

DH_BIO720_DEC5

Q2.

```
diploid_selection <- function(p_0 = 0.4 ,q_0 = 0.6 ,w_aa = 0.9, w_AA = 1.1 , w_Aa = 0.9, n = 100) {  
  generations <- 1:n  
  p <- rep(NA,n)  # a vector to store allele frequencies  
  q <- rep(NA,n)  
  w_bar <- rep(NA, n)  
  
  p[1] <- p_0  
  q[1] <- q_0  
  
  for ( i in 1:(n-1)) {  
  
    w_bar[i] <- p[i]^2 * w_AA + 2*p[i]*q[i]* w_Aa + q[i]^2 * w_aa  
    p[i + 1] <- p[i]^2 * (w_AA / w_bar[i]) + p[i] * q[i] * (w_Aa / w_bar[i] )  
    q[i + 1] <- 1 - p[i+1]  
  
  }  
  
  plot( generations, p, xlab = "Generation", ylab = "Allele Frequency" , pch = 20)  
  
  return(p)  
  
}
```

Q3.

```
genetic_drift <- function (A_0=0.5, a_0 =0.5, indiv = 200, n = 100 ){  
  size <- 2 * indiv  
  A <- rep(NA, n)  
  a <- rep(NA, n)  
  
  A[1] <- A_0  
  a[1] <- A_0  
  
  for ( i in 1:(n-1)) {  
    allele_counts <- sample(c("Allele1", "Allele2"), size, replace = TRUE, prob = c(A[i], a[i]))  
    table <- table(allele_counts)  
    table <- data.frame(table)  
    rownames(table) <- table[,1]  
    A[i + 1] <- table["Allele1", 2] / size  
    a[i + 1] <- table["Allele2", 2] / size  
  
  }  
  
  generations <- 1:length(A)  
  plot(A ~ generations, pch = 20, type = "l",
```

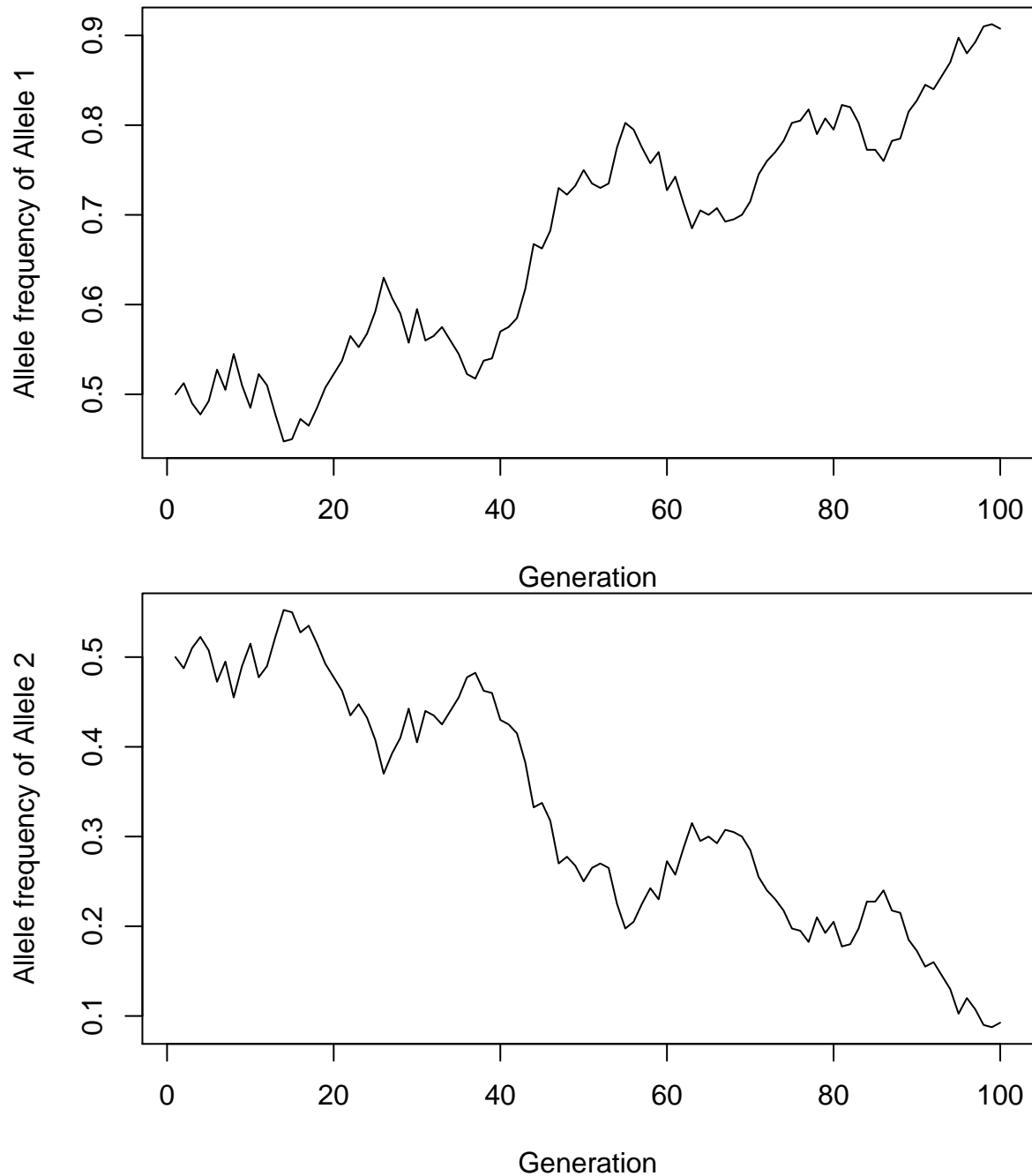
```

      ylab = "Allele frequency of Allele 1",
      xlab = "Generation")

generations <- 1:length(a)
plot(a ~ generations, pch = 20, type = "l",
     ylab = "Allele frequency of Allele 2",
     xlab = "Generation")
}

genetic_drift()

