H-DROID CLUSTER

















Bruzzo Paolo and Casula Dario {paolo.bruzzo; dario.casula}@mail.polimi.it HPPS Project at Polimi March - June 2014

Tutor: Ferroni Matteo

Professors: Donatella Sciuto, Marco D. Santambrogio

CONTEXT DEFINITION

Nowadays... more mobile devices than humans¹

Idle periods are quite common: (e.g. night time)



Potential huge amount of distributed computational power

How to exploit it?

PROJECT GOAL

to build an heterogeneous cluster:

distributed computation which performance?













previous attempt:

2012-droidCluster, homogeneous smartphone cluster²

limitation: all equal devices













TECHNOLOGIES

Computer networks:

MPICH2, message passing interface devices communication

Measuring performance:

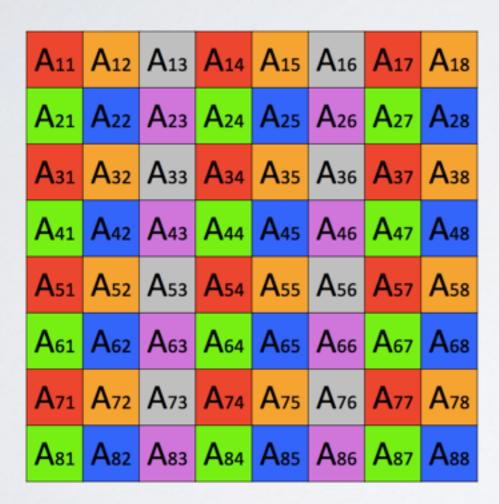
HPL, High Performance Linpack benchmark specifically written for clusters



HPL ALGORITHM

Resolution of a linear algebraic system of N linear equations

Matrix divided into blocks



Grid of processes

A ₁₁	A14	A ₁₇	A ₁₂	A 15	A ₁₈	A13	A 16
A 31	A 34	A 37	A 32	A 35	A:8	A 33	A 36
A 51	A 54	A 57	A 52	A 55	/ /58	A 53	A 56
A 71	A 74	A 77	A 72	A 75	\ 78	A 73	A 76
A ₂₁	A ₂₄	A 27	A ₂₂	A 25	\ 28	A 23	A 26
A 41	A 44	A 47	A 42	A 45	\ 48	A 43	A 46
A 61	A 64	A 67	A 62	A 65	68	A 63	A 66
A 81	A 84	A 87	A 82	A 85	A	A 83	Asg

Matrix order and block size choices

WHY ANDROID

How to run MPI and HPL on Android?



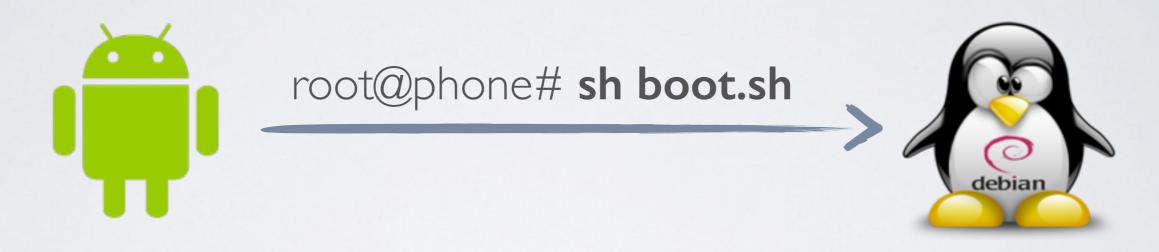
Debian on Android!



