

```
In [ ]: from pydaqmx_helper.adc import ADC
        from pydaqmx_helper.dac import DAC
```

```
In [ ]: from tqdm import tqdm
        from glob import glob
        import time
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from matplotlib import cm
        from scipy.optimize import curve_fit
        from matplotlib.colors import LogNorm

        plt.rcParams.update({'font.size': 14})
```

```
In [ ]: thermocoupleADC = ADC()
        thermocoupleDAC = DAC(0)
```

```
In [ ]: thermocoupleADC.addChannels([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7], ADC_mode="DAQmx_Val_RSE")
        thermocoupleADC.getActiveChannels()
```

```
In [ ]: thermocoupleADC.sampleVoltages()
```

## Calibration

```
In [ ]: # Need to convert from adc pin voltage to temperature
```

```
In [ ]: def SwitchPinLayer(dac, layer):

    # We have 16 thermocouples but only 8 ADC ouputs, a 16 to 8 channel switch is used
    # We describe the two sets of thermocouples as layers, and switch between them using this function
    # This function sets voltage switch to the value corresponding to the 'layer' parameter which is 0 or 1

    if layer == 0:
        dac.writeVoltage(0)

    elif layer == 1:
        dac.writeVoltage(5)

    else:
        raise ValueError("Parameter: 'Layer' must be of type int and either 0 or 1")

    return
```

```
In [ ]: def MeasureTemperatures(adc, dac, calibrationFunction=None):
        # Function to record the temperatures of all the pins
        # Returns a list with the length of the number of pins, with each value being the voltage of pin 'i'.

        # Define a new list containing thermocouple outputs

        temperatures = list()

        # First ensure pin switch is on layer 0
        SwitchPinLayer(dac, 0)

        # Record voltages for each pin
        firstPins = adc.sampleVoltages()

        for el in firstPins.values():
            temperatures.append(el[0]) # first element of el is needed as the values of the returned dictionary are tuples

        # Switch pins to second layer
        SwitchPinLayer(dac, 1)

        # Record voltages for each pin
        secondPins = adc.sampleVoltages()

        for el in secondPins.values():

            temperatures.append(el[0])

        return temperatures
```

```
In [ ]: MeasureTemperatures(thermocoupleADC, thermocoupleDAC)
```

```
In [ ]: def SaveCalibrationData(path, temperature):
        data = MeasureTemperatures(thermocoupleADC, thermocoupleDAC)

        fullPath = path + "/nc_calibration_" + str(temperature)

        np.savetxt(fullPath, data)
```

```
In [ ]: SaveCalibrationData(r"C:\Users\Student\Desktop\20302561\Calibration", "test")
```

```
In [ ]: SaveCalibrationData(r"C:\Users\Student\Desktop\20302561\Calibration", 71.5)
```

