# Politics Are Afoot!

### Da Qi Ren

# The Setup

There is a lot of money that is spent in politics in Presidential election years. So far, estimates have the number at about \$11,000,000,000 (11 billion USD). For context, in 2019 Twitter's annual revenue was about \$3,500,000,000 (3.5 billion USD).

### The work

Install the package, fec16.

```
## install.packages('fec16')
```

This package is a compendium of spending and results from the 2016 election cycle. In this dataset are 9 different datasets that cover:

- candidates: candidate attributes, like their name, a unique id of the candidate, the election year under consideration, the office they're running for, etc.
- results\_house: race attributes, like the name of the candidates running in the election, a unique id of the candidate, the number of general\_votes garnered by each candidate, and other information.
- campaigns: financial information for each house & senate campaign. This includes a unique candidate id, the total receipts (how much came in the doors), and total disbursements (the total spent by the campaign), the total contributed by party central committees, and other information.

## Your task

Describe the relationship between spending on a candidate's behalf and the votes they receive.

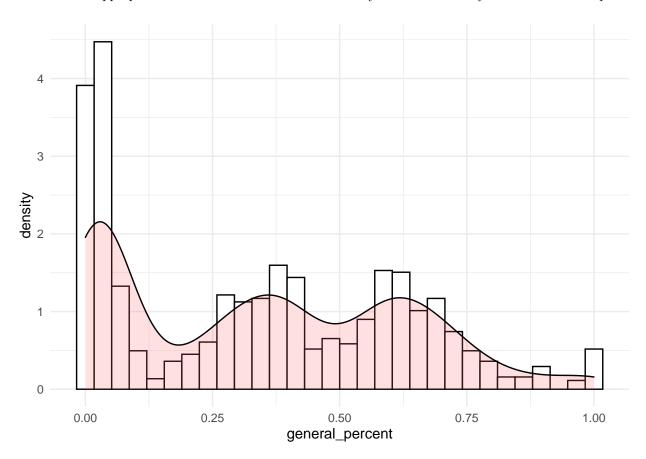
### Your work

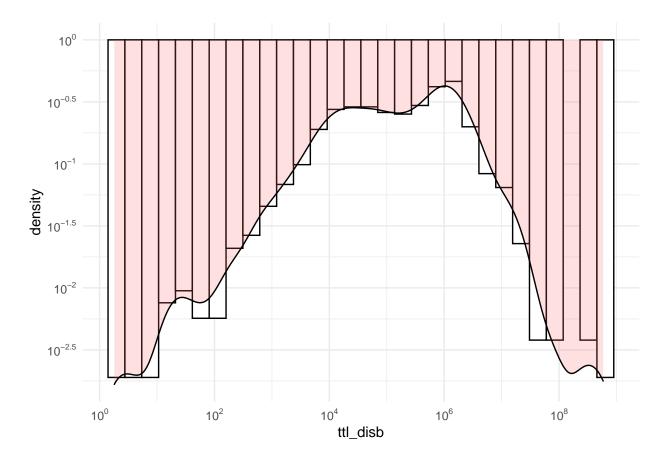
- We want to keep this work *relatively* constrained, which is why we're providing you with data through the fec16 package. It is possible to gather all the information from current FEC reports, but it would require you to make a series of API calls that would pull us away from the core modeling tasks that we want you to focus on instead.
- Throughout this assignment, limit yourself to functions that are within the tidyverse family of packages: dplyr, ggplot, patchwork, and magrittr for wrangling and exploration and base, stats, sandwich and lmtest for modeling and testing. You do not have to use these packages; but try to limit yourself to using only these.

```
candidates <- fec16::candidates
results_house <- fec16::results_house
campaigns <- fec16::campaigns</pre>
```

# 1. What does the distribution of votes and of spending look like?

1. (3 points) In separate histograms, show both the distribution of votes (measured in results\_house\$general\_percent for now) and spending (measured in ttl\_disb). Use a log transform if appropriate for each visualization. How would you describe what you see in these two plots?





