

Customer Shopping Behavior Analysis

1. Project Overview

This project analyzes customer shopping behavior using transactional data from 3,900 purchases across various product categories. The goal is to uncover insights into spending patterns, customer segments, product performance, and subscription behavior to guide strategic business decisions.

2. Dataset Summary

- Rows: 3,900
- Columns: 18
- Key Features:
 - Customer demographics (Age, Gender, Location, Subscription Status)
 - Purchase details (Item Purchased, Category, Purchase Amount, Season, Size, Color)
 - Shopping behavior (Discount Applied, Promo Code Used, Previous Purchases, Frequency of Purchases, Review Rate, Shipping Type, Payment Method)
- Missing Data: 37 values in Review Rating column

3. Exploratory Data Analysis Using Python

We began with data preparation and cleaning in Python:

- **Data Loading:** Import the dataset using pandas.
- **Initial Exploration:** Using df.info() to check structure and .describe() for summary statistics.

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 3900 entries, 0 to 3899
Data columns (total 18 columns):
 #   Column           Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   Customer ID      3900 non-null    int64  
 1   Age               3900 non-null    int64  
 2   Gender             3900 non-null    object  
 3   Item Purchased    3900 non-null    object  
 4   Category           3900 non-null    object  
 5   Purchase Amount (USD) 3900 non-null    int64  
 6   Location            3900 non-null    object  
 7   Size                3900 non-null    object  
 8   Color                3900 non-null    object  
 9   Season               3900 non-null    object  
 10  Review Rating       3863 non-null    float64 
 11  Subscription Status 3900 non-null    object  
 12  Shipping Type        3900 non-null    object  
 13  Discount Applied     3900 non-null    object  
 14  Promo Code Used      3900 non-null    object  
 15  Previous Purchases   3900 non-null    int64  
 16  Payment Method         3900 non-null    object  
 17  Frequency of Purchases 3900 non-null    object  
dtypes: float64(1), int64(4), object(13)
memory usage: 548.6+ KB
```

	Customer ID	Age	Gender	Item Purchased	Category	Purchase Amount (USD)	Location	Size	Color	Season
count	3900.000000	3900.000000	3900	3900	3900	3900.000000	3900	3900	3900	3900
unique	Nan	Nan	2	25	4	Nan	50	4	25	4
top	Nan	Nan	Male	Blouse	Clothing	Nan	Montana	M	Olive	Spring
freq	Nan	Nan	2652	171	1737	Nan	96	1755	177	999
mean	1950.500000	44.068462	Nan	Nan	Nan	59.764359	Nan	Nan	Nan	Nan
std	1125.977353	15.207589	Nan	Nan	Nan	23.685392	Nan	Nan	Nan	Nan
min	1.000000	18.000000	Nan	Nan	Nan	20.000000	Nan	Nan	Nan	Nan
25%	975.750000	31.000000	Nan	Nan	Nan	39.000000	Nan	Nan	Nan	Nan
50%	1950.500000	44.000000	Nan	Nan	Nan	60.000000	Nan	Nan	Nan	Nan
75%	2925.250000	57.000000	Nan	Nan	Nan	81.000000	Nan	Nan	Nan	Nan
max	3900.000000	70.000000	Nan	Nan	Nan	100.000000	Nan	Nan	Nan	Nan

Review Rating	Subscription Status	Shipping Type	Discount Applied	Promo Code Used	Previous Purchases	Payment Method	Frequency of Purchases
3863.000000	3900	3900	3900	3900	3900.000000	3900	3900
Nan	2	6	2	2	Nan	6	7
Nan	No	Free Shipping	No	No	Nan	PayPal	Every 3 Months
Nan	2847	675	2223	2223	Nan	677	584
3.750065	Nan	Nan	Nan	Nan	25.351538	Nan	Nan
0.716983	Nan	Nan	Nan	Nan	14.447125	Nan	Nan
2.500000	Nan	Nan	Nan	Nan	1.000000	Nan	Nan
3.100000	Nan	Nan	Nan	Nan	13.000000	Nan	Nan
3.800000	Nan	Nan	Nan	Nan	25.000000	Nan	Nan
4.400000	Nan	Nan	Nan	Nan	38.000000	Nan	Nan
5.000000	Nan	Nan	Nan	Nan	50.000000	Nan	Nan

- **Missing Data Handling:** Checked for null values and imputed missing value in the Review Rating column using the median rating of each product category.