## Loading Calibration Data

```
In [ ]: def GetCalibrationData(path):  
    paths = glob(path)  
    paths.sort(key = lambda x: float(x.split('_')[-1]))  
  
    data = [0] * len(paths)  
    temperature = [float(el.split('_')[-1]) for el in paths]  
  
    for i, path in enumerate(paths):  
        data[i] = np.loadtxt(path)  
  
    return [temperature, np.array(data)]
```

```
In [ ]: def QuadraticFit(x, a, b, c):  
  
    if type(x) == np.dtype('float64'):  
        x = [x]  
  
    output = []  
  
    for el in x:  
        output.append(a*el**2 + b*el + c)  
  
    return output
```

```
In [ ]: def PlotCalibration(calibrationData):

    fig, ax = plt.subplots()

    pins = [ calibrationData[1][:,i] for i in range(len(calibrationData[1]))]

    fitPars = []
    fitCov = []

    for i, pinValues in enumerate(pins):

        ax.errorbar(calibrationData[0], pinValues, xerr=0.5, fmt=".", color=plt.get_cmap("viridis").__call__(i / 16), label=f"Thermocouple Index {i}")

        #print(calibrationData[0])
        #print(pinValues)

        pars, cov = curve_fit(QuadraticFit, calibrationData[0], pinValues)

        ax.plot(calibrationData[0], QuadraticFit(calibrationData[0], pars[0], pars[1], pars[2]), alpha=0.5,
                color=plt.get_cmap("viridis").__call__(i / 16))

        fitPars.append(pars)
        fitCov.append(cov)

    ax.set_xlabel(r"Temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )")
    ax.set_ylabel("Thermocouple Voltage (V)")
    ax.margins(0)
    ax.set_xlim(0, 90)
    #plt.legend()

    return (fitPars, fitCov)
```

```
In [ ]: def CreateCalibrationFunction(fitPars):

    def CalibrationFunction(voltages):

        temperatures = []

        for i, pinVoltage in enumerate(voltages):

            quadratic = np.polynomial.Polynomial(np.flip(fitPars[i]))

            roots = (quadratic - pinVoltage).roots()

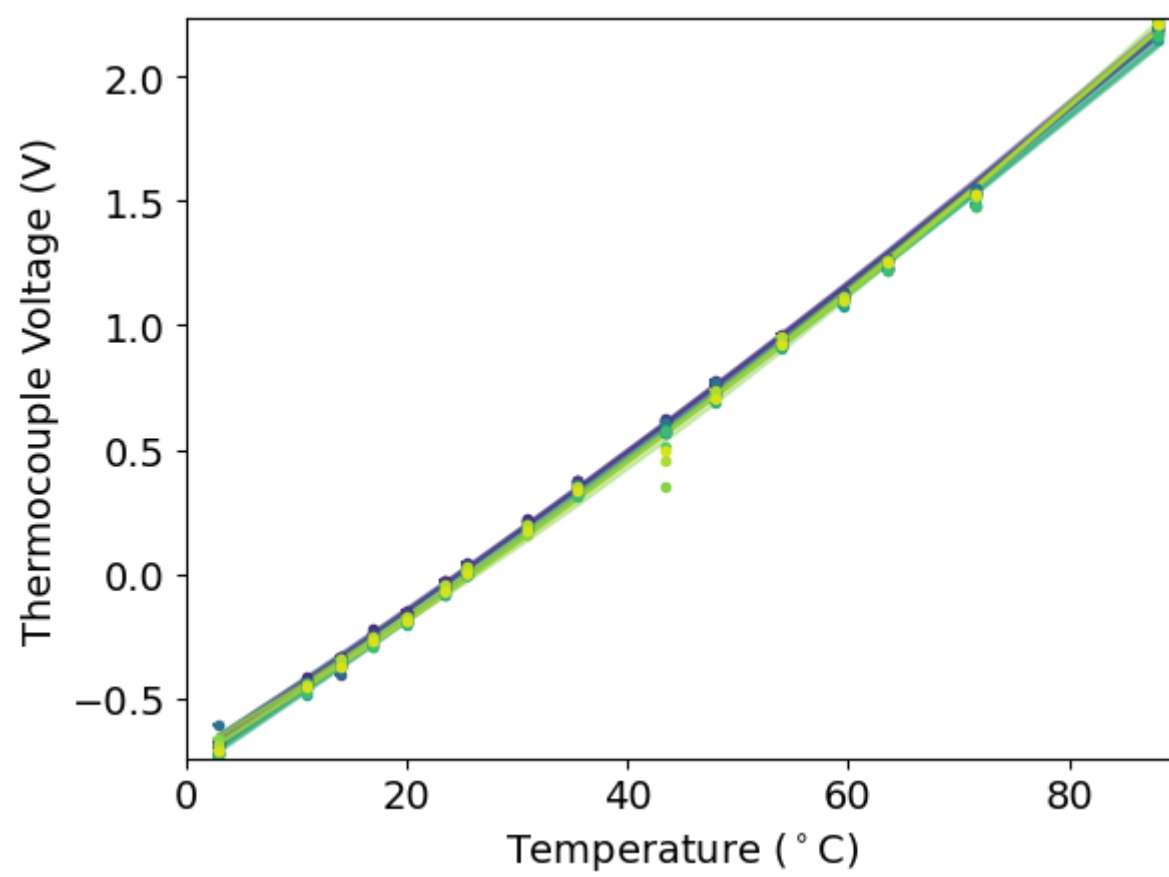
            for r in roots:
                if r > 0:
                    root = r

            temperatures.append(root)

        return temperatures

    return CalibrationFunction
```

```
In [ ]: calibrationData = GetCalibrationData(r"../data/calibration/*")
fitPars, fitCov = PlotCalibration(calibrationData) # Thermocouple error is negligible
CalibrationFunction = CreateCalibrationFunction(fitPars)
#print(fitPars)
#print(np.sqrt(np.diag(fitCov)))
#plt.ylim(0, 1)
#plt.xlim(30, 50)
```



Experiment

```
In [ ]: def ExperimentRun(measurements, timeBetween):

    # measurements: Number of measurements to be made
    # timeBetween: Time to wait between each measurment (seconds)

    # files containing the data for each measurment will be saved before the next one begins

    startTime = time.time()

    for i in tqdm(range(measurements)):

        print(f"Taking measurment {i} of {measurements}")

        ## DO MEASUREMENT

        print("Measurment complete, writing to file")

        currentTime = time.time() - startTime
        currentTimeRounded = int(currentTime)

        ## Write to file. Note that filename should contain the time at which the measurment was taken

        print(f"Waiting {timeBetween} seconds")

        time.sleep(timeBetween)

    print("All measurments complete, exiting function")
    totalTime = time.time() - startTime
    print(f"Total time ellapsed: {totalTime}")

    return
```