```



Q4.

```

genetic_drift2 <- function( freq= 0.5, indiv = 200, n = 100, sims = 1000) {

  A <- rep(NA, sims)

  for(t in 1:sims){

    p <- freq

    for ( i in 1:n) {
      allele_counts <- sample(c("Allele1", "Allele2"), indiv * 2, replace = TRUE, prob = c( p, 1 - p))
      p <- length(allele_counts[allele_counts == "Allele1"]) / length(allele_counts)

    }

    A[t] <- p

  }

  lost_freq <- A[A == 0]
  lost_freq<- length(lost_freq) / 1000
  lost_freq

}
genetic_drift2()

```

```
## [1] 0.006
```

```
genetic_drift2( freq = 0.25)
```

```
## [1] 0.098
```

```
genetic_drift2( freq = 0.1)
```

```
## [1] 0.416
```

Q5.

```
plot( 0, 0, xlim= c(0, 100), ylim = c( 0,1), type = "n", xlab = "Generation", ylab = "Allele Frequency")
```

```

genetic_drift_test <- function (A_0=0.5, a_0 =0.5, indiv = 200, n = 100 ){
  size <- 2 * indiv
  A <- rep(NA, n)
  a <- rep(NA, n)

  A[1] <- A_0
  a[1] <- a_0

  for ( i in 1:(n-1)) {
    allele_counts <- sample(c("Allele1", "Allele2"), size, replace = TRUE, prob = c(A[i], a[i]))
    table <- table(allele_counts)
  }
}

```

```

table <- data.frame(table)
rownames(table) <- table[,1]
A[i + 1] <- table["Allele1", 2] / size
a[i + 1] <- table["Allele2", 2] / size

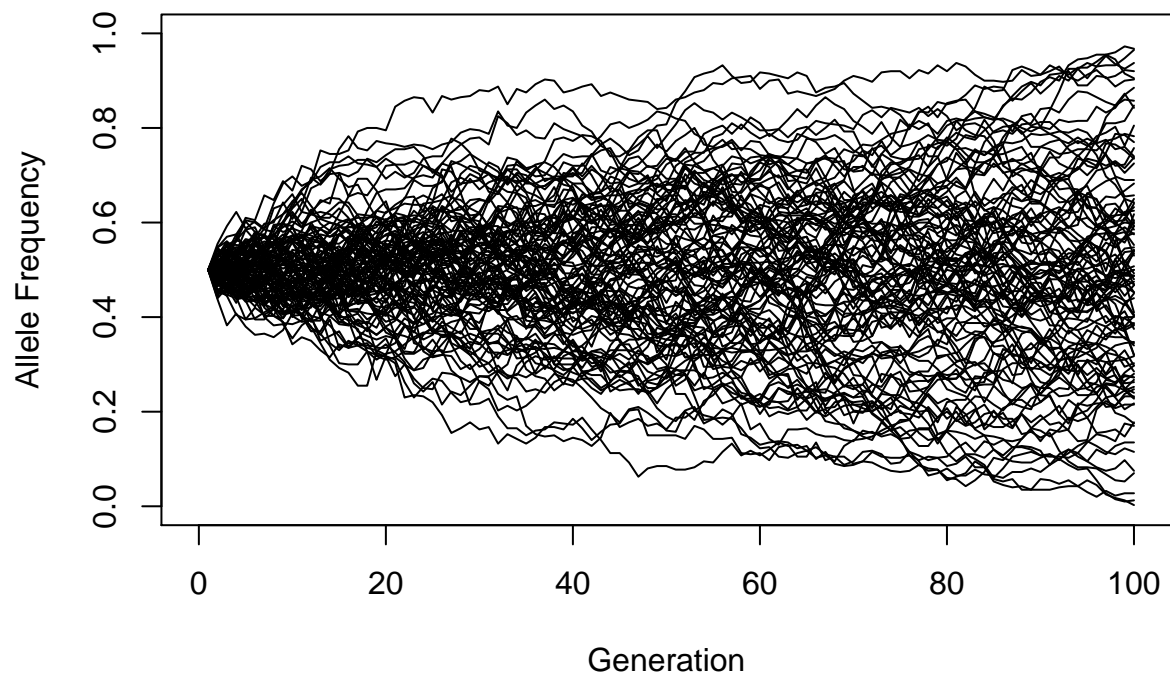
}

generations <- 1:length(A)
lines(A ~ generations, pch = 20, type = "l")

}

replicate(100,genetic_drift_test())

