## **Seminar 3**

Karaeucarap II 
$$U_c = \frac{1}{C} \int i_c dt$$
,  $i_c = C \cdot \frac{dU_c}{dt}$ 

Karaeucarap II  $U_c = \frac{1}{C} \int i_c dt$ ,  $i_L = \frac{1}{C} \int U_L dt$ 

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 $\frac{di_L}{dt}$ ,  $i_L = \frac{1}{L} \int U_L dt$ 
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(3.1) I R P EL Unregauc: 
$$\overline{z} = R + \frac{j\omega L \cdot R}{j\omega L + R} = \frac{R}{j\omega L \cdot R} = \frac{R}{j\omega L \cdot$$

Tonyrum yens, skhelanerrugu ucroguoù: 
$$Z = R + \frac{R \cdot (-\frac{1}{w_e})}{R - \frac{1}{w^2}} = R + \frac{R^2(-\frac{1}{w_e})}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} - \frac{R(-\frac{1}{w_e})}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} = R + \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} - \frac{R^2 \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} = R + \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} - \frac{R^2 \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} = R + \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} - \frac{R^2 \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} = R + \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} - \frac{R^2 \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} = R + \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} - \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} = R + \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} - \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} = R + \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} - \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} = R + \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} - \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} = R + \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} - \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} = R + \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} - \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} = R + \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} - \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} = R + \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} - \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} = R + \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} - \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} = R + \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} - \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2} = R + \frac{R \cdot \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}{R^2 + \frac{1}{w^2}c^2}$$

$$\dot{E} = 10V = E_{m}e^{jV}, V=0 \text{ gns in poctotion}$$

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$$\dot{X}_{c} = -j.5 \Omega$$

$$\dot{X}_{L} = j.15 \Omega$$

$$\dot{X}_{L} = j.15 \Omega$$

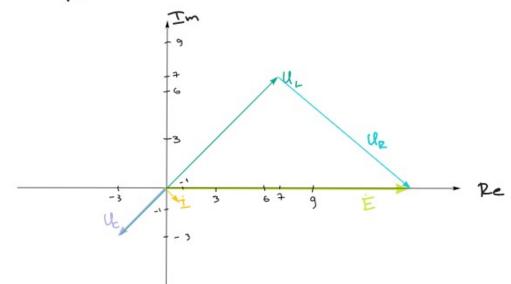
$$\dot{Z}_{L} = 10 \Omega$$

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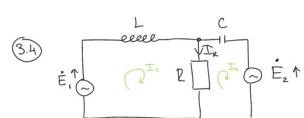
$$\dot{T} = \frac{\dot{E}}{Z} = \frac{\dot{E}}{R + X_L + X_c} = \frac{\dot{E}}{10 + 10j} = \frac{\dot{E}}{10 \cdot 5z \cdot e^{j \cdot 45^\circ}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} e^{-j \cdot 45^\circ}$$

$$\dot{U}_c = \dot{T} \cdot \dot{X}_c = -\frac{j.5}{\sqrt{2}} e^{-j.45^\circ} = \frac{5}{\sqrt{2}} e^{-j.135^\circ}$$

$$\dot{U}_{L} = \frac{15}{\sqrt{2}} e^{j.45^{\circ}}$$
  $U_{R} = \frac{10}{\sqrt{2}} e^{-j.45^{\circ}}$ 



miro



$$\dot{E}_1 = 1V$$
  $X_L = j\Omega$   $R = 1\Omega$   
 $\dot{E}_2 = jV$   $X_c = -j\Omega$   $I_R = 1$ 

miro

(3.5) 
$$E = \frac{C}{R_H} + \frac{Corr. percun}{R_H : P_H = max - ?} = \frac{1}{R_H} + \frac{1$$

$$\dot{I} = \frac{\dot{E}}{Z}, Z = X_c + R = \frac{1}{j\omega C} + R = R - \frac{1}{\omega c} \cdot j = \sqrt{R^2 + \frac{1}{\omega^2 C^2}} e^{-j \operatorname{anctg} \frac{1}{R\omega c}}$$