## Plotting

```
In [ ]: def GetData(path):
    paths = glob(path)
    paths.sort(key = lambda x: float(x.split('_')[-1]))

    data = [0] * len(paths)
    time = [float(el.split('_')[-1]) for el in paths]

    for i, path in enumerate(paths):
        data[i] = np.loadtxt(path)

    return [time, np.array(data)]
```

```
In [ ]: def PinNumberToDistance(pinNumbers):  
        # Takes pin index and return the distance from the resevoir in cm  
  
        firstDistance = 10 # 10 cm  
        interDistance = 4.6 # 46 mm  
  
        pinDistances = []  
  
        for pinNumber in pinNumbers:  
            pinDistances.append(firstDistance + interDistance * pinNumber)  
  
        return pinDistances
```



```
In [ ]: def dS_internal(pinTemperatures, length, furnaceTemperature):

    total = 0
    temperatures = [furnaceTemperature, *pinTemperatures]
    temperatures = [t + 273.15 for t in temperatures]

    for i in range(0, len(temperatures) - 2):
        currentT = temperatures[i]
        nextT = temperatures[i + 1]

        total += (nextT - currentT) * ((1 / nextT) - (1 / currentT))

    return (- 1 / length) * total

def dS_external(pinTemperatures, length, beta, furnaceTemperature, t):

    temperatures = [furnaceTemperature, *pinTemperatures]
    temperatures = [t + 273.15 for t in temperatures]

    a = (- 1 / length) * (1 / temperatures[0]) * (temperatures[1] - temperatures[0])
    b = (1 / length) * (1 / temperatures[-1]) * (temperatures[-1] - temperatures[-2])

    c = 0

    for i in range(1, len(temperatures) - 2):

        c += -1 * (beta*100)**2 * length * (1 - (temperatures[-1] / temperatures[i]))

    if t == 5:
        print(temperatures)
        print(f"A: {a}")
        print(f"B: {b}")
        print(f"C: {c}")

    return a + b + c
```

```

In [ ]: def DetermineSteadyStateCutoff(temperatureArray, tolerance):
    # Finds the time along the array where the temperatures change by no greater than the tolerance for each pin
    timeIndex = 20

    while timeIndex < len(temperatureArray):

        if timeIndex == len(temperatureArray) - 1:
            raise Exception("Steady state not found, tolerance too high!")

        elif np.any( (temperatureArray[timeIndex + 1 ] - temperatureArray[timeIndex]) > tolerance ):
            timeIndex += 1
            continue

        else:
            print("Complete at t=" + str(timeIndex))
            break

    return timeIndex

def PlotSteadyState(ax, temperatureArray, plot=True):

    startIndex = DetermineSteadyStateCutoff(temperatureArray, 0.5)

    steadyStates = temperatureArray[startIndex:-1]

    meanTemperatures = []
    temperatureStds = []

    i = 0
    while i < len(steadyStates[0]):
        meanTemperatures.append(np.mean(steadyStates[:,i]))
        temperatureStds.append(np.std(steadyStates[:,i]))
        i += 1

    pinPositions = PinNumberToDistance(np.arange(len(temperatureArray.T)))

    # FITTING
    def ExpFunc(x, a, b):
        if type(x) == np.dtype('float64'):
            x = [x]

        output = []

        for el in x:
            output.append(a * np.exp(- b * el))

    return output

```

```

# Subtract room temperature from mean temperatures
roomTemperature = meanTemperatures[-1]
meanTemperatures = meanTemperatures - roomTemperature

pars, cov = curve_fit(ExpFunc, pinPositions, meanTemperatures, [80, 0.5], sigma=temperatureStd, absolute_sigma=True)

# PLOTTING
if plot:
    cmap = cm.get_cmap('inferno')

    a, b = pars
    print(pars)
    xRange = np.linspace(1, 100, 1000)
    ax.plot(xRange, ExpFunc(xRange, a, b), color=cmap(0.9), label="Exponential Fit ( $Ae^{-bx}$ )")

    ax.errorbar(pinPositions, meanTemperatures, yerr=temperatureStd, fmt=".", color=cmap(0.5), linewidth=1, capsize=3, label="Steady State Data")
    ax.set_ylabel(r"Temperature - T$_{room}$ ($^\circ$ C)") # No need for this one with the colorbar in the middle
    ax.set_xlabel("Pin Distance (cm)")
    ax.legend()

return (startIndex, pars, cov, roomTemperature)