Chroot into Debian: same kernel of Android

INTO DEBIAN

Bash script to chroot into Debian



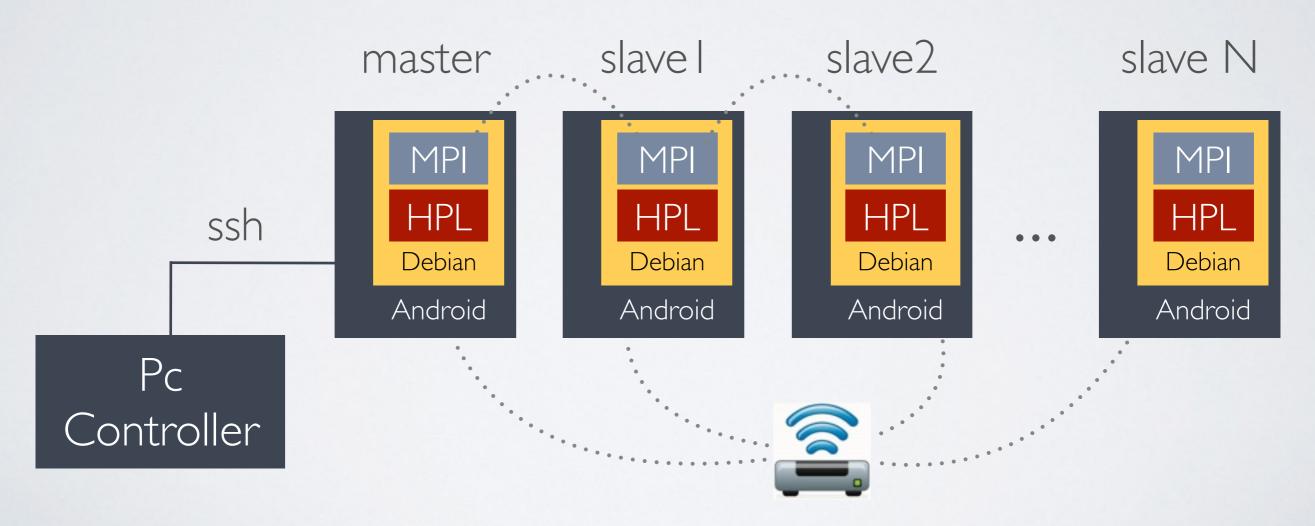
C program to launch the MPI cluster ring

How to tune the benchmark?

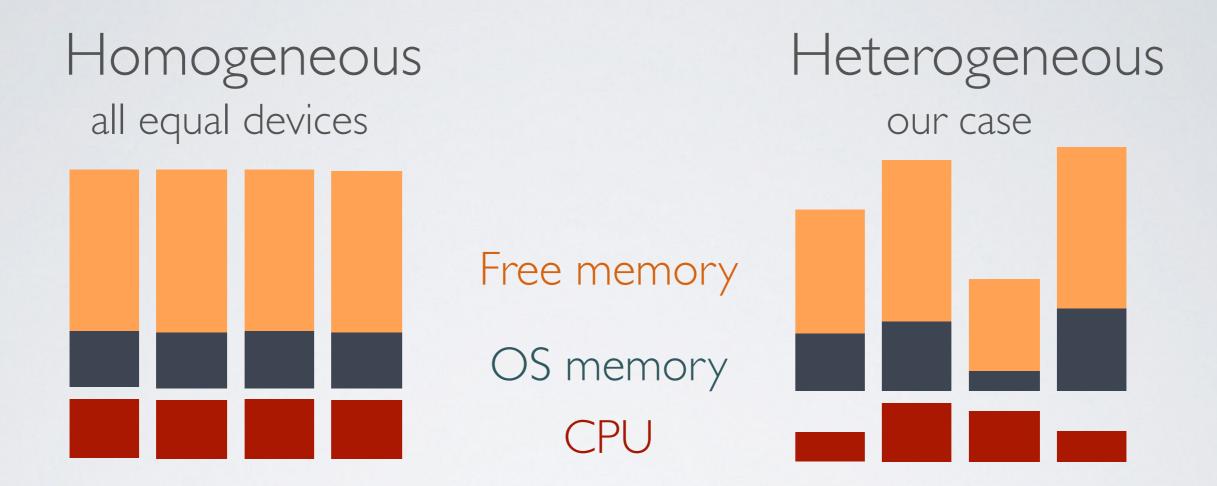
CASE STUDY

Heterogeneous cluster of Android Devices:

