
CalSciPy

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CalSciPy contains a variety of useful methods for handling, processing, and visualizing calcium imaging data. It's intended to be a collection of useful, well-documented functions often used in boilerplate code alongside software packages such as [Caiman](#), [SIMA](#), and [Suite2P](#).

1.1 Motivation

I noticed I was often re-writing or copy/pasting a lot of code between environments when working with calcium imaging data. I started this package so you don't have to. No more wasting time writing 6 lines to simply preview your tiff stack, extract a particular channel, or bin some spikes. No more vague exceptions or incomplete documentation when re-using a hastily-made function from 2 months ago. Alongside these time-savers, I've also included some more non-trivial methods that are particularly useful.

1.2 Limitations

The current distribution for the package is incomplete. When each module has its associated unit tests complete, it will be pushed.

2.1 Full Install

Enter `pip install CalSciPy` in your terminal.

2.2 Partial Install

Enter `pip install CalSciPy-<subpackage>` in your terminal.

- *Coloring*
- *Event Processing*
- *Input/Output (I/O)*
- *Image Processing*
- *Interactive Visuals*
- *Reorganization*
- *Signal Processing*
- *Static Visuals*

3.1 Coloring

Write me

Write me

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Write me

3.1.1 Coloring Methods

Import me

3.2 Event Processing

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Write me

3.2.1 Event Processing Methods

Import me

3.3 Input/Output (I/O)

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3.3.1 CalSciPy.io module

`CalSciPy.io.determine_bruker_folder_contents(folder)`

This function determines the number of channels and planes within a folder containing .tif files exported by Bruker's Prairieview software. It also determines the size of the images (frames, y-pixels, x-pixels)

Parameters

folder (*Union[str, pathlib.Path]*) -- folder containing Bruker imaging data

Returns

channels, planes, frames, height, width

Return type

tuple[int, int, int, int, int]

`CalSciPy.io.load_all_tiffs(folder)`

Loads all .tifs within a folder into a single numpy array. Assumes .tif files are the standard unsigned 16-bit exported by the majority (all?) of imaging software.

Parameters

folder (*Union[str, pathlib.Path]*) -- folder containing a sequence of tiff stacks

Returns

a numpy array containing the images (frames, y-pixels, x-pixels)

Return type

numpy.ndarray

`CalSciPy.io.load_binary_meta(path)`

Loads the meta file for an associated binary video

Parameters

path (*Union[str, pathlib.Path]*) -- The meta file (.txt ext) or a directory containing metafile

Returns

A tuple where (frames, y-pixels, x-pixels, dtype)

Return type

tuple[int, int, int, str]

`CalSciPy.io.loadbruker_tiffs(folder, channels=None, planes=None)`

Load a sequence of .tif files from a directory containing .tif files exported by Bruker's Prairieview software to a numpy array. If multiple channels or multiple planes exist, each channel and plane combination is loaded to a separate numpy array.

Parameters

- **folder** (*Union[str, pathlib.Path]*) -- folder containing a sequence of single frame tiff files
- **channels** (*Optional[int]*) -- specific channel to load from dataset (zero-indexed)
- **planes** (*Optional[int]*) -- specific plane to load from dataset (zero-indexed)

Returns

All .tif files in the directory loaded to a tuple of numpy arrays (frames, y-pixels, x-pixels, uint16)

Return type

tuple[numpy.ndarray]

`CalSciPy.io.load_mapped_binary(path, meta_filename, **kwargs)`

Loads a raw binary file as numpy array without loading into memory (memmap). Enter a directory to autogenerate the default filenames (binary_video, video_meta.txt)

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) -- absolute filepath for binary video or a folder containing a binary video with the default filename
- **meta_filename** (*Optional[str] = None*) -- absolute path to meta file
- **mode** -- mode used in loading numpy.memmap (str, default = "r")

Returns

memmap (numpy) array (frames, y-pixels, x-pixels)

Return type

numpy.memmap

`CalSciPy.io.load_raw_binary(path, meta_filename)`

Loads a raw binary file as a numpy array. Enter a directory to autogenerate the default filenames (binary_video, video_meta.txt)