```

In [ ]: `def MakePlots(data, entropy=False, heatMap=False):`

```

# REFORMATING DATA
temperatureArray = np.zeros((len(data[0]), len(data[1][0])))

for i, timeRow in enumerate(temperatureArray):
    temperatures = CalibrationFunction(data[1][i]) # convert from volatages to Celcius
    temperatureArray[i] = temperatures

# HEATMAP PLOTTING
if heatMap:
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(12,6))

    x = np.arange(len(temperatureArray))
    y = PinNumberToDistance(np.arange(len(temperatureArray.T)))

    cbar = axes[0].pcolormesh(x, y, temperatureArray.T, cmap="inferno")
    fig.colorbar(cbar, label=r"Temperature ($^\circ$ C)")

    axes[0].set_xlabel("Time (minutes)")
    axes[0].set_ylabel("Pin Distance (cm)") # Note we need to convert from pin number to distance from hot resevoir
    # First pin is 10 cm away from hot resevoir
    # Each pin after is 46 mm away from the previous

    startIndex, _, _, _ = PlotSteadyState(axes[1], temperatureArray)

```

```

cutOffColour = "white"
axes[0].axvline(startIndex, color=cutOffColour)
axes[0].text(startIndex - 1, 70, "Steady State Cutoff\nTolerance: 0.5$^\circ$,C$", color=cutOffColour, horizontalalignment="right")

axes[0].set_title("( c )")
axes[1].set_title("( d )")

plt.tight_layout()

```

```
# ENTROPY PLOTS
```

```

if entropy:
    fig = plt.figure()
    ax = fig.add_subplot(111)

    _, pars, cov, roomTemperature = PlotSteadyState(None, temperatureArray, plot=False)
    beta = pars[1]
    print(f"Beta: ({beta*100} +/- {np.sqrt(cov[1][1]) * 100}) 1/m")

    internalEntropy = []
    externalEntropy = []

    for i, timeRow in enumerate(temperatureArray):
        temperatures = CalibrationFunction(data[1][i]) # convert from volatages to Celcius
        temperatureArray[i] = temperatures

    length = 0.046 # 46 mm

