LAB 5

CS2302-DATA STRUCTURES

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Report

Lab 5 required use to use BST and Hash Table with chaining in simple words with the purpose of comparing two words in a .txt file and getting the percentage of difference between them, among another info details like:

Number of nodes, height, running times, initial table size and final table size.

The code starts asking the user for an input between 1 and 2, 1 being the binary search tree and 2 being the hash table, I used an if to access each of the classes accordingly.

BST starts by using a method that creates the tree with the glove.6B file and returns the tree, after that it uses a method that determines how similar a word is to the next one, and it uses the words.txt.

HashTable starts by using a method that creates the table with the glove.6B file and returns the table, after that it uses a method that determines how similar a word is to the next one, and it uses the words.txt.

Screenshots

```
In [170]: runfile('/Users/diegoquinones/Desktop/CS Data Structures')
Lab5.py', wdir='/Users/diegoquinones/Desktop/CS Data Structures')
Choose table implementation Type 1 for binary search tree or 2 for hash table with chaining2
Choice: 2
Building hash table with chaining Initial Size: 23
Final Table Size: 23
Fercentage of empty lists: 0.0 %
Standard deviation of the lengths of the lists: 1.3232514177693764
Reading word file to determine similarities

Word similarities found:

Word similarity ['barley', 'shrimp'] = 0.46861731182541944
Similarity ['barley', 'shrimp'] = -1.8673839675110195
Similarity ['barley', 'shrimp'] = -1.8673839675110195
Similarity ['barley', 'oat'] = -0.43394303721576414
Similarity ['dererr', 'baseball'] = -0.34394303721576414
Similarity ['harvard', 'stanford'] = 1.1657917451376438
Similarity ['harvard', 'stanford'] = 1.1657917451376438
Similarity ['harvard', 'ant'] = 1.1657917451376438
Similarity ['raven', 'crow '] = 1.9562776279569056
Similarity ['raven', 'whale '] = 1.9562776279569056
Similarity ['raven', 'whale '] = 1.9562776279569056
Similarity ['raven', 'whale '] = 1.9562776279569056
Similarity ['spain', 'france '] = 0.5466274878990728
Similarity ['mexico', 'glatypus'] = -0.13488927298110215
In [171]: runfile('/Users/diegoquinones/Desktop/CS Data Structures')
```

```
In [171]: runfile('/Users/diegoquinones/Desktop/CS Data Structures/
LabS.py', wdir='/Users/diegoquinones/Desktop/CS Data Structures')

Choose table implementation Type 1 for binary search tree or 2 for hash table with chaining1
Choice: 1
Building binary search tree
Number of nodes: 400000
Reading word file to determine similarities

Word similarities found:

Similarity ['bear', 'bear '] = 0.8736806978475604
Similarity ['barley', 'satripp '] = 0.532376436699998
Similarity ['barley', 'satrip '] = 0.7439777972790234
Similarity ['federer', 'baseball '] = 0.3621468102010926
Similarity ['federer', 'baseball '] = 0.3621468102010926
Similarity ['harvard', 'stanford'] = 0.3621468102010926
Similarity ['harvard', 'vtep '] = 0.5941882523380748
Similarity ['harvard', 'ant'] = 0.5941882523380748
Similarity ['raven', 'whale '] = 0.5941882523380748
Similarity ['spain', 'france '] = 0.6718875809588796
Similarity ['spain', 'mexico '] = 0.6718875809588796
Similarity ['mexico', 'france '] = 0.632376436699998
Similarity ['mexico', 'guatemala '] = 0.4779606535932242
Similarity ['computer', 'platypus'] = 1.0085489883957603
14.200464963912964

In [172]:
```

```
Choose table implementation Type 1 for binary search tree or 2 for hash table with chaining?
Choice: 2
Building hash table with chaining Initial Size: 23
Final Table Size: 23
Final Table Size: 23
Percentage of empty lists: 0.0 %
Standard deviation of the lengths of the lists: 1.3232514177693764
Reading word file to determine similarities

Word similarities found:

Similarity ['barley', 'bar '] = -1.0
Similarity ['barley', 'sat'] = -1.0
Similarity ['barley', 'oat '] = -1.0
Similarity ['federer', 'baseball '] = -1.0
Similarity ['harvard', 'stanford '] = -1.0
Similarity ['raven', 'row '] = -1.0
Similarity ['raven', 'whale '] = -1.0
Similarity ['spain', 'mexico '] = -1.0
Similarity ['spain', 'mexico '] = -1.0
Similarity ['mexico', 'gratemala '] = -1.0
```

Running Times

Hash Table:

16.60

15.1787

13.0164

Binary Search:

14.2

13.0218

11.4848

Source Code

```
#!/usr/bin/e
nv python3
```

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
"""

Created on Mon Apr 1 21:50:50 2019
@author: diegoquinones
"""

import numpy as np
import math
import time

class BST(object):
    # Constructor
    def __init__(self, item=[], left=None, right=None):
        self.item = item
        self.left = left
        self.right = right