## 2. Exploring the relationship between spending and votes.

2. (3 points) Create a new dataframe by joining results\_house and campaigns using the inner\_join function from dplyr. (We use the format package::function - so dplyr::inner\_join.)

```
nrow(results_house)
```

## [1] 2110

nrow(campaigns)

## [1] 1898

d1 <- dplyr::inner\_join(results\_house, campaigns, by = NULL)</pre>

## Joining, by = "cand\_id"

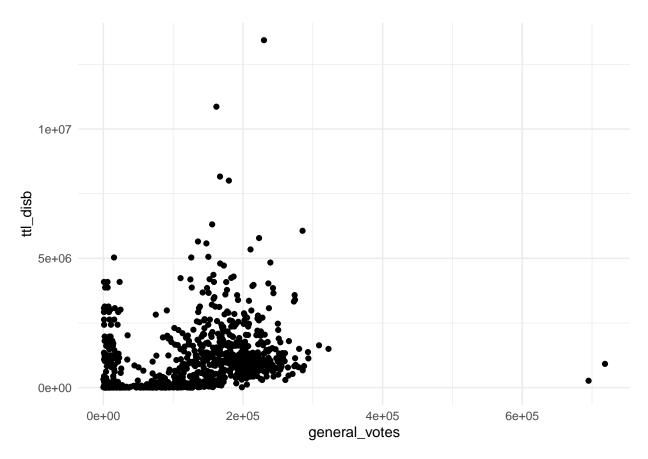
nrow(d1)

## [1] 1342

3. (3 points) Produce a scatter plot of general\_votes on the y-axis and ttl\_disb on the x-axis. What do you observe about the shape of the joint distribution?

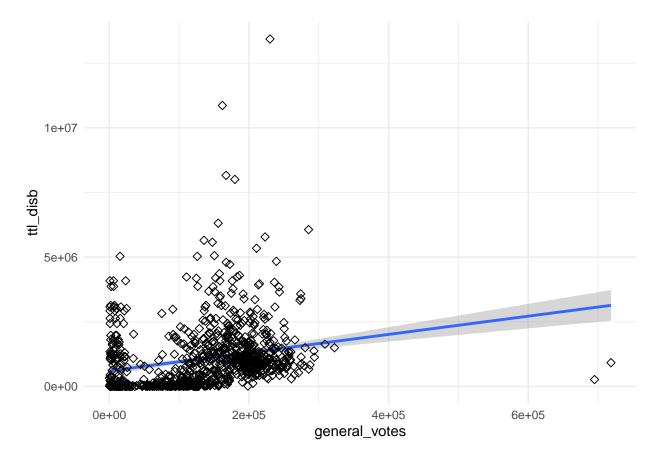
```
ggplot(d1, aes(x=general_votes, y=ttl_disb)) + geom_point()
```

## Warning: Removed 462 rows containing missing values (geom\_point).



```
sp <- ggplot(d1, aes(x=general_votes, y=ttl_disb )) +
  geom_smooth(method=lm)+
  geom_point(size=2, shape=23)
sp</pre>
```

- ## 'geom\_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'
- ## Warning: Removed 462 rows containing non-finite values (stat\_smooth).
- ## Warning: Removed 462 rows containing missing values (geom\_point).



- 4. (3 points) Create a new variable to indicate whether each individual is a "Democrat", "Republican" or "Other Party".
- Here's an example of how you might use mutate and case\_when together to create a variable.