```

```

In [ ]: MakePlots(GetData("/home/daraghollman/Main/ucd_4thYearLabs/NewtonsCooling/data/Uniform/*"), heatMap=True, entropy=False)
        print(f"Furnace Temperature: ({pars[0] + roomTemperature} +/- {np.sqrt(cov[0][0])}) C")
        print(temperatures)

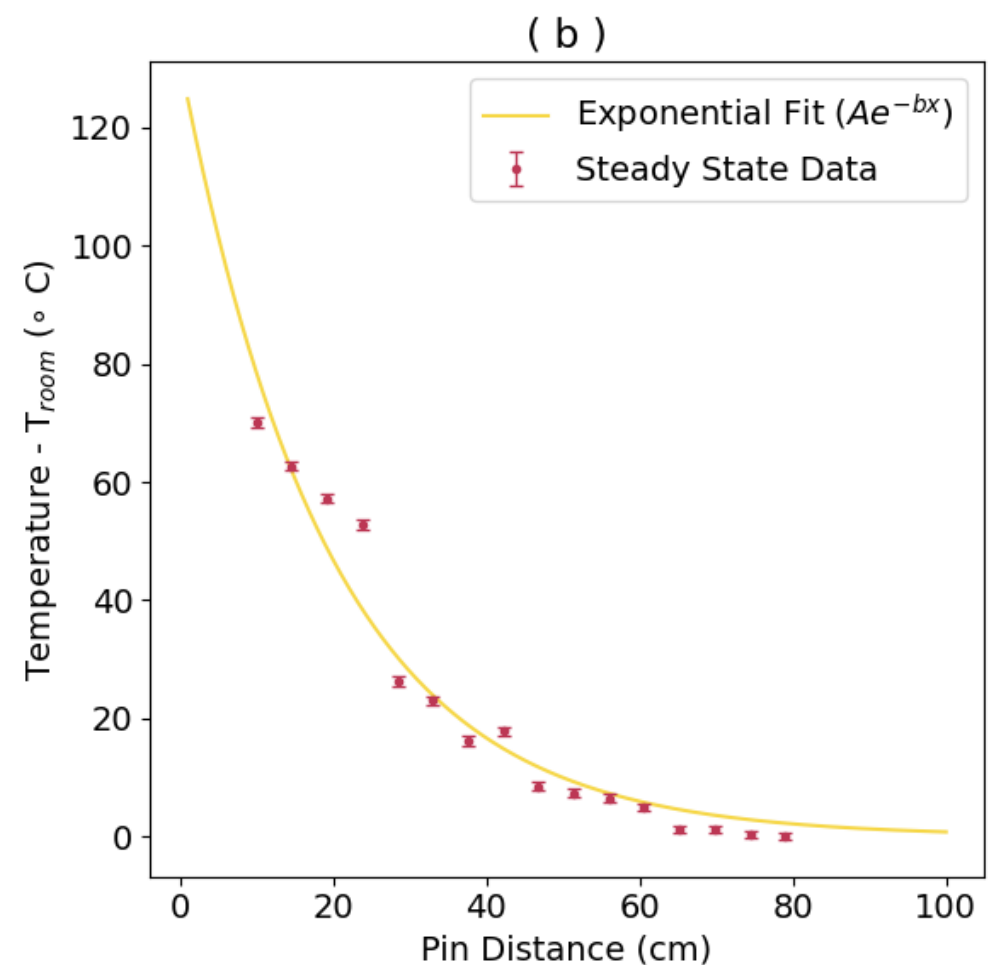
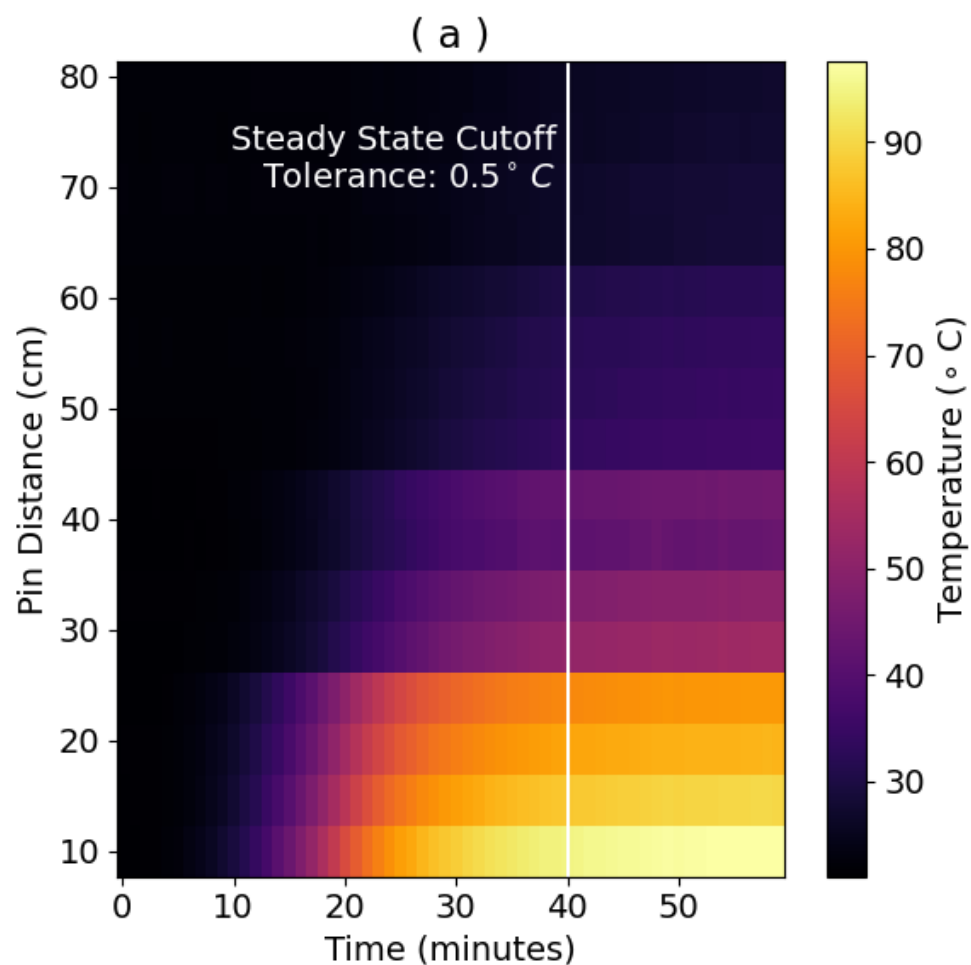
        internalEntropy.append(-1 * dS_internal(temperatures, length=length, furnaceTemperature=pars[0] + roomTemperature))
        externalEntropy.append(dS_external(temperatures, length, beta, pars[0] + roomTemperature, i))

cmap = cm.get_cmap('inferno')
print(f"EXT: {np.mean(externalEntropy[-5:-1])} +/- {np.std(externalEntropy[-5:-1])}")
print(f"INT: {np.mean(internalEntropy[-5:-1])} +/- {np.std(internalEntropy[-5:-1])}")
ax.scatter(np.arange(len(temperatureArray)), internalEntropy, marker=".", label=r"$\frac{-dS_i}{dt}$", color=cmap(0.5))
ax.scatter(np.arange(len(temperatureArray)), externalEntropy, marker=".", label=r"$\frac{dS_e}{dt}$", color=cmap(0.9))

ax.set_xlabel("Time (minutes)")
ax.set_ylabel(r"$\frac{dS}{dt}$ (arb.)")

ax.legend()

