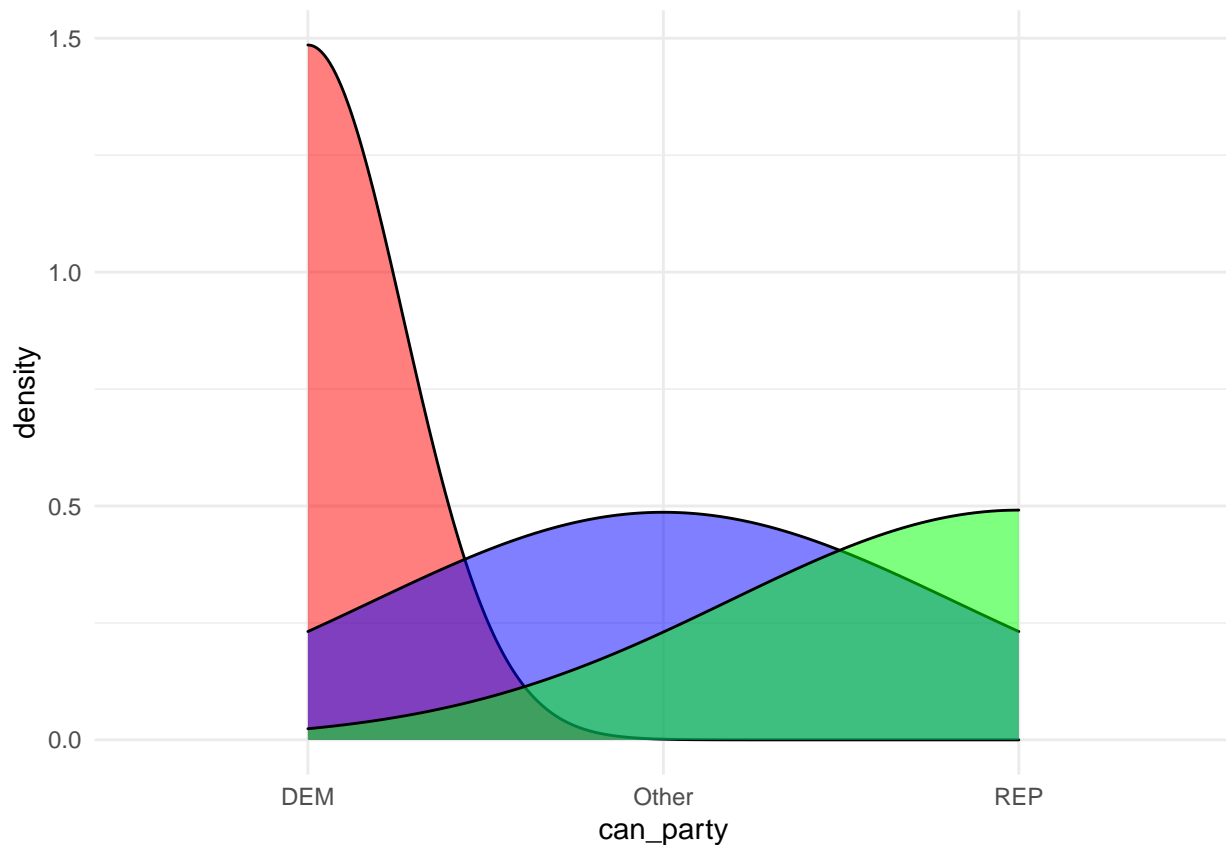
```
p2<-ggplot(d2, aes(x=general_votes, fill=can_party)) +  
  geom_density(alpha=.5) +  
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "blue", "green")) +  
  theme(legend.position = "none")  
p2
```



```
# Marginal density plot of y (right panel)
p3<-ggplot(d2, aes(x=ttl_disb, fill=can_party)) +
  geom_density(alpha=.5) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "blue", "green")) +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
p3
```

```
p3<-ggplot(d2, aes(x=can_party, fill=can_party)) +  
  geom_density(alpha=.5) +  
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "blue", "green")) +  
  theme(legend.position = "none")  
p3
```