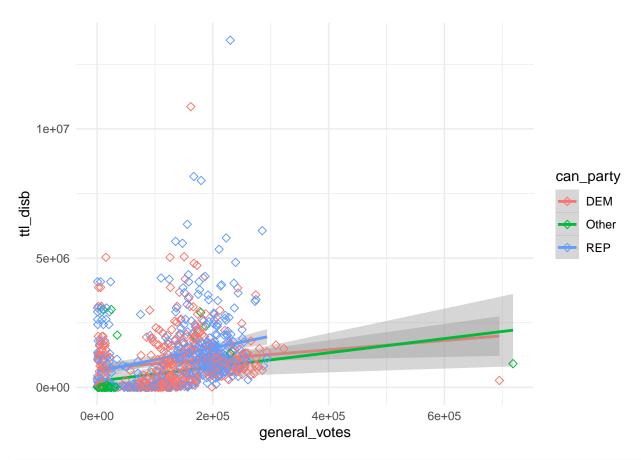
Once you've produced the new variable, plot your scatter plot again, but this time adding an argument into the aes() function that colors the points by party membership. What do you observe about the distribution of all three variables?

```
d2<-d1 %>%
  dplyr::select(cand_pty_affiliation, general_votes, ttl_disb, state) %>%
  na.omit() %>%
  mutate(
  can_party = case_when(
    cand_pty_affiliation=="REP" ~ "REP",
```

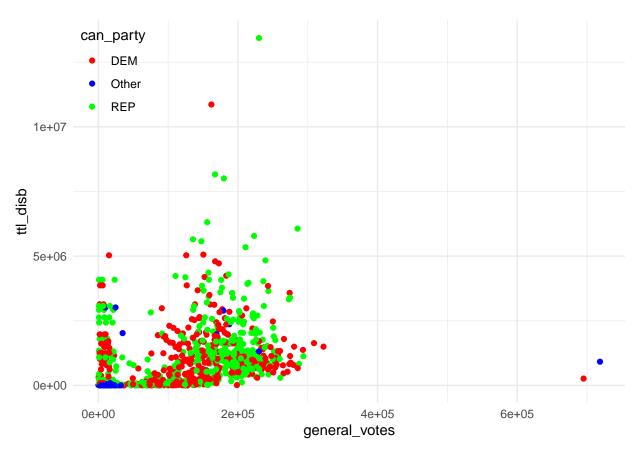
```
cand_pty_affiliation=="DEM" ~ "DEM",
   TRUE ~ "Other"
)
)
d2<-d2 %>% dplyr::select(can_party, general_votes, ttl_disb, state)
```

```
sp <- ggplot(d2, aes(x=general_votes, y=ttl_disb, color=can_party)) +
  geom_smooth(method=lm)+
  geom_point(size=2, shape=23)
sp</pre>
```

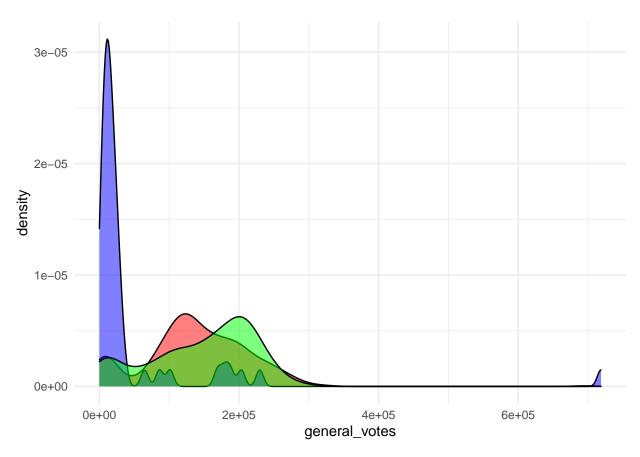
## 'geom\_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'



