template

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

template <typename T>
using vec = vector<T>;
using ll = long long;
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()

int main() {
    cin.tie(0)->sync_with_stdio(0);
    return 0;
}
```

hashmap

description: Hash map with mostly the same API as unordered_map, but ~3x faster. Uses 1.5x memory. Initial capacity must be a power of 2 (if provided).

```
#include <bits/extc++.h>
using namespace __gnu_pbds;

struct chash {
  const uint64_t C = ll(4e18 * acos(0)) | 71;
  ll operator()(ll x) const { return __builtin_bswap64(x*C); }
};

gp_hash_table<ll,int,chash> h({},{},{},{},{1<<16});</pre>
```

kmp

description: pi[x] computes the length of the longest prefix of s that ends at x, other than s[0...x] itself (abacaba \rightarrow 0010123). Can be used to find all occurrences of a string.

```
time: O(n)
vector<int> pi(const string& s) {
  vi p(s.size());
  rep(i,1,sz(s)) {
    int g = p[i-1];
    while (g && s[i] != s[g]) g = p[g-1];
    p[i] = g + (s[i] == s[g]);
  }
  return p;
```

```
vector<int> match(const string& s, const string& pat) {
  vi p = pi(pat + '\0' + s), res;
  rep(i,sz(p)-sz(s),sz(p))
    if (p[i] == sz(pat)) res.push_back(i - 2 * sz(pat));
  return res;
}
```

order statistic tree

```
time: O(log n)
#include <bits/extc++.h>
using namespace __gnu_pbds;

template<class T>
using Tree = tree<T, null_type, less<T>, rb_tree_tag,
tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
```