```



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6.

```
#intercept, slope, sample size(number of observations, residual standard error ( stochastic variation)).

stat_pwr <- function (sample_size = 20, intercept = 0.5, slope = 0.1, sd = 2 ){
  length.out <- sample_size
  x <- seq(from = 1, to = 10, length.out = 20)
  y_deterministic <- intercept + slope*x
  y_simulated <- rnorm(length(x), mean = y_deterministic, sd = 2)

  mod_sim <- lm(y_simulated ~ x)
  p_val_slope <- summary(mod_sim)$coef[2,4]
  p_val_slope
}
```

```
#confirm it is doing the same thing
```

```
set.seed(720)
stat_pwr()
```

```
## [1] 0.3620625
```

```
stat_pwr()
```

```
## [1] 0.2179742
```

```
set.seed(720)
x <- seq(from=1, to = 10, length.out = 20)
intercept <- 0.5
slope <- 0.1

y_deterministic <- intercept + slope*x

y_simulated <- rnorm(length(x), mean = y_deterministic, sd = 2)

mod_sim <- lm(y_simulated ~ x)
p_val_slope <- summary(mod_sim)$coef[2,4]
p_val_slope
```

```
## [1] 0.3620625
```

```
x <- seq(from=1, to = 10, length.out = 20)
intercept <- 0.5
```

```

slope <- 0.1

y_deterministic <- intercept + slope*x

y_simulated <- rnorm(length(x), mean = y_deterministic, sd = 2)

mod_sim <- lm(y_simulated ~ x)
p_val_slope <- summary(mod_sim)$coef[2,4]
p_val_slope

```

```
## [1] 0.2179742
```

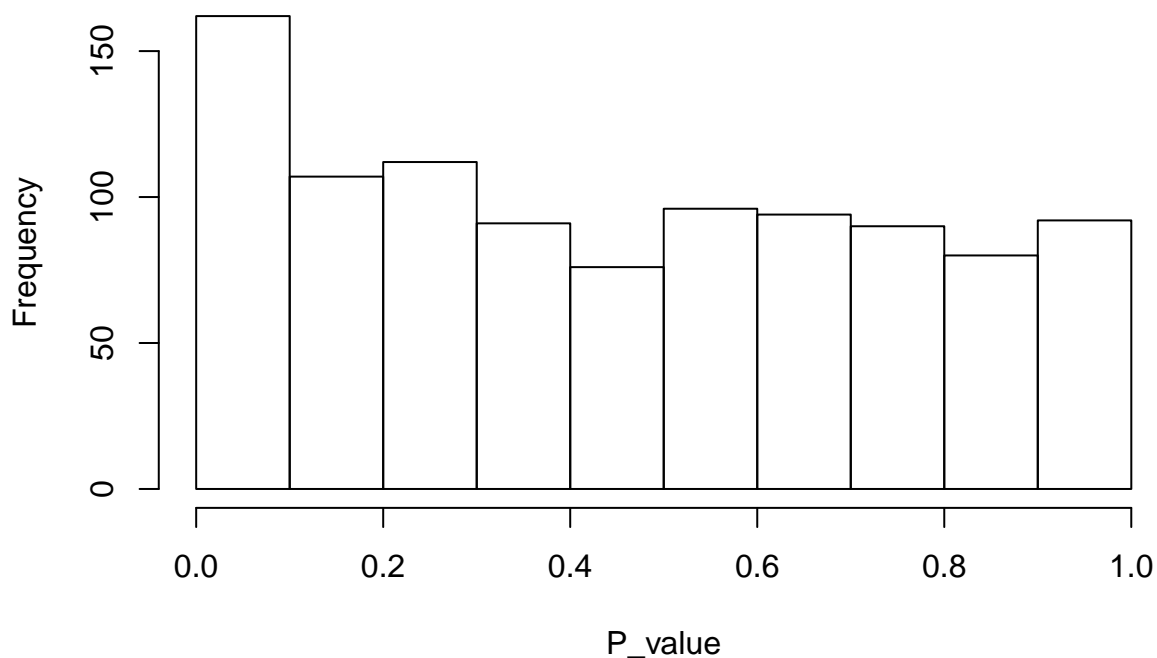
```
#run 1000 times and generate histogram of p values
```

```

P_value <- (replicate(1000, stat_pwr()))
hist(P_value )

