

Ex 3

$$a) P(Ace|Diamond) = P \frac{(Ace \text{ and } Diamond)}{Diamond} = \frac{\frac{1}{52}}{\frac{13}{52}} = \frac{1}{13}$$

\* there are 4 aces in the deck, and all we got 52 cards, so the probability of getting ace is  $\frac{4}{52}$

\* there are 13 diamonds cards in the deck, and all we got 52 cards, so the probability of getting diamond card is  $\frac{13}{52}$

$$* P(Ace \text{ and } Diamond) = P(Ace) * P(Diamond) = \frac{4}{52} * \frac{13}{52} = \frac{1}{52}$$

$$b) P(Ace|King) = 0$$

\* we can't get any aces from king cards

$$c) P(Ace|6) = 0$$

\* we can't get any aces from 6s cards(шестерок)

$$d) P(Ace|Ace) = 1$$

\* all cards from aces are aces

$$e) P(6|Spade) = \frac{P(6 \text{ and } Spade)}{P(Spade)} = \frac{\frac{1}{52}}{\frac{13}{52}} = \frac{1}{13}$$

\* there are 4 6s(шестерок) in the deck, and all we got 52 cards, so the probability of getting 6 is  $\frac{4}{52}$

\* there are 13 Spade cards in the deck, and all we got 52 cards, so the probability of getting Spade card is  $\frac{13}{52}$

$$* P(6 \text{ and } Spade) = P(6) * P(Spade) = \frac{4}{52} * \frac{13}{52} = \frac{1}{52}$$

f) it's the same with task a

Ex 4

$$a) P(Jack \text{ after } Jack) = P(Jack) * P(Jack \text{ after } Jack) = \frac{4}{52} * \frac{3}{51} = \frac{1}{221}$$

\* there are 4 jacks in the deck, and all we got 52 cards, so the probability of getting jack is  $\frac{4}{52}$

\* there are 3 jacks left and 51 cards left at all

$$b) P(\text{King after Jack}) = P(\text{King}) * P(\text{Jack}) = \frac{4}{51} * \frac{4}{52} = \frac{4}{663}$$

\* there are 4 jacks in the deck, and all we got 52 cards, so the probability of getting jack is  $\frac{4}{52}$

\* there are 51 cards left and 4 of them are kings, so the probability is  $\frac{4}{51}$

$$c) P(7 \text{ after no Jack}) = P(\text{no Jack}) * P(7) = \frac{12}{13} * \frac{4}{51} = \frac{16}{221}$$

$$* P(\text{Jack}) = \frac{4}{52}, \text{ then } P(\text{no Jack}) = 1 - \frac{4}{52} = \frac{12}{13}$$

\*there are 4 7s(семерок) in the deck and there 51 cards left, so the probability of getting 7 is  $\frac{4}{51}$

Ex 5

$$a) P(\text{Jack, Jack, Jack}) = P(\text{Jack}) * P(\text{Jack}) * P(\text{Jack}) = \frac{4}{52} * \frac{3}{51} * \frac{2}{50} = \frac{1}{5525}$$

\* there are 4 jacks in the deck, and all we got 52 cards, so the probability of getting jack is  $\frac{4}{52}$

$$b) ) P(\text{Jack, Jack, Jack, Jack, Jack}) = 0$$

\* we haven't got 5 jacks in the deck ☹

$$c) P(\text{Jack, King, 6, 7}) = P(\text{Jack}) * P(\text{King}) * P(6) * P(7) = \frac{4}{52} * \frac{4}{51} * \frac{4}{50} * \frac{4}{49} = \frac{32}{812175}$$

\* there are 4 jacks in the deck, and all we got 52 cards, so the probability of getting jack is  $\frac{4}{52}$

\* there are 4 kings in the deck and 51 left, so the probability of getting king is  $\frac{4}{51}$

\* there are 4 6s(шестерки) in the deck and 50 cards left, so the probability of getting 6 is  $\frac{4}{50}$

\* there are 4 7s(семерок) in the deck and 49 cards left, so the probability of getting 7 is  $\frac{4}{49}$

$$d) P(2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, \text{Jack, Queen, King, Ace}) = P(2) * P(3) * P(4) * P(5) * P(6) * P(7) * P(8) * P(9) * P(10) * P(\text{Jack}) * P(\text{Queen}) * P(\text{King}) * P(\text{Ace}) = \frac{4}{52} * \frac{4}{51} * \frac{4}{50} * \frac{4}{49} * \frac{4}{48} * \frac{4}{47} * \frac{4}{46} * \frac{4}{45} * \frac{4}{44} * \frac{4}{43} * \frac{4}{42} * \frac{4}{41} * \frac{4}{40} = \frac{4096}{241347817621535625} \quad (\text{it's almost impossible ☹})$$

\* there are 4 2s(двойки) in the deck, and all we got 52 cards, so the probability of getting 2 is  $\frac{4}{52}$

\* there are 4 3(тройки) in the deck and 51 left, so the probability of getting 3 is  $\frac{4}{51}$

\* there are 4 4s(четверки) in the deck and 50 cards left, so the probability of getting 4 is  $\frac{4}{50}$

\* there are 4 5s(пятерки) in the deck and 49 cards left, so the probability of getting 5 is  $\frac{4}{49}$

- \* there are 4 6s(шестерки) in the deck and 48 cards left, so the probability of getting 6 is  $\frac{4}{48}$
- \* there are 4 7s(семерок) in the deck and 47 cards left, so the probability of getting 7 is  $\frac{4}{47}$
- \* there are 4 8s(семерок) in the deck and 46 cards left, so the probability of getting 8 is  $\frac{4}{46}$
- \* there are 4 9s(девяток) in the deck and 45 cards left, so the probability of getting 9 is  $\frac{4}{45}$
- \* there are 4 10s(десяток) in the deck and 44 cards left, so the probability of getting 10 is  $\frac{4}{44}$
- \* there are 4 jacks in the deck and 43 cards left, so the probability of getting jack is  $\frac{4}{43}$
- \* there are 4 queens in the deck and 42 cards left, so the probability of getting queen is  $\frac{4}{42}$
- \* there are 4 kings in the deck and 41 cards left, so the probability of getting king is  $\frac{4}{41}$
- \* there are 4 aces in the deck and 40 cards left, so the probability of getting ace is  $\frac{4}{40}$

$$e) P(Jack, no Jack, Jack, no Jack) = P(Jack) * P(no Jack) * P(Jack) * P(no Jack) = \frac{4}{52} * \frac{16}{17} * \frac{3}{50} * \frac{47}{49} = \frac{1128}{270725}$$

- \* there are 4 jacks in the deck, and all we got 52 cards, so the probability of getting jack is  $\frac{4}{52}$
- \* there are 3 jacks left and 51 cards left at all, so the probability of Jack is  $\frac{3}{51}$  then the probability of no jack is  $1 - \frac{3}{51} = \frac{16}{17}$
- \* there are 3 jacks left and 50 cards left at all, so the probability of Jack is  $\frac{3}{50}$
- \* there are 2 jacks left and 49 cards left at all, so the probability of Jack is  $\frac{2}{49}$  then the probability of no jack is  $1 - \frac{2}{49} = \frac{47}{49}$