```



```
In [ ]: MakePlots(GetData("/home/daraghollman/Main/ucd_4thYearLabs/NewtonsCooling/data/Uniform/*"), heatMap=False, entropy=True)
```

Complete at t=40

Beta: (5.165907822168314 +/- 0.060112855360566875) 1/m

Furnace Temperature: (157.89919748866188 +/- 1.648150788615526) C

[22.52098009479071, 22.06285973366716, 22.11755452796978, 21.99213999574022, 21.354390818915398, 21.608617697100062, 21.174761499889712, 21.307595955317147, 21.39712656572045, 21.804156061492282, 21.82499795191574, 21.687824962187555, 22.061473653663892, 22.49886003875767, 22.06476766989573, 22.00207236127147]

[431.0491974886619, 295.6709800947907, 295.21285973366713, 295.26755452796976, 295.1421399957402, 294.5043908189154, 294.7586176971, 294.3247614998897, 294.4575959553171, 294.5471265657204, 294.95415606149226, 294.9749979519157, 294.83782496218754, 295.21147365366386, 295.6488600387577, 295.2147676698957, 295.15207236127145]

A: 6.827537884538418

B: -0.004617760197066815

C: 0.010918695108608083

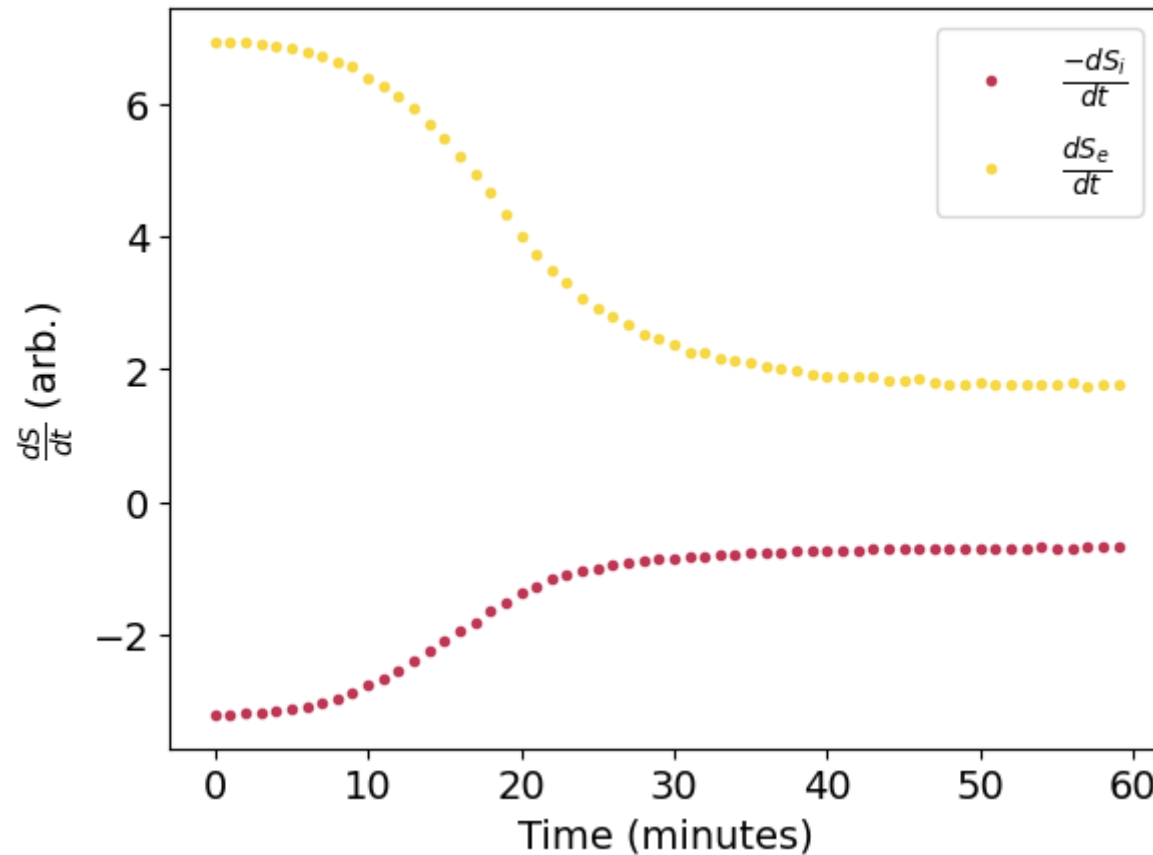
EXT: 1.7656794510388836 +/- 0.016215066639972787