- Master distributes workloads
- Wireless connection



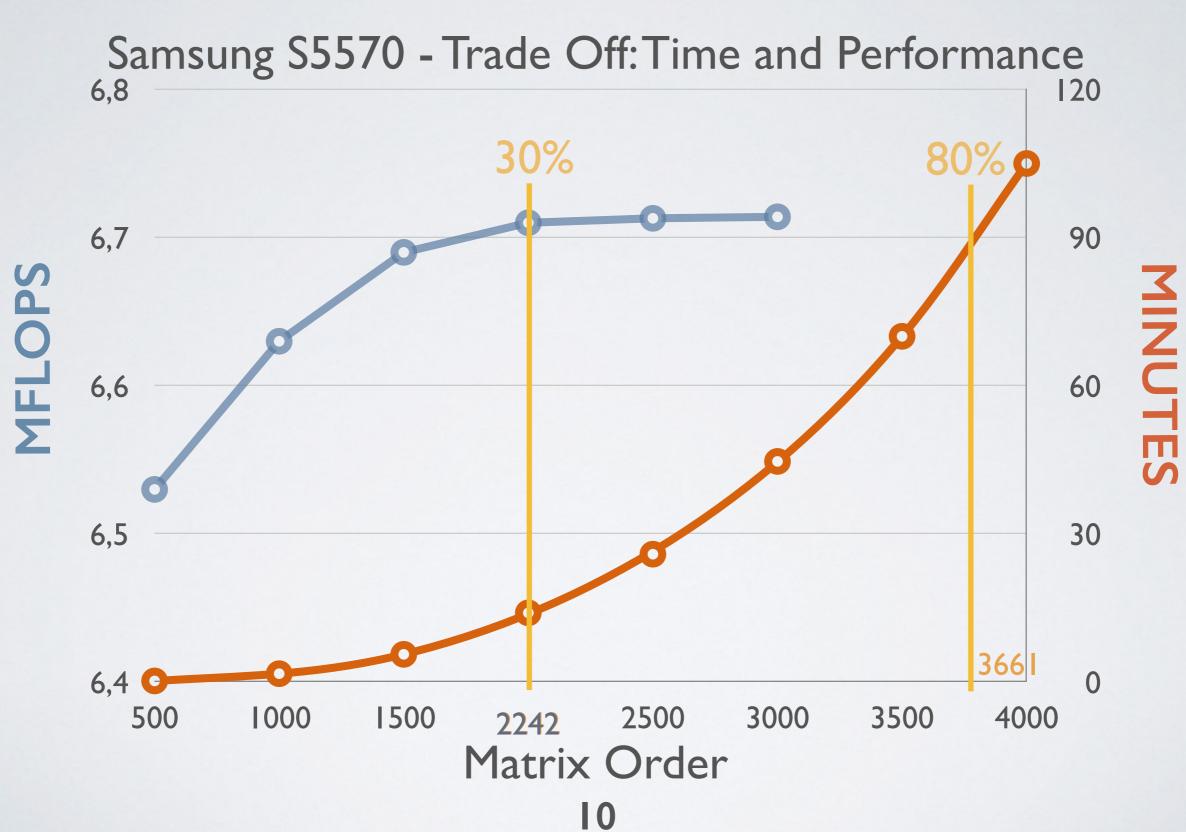
TYPES OF CLUSTERS



Trivial benchmark tuning Hard benchmark tuning

Choice of MATRIX ORDER?