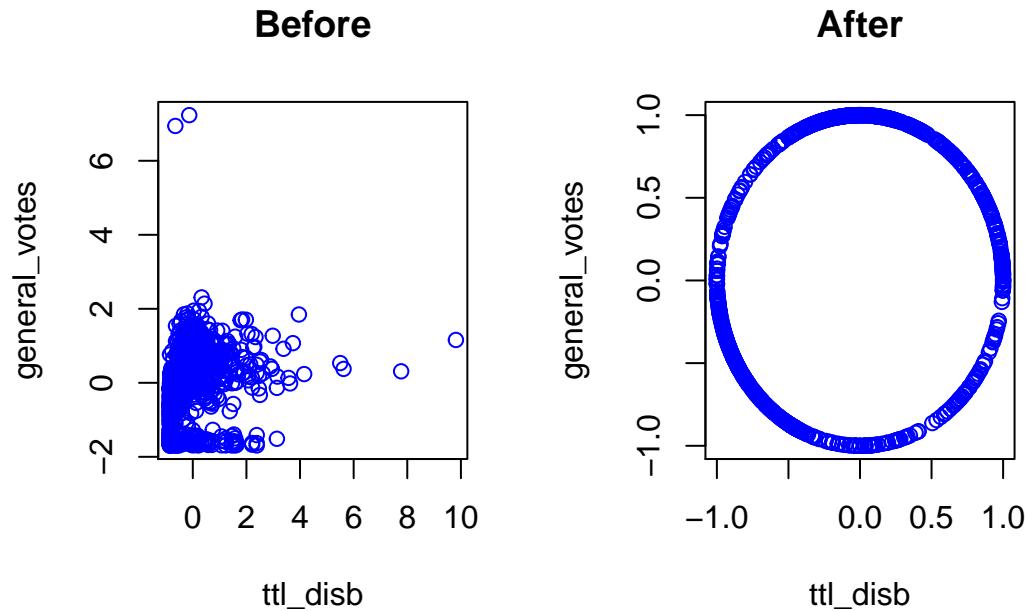
Produce a Descriptive Model

5. (5 Points) Given your observations, produce a linear model that you think does a good job at describing the relationship between candidate spending and votes they receive. You should decide what transformation to apply to spending (if any), what transformation to apply to votes (if any) and also how to include the party affiliation.

```
d2[d2 == -Inf] <- 0

sdat <- d2[, c("general_votes", "ttl_disb")]

imp <- preProcess(sdat, method = c("knnImpute"), k = 5)
sdat <- predict(imp, sdat)
transformed <- spatialSign(sdat)
transformed <- as.data.frame(transformed)
par(mfrow = c(1, 2), oma = c(2, 2, 2, 2))
plot(general_votes ~ ttl_disb, data = sdat, col = "blue", main = "Before")
plot(general_votes ~ ttl_disb, data = transformed, col = "blue", main = "After")
```



```
d2$novotes<-transformed$"general_votes"
d2$nodisb<-transformed$"ttl_disb"
```

```
summary(d2)
```

```
##   can_party      general_votes      ttl_disb      state
## Length:880      Min.   :    55      Min.   :    0      Length:880
## Class :character 1st Qu.: 88229      1st Qu.: 102276      Class :character
## Mode  :character Median :142597      Median : 830659      Mode  :character
##                Mean  :136932      Mean  : 1084565
##                3rd Qu.:198290      3rd Qu.: 1527533
##                Max.   :718591      Max.   :13433669
##
##      novotes      nodisb
## Min.   :-1.00000      Min.   :-1.0000
## 1st Qu.: -0.65905      1st Qu.: -0.7263
## Median : 0.07400      Median : -0.2163
## Mean   : 0.07698      Mean   : -0.1272
## 3rd Qu.: 0.90077      3rd Qu.: 0.4287
## Max.   : 1.00000      Max.   : 1.0000
```

```
#d2<-transformed
```

```
write.csv(d2, "d2.csv")
#summary(d2)
# set the 'method' option
trans <- preProcess(d2, method = c("center", "scale"))
# use predict() function to get the final result
d3 <- predict(trans, d2)

d2$csvotes = d3$general_votes
d2$csdisb = d3$ttl_disb

write.csv(d2, "d2.csv")
summary(d2)
```

```
## can_party      general_votes      ttl_disb      state
## Length:880      Min.      :    55      Min.      :    0      Length:880
## Class :character 1st Qu.: 88229      1st Qu.: 102276      Class :character
## Mode :character  Median :142597      Median : 830659      Mode :character
##                Mean  :136932      Mean  : 1084565
##                3rd Qu.:198290      3rd Qu.: 1527533
##                Max.   :718591      Max.   :13433669
## novotes        nodisb          csvotes          csdisb
## Min.      :-1.00000      Min.      :-1.0000      Min.      :-1.70236      Min.      :-0.8619
## 1st Qu.: -0.65905      1st Qu.: -0.7263      1st Qu.: -0.60573      1st Qu.: -0.7806
## Median : 0.07400      Median : -0.2163      Median : 0.07045      Median : -0.2018
## Mean  : 0.07698      Mean  : -0.1272      Mean  : 0.00000      Mean  : 0.0000
## 3rd Qu.: 0.90077      3rd Qu.: 0.4287      3rd Qu.: 0.76311      3rd Qu.: 0.3520
## Max.   : 1.00000      Max.   : 1.0000      Max.   : 7.23415      Max.   : 9.8139
```

```
write.csv(d3, "d3.csv")
```

```
#summary(d3)
write.csv(d3, "d3.csv")
#d2$disb <- log(d2$ttl_disb)
#d2$votes <- log(d2$votes)

d2$logdisb <- log(d2$ttl_disb)
d2$logvotes <- log(d2$general_votes)
d2 <- na.omit(d2)
d2[d2 == -Inf] <- 0

#only original R2 = 0.5116
fit0 <- lm(d2$general_votes ~ d2$ttl_disb + d2$state + d2$can_party)
summary(fit0)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = d2$general_votes ~ d2$ttl_disb + d2$state + d2$can_party)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -415756  -39794   -5242    36879   269903
