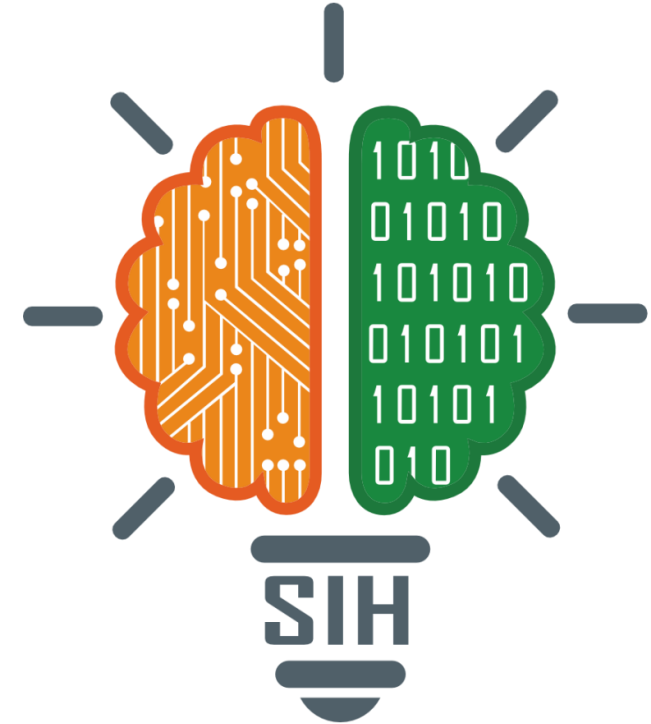


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## TITLE PAGE

- **Problem Statement ID – 25132**
- **Problem Statement Title-Student Innovation**
- **Theme-MedTech / BioTech / HealthTech**
- **PS Category- Software**
- **Team ID - 77014**
- **Team Name-Quantum Care**



## OPPORTUNITY (Why?)

**Early detection** is paramount to **cancer survival**, yet the current healthcare model often struggles with **delayed diagnosis**, resulting in **poor treatment outcomes** and **low survival rates**. The reliance on slow, error-prone, and inefficient **manual diagnosis** (human review of X-rays, CTs, and MRIs) is not equipped for high-volume screening and frequently lacks the sensitivity to catch **pre-symptomatic malignancy**.

The immense opportunity lies in leveraging **Artificial Intelligence**, specifically **Deep Learning**, to fundamentally shift the timeline from reactive treatment to **proactive prevention**. A unified AI-driven system can enable **Early Stage Detection** for major cancers (such as **Lung, Brain, Skin, and Blood**), ensuring patients receive **Better Treatment** sooner. This transformation promises to **drastically improve survival rates** for millions worldwide while simultaneously **reducing healthcare costs**.

## Idea (What?)

Our platform is an intelligent, deep-learning based system that analyzes multi-modal medical data (imaging, pathology slides, genomic reports) to rapidly and accurately identify malignant tissue, predict cancer risk, and assist clinicians in diagnosis and prognosis

## Proposed Solutions(How?)

- ✓ **Multi-Modal Image Processing:** Collects diverse images (X-ray, CT, MRI, Dermoscopy) and applies Noise Removal and a Segmentation Model to isolate the areas of interest for efficient analysis.
- ✓ **Deep Learning Classification (CNN):** The image segment is analyzed by a Convolutional Neural Network (CNN), which performs high-sensitivity Feature Extraction to determine the probability of malignancy and generates the Final Prediction.
- ✓ **Real-Time, Explainable Output (XAI):**, Explainable Output (XAI): Accelerated by GPU, the system delivers Real-Time Analysis and a Visual Diagnostic Report featuring heatmaps and a confidence score to aid the clinician.
- ✓ **High-Risk Data Flagging:** Upon a Malignant/High-Risk classification, the diagnostic data is instantly and securely logged, triggering an alert for the subsequent AI Chatbot Patient Navigator.
- ✓ **Suggest Specialists:** Recommend the most appropriate onco-specialist .
- ✓ **Facilitate Booking:** Guide the patient through the next steps for early treatment, potentially even initiating the appointment scheduling process based on the risk level.
- ✓ **Patient Education and Support:** The Chatbot provides immediate, accurate information about the next steps, answering common patient FAQs and reducing the anxiety associated with waiting for a critical appointment.