INT: -0.6865977784818382 +/- 0.0035992490745622545

```

/tmp/ipykernel_1180800/1556911531.py:45: RuntimeWarning: overflow encountered in exp
  output.append(a * np.exp(- b * el))
/tmp/ipykernel_1180800/2982705687.py:61: MatplotlibDeprecationWarning: The get_cmap function was deprecated in Matplotlib 3.7 and will be removed two min
or releases later. Use ``matplotlib.colormaps[name]`` or ``matplotlib.colormaps.get_cmap(obj)`` instead.
  cmap = cm.get_cmap('inferno')

```



```

In [ ]: MakePlots(GetData("/home/daraghhollman/Main/ucd_4thYearLabs/NewtonsCooling/data/NonUniform/*"), heatMap=True, entropy=False)

```

```

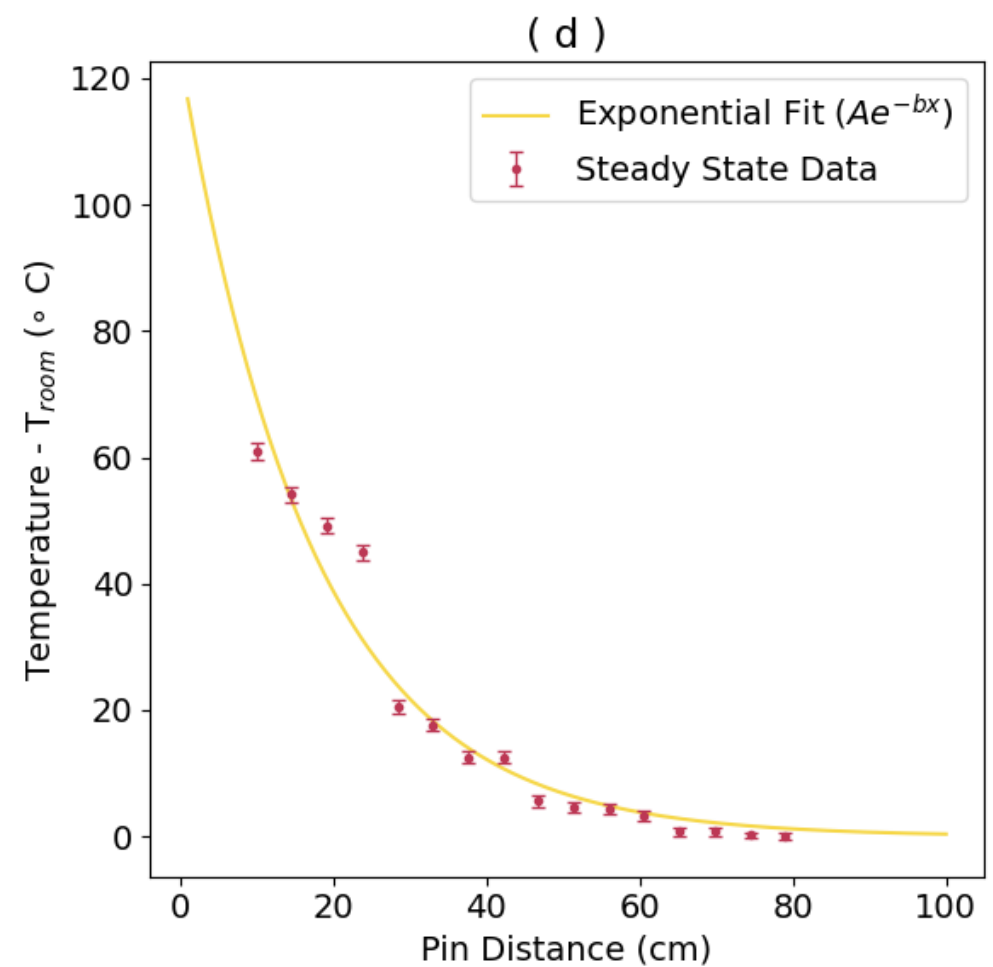
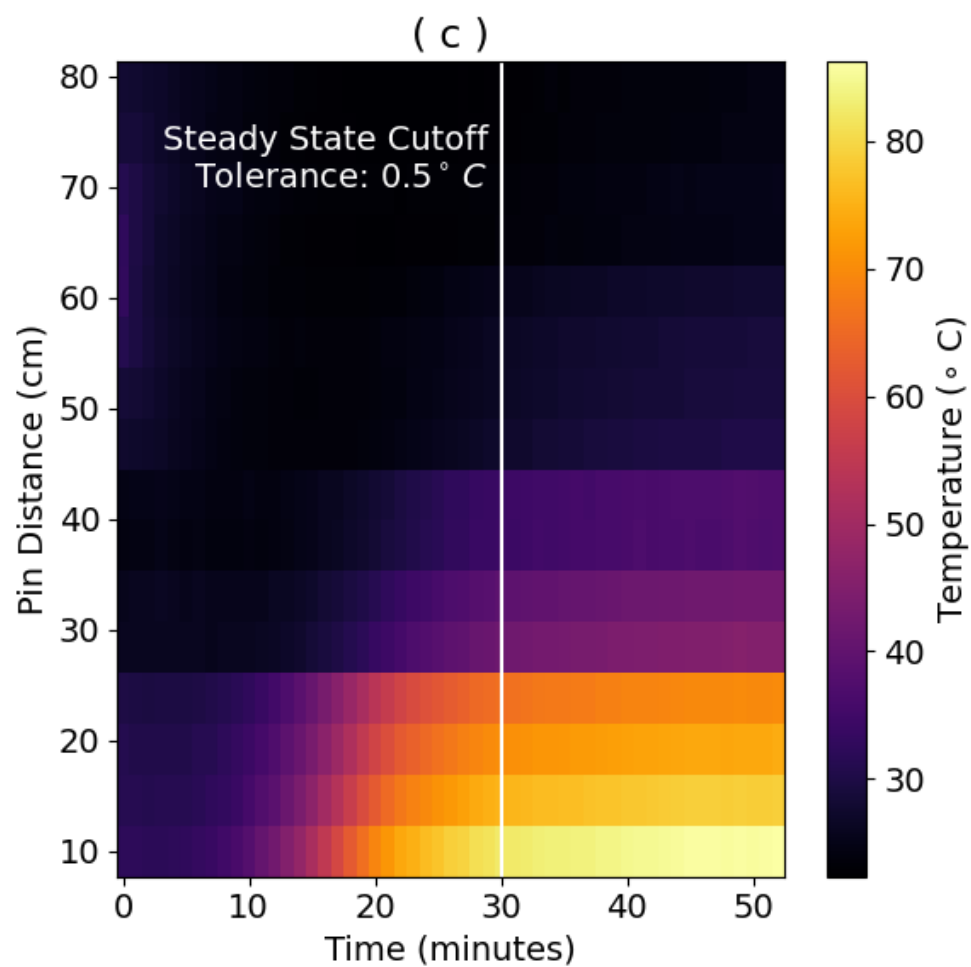
Complete at t=30
[1.23659838e+02 5.78949973e-02]