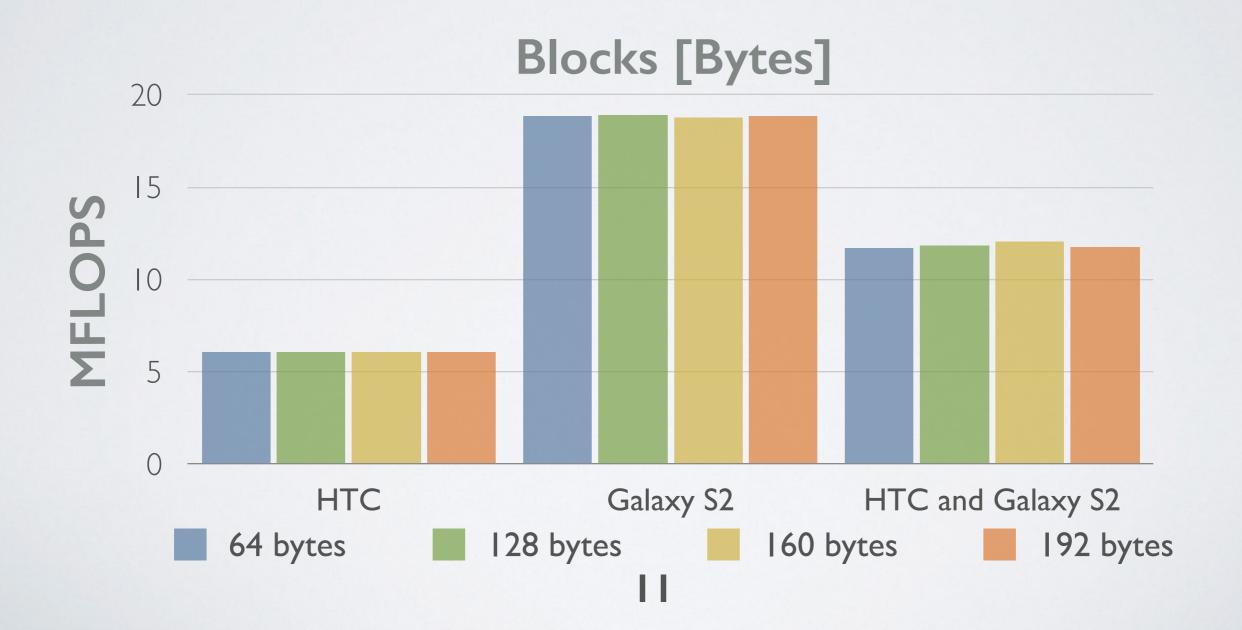
TUNING: MATRIX ORDER



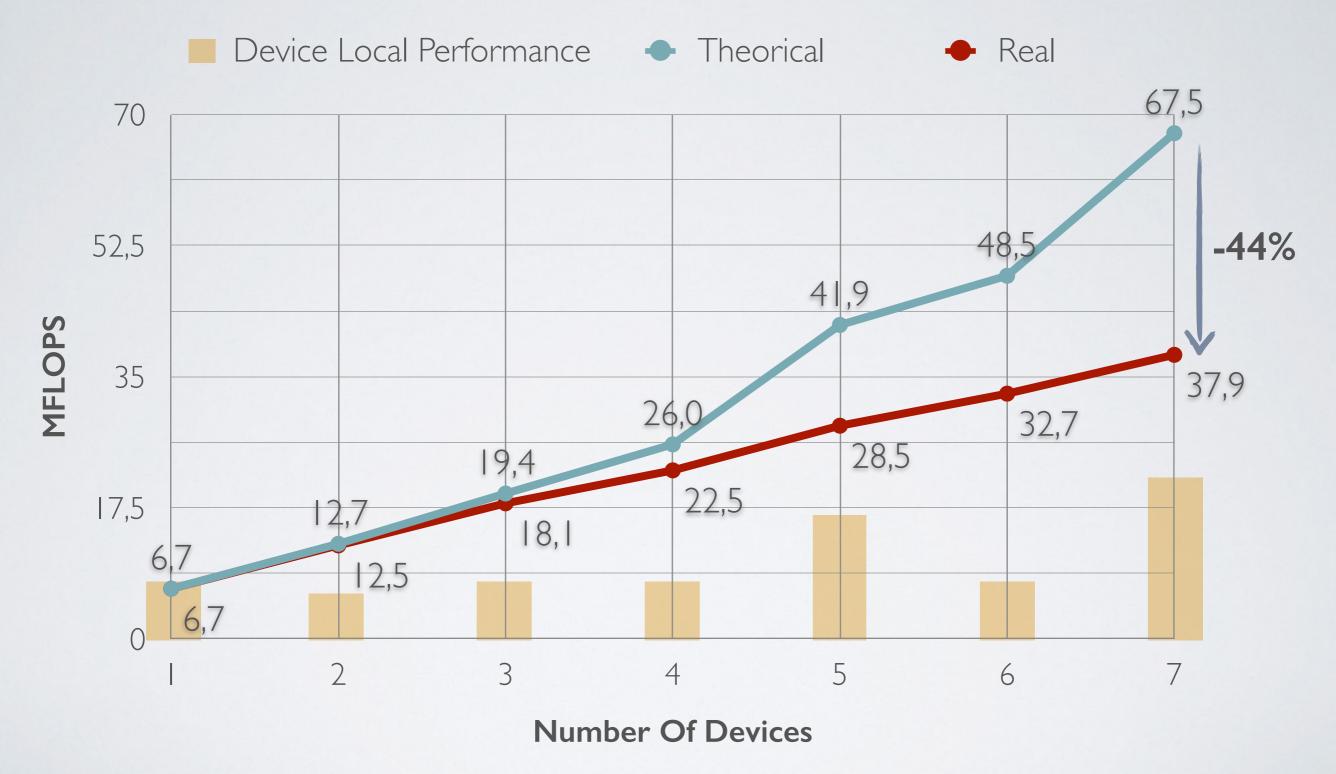
TUNING: BLOCK SIZE

No precise rules, test different measures

Devices return same performance with different sizes