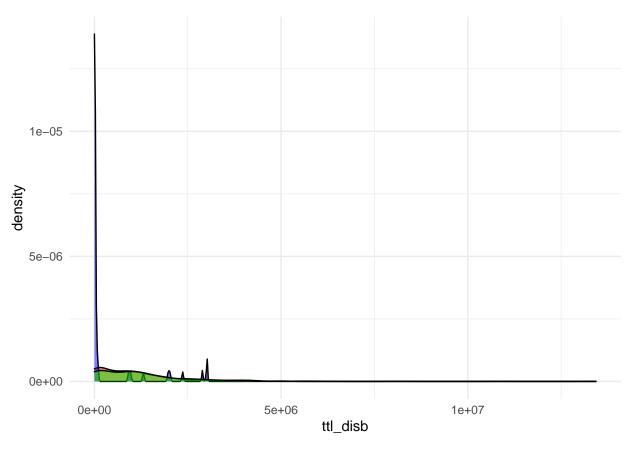
```
p1<-ggplot(d2, aes(x=general_votes, y=ttl_disb, color=can_party)) +
  geom_point() +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "blue", "green")) +
  theme(legend.position=c(0,1), legend.justification=c(0,1))
p1</pre>
```



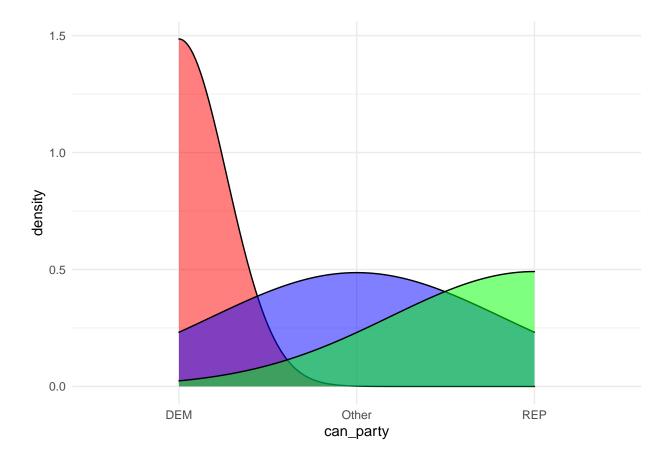
```
p2<-ggplot(d2, aes(x=general_votes, fill=can_party)) +
  geom_density(alpha=.5) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "blue", "green")) +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
p2</pre>
```



```
# Marginal density plot of y (right panel)
p3<-ggplot(d2, aes(x=ttl_disb, fill=can_party)) +
  geom_density(alpha=.5) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "blue", "green")) +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
p3</pre>
```



```
p3<-ggplot(d2, aes(x=can_party, fill=can_party)) +
  geom_density(alpha=.5) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "blue", "green")) +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
p3</pre>
```



# Produce a Descriptive Model

5. (5 Points) Given your observations, produce a linear model that you think does a good job at describing the relationship between candidate spending and votes they receive. You should decide what transformation to apply to spending (if any), what transformation to apply to votes (if any) and also how to include the party affiliation.

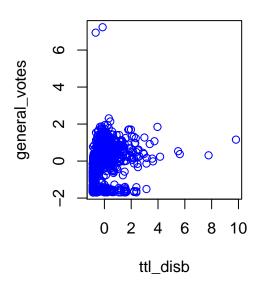
```
d3<-d2 %>%
  dplyr::select(can_party, general_votes, ttl_disb, state) %>%
  na.omit() %>%
  mutate(
    can_party = case_when(
        can_party=="REP" ~ 0,
        can_party=="DEM" ~ 1,
        TRUE ~ 2
    )
  )
}
d2<-d3 %>% dplyr::select(can_party, general_votes, ttl_disb, state)
```

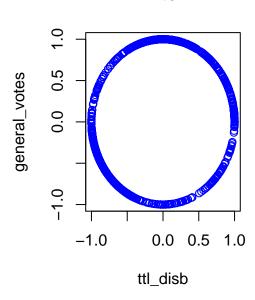
```
d2[d2 == -Inf] <- 0
sdat <- d2[, c("general_votes", "ttl_disb")]</pre>
```

```
imp <- preProcess(sdat, method = c("knnImpute"), k = 5)
sdat <- predict(imp, sdat)
transformed <- spatialSign(sdat)
transformed <- as.data.frame(transformed)
par(mfrow = c(1, 2), oma = c(2, 2, 2, 2))
plot(general_votes ~ ttl_disb, data = sdat, col = "blue", main = "Before")
plot(general_votes ~ ttl_disb, data = transformed, col = "blue", main = "After")</pre>
```