## Tech-Stack

**Frontend:** ReactJS / Angular (for Clinical Dashboard) Material-UI (for modern design)

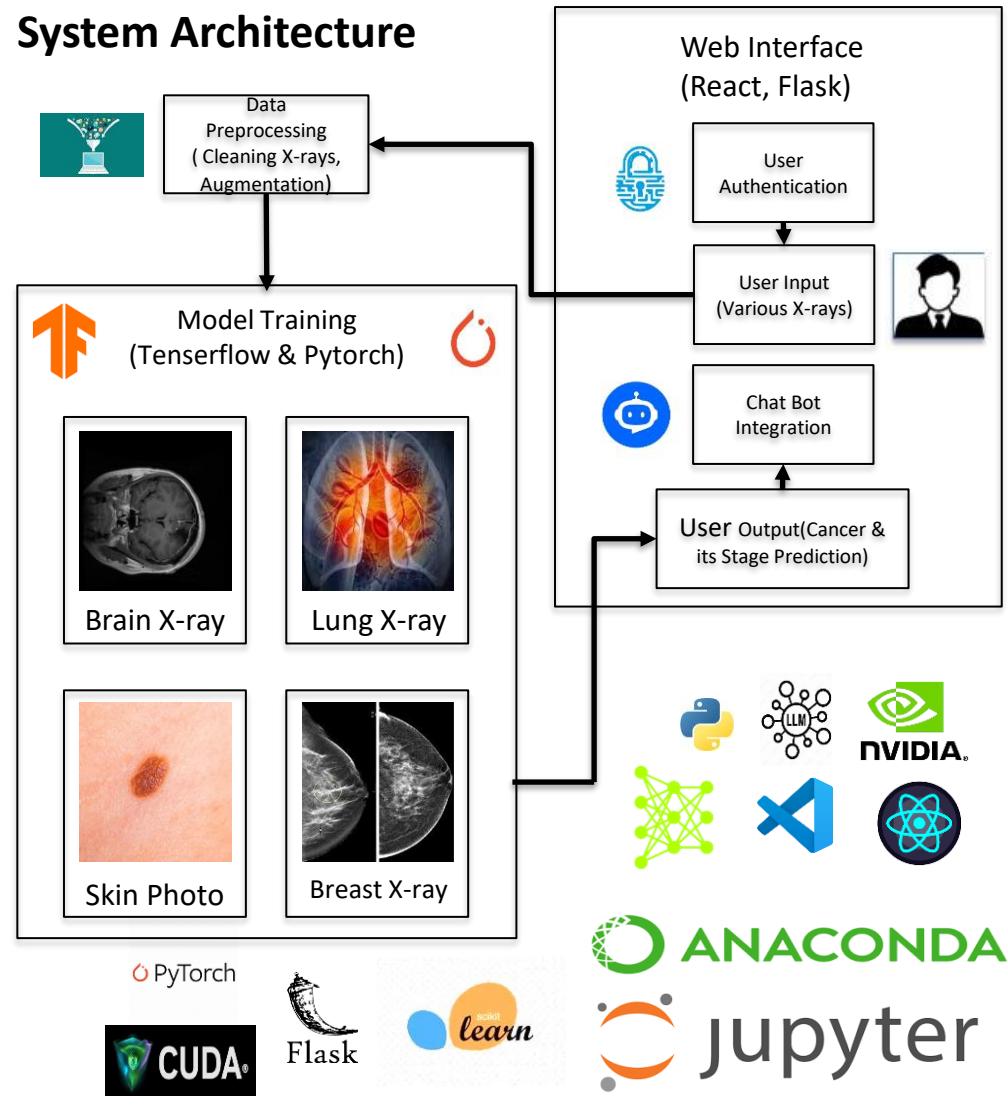
**Backend / API Layer:** Python (Flask / FastAPI - for high-performance API) PostgreSQL (for secure data storage)

**AI and ML (Core Engine):** PyTorch and TensorFlow (Deep Learning Frameworks) NVIDIA CUDA (GPU acceleration) CNN Architectures (for classification) OpenCV, Scikit-image (for image processing, segmentation) Grad-CAM (for XAI heatmap generation)