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) -- absolute filepath for binary video or directory containing a file named binary video
- **meta_filename** (*Optional[str] = None*) -- absolute path to meta file

Returns

numpy array (frames, y-pixels, x-pixels)

Return type

`numpy.ndarray`

`CalSciPy.io.load_single_tiff(path, num_frames)`

Load a single .tif as a numpy array

Parameters

- **path** (`Union[str, pathlib.Path]`) -- absolute filename
- **num_frames** (`int`) -- number of frames in .tif

Returns

numpy array (frames, y-pixels, x-pixels)

Return type

`numpy.ndarray`

`CalSciPy.io.pretty_print_image_description(channels, planes, frames, height, width)`

Function prints the description of an imaging dataset as a table.

Parameters

- **channels** (`int`) -- number of channels
- **planes** (`int`) -- number of planes
- **frames** (`int`) -- number of frames
- **height** (`int`) -- y-pixels
- **width** -- x-pixels

Return type

None

`CalSciPy.io.repackagebruker_tiffs(input_folder, output_folder, *args)`

Repackages a folder containing .tif files exported by Bruker's Prairieview software into a sequence of <4 GB .tif stacks.

Parameters

- **input_folder** (`Union[str, pathlib.Path]`) -- folder containing a sequence of single frame .tif files exported by Bruker's Prairieview
- **output_folder** (`Union[str, pathlib.Path]`) -- empty folder where .tif stacks will be saved
- **args** (`int`) -- optional argument to indicate the repackaging of a specific channel and/or plane

Return type

None

`CalSciPy.io.save_raw_binary(images, path, meta_filename)`

Save a numpy array as a binary file with an associated meta .txt file

Parameters

- **images** (`numpy.ndarray`) -- numpy array (frames, y-pixels, x-pixels)
- **path** (`str`) -- folder to save in or an absolute filepath for binary video file

- **meta_filename** (*str*) -- absolute filepath for saving meta .txt file

Return type

None

CalSciPy.io.**save_single_tiff**(*images*, *path*, *type_*=<class 'numpy.uint16'>)

Save a numpy array to a single .tif file. Size must be <4 GB.

Parameters

- **images** (*numpy.array*) -- numpy array [frames, y pixels, x pixels]
- **path** (*Union[str, pathlib.Path]*) -- filename or absolute path
- **type** (*Optional[numpy.dtype]* = *numpy.uint16*) -- type for saving

Return type

None

CalSciPy.io.**save_tiff_stack**(*images*, *output_folder*, *type_*=<class 'numpy.uint16'>)

Save a numpy array to a sequence of .tif stacks

Parameters

- **images** (*numpy.array*) -- numpy array (frames, y-pixels, x-pixels)
- **output_folder** (*Union[str, pathlib.Path]*) -- folder to save the sequence of .tif stacks
- **type** (*Optional[numpy.dtype]* = *numpy.uint16*) -- type for saving

Return type

None

CalSciPy.io.**save_video**(*images*, *path*, *fps*=30)

Save numpy array as an .mp4. Will be converted to uint8 if any other datatype.

Parameters

- **images** (*numpy.array*) -- numpy array (frames, y-pixels, x-pixels)
- **path** (*Union[str, pathlib.Path]*) -- absolute filepath or filename
- **fps** (*Union[float, int]* = 30) -- frame rate for saved video

Return type

None

3.4 Image Processing

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3.5 Interactive Visuals

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3.5.1 Interactive Visuals Methods

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3.6 Reorganization

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3.6.1 Reorganization Methods

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3.7 Signal Processing

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3.7.1 Signal Processing Methods

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3.8 Static Visuals

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3.8.1 Static Visual Methods

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4.1 Parameterized Decorators

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4.1.1 Parsing Decorators

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4.1.2 Validation Decorators

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4.1.3 Terminal Style

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4.2 PyTest

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4.2.1 Sample Datasets

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4.2.2 Tests

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CHAPTER 5

Indices and tables

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