### **Before**

## **After**





```
d2$novotes<-transformed$"general_votes"
d2$nodisb<-transformed$"ttl_disb"
summary(d2)</pre>
```

```
general_votes
                                          ttl_disb
##
      can_party
                                                             state
          :0.0000
                     Min. :
                                                          Length:880
##
   Min.
                                 55
                                      Min.
                                             :
   1st Qu.:0.0000
##
                     1st Qu.: 88229
                                      1st Qu.: 102276
                                                          Class :character
   Median :1.0000
                     Median :142597
                                      Median: 830659
                                                          Mode :character
##
                                             : 1084565
##
   Mean
           :0.5966
                     Mean
                            :136932
                                      Mean
   3rd Qu.:1.0000
                     3rd Qu.:198290
                                      3rd Qu.: 1527533
##
##
   Max.
           :2.0000
                     Max.
                            :718591
                                      Max.
                                              :13433669
                           nodisb
##
       novotes
##
   Min.
           :-1.00000
                       Min.
                              :-1.0000
   1st Qu.:-0.65905
                       1st Qu.:-0.7263
##
  Median : 0.07400
                       Median :-0.2163
   Mean
          : 0.07698
                       Mean
                              :-0.1272
   3rd Qu.: 0.90077
                       3rd Qu.: 0.4287
##
   Max.
           : 1.00000
                       Max.
                              : 1.0000
```