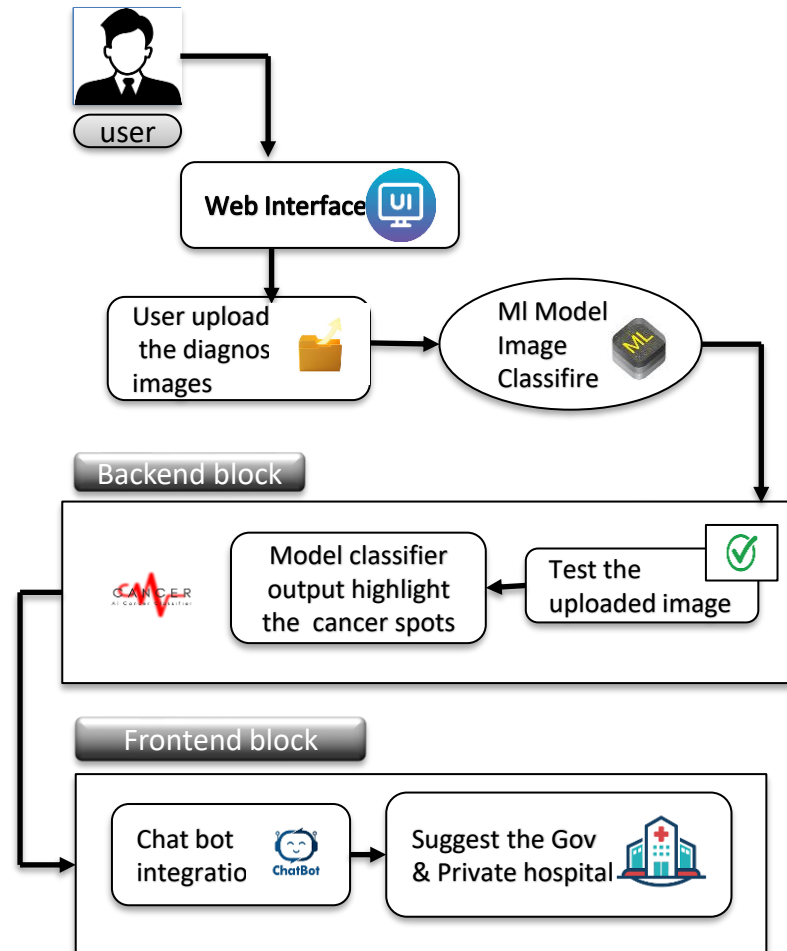
**Dataset:** 50,000+ Multi-Modal Medical Images (for training and validation) Explainability (XAI) Grad-CAM, Heatmaps & Confidence Scores

**Chatbot :** GrowthCustom NLP, Continuous Learning

## System Architecture



## Process Flow



## Feasibility

- ✓ Availability of large medical imaging datasets for model training.
- ✓ Proven success of AI in medical image classification and diagnostics.
- ✓ Integration with existing hospital IT systems and diagnostic tools.
- ✓ Affordable cloud-based infrastructure for scalable deployment.

## Viability

- ✓ Reduces diagnostic time and cost for hospitals and patients.
- ✓ Enhances early detection rates, improving survival chances.
- ✓ Supported by government & healthcare initiatives promoting AI in healthcare.
- ✓ Potential for partnerships with hospitals, labs, and diagnostic centers.

## Challenges

- ✓ Data privacy and compliance with HIPAA/GDPR regulations.
- ✓ Limited access to balanced, high-quality medical datasets.
- ✓ Risk of false positives/negatives impacting patient trust.
- ✓ Resistance from medical professionals toward AI-driven diagnostics.

## Solutions

- ✓ Implement strong data encryption and secure data handling protocols.
- ✓ Use federated learning to train AI models without sharing raw patient data.
- ✓ Continuous model validation and feedback from medical experts.
- ✓ Conduct awareness programs for doctors on AI's role as a supportive tool.

## Use Cases

- ✓ Automated detection of breast, lung, and skin cancers in imaging scans.
- ✓ AI-powered triage to prioritize high-risk patients in hospitals.
- ✓ Remote cancer screening for rural/underserved communities.
- ✓ Real-time decision support system for oncologists.

## Business Potential

- ✓ Growing \$200B+ global AI healthcare market opportunity.
- ✓ Licensing AI software to hospitals and diagnostic centers.
- ✓ SaaS model for clinics, labs, and telemedicine platforms.
- ✓ Expansion into multi-disease early detection beyond cancer.

## ★ Supporting Facts for Feasibility and Viability ★

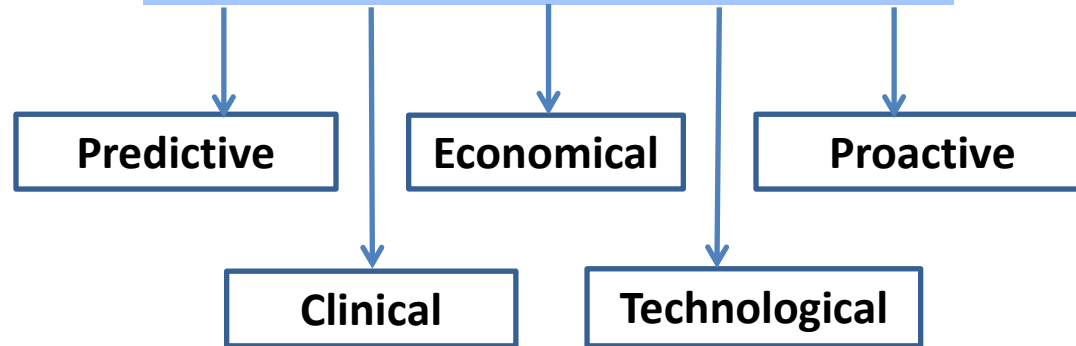
- Applying Deep Learning to Medical Imaging: A Review
- MedicalPatchNet: A Patch-Based Self-Explainable AI Architecture for Chest X-ray Classification
- Explainable AI in medical imaging: an interpretable and collaborative federated learning model for brain tumor classification

# IMPACT AND BENEFITS

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## Benefits of the Solution



## ❖ Impact on Target Audience

### Impact on Patients & the General Public

- ✓ Dramatically improves survival rates and quality of life by enabling early, less invasive treatments.
- ✓ Empowers individuals with personalized risk assessments, allowing for proactive health management.

