

template

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

template <typename T>
using vec = vector<T>;
using ll = long long;
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
```

```
int main() {
    cin.tie(0)->sync_with_stdio(0);
    return 0;
}
```

hashmap

description: Hash map with mostly the same API as unordered_map, but ~3x faster. Uses 1.5x memory. Initial capacity must be a power of 2 (if provided).

```
#include <bits/extc++.h>
using namespace __gnu_pbds;

struct chash {
    const uint64_t C = ll(4e18 * acos(0)) | 71;
    ll operator()(ll x) const { return __builtin_bswap64(x*C); }
};
gp_hash_table<ll,int, chash> h({}, {}, {}, {}, {1<<16});
```

kmp

description: pi[x] computes the length of the longest prefix of s that ends at x, other than s[0...x] itself (abacaba → 0010123). Can be used to find all occurrences of a string.

time: $O(n)$

```
vector<int> pi(const string& s) {
    vi p(s.size());
    rep(i,1,sz(s)) {
        int g = p[i-1];
        while (g && s[i] != s[g]) g = p[g-1];
        p[i] = g + (s[i] == s[g]);
    }
    return p;
}
```

```
vector<int> match(const string& s, const string& pat) {
    vi p = pi(pat + '\0' + s), res;
    rep(i,sz(p)-sz(s),sz(p))
        if (p[i] == sz(pat)) res.push_back(i - 2 * sz(pat));
    return res;
}
```

order_statistic_tree

time: $O(\log n)$

```
#include <bits/extc++.h>
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
```

```
template<class T>
using Tree = tree<T, null_type, less<T>, rb_tree_tag,
tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
```