- **Column Standardization:** Renamed column to **snake case** for better readability and documents.
- **Feature Engineering:**
 - Create **age_group** column by binning customer ages.
 - Create **purchase_frequency_days** columns from purchase data.
- **Data Consistency Check:** Verified if discount_applied and promo_code_used were redundant; drop promo_code_used.
- **Data Integration:** Connected Python script to PostgreSQL and loaded the cleaned DataFrame into database for SQL analysis.

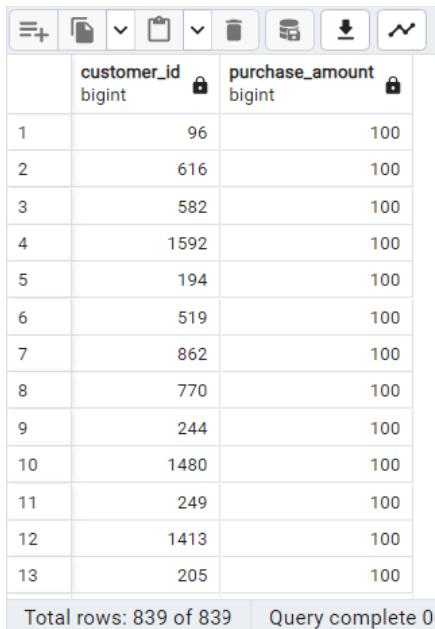
4. Data Analysis using SQL (Business Transactions)

We performed structured analysis in PostgreSQL to answer key business questions.

1. **Revenue by Gender** – Compare total revenue generated by male vs. female customers.

gender	total_revenue
text	numeric
Female	75191
Male	157890

2. **High-Spending Discount User** - Identified customers who used discount but still spent above the average purchase amount.



The screenshot shows a database interface with a toolbar at the top containing various icons for file operations. Below the toolbar is a table with two columns: 'customer_id' and 'purchase_amount'. The data consists of 13 rows, each showing a customer ID and a purchase amount of 100. At the bottom of the table, it says 'Total rows: 839 of 839' and 'Query complete 00'.

customer_id	purchase_amount
1	100
2	100
3	100
4	100
5	100
6	100
7	100
8	100
9	100
10	100
11	100
12	100
13	100

3. **Top 5 Products by Rating** – Found product with the highest average review ratings.

item_purchased	avg_product_rating
text	numeric
1 Gloves	3.86
2 Sandals	3.84
3 Boots	3.82
4 Hat	3.80
5 Skirt	3.78

4. **Shipping Type Comparison** – Compared average purchase amount between Standard and Express shipping.

shipping_type	avg_purchase
text	numeric
Standard	58.46
Express	60.48

5. **Subscriber Vs. Non-Subscribers** – Compare average spend and total revenue across subscription status.

subscription_status	total_customer	avg_spend	total_revenue
Yes	1053	59.49	62645.00
No	2847	59.87	170436.00

6. **Discount-Dependent Products** – Identified 5 products with the highest percentage of discounted purchases.

item_purchased	discount_percentage
Hat	50
Sneakers	49
Coat	49
Sweater	48
Pants	47

7. **Customer Segmentation** - Classified customer into New, Returning, and Loyal segments based on purchase history.

customer_segment	number_customer	customer_percentage
Loyal	3116	79.90
Returning	701	17.97
New	83	2.13

8. **Top 3 Products per Category** - Listed the most purchased products within each category.

item_rank	category	item_purchased	total_order
1	Accessories	Jewelry	171
2	Accessories	Sunglasses	161
3	Accessories	Belt	161
4	Clothing	Blouse	171
5	Clothing	Pants	171
6	Clothing	Shirt	169
7	Footwear	Sandals	160
8	Footwear	Shoes	150
9	Footwear	Sneakers	145
10	Outerwear	Jacket	163
11	Outerwear	Coat	161

9. **Repeat Buyer & Subscription** – Checked whether customer with 5 > purchase age more likely to subscribe.

subscription_status	repeat_buyer
No	2518
Yes	958

10. **Revenue by Age Group** - Calculate total revenue contribution of each group.

	age_group text	revenue numeric
1	Young Adult	62143
2	Middle-aged	59197
3	Adult	55978
4	Senior	55763

5. Dashboard in Power BI

Finally, we built an interactive dashboard in **Power BI** to present insights visually.



6. Business Recommendations

- **Boost Subscriptions** - Promote exclusive benefits for subscribers.
- **Customer Loyalty Program** - Reward repeat buyers to move them to the “Loyal” segment.
- **Review Discount Policy** - Balance sale boosts with margin control.
- **Product Positioning** – Highlight top-rated and best-selling products in campaigns.
- **Targeted Marketing** – Focus efforts on high-revenue age group and express-shipping users.