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   1.139e+05  4.120e+04   2.763  0.00585 **
## d2$ttl_disb    1.518e-02  1.661e-03   9.138 < 2e-16 ***
## d2$stateAL     4.215e+04  4.471e+04   0.943  0.34607
## d2$stateAR     4.851e+04  4.867e+04   0.997  0.31926
## d2$stateAS    -1.112e+05  5.312e+04  -2.094  0.03660 *
## d2$stateAZ     1.136e+04  4.377e+04   0.260  0.79531
## d2$stateCA    -1.482e+02  4.153e+04  -0.004  0.99715
## d2$stateCO     5.012e+04  4.395e+04   1.140  0.25447
## d2$stateCT    -2.964e+04  4.378e+04  -0.677  0.49848
```

```

## d2$stateDC      1.442e+05  7.125e+04   2.024  0.04325 *
## d2$stateDE      7.554e+04  5.815e+04   1.299  0.19425
## d2$stateFL      2.945e+04  4.184e+04   0.704  0.48167
## d2$stateGA      5.646e+04  4.335e+04   1.302  0.19316
## d2$stateGU     -1.001e+05  5.817e+04  -1.721  0.08558 .
## d2$stateHI      2.308e+04  5.312e+04   0.434  0.66406
## d2$stateIA      4.883e+04  4.597e+04   1.062  0.28847
## d2$stateID      5.123e+04  5.041e+04   1.016  0.30988
## d2$stateIL      4.114e+04  4.244e+04   0.969  0.33260
## d2$stateIN      2.570e+04  4.350e+04   0.591  0.55475
## d2$stateKS     -9.865e+03  4.547e+04  -0.217  0.82828
## d2$stateKY      5.083e+04  4.471e+04   1.137  0.25585
## d2$stateLA     -4.898e+04  4.324e+04  -1.133  0.25764
## d2$stateMA      7.588e+04  4.365e+04   1.738  0.08254 .
## d2$stateMD      4.579e+04  4.396e+04   1.042  0.29784
## d2$stateME      4.369e+04  5.037e+04   0.867  0.38598
## d2$stateMI      3.268e+04  4.254e+04   0.768  0.44261
## d2$stateMN      5.922e+04  4.386e+04   1.350  0.17730
## d2$stateMO      6.812e+04  4.419e+04   1.541  0.12358
## d2$stateMP      6.315e+03  7.178e+04   0.088  0.92991
## d2$stateMS      3.385e+04  4.749e+04   0.713  0.47613
## d2$stateMT      6.441e+04  5.838e+04   1.103  0.27026
## d2$stateNC      5.234e+04  4.274e+04   1.225  0.22102
## d2$stateND      2.870e+04  5.317e+04   0.540  0.58947
## d2$stateNE      3.875e+04  5.037e+04   0.769  0.44191
## d2$stateNH     -9.872e+03  4.869e+04  -0.203  0.83938
## d2$stateNJ      1.872e+04  4.295e+04   0.436  0.66310
## d2$stateNM      5.723e+03  4.865e+04   0.118  0.90638
## d2$stateNV     -5.810e+03  4.546e+04  -0.128  0.89835
## d2$stateNY     -7.894e+04  4.146e+04  -1.904  0.05726 .
## d2$stateOH      4.231e+04  4.248e+04   0.996  0.31949
## d2$stateOK      4.615e+04  4.867e+04   0.948  0.34321
## d2$stateOR      8.356e+04  4.662e+04   1.792  0.07343 .
## d2$statePA      5.607e+04  4.251e+04   1.319  0.18754
## d2$statePR      4.313e+05  5.342e+04   8.074  2.42e-15 ***
## d2$stateRI     -2.106e+04  5.037e+04  -0.418  0.67599
## d2$stateSC     -1.508e+04  4.336e+04  -0.348  0.72814
## d2$stateSD      4.393e+04  5.815e+04   0.756  0.45016
## d2$stateTN      2.770e+04  4.397e+04   0.630  0.52899
## d2$stateTX      1.064e+04  4.187e+04   0.254  0.79956
## d2$stateUT     -3.352e+03  4.597e+04  -0.073  0.94188
## d2$stateVA      4.654e+04  4.303e+04   1.082  0.27975
## d2$stateVI     -1.045e+05  7.125e+04  -1.466  0.14300
## d2$stateVT      1.387e+05  7.124e+04   1.947  0.05184 .
## d2$stateWA      2.911e+04  4.361e+04   0.667  0.50465
## d2$stateWI      4.214e+04  4.350e+04   0.969  0.33301
## d2$stateWV     -8.468e+03  4.665e+04  -0.182  0.85599
## d2$stateWY     -8.747e+03  5.316e+04  -0.165  0.86935
## d2$can_partyOther -1.104e+05  9.287e+03 -11.891 < 2e-16 ***
## d2$can_partyREP   1.661e+03  4.157e+03   0.400  0.68957
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 58140 on 821 degrees of freedom