#### #d2<-transformed

```
write.csv(d2, "d2.csv")
#summary(d2)
```

```
# set the 'method' option
trans <- preProcess(d2, method = c("center", "scale"))</pre>
# use predict() function to get the final result
d3 <- predict(trans, d2)</pre>
d2$csvotes = d3$general_votes
d2$csdisb = d3$ttl_disb
write.csv(d2, "d2.csv")
summary(d2)
##
                                        ttl_disb
     can_party
                    general_votes
                                                          state
         :0.0000 Min. : 55 Min. :
                                                   0 Length:880
## 1st Qu.:0.0000 1st Qu.: 88229 1st Qu.: 102276
                                                       Class :character
## Median :1.0000 Median :142597
                                     Median: 830659
                                                       Mode :character
## Mean :0.5966 Mean :136932 Mean : 1084565
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000 3rd Qu.:198290
                                     3rd Qu.: 1527533
## Max. :2.0000 Max. :718591
                                     Max. :13433669
##
      novotes
                         nodisb
                                          csvotes
                                                              csdisb
## Min. :-1.00000 Min. :-1.0000 Min. :-1.70236 Min.
                                                                 :-0.8619
## 1st Qu.:-0.65905 1st Qu.:-0.7263 1st Qu.:-0.60573 1st Qu.:-0.7806
## Median: 0.07400 Median: -0.2163 Median: 0.07045
                                                          Median :-0.2018
## Mean : 0.07698 Mean : -0.1272 Mean : 0.00000 Mean : 0.0000
## 3rd Qu.: 0.90077
                      3rd Qu.: 0.4287
                                        3rd Qu.: 0.76311
                                                          3rd Qu.: 0.3520
## Max. : 1.00000 Max. : 1.0000 Max. : 7.23415
                                                          Max.
                                                                 : 9.8139
write.csv(d3, "d3.csv")
#summary(d3)
write.csv(d3, "d3.csv")
\#d2\$disb \leftarrow log(d\$tdisb)
#d2$votes <- log(d2$tvotes)
d2$logdisb <- log(d2$ttl_disb)</pre>
d2$logvotes <- log(d2$general_votes)</pre>
d2 <- na.omit(d2)</pre>
d2[d2 == -Inf] \leftarrow 0
#only original R2 = 0.5116
\#fit0 \leftarrow lm(d2\$general\_votes \sim d2\$ttl\_disb + d2\$state + d2\$can\_party)
fit0 <- lm(d2$general_votes ~ d2$ttl_disb + d2$can_party)</pre>
summary(fit0)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = d2$general_votes ~ d2$ttl_disb + d2$can_party)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -186703 -41651
                     5469
                            51119 613568
##
```

```
## Coefficients:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1.359e+05 4.599e+03 29.548 < 2e-16 ***
## d2$ttl_disb 1.264e-02 2.107e-03
                                     5.998 2.91e-09 ***
## d2$can_party -2.124e+04 4.438e+03 -4.785 2.01e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 77420 on 877 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.07489,
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.07278
## F-statistic: 35.5 on 2 and 877 DF, p-value: 1.5e-15
#only no outlier data R2 = 0.4055
#fit1 < lm(d2$novotes ~ d2$nodisb + d2$state + d2$can_party)
fit1 <- lm(d2$novotes ~ d2$nodisb + d2$can_party)</pre>
summary(fit1)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = d2$novotes ~ d2$nodisb + d2$can_party)
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                 1Q Median
                                   30
                                           Max
## -1.28492 -0.55078 -0.04656 0.70618 1.23316
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.24865 0.03334
                                   7.457 2.12e-13 ***
                           0.03630 7.668 4.63e-14 ***
## d2$nodisb
                0.27832
## d2$can_party -0.22842
                           0.03991 -5.723 1.44e-08 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.6993 on 877 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1085, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1065
## F-statistic: 53.38 on 2 and 877 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
#only original, log(spending) data R2 = 0.5534
#fit2 <- lm(d2$logvotes ~ d2$logdisb + d2$state + d2$can_party)
fit2 <- lm(d2$logvotes ~ d2$logdisb + d2$can_party)</pre>
summary(fit2)
##
## lm(formula = d2$logvotes ~ d2$logdisb + d2$can_party)
##
## Residuals:
               10 Median
      Min
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -7.5509 0.0475 0.4244 0.6384 2.3444
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                           0.26313 37.684 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept) 9.91595
```

```
## d2$logdisb
              0.12959
                          0.01917 6.760 2.51e-11 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.232 on 877 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.08276, Adjusted R-squared: 0.08067
## F-statistic: 39.56 on 2 and 877 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
#only original, log(spending) data R2 = 0.6041
\#fit3 \leftarrow lm(d2\$general\_votes \sim d2\$logdisb + d2\$state + d2\$can\_party)
fit3 <- lm(d2$general_votes ~ d2$logdisb + d2$can_party)</pre>
summary(fit3)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = d2$general_votes ~ d2$logdisb + d2$can_party)
## Residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                              3Q
                                     Max
## -176319 -32444
                    8472 45072 587343
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
              -27698 15680 -1.767 0.07766 .
## d2$logdisb
                13457
                             1142 11.781 < 2e-16 ***
## d2$can_party -12909
                             4287 -3.011 0.00268 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 73400 on 877 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1685, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1666
## F-statistic: 88.87 on 2 and 877 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
#Y = d2$qeneral_votes
library(MASS)
##
## Attaching package: 'MASS'
## The following object is masked from 'package:patchwork':
##
##
      area
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
      select
b <- boxcox(general_votes ~ logdisb + can_party, data = d2)</pre>
```

```
95%
     -4000
log-Likelihood
     -8000
     -12000
                                                                                      2
             -2
                                                 0
                                                 λ
#b
lambda <- b$x
lik <-b$y
bc<-cbind(lambda, lik)</pre>
bc[order(~lik),]
## Warning in is.na(x): is.na() applied to non-(list or vector) of type 'language'
           lambda
                          lik
## [1,] -2.000000 -12510.59
## [2,] -1.959596 -12267.82
lambda<- 0.73
d2$lamvotes <- (d2$general_votes^lambda-1)/lambda
m1<-lm(lamvotes ~ logdisb + can_party, data = d2)</pre>
summary(m1)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lamvotes ~ logdisb + can_party, data = d2)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                 1Q Median
                                  3Q
                                          Max
## -8942.5 -1236.7
                      662.4 2021.6 18925.0
##
## Coefficients:
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
```