# Implementation of hash tables with chaining using strings
#All of this code belongs to hash table
```

```
class HashTableC(object):
    # Builds a hash table of size 'size'
    # Item is a list of (initially empty) lists
    # Constructor
   def __init__(self,size):
       self.item = []
        for i in range(size):
            self.item.append([])
        self.num_items=0
def InsertC(H,k,1):
    # Inserts k in appropriate bucket (list)
    # Does nothing if k is already in the table
    b = h(k,len(H.item))
   H.item[b].append([k,1])
def FindC(H,k):
   # Returns bucket (b) and index (i)
    # If k is not in table, i == -1
    b = h(k, len(H.item))
   for i in range(len(H.item[b])):
        if H.item[b][i][0] == k:
            return b, i, H.item[b][i][1]
    return b, -1, -1
def h(s,n):
   r = 0
   for c in s:
        r = (r*255 + ord(c))% n
    return r
def EmptyPer(H):
    counter=0
    for i in H.item:
        if i ==[]:
            counter=+1
    return counter
def Similarity(H,file):
    print('Reading word file to determine similarities ')
```

```
print()
            print('Word similarities found:')
            print()
            for i in file:
                        word=i.split(',')
                        word[1]=word[1].replace('\n',' ')
                        a=FindC(H,word[0])
                        b=FindC(H,word[1])
                        print('Similarity',
word, \verb|'=', \verb|round(np.sum(a[2]*b[2]))| ((math.sqrt(np.sum(a[2]*a[2])))* (math.sqrt(np.sum(b[2]*a[2]))) | (math.sqrt(np.sum(b[2]*a[2]))) | (math.sqrt(np.sum(a[2]*a[2]))) | (math.sqrt(np.sum(a[2]*a[2])) | (math.sq
 ]*b[2])))))
 def HashBuilder(v):
            print('Building hash table with chaining',end=' ')
            H1=HashTableC(23)
            print('Initial Size: ', len(H1.item))
            for i in v:
                       line = i
                        letters=line.split(" ")
                        word=letters[0]
                        embed = np.empty([50], dtype=float)
                        counter=0
                        for j in range(1,len(letters)):
                                    embed[counter]=letters[j]
                                    counter+=1
                        InsertC(H1,word,embed)
                        H1.num_items+=1
            EmptyLists=((EmptyPer(H1))/len(H1.item) )*100
            deviation=SDev(H1)
            print('Final Table Size: ',len(H1.item))
            print('Percentage of empty lists: ',EmptyLists,' %')
            print('Standard deviation of the lengths of the lists: ',deviation)
            return H1
 #doubles size of hash table
 def ExpandHash(H):
            #creates longer hash
            H1= HashTableC((len(H.item)*2)+1)
            #inserts values to new hash
            for i in range(len(H.item)):
                        for j in H.item[i]:
```

```
InsertC(H1,j[0],j[1])
    return H1
def loadFactor(H):
   return H.num_items//len(H.item)
def SDev(H):
   a=0
   k=loadFactor(H)
   for i in H.item:
        a=a+ len(i)-k
   standard=((1/len(H.item)*a)/(len(H.item)))*100
    return standard
#All of this code belong to BST
def Tree(a):
    print('Building binary search tree')
   nodeCounter=0
    tree=None
    for i in a:
        line=i
        text=line.split(" ")
        word = text[0]
        j= value(word)
        count=0
        e=np.empty([50],dtype=float)
        for k in range(1,len(text)):
            e[count]=text[k]
            count+=1
        tree=Insert(tree,[j,word,e])
        nodeCounter+=1
   print('Number of nodes: ',nodeCounter)
    return tree
```

```
def Insert(T,newItem):
    if T==None:
        T=BST(newItem)
    elif T.item[0]>newItem[0]:
        T.left=Insert(T.left,newItem)
    elif T.item[0]<newItem[0]:</pre>
        T.right=Insert(T.right,newItem)
    return T
def height(T):
    counter=0
    temp1=T
    while temp1 is not None:
        counter=counter+1
        temp1=temp1.left
    counter=0
    return temp1
def value(w):
    num=[ord(c) for c in w]
    counter=0
    for i in num:
        counter=counter+1
    return counter
def wordfinder(T,k):
    while T is not None:
        if T.item[0]==value(k) or T.item[1]==k:
            return T.item
        elif T.item[0]<value(k):</pre>
            T=T.right
        else:
            T=T.left
    return None
def similaritybst(T,file):
    temp=T
    print('Reading word file to determine similarities')
```

```
print()
   print('Word similarities found: ')
   print()
   for words in file:
       words=words.split(',')
       words[1]=words[1].replace('\n',' ')
       b=wordfinder(temp,words[1])
       a=wordfinder(temp,words[0])
       print('Similarity',
2]*b[2])))))
#main method
userinput= input('Choose table implementation Type 1 for binary search tree or 2 for
hash table with chaining')
file=open("glove.6B.50d.txt","r")
words=open("words.txt","r")
type(userinput)
if userinput=='2':
   start = time. time()
   print('Choice: ',2)
   HT=HashBuilder(file)
   Similarity(HT,words)
   end = time. time()
   print(end - start)
if userinput=='1':
   start = time. time()
   print('Choice: ',1)
   BS=Tree(file)
   similaritybst(BS,words)
   end = time. time()
   print(end - start)
```

Academic Honesty Certification

"I certify that this project is entirely my own work. I wrote, debugged, and tested the code being presented, performed the experiments, and wrote the report. I also certify that I did not share my code or report or provided inappropriate assistance to any student in the class."

-Diego Quinones