

Subiectul I

a) def divizori (*param):

di = dict()

for x in param:

d = 2

aux = x

l = []

while aux:

ch = 1

while aux % d == 0:

aux = aux / d

ch = 0

if ch == 0:

l.append(d)

d = d + 1

di[x] = l

return di

b) litere_10 = [chr(ord('a') + i) for i in range(0, 10)]

c) $T(1) = 1$

$$T(n) = T(n/3) + 2$$

$$T\left(\frac{n}{3}\right) = T\left(\frac{n}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3}\right) + 2 = T\left(\frac{n}{3^2}\right) + 2$$

$$T(n) = \left(T\left(\frac{n}{3^2}\right) + 2\right) + 2$$

$$T(n) = \left(T\left(\frac{n}{3^3}\right) + 2\right) + 2 + 2$$

$$T(n) = \left(T\left(\frac{n}{3^4}\right) + 2\right) + 2 + 2 + 2$$

$$T(m) = T\left(\frac{m}{3^k}\right) + 2 \cdot k, \quad k = \log_3 m$$

$$T\left(\frac{m}{3^k}\right) = T\left(\frac{m}{3^{\log_3 m}}\right) = T\left(\frac{m}{m}\right) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow T(m) = T(1) + 2 \log_3 m = 1 + 2 \log_3 m$$

$$\Rightarrow O(\log_3 m)$$

Subject 2

```
n = int(input())
```

```
l = []
```

```
for i in range(n):
```

```
    a, b = input().split()
```

```
    a = int(a)
```

```
    b = int(b)
```

```
    ll = (a, b)
```

```
    l.append(ll)
```

```
l.sort(key = lambda e : e[1])
```

```
sol = []
```

```
sol.append(0)
```

```
u = 0
```

```
for i in range(1, n):
```

```
    if l[u][1] < l[i][0]:
```

```
        sol.append(i)
```

```
        u = i
```

```
m = len(sol)
```

```
print(m)
```

```
for i in range(m):
```

```
    print(l[sol[i]][0], l[sol[i]][1])
```

```
# Complexity is  $O(n \log n)$ 
```

Corectitudine

Despunem spectacolele ordonate crescător după timpul de terminare.

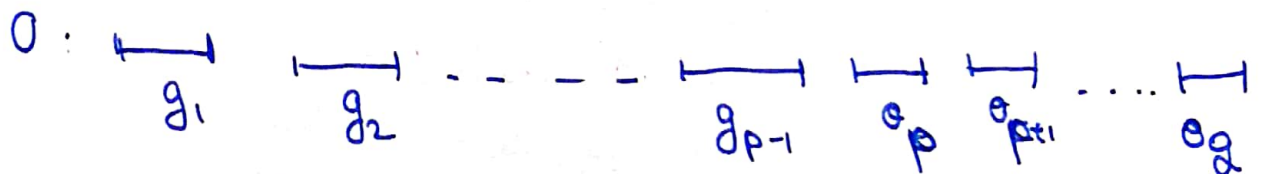
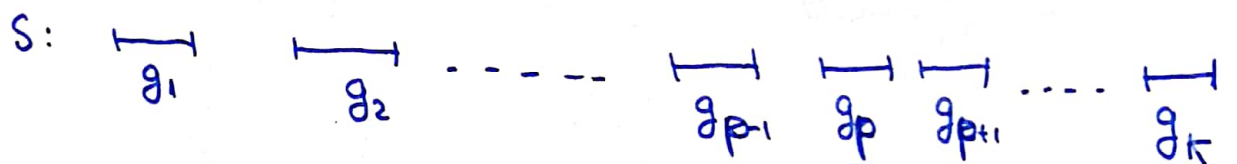
Notăm $S = \{g_1, g_2, \dots, g_k\}$ - soluția greedy.

$$t_{g_1} \leq t_{g_2} \leq \dots \leq t_{g_k}$$

Presupunem prin reducere la absurd că există

$O = \{o_1, o_2, \dots, o_q\}$ - o soluție optimă, diferită de greedy
($q > k$), O având nr maxim de elemente în comun cu greedy.

Fie p prima poziție unde S și O diferă, $p \leq k$.



Avem: $t_{g_p} \leq t_{o_p}$

Consider $O' = O \setminus \{o_p\} \cup \{g_p\}$
 O' - tot o soluție corectă

Avem: g_p nu se intersectează cu g_1, g_2, \dots, g_{p-1}

g_p nu se intersectează cu o_{p+1}, \dots, o_q

$$t_{g_p} \leq t_{o_p} < t_{o_{p+1}} < \dots < t_{o_q}$$

$\Rightarrow |O'| = |O| \Rightarrow O'$ este soluție optimă, dar are mai multe elemente în comun cu cea greedy \Rightarrow ab

Subiectul 3

```
n = int(input())
```

```
v = [int(x) for x in input().split()]
```

```
l = [0 for i in range(n+1)]
```

```
poz = [0 for j in range(n+1)]
```

```
l[n-1] = 1
```

```
poz[n-1] = -1
```

```
for i in range(n-2, -1, -1):
```

```
    ma = 0
```

```
    p = -1
```

```
    for j in range(i, n):
```

```
        if l[j] > ma and v[i] < v[j]:
```

```
            ma = l[j]
```

```
            p = j
```

```
    l[i] = ma + 1
```

```
    poz[i] = p
```

```
ma = max(l)
```

```
p = l.index(ma)
```

```
print(ma)
```

```
while p != -1:
```

```
    print(v[p], end=" ")
```

```
    p = poz[p]
```

```
# Complexitatea este  $O(n^2)$ 
```

Subiectul 4

```
m = int(input())
```

```
x = [0 for i in range(m+1)]
```

```
def back(k):
```

```
    if k == m+1:
```

```
        print(*x[1:k], sep=" ")
```

```
    else:
```

```
        for i in range(1, m+1):
```

```
            x[k] = i
```

```
            if x[k] not in x[:k]:
```

```
                back(k+1)
```

```
back(1)
```