694.44 0.702 0.482856

## (Intercept) 487.50

```
## logdisb
                 567.62
                             50.59
                                    11.219 < 2e-16 ***
                -694.97
                                    -3.660 0.000267 ***
## can_party
                            189.87
## ---
                   0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Signif. codes:
##
## Residual standard error: 3251 on 877 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1637, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1618
## F-statistic: 85.81 on 2 and 877 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
g1 <- filter(d2, can_party == "REP")
g2 <- filter(d2, can_party == "DEM")
g3 <- filter(d2, can_party == "Other")
summary (g1)
##
      can_party
                  general_votes
                                   ttl disb
                                                 state
                                                                    novotes
```

```
##
    Min.
           : NA
                   Min.
                           : NA
                                          : NA
                                                                              : NA
                                  Min.
                                                  Length:0
                                                                       Min.
##
    1st Qu.: NA
                   1st Qu.: NA
                                   1st Qu.: NA
                                                  Class : character
                                                                       1st Qu.: NA
    Median: NA
                   Median: NA
                                   Median: NA
                                                                      Median: NA
##
                                                  Mode :character
##
    Mean
            :NaN
                   Mean
                           :NaN
                                   Mean
                                          :NaN
                                                                       Mean
                                                                              :NaN
##
    3rd Qu.: NA
                   3rd Qu.: NA
                                   3rd Qu.: NA
                                                                       3rd Qu.: NA
##
                           : NA
                                          : NA
                                                                      Max.
                                                                              : NA
    Max.
            : NA
                   Max.
                                   Max.
##
        nodisb
                       csvotes
                                       csdisb
                                                     logdisb
                                                                     logvotes
##
            : NA
                           : NA
                                          : NA
                                                                         : NA
    Min.
                   Min.
                                  Min.
                                                  Min.
                                                          : NA
                                                                 Min.
##
    1st Qu.: NA
                   1st Qu.: NA
                                   1st Qu.: NA
                                                  1st Qu.: NA
                                                                 1st Qu.: NA
##
    Median : NA
                   Median : NA
                                   Median: NA
                                                  Median: NA
                                                                 Median : NA
##
    Mean
            :NaN
                           :NaN
                                          :NaN
                                                          :NaN
                                                                 Mean
                                                                         :NaN
                   Mean
                                   Mean
                                                  Mean
##
    3rd Qu.: NA
                   3rd Qu.: NA
                                   3rd Qu.: NA
                                                  3rd Qu.: NA
                                                                 3rd Qu.: NA
##
    Max.
                           : NA
                                          : NA
            : NA
                   Max.
                                   Max.
                                                  Max.
                                                          : NA
                                                                 Max.
                                                                         : NA
##
       lamvotes
##
    Min.
            : NA
##
    1st Qu.: NA
    Median: NA
##
    Mean
            :NaN
##
    3rd Qu.: NA
            : NA
##
    Max.
```

- 6. (3 points) Interpret the model coefficients you estimate.
- Tasks to keep in mind as you're writing about your model:
  - At the time that you're writing and interpreting your regression coefficients you'll be deep in the analysis. Nobody will know more about the data than you do, at that point. So, although it will feel tedious, be descriptive and thorough in describing your observations.
  - It can be hard to strike the balance between: on the one hand, writing enough of the technical underpinnings to know that your model meets the assumptions that it must; and, on the other hand, writing little enough about the model assumptions that the implications of the model can still be clear. We're starting this practice now, so that by the end of Lab 2 you will have had several chances to strike this balance.

```
#lm(d2$general_votes ~ b1*d2$ttl_disb + b2)
```