```

Histogram of P_value



```
#what proportion of times is P value less than 0.05
```

```

rep_proportion <- P_value[P_value < 0.05]
rep_proportion <- length(rep_proportion) / 1000
rep_proportion

```

```
## [1] 0.107
```

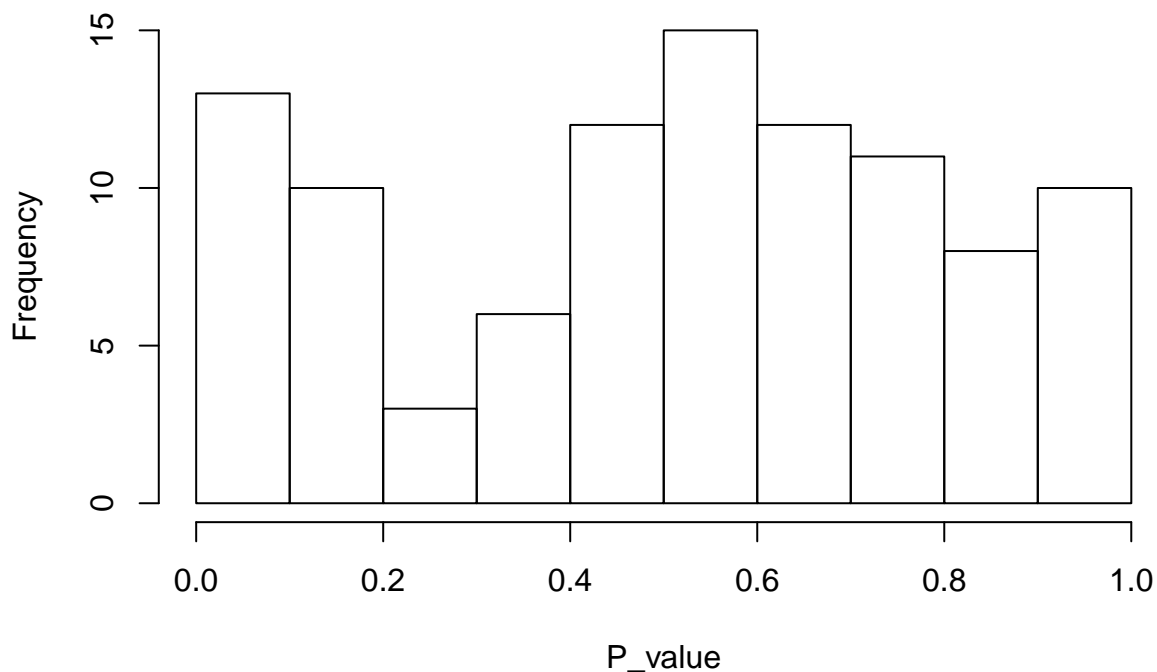
```
#redo above but with slope at 0
```

```

P_value <- (replicate(100, stat_pwr(slope = 0)))
hist(P_value)

```

Histogram of P_value



```
rep_proportion <- P_value[P_value < 0.05]
rep_proportion <- length(rep_proportion) / 100
rep_proportion
```

```
## [1] 0.07
```

More p-values that are lower.

```
sample_size <- seq(10,100, 5)
freq <- rep(0, length(sample_size))
for (i in 1:length(sample_size)) {
  p_values <- rep(0, 100)
  for (x in 1:100) {
    p_values[x] <- stat_pwr(intercept = 0.5, slope = 0.1, sample_size[i], sd = 1.5)
  }
  freq[i] <- length(p_values[p_values < 0.05])/length(p_values)
}
```

```
freq
```

```
## [1] 0.09 0.10 0.09 0.06 0.06 0.04 0.10 0.10 0.06 0.08 0.14 0.10 0.08 0.07
## [15] 0.05 0.09 0.13 0.04 0.04
```

```
#plot to get better look
```

```
freq <- as.data.frame(freq)
rownames(freq) <- sample_size
plot( freq, xlab = "Sample Size", ylab = "Freq of P-Value less than 0.05")
```