$$\frac{T}{T} = \frac{E_m \cdot e^{j\alpha r c l g} \frac{1}{R \omega c}}{\sqrt{R^2 + \frac{1}{\omega^2 C^2}}} \quad \frac{T_{rms}}{g} = \frac{E_m}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{R^2 + \frac{1}{\omega^2 C^2}}}$$

$$P_{H} = \frac{E_{m}^{2} \cdot R}{2 \cdot \left(R^{2} + \frac{1}{\omega^{2} C^{2}}\right)}$$

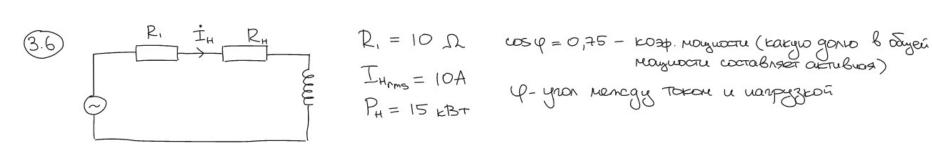
$$\frac{dR}{dR} = 0$$

$$P_{H} = \frac{E_{m}^{2} \cdot R}{2 \cdot (R^{2} + \frac{1}{\omega^{2}C^{2}})} \qquad \text{Haugen max}: \qquad \frac{dP_{H}}{dR} = 0 \qquad P'_{H} = \frac{E_{m}^{2}}{2} \quad \frac{R^{2} + \frac{1}{\omega^{2}C^{2}} - 2R^{2}}{\left(R^{2} + \frac{1}{\omega^{2}C^{2}}\right)^{2}} = 0$$

$$R^2 + \frac{1}{\omega^2 c^2} - 2R^2 = 0$$

$$R^2 = \frac{1}{\omega^2 C^2}$$

$$R = \frac{1}{\omega C} = |X_c|$$



PH = Irms · Urms · cosip - altiubuas moyucots

Su = Irms · Urms - nonuas moyucos

E-? y-? (KTD)

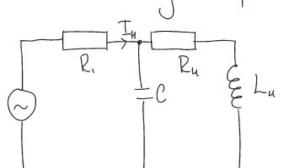
$$R_{H} = \frac{P_{H}}{I^{2}_{rms}} = \frac{15 \cdot 10^{3}}{10^{2}} = 150 \Omega$$
 To np. Kupmata:

$$N = \frac{R_H}{P_1 + P_2} = \frac{150}{160} = 0,9375$$
 $Z_H = R_H + j \omega L - kommence rucho = 1$ 
 $Z_H = R_H + j \omega L - kommence rucho = 1$ 

$$I_{\kappa}(160 + j.132) = I_{\kappa}(160 + j.132) = 2930.e^{j39.5} = E$$

$$I_{\kappa ms} \cdot \sqrt{2} = 10\sqrt{2}$$

Измешть прошную цень, чтобы КТД был выше. Добавин конденсатор с такой емкостью С, чтобы соя =1



EMKOCTO GONNOUA KOMNEUCUPOBOTO UUGYKTUBUOCTO YENU,  $\frac{1}{R_L}$   $\frac$ 

$$\mathcal{Z} = \mathbb{R} + j(X_L - X_C)$$

$$C_{K} = \frac{1}{\omega^{2}L_{3}} = \frac{\sin \varphi}{\omega 1 Z_{H}} = \frac{0.66}{3.14 \cdot 200} = 10.5 \text{ MF}$$

$$\frac{1}{R_{9}} = \frac{\cos \varphi}{12\pi I} \Rightarrow R_{9} = \frac{12\pi I}{\cos \varphi} = \frac{200}{0.75} = 266 \Omega$$

$$N = \frac{266}{10 + 260} = 0,963$$

miro