# **UCD School Of Physics**



PHYC30170 Physics with Astronomy and Space Science Lab 1; CCDs and Spectroscopy

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#### Abstract

The aim of this experiment was to calibrate a CCD for spectroscopy and determine the resolution of a spectrograph. This was done by comparing the emission spectrum of a mercury arc lap to reference values... INSERT RESULTS.

#### 1 Introduction

## 2 Theory

A diffraction grating is used to split incident light into its separate wavelengths. As a diffraction grating is an array of very narrow and evenly spaced slits, the diffraction pattern from each slit interferes such that the light disperses by a angle  $\theta$  as described by equation  $1^{[1]}$ .

$$n\lambda = dsin\theta \tag{1}$$

where d is the spacing between the slits,  $\lambda$  is the wavelength of the incident light,  $\theta$  is the angle which the light is diffracted by and n is a positive integer.

Diffraction grating and equation + figure, what is the spectrograph setup, arc lamps + emission lines

## 3 Methodology

#### 3.1 Apparatus

Photo of experimental setup + focal lengths of all pieces, Atik 314L+ CCD

- 3.2 Determining the Readnoise and the Gain
- 3.3 Wavelength Calibration
- 3.4 Determining the Resolution of the Spectrograph
- 4 Results and Analysis
- 5 Conclusion

#### References

[1] GeoSci Developers. Attenuation and Skin Depth. 2018. URL: https://em.geosci.xyz/content/maxwell1\_fundamentals/harmonic\_planewaves\_homogeneous/skindepth.html.