CLUSTER PERFORMANCE



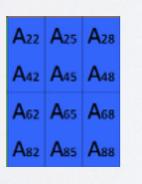
PROCESSES ALLOCATION

Some devices are more powerful, why not to give them more work to do?





dual core

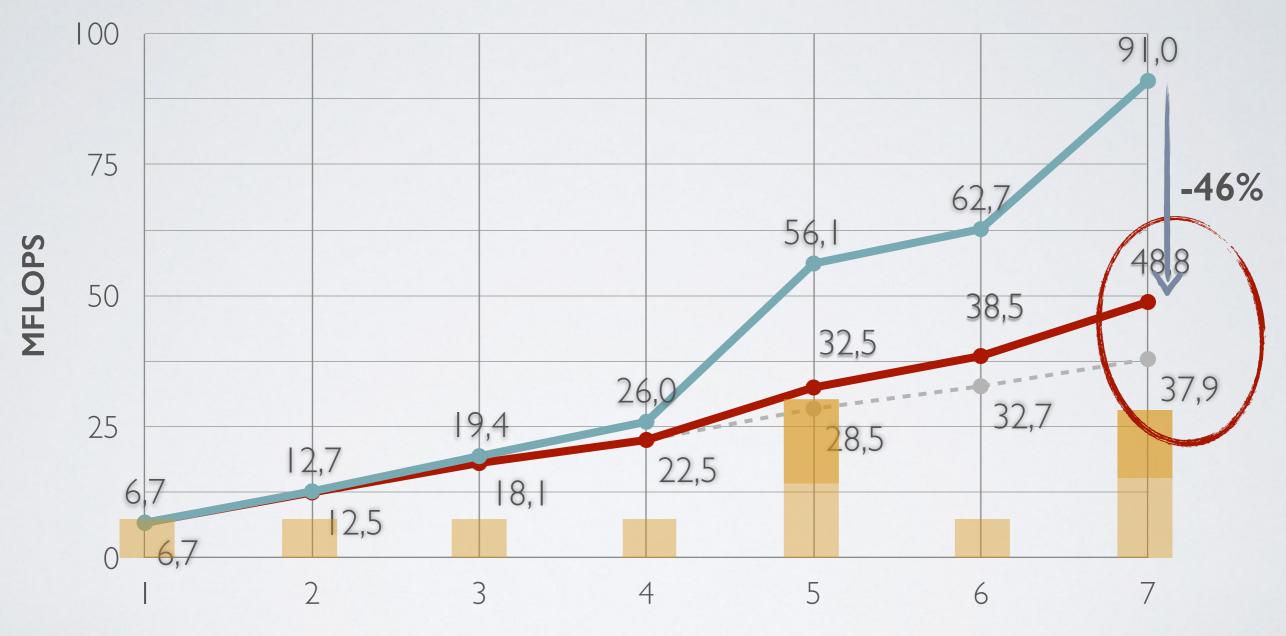




single core