```

```
## Multiple R-squared:  0.5116, Adjusted R-squared:  0.477
## F-statistic: 14.82 on 58 and 821 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
#only no outlier data R2 = 0.4055
```

```
fit1 <- lm(d2$novotes ~ d2$nodisb + d2$state + d2$can_party)
summary(fit1)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = d2$novotes ~ d2$nodisb + d2$state + d2$can_party)
##
## Residuals:
```

	Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
	-1.42419	-0.43776	-0.09312	0.45242	1.65909

```
##
## Coefficients:
```

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	-0.27065	0.41796	-0.648	0.5175
d2\$nodisb	0.37367	0.03213	11.632	<2e-16 ***
d2\$stateAL	0.67185	0.45416	1.479	0.1394
d2\$stateAR	0.94994	0.49453	1.921	0.0551 .
d2\$stateAS	-0.47494	0.53940	-0.880	0.3788
d2\$stateAZ	0.38926	0.44471	0.875	0.3817
d2\$stateCA	0.23880	0.42174	0.566	0.5714
d2\$stateCO	0.69086	0.44638	1.548	0.1221
d2\$stateCT	0.15191	0.44462	0.342	0.7327
d2\$stateDC	1.33633	0.72341	1.847	0.0651 .
d2\$stateDE	1.11124	0.59060	1.882	0.0603 .
d2\$stateFL	0.58173	0.42505	1.369	0.1715
d2\$stateGA	0.93794	0.44044	2.130	0.0335 *
d2\$stateGU	-0.48972	0.59077	-0.829	0.4074
d2\$stateHI	0.78311	0.53979	1.451	0.1472
d2\$stateIA	0.74443	0.46667	1.595	0.1111
d2\$stateID	0.77779	0.51222	1.518	0.1293
d2\$stateIL	0.58372	0.43094	1.355	0.1759
d2\$stateIN	0.56613	0.44171	1.282	0.2003
d2\$stateKS	0.23598	0.46165	0.511	0.6094
d2\$stateKY	0.76758	0.45422	1.690	0.0914 .
d2\$stateLA	-0.22768	0.43927	-0.518	0.6044
d2\$stateMA	0.83929	0.44350	1.892	0.0588 .
d2\$stateMD	0.60027	0.44641	1.345	0.1791
d2\$stateME	0.63680	0.51121	1.246	0.2132
d2\$stateMI	0.63358	0.43198	1.467	0.1428
d2\$stateMN	0.83033	0.44502	1.866	0.0624 .
d2\$stateMO	0.93168	0.44894	2.075	0.0383 *
d2\$stateMP	0.37485	0.72885	0.514	0.6072
d2\$stateMS	0.79287	0.48256	1.643	0.1008
d2\$stateMT	0.40596	0.59049	0.687	0.4920
d2\$stateNC	0.83001	0.43446	1.910	0.0564 .
d2\$stateND	0.49196	0.54010	0.911	0.3626
d2\$stateNE	0.59092	0.51128	1.156	0.2481
d2\$stateNH	0.18938	0.49423	0.383	0.7017
d2\$stateNJ	0.54196	0.43622	1.242	0.2144
d2\$stateNM	0.40963	0.49405	0.829	0.4073

```
## d2$stateNV      0.08137      0.46157      0.176      0.8601
## d2$stateNY     -0.32091      0.42087     -0.762      0.4460
## d2$stateOH      0.71703      0.43169      1.661      0.0971 .
## d2$stateOK      0.88984      0.49424      1.800      0.0722 .
## d2$stateOR      1.05039      0.47348      2.218      0.0268 *
## d2$statePA      0.74362      0.43173      1.722      0.0854 .
## d2$statePR      1.27125      0.54241      2.344      0.0193 *
## d2$stateRI     -0.08019      0.51242     -0.156      0.8757
## d2$stateSC      0.29949      0.44059      0.680      0.4969
## d2$stateSD      0.54419      0.59041      0.922      0.3569
## d2$stateTN      0.69502      0.44690      1.555      0.1203
## d2$stateTX      0.44547      0.42533      1.047      0.2952
## d2$stateUT      0.31092      0.46679      0.666      0.5055
## d2$stateVA      0.77208      0.43720      1.766      0.0778 .
## d2$stateVI     -0.52556      0.72346     -0.726      0.4678
## d2$stateVT      1.31569      0.72331      1.819      0.0693 .
## d2$stateWA      0.60705      0.44299      1.370      0.1710
## d2$stateWI      0.64472      0.44181      1.459      0.1449
## d2$stateWV      0.26609      0.47392      0.561      0.5746
## d2$stateWY      0.10441      0.53977      0.193      0.8467
## d2$can_partyOther -0.81900      0.09368     -8.742     <2e-16 ***
## d2$can_partyREP  0.05703      0.04226      1.350      0.1775
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.5902 on 821 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.4055, Adjusted R-squared:  0.3635
## F-statistic: 9.655 on 58 and 821 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
#only original, log(spending) data R2 = 0.5534