```

```

/tmp/ipykernel_1180800/1556911531.py:45: RuntimeWarning: overflow encountered in exp
  output.append(a * np.exp(- b * el))
/tmp/ipykernel_1180800/1556911531.py:58: MatplotlibDeprecationWarning: The get_cmap function was deprecated in Matplotlib 3.7 and will be removed two min
or releases later. Use ``matplotlib.colormaps[name]`` or ``matplotlib.colormaps.get_cmap(obj)`` instead.
  cmap = cm.get_cmap('inferno')

```



```
In [ ]: MakePlots(GetData("/home/daraghollman/Main/ucd_4thYearLabs/NewtonsCooling/data/NonUniform/*"), heatMap=False, entropy=True)
```

Complete at t=30

Beta: (5.789499725997166 +/- 0.10534723968606945) 1/m

Furnace Temperature: (147.16596707831744 +/- 2.6984035778922615) C

[32.45982740811246, 31.14523893335278, 30.569625167500273, 29.69599880323655, 25.887608513986137, 25.508448039951798, 24.187015205545933, 24.621437841687484, 25.63037788657392, 25.678425742494113, 26.098344372393594, 25.892920362215772, 26.007213005694705, 26.31266507003041, 25.74613428699488, 25.661893036318727]

[420.3159670783174, 305.60982740811244, 304.2952389333528, 303.7196251675002, 302.8459988032365, 299.03760851398613, 298.6584480399518, 297.3370152055459, 297.7714378416875, 298.7803778865739, 298.8284257424941, 299.24834437239355, 299.04292036221574, 299.1572130056947, 299.46266507003037, 298.8961342869949, 298.8118930363187]

A: 5.932707599224616

B: -0.006128710332880056

C: -0.10336200579604853

EXT: 1.8000898840512896 +/- 0.026124723842881455

INT: -0.7002391646568079 +/- 0.002617424191552274

```
/tmp/ipykernel_1180800/1556911531.py:45: RuntimeWarning: overflow encountered in exp
```

```
    output.append(a * np.exp(- b * e1))
```

```
/tmp/ipykernel_1180800/2341118038.py:61: MatplotlibDeprecationWarning: The get_cmap function was deprecated in Matplotlib 3.7 and will be removed two min  
or releases later. Use ``matplotlib.colormaps[name]`` or ``matplotlib.colormaps.get_cmap(obj)`` instead.
```

```
cmap = cm.get_cmap('inferno')
```