### Impact on Healthcare Professionals

- ✓ Augments clinical expertise by detecting subtle disease markers, significantly increasing diagnostic accuracy.
- ✓ Increases workflow efficiency by automating analysis and prioritizing urgent cases for review.

### Impact on Healthcare Systems

- ✓ Drastically reduces long-term operational costs by shifting treatment to earlier, less expensive stages.
- ✓ Facilitates targeted public health strategies and better resource allocation by identifying at-risk populations.

## ❖ Benefits of Solution

### Predictive

- ✓ Identifies high-risk individuals and forecasts disease onset by analyzing complex health data.
- ✓ Provides early warnings by uncovering predictive patterns that are otherwise undetectable.

### Clinical

- ✓ Enhances diagnostic accuracy and speed by serving as a powerful decision-support tool for clinicians.
- ✓ Leads to more effective treatments and significantly improved patient health outcomes.

### Economical

- ✓ Lowers overall healthcare costs for both patients and the system by enabling cheaper, early-stage treatment.
- ✓ Minimizes the wider economic impact by reducing productivity loss from advanced diseases.

### Technological

- ✓ Represents a major advancement in medical technology by enabling the rapid analysis of complex datasets.
- ✓ Creates a foundation for future AI-driven healthcare research and diagnostic innovations.

### Proactive

- ✓ Shifts the focus of healthcare from reactive treatment to proactive prevention through timely intervention.
- ✓ Empowers patients and doctors with early warnings, allowing them to take preventive health measures.

## References

### Existing Platforms

- ☐ Quibim-<https://www.quibim.com/>
- ☐ Clarity\_Breast - [https://www.bcrf.org/blog/clarity-breast-ai-artificial-intelligence-mammogram-approved/?utm\\_source=chatgpt.com](https://www.bcrf.org/blog/clarity-breast-ai-artificial-intelligence-mammogram-approved/?utm_source=chatgpt.com)
- ☐ Optellum-  
[https://optellum.com/?utm\\_source=chatgpt.com](https://optellum.com/?utm_source=chatgpt.com)

### Research And Best Practices-

- ☐ <https://www.frontiersin.org/journals/oncology/articles/10.3389/fonc.2025.1535478/full>
- ☐ <https://arxiv.org/abs/2509.07477>
- ☐ <https://www.mdpi.com/2076-3417/13/18/10521>

### Feasibility Facts

- ☐ <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/39754864/>
- ☐ [https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC12250385/?utm\\_source=chatgpt.com](https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC12250385/?utm_source=chatgpt.com)
- ☐ <https://arxiv.org/html/2410.14769v1#bib.bib78>

<u>Feature / Parameter</u>	<u>Existing Apps (General)</u>	<u>Early Stage Cancer Detection App (Proposed)</u>
<b>Detection Focus</b>	Detects only advanced or visible cancer signs	Detects <b>early-stage &amp; tiny nodules</b> with high sensitivity
<b>Imaging Modalities</b>	Limited (mostly X-ray or CT only)	Supports <b>multi-modality</b> (X-ray, MRI, CT, Dermoscopy)
<b>Accuracy &amp; Sensitivity</b>	Moderate accuracy, higher false negatives	<b>High sensitivity &amp; accuracy</b> , reduces missed cases
<b>Explainability</b>	Minimal or no visual explanations	Provides <b>heatmaps &amp; highlighted suspicious regions</b>
<b>Doctor Support</b>	Standalone, limited assistance	Acts as a <b>decision-support tool</b> for radiologists
<b>Deployment</b>	Complex integration, device-specific	<b>Web &amp; PACS-integrated</b> , user-friendly hospital adoption
<b>Data Privacy &amp; Compliance</b>	Basic data handling	Strict <b>HIPAA/GDPR compliance</b> with encryption
<b>Adaptability &amp; Learning</b>	Static models, little improvement over time	<b>Continuous learning</b> from new hospital data & feedback
<b>Business Reach</b>	Limited to specific hospitals or regions	Scalable, <b>cloud-ready</b> , adaptable for global use