fit2 <- lm(d2$logvotes ~ d2$logdisb + d2$state + d2$can_party)
summary(fit2)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = d2$logvotes ~ d2$logdisb + d2$state + d2$can_party)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -6.1414 -0.2226  0.0358  0.2405  2.4223
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    9.728436   0.661912  14.697 < 2e-16 ***
## d2$logdisb      0.150433   0.014935  10.072 < 2e-16 ***
## d2$stateAL      0.393952   0.683236   0.577  0.56437
## d2$stateAR      0.457498   0.743716   0.615  0.53862
## d2$stateAS     -3.456836   0.812874  -4.253 2.36e-05 ***
## d2$stateAZ      0.209046   0.668994   0.312  0.75476
## d2$stateCA      0.089661   0.634685   0.141  0.88769
## d2$stateCO      0.435558   0.671695   0.648  0.51688
## d2$stateCT     -0.744538   0.668925  -1.113  0.26602
## d2$stateDC      0.796079   1.088524   0.731  0.46478
## d2$stateDE      0.537825   0.888427   0.605  0.54510
```

```

## d2$stateFL      0.234287  0.639452  0.366  0.71417
## d2$stateGA      0.534132  0.662755  0.806  0.42052
## d2$stateGU     -1.740463  0.888881 -1.958  0.05056 .
## d2$stateHI      0.153200  0.811586  0.189  0.85032
## d2$stateIA      0.371649  0.702316  0.529  0.59683
## d2$stateID      0.537484  0.770411  0.698  0.48559
## d2$stateIL      0.241059  0.648423  0.372  0.71017
## d2$stateIN      0.256032  0.664709  0.385  0.70021
## d2$stateKS     -0.502246  0.694669 -0.723  0.46989
## d2$stateKY      0.464223  0.683298  0.679  0.49708
## d2$stateLA     -0.843382  0.660847 -1.276  0.20224
## d2$stateMA      0.500444  0.667004  0.750  0.45330
## d2$stateMD      0.308020  0.671664  0.459  0.64665
## d2$stateME      0.405274  0.769367  0.527  0.59850
## d2$stateMI      0.266784  0.650160  0.410  0.68167
## d2$stateMN      0.698374  0.669780  1.043  0.29740
## d2$stateMO      0.449121  0.675175  0.665  0.50611
## d2$stateMP     -0.511372  1.096675 -0.466  0.64113
## d2$stateMS      0.578777  0.726874  0.796  0.42611
## d2$stateMT      0.431390  0.888541  0.486  0.62745
## d2$stateNC      0.545448  0.653399  0.835  0.40408
## d2$stateND      0.374428  0.812575  0.461  0.64507
## d2$stateNE      0.306547  0.769509  0.398  0.69046
## d2$stateNH     -1.385793  0.743843 -1.863  0.06282 .
## d2$stateNJ      0.166043  0.656496  0.253  0.80039
## d2$stateNM      0.074438  0.743320  0.100  0.92026
## d2$stateNV     -0.025407  0.694668 -0.037  0.97083
## d2$stateNY     -1.962890  0.633398 -3.099  0.00201 **
## d2$stateOH      0.414593  0.649312  0.639  0.52332
## d2$stateOK      0.378501  0.743560  0.509  0.61086
## d2$stateOR      0.552123  0.712327  0.775  0.43851
## d2$statePA      0.407956  0.649539  0.628  0.53013
## d2$statePR      1.901748  0.816216  2.330  0.02005 *
## d2$stateRI      0.031556  0.770074  0.041  0.96732
## d2$stateSC     -0.634812  0.662818 -0.958  0.33847
## d2$stateSD      0.314075  0.888357  0.354  0.72377
## d2$stateTN      0.364948  0.672684  0.543  0.58760
## d2$stateTX      0.212269  0.640017  0.332  0.74023
## d2$stateUT      0.026838  0.702353  0.038  0.96953
## d2$stateVA      0.391433  0.657551  0.595  0.55181
## d2$stateVI     -2.059756  1.088585 -1.892  0.05882 .
## d2$stateVT      0.716088  1.088472  0.658  0.51080
## d2$stateWA      0.323453  0.666571  0.485  0.62763
## d2$stateWI      0.426686  0.664754  0.642  0.52114
## d2$stateWV     -0.033487  0.712746 -0.047  0.96254
## d2$stateWY     -0.009488  0.812715 -0.012  0.99069
## d2$can_partyOther -1.593954  0.148787 -10.713 < 2e-16 ***
## d2$can_partyREP  -0.100363  0.063257 -1.587  0.11299
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.8884 on 821 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.5534, Adjusted R-squared:  0.5219
## F-statistic: 17.54 on 58 and 821 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

```



```
#only original, log(spending) data R2 = 0.6041
```

```
fit3 <- lm(d2$general_votes ~ d2$logdisb + d2$state + d2$can_party)
summary(fit3)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = d2$general_votes ~ d2$logdisb + d2$state + d2$can_party)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -378949  -35379   -1422   30616  228002
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   -78916.4   39004.1  -2.023   0.0434 *
## d2$logdisb     15114.2    880.1   17.174 < 2e-16 ***
## d2$stateAL     56260.9   40260.6    1.397   0.1627
## d2$stateAR     57802.7   43824.5    1.319   0.1876
## d2$stateAS    -72654.9   47899.7   -1.517   0.1297
## d2$stateAZ     29836.2   39421.4    0.757   0.4494
## d2$stateCA     17128.9   37399.7    0.458   0.6471
## d2$stateCO     64120.1   39580.5    1.620   0.1056
## d2$stateCT    -19862.7   39417.3   -0.504   0.6145
## d2$stateDC    146804.2   64142.8    2.289   0.0223 *
## d2$stateDE     81261.9   52351.8    1.552   0.1210
## d2$stateFL     47406.9   37680.6    1.258   0.2087
## d2$stateGA     76113.3   39053.8    1.949   0.0516 .
## d2$stateGU    -85174.9   52378.5   -1.626   0.1043
## d2$stateHI     24440.2   47823.8    0.511   0.6095
## d2$stateIA     56284.4   41384.9    1.360   0.1742
## d2$stateID     64117.5   45397.5    1.412   0.1582
## d2$stateIL     53099.1   38209.2    1.390   0.1650
## d2$stateIN     39081.9   39168.9    0.998   0.3187
## d2$stateKS    -5399.2   40934.3   -0.132   0.8951
## d2$stateKY     66803.2   40264.3    1.659   0.0975 .
## d2$stateLA    -36807.4   38941.3   -0.945   0.3448
## d2$stateMA     84732.1   39304.1    2.156   0.0314 *
## d2$stateMD     53793.9   39578.7    1.359   0.1745
## d2$stateME     59654.7   45336.0    1.316   0.1886
## d2$stateMI     50454.6   38311.6    1.317   0.1882
## d2$stateMN     67285.5   39467.7    1.705   0.0886 .
## d2$stateMO     74373.2   39785.7    1.869   0.0619 .
## d2$stateMP    -3586.2   64623.1   -0.055   0.9558
## d2$stateMS     70879.1   42832.0    1.655   0.0983 .
## d2$stateMT     94261.3   52358.5    1.800   0.0722 .
## d2$stateNC     72652.2   38502.5    1.887   0.0595 .
## d2$stateND     44297.4   47882.1    0.925   0.3552
## d2$stateNE     42828.1   45344.4    0.945   0.3452
## d2$stateNH    -13691.4   43832.0   -0.312   0.7548
## d2$stateNJ     38246.2   38684.9    0.989   0.3231
## d2$stateNM     12176.5   43801.2    0.278   0.7811
## d2$stateNV      1680.0   40934.3    0.041   0.9673
## d2$stateNY    -71680.4   37323.9   -1.920   0.0551 .
```

```
## d2$stateOH      59912.9    38261.6    1.566    0.1178
## d2$stateOK      52178.6    43815.3    1.191    0.2340
## d2$stateOR      91212.5    41974.8    2.173    0.0301 *
## d2$statePA      64973.1    38275.0    1.698    0.0900 .
## d2$statePR     434255.9    48096.7    9.029    < 2e-16 ***
## d2$stateRI      2223.8     45377.7    0.049    0.9609
## d2$stateSC      3311.5     39057.5    0.085    0.9325
## d2$stateSD      53147.5    52347.7    1.015    0.3103
## d2$stateTN      56307.3    39638.8    1.421    0.1558
## d2$stateTX      27554.8    37713.9    0.731    0.4652
## d2$stateUT       8442.1     41387.1    0.204    0.8384
## d2$stateVA      57819.4    38747.1    1.492    0.1360
## d2$stateVI     -98991.8     64146.4   -1.543    0.1232
## d2$stateVT     138293.3     64139.7    2.156    0.0314 *
## d2$stateWA      43843.3     39278.6    1.116    0.2647
## d2$stateWI      65675.6     39171.6    1.677    0.0940 .
## d2$stateWV       76.6      41999.6    0.002    0.9985
## d2$stateWY     16878.2     47890.3    0.352    0.7246
## d2$can_partyOther -72265.7     8767.5   -8.242  6.65e-16 ***
## d2$can_partyREP    683.6      3727.5    0.183    0.8545
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 52350 on 821 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.6041, Adjusted R-squared:  0.5761
## F-statistic: 21.6 on 58 and 821 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

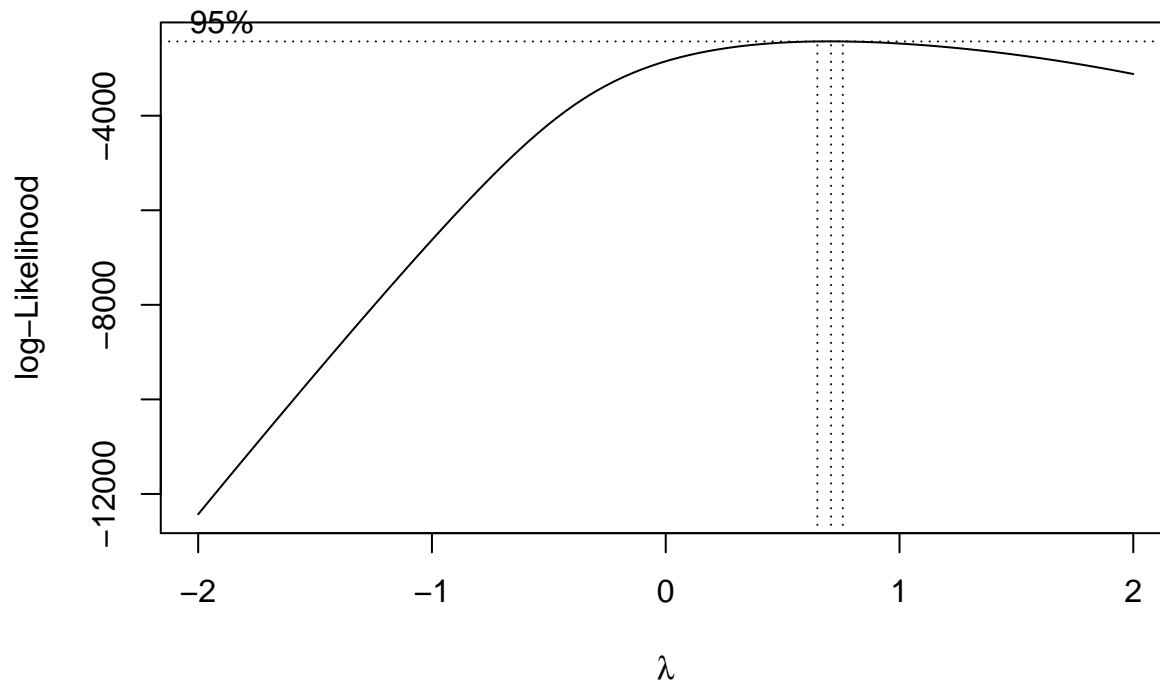
```
#Y = d2$general_votes
library(MASS)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'MASS'

## The following object is masked from 'package:patchwork':
##
##     area

## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##     select
```

```
b <- boxcox(general_votes ~ logdisb + state + can_party, data = d2)
```



```
#b
lambda <- b$x
lik <- b$y
bc<-cbind(lambda, lik)
bc[order(~lik),]
```

```
## Warning in is.na(x): is.na() applied to non-(list or vector) of type 'language'
```

```
##      lambda      lik
## [1,] -2.000000 -12428.90
## [2,] -1.959596 -12186.52
```

```
lambda<- 0.61
d2$lamvotes <- (d2$general_votes^lambda-1)/lambda
```

```
m1<-lm(lamvotes ~ logdisb + state + can_party, data = d2)
summary(m1)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lamvotes ~ logdisb + state + can_party, data = d2)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2682.19  -350.59    -2.88   303.52  1895.70
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    -11.634    434.772  -0.027  0.97866
```

## logdisb	157.107	9.810	16.015	< 2e-16 ***
## stateAL	524.181	448.779	1.168	0.24314
## stateAR	564.518	488.505	1.156	0.24818
## stateAS	-1372.188	533.931	-2.570	0.01035 *
## stateAZ	276.312	439.424	0.629	0.52965
## stateCA	138.621	416.889	0.333	0.73959
## stateCO	600.158	441.198	1.360	0.17411
## stateCT	-385.851	439.379	-0.878	0.38011
## stateDC	1293.716	714.990	1.809	0.07075 .
## stateDE	760.799	583.557	1.304	0.19269
## stateFL	415.572	420.020	0.989	0.32275
## stateGA	711.203	435.326	1.634	0.10270
## stateGU	-1237.859	583.855	-2.120	0.03429 *
## stateHI	237.590	533.085	0.446	0.65594
## stateIA	531.536	461.311	1.152	0.24956
## stateID	606.015	506.039	1.198	0.23143
## stateIL	491.092	425.912	1.153	0.24923
## stateIN	352.393	436.610	0.807	0.41984
## stateKS	-161.472	456.289	-0.354	0.72352
## stateKY	621.769	448.819	1.385	0.16632
## stateLA	-570.354	434.073	-1.314	0.18923
## stateMA	744.284	438.117	1.699	0.08973 .
## stateMD	480.307	441.178	1.089	0.27661
## stateME	566.643	505.354	1.121	0.26250
## stateMI	451.871	427.053	1.058	0.29031
## stateMN	703.826	439.941	1.600	0.11002
## stateMO	682.664	443.484	1.539	0.12411
## stateMP	-227.912	720.343	-0.316	0.75178
## stateMS	687.475	477.442	1.440	0.15027
## stateMT	799.726	583.632	1.370	0.17098
## stateNC	697.916	429.181	1.626	0.10430
## stateND	394.216	533.734	0.739	0.46036
## stateNE	408.381	505.447	0.808	0.41935
## stateNH	-298.081	488.588	-0.610	0.54197
## stateNJ	341.875	431.215	0.793	0.42811
## stateNM	109.207	488.245	0.224	0.82307
## stateNV	-9.471	456.288	-0.021	0.98345
## stateNY	-1082.044	416.043	-2.601	0.00947 **
## stateOH	553.497	426.496	1.298	0.19473
## stateOK	495.513	488.403	1.015	0.31062
## stateOR	829.843	467.887	1.774	0.07650 .
## statePA	592.915	426.645	1.390	0.16499
## statePR	3179.462	536.126	5.930	4.45e-09 ***
## stateRI	4.193	505.818	0.008	0.99339
## stateSC	-147.704	435.368	-0.339	0.73450
## stateSD	481.364	583.511	0.825	0.40964
## stateTN	524.139	441.848	1.186	0.23587
## stateTX	258.842	420.391	0.616	0.53825
## stateUT	59.425	461.336	0.129	0.89754
## stateVA	541.096	431.908	1.253	0.21063
## stateVI	-1423.225	715.029	-1.990	0.04687 *
## stateVT	1207.326	714.955	1.689	0.09166 .
## stateWA	421.892	437.833	0.964	0.33553
## stateWI	595.455	436.639	1.364	0.17303

```
## stateWV          -36.806    468.162  -0.079  0.93736
## stateWY          96.287    533.826   0.180  0.85691
## can_partyOther -1013.103    97.730 -10.366 < 2e-16 ***
## can_partyREP    -15.185    41.550  -0.365  0.71485
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 583.5 on 821 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.6166, Adjusted R-squared:  0.5895
## F-statistic: 22.76 on 58 and 821 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

6. (3 points) Interpret the model coefficients you estimate.

- Tasks to keep in mind as you're writing about your model:
 - At the time that you're writing and interpreting your regression coefficients you'll be *deep* in the analysis. Nobody will know more about the data than you do, at that point. *So, although it will feel tedious, be descriptive and thorough in describing your observations.*
 - It can be hard to strike the balance between: on the one hand, writing enough of the technical underpinnings to know that your model meets the assumptions that it must; and, on the other hand, writing little enough about the model assumptions that the implications of the model can still be clear. We're starting this practice now, so that by the end of Lab 2 you will have had several chances to strike this balance.

```
#lm(d2$general_votes ~ b1*d2$ttl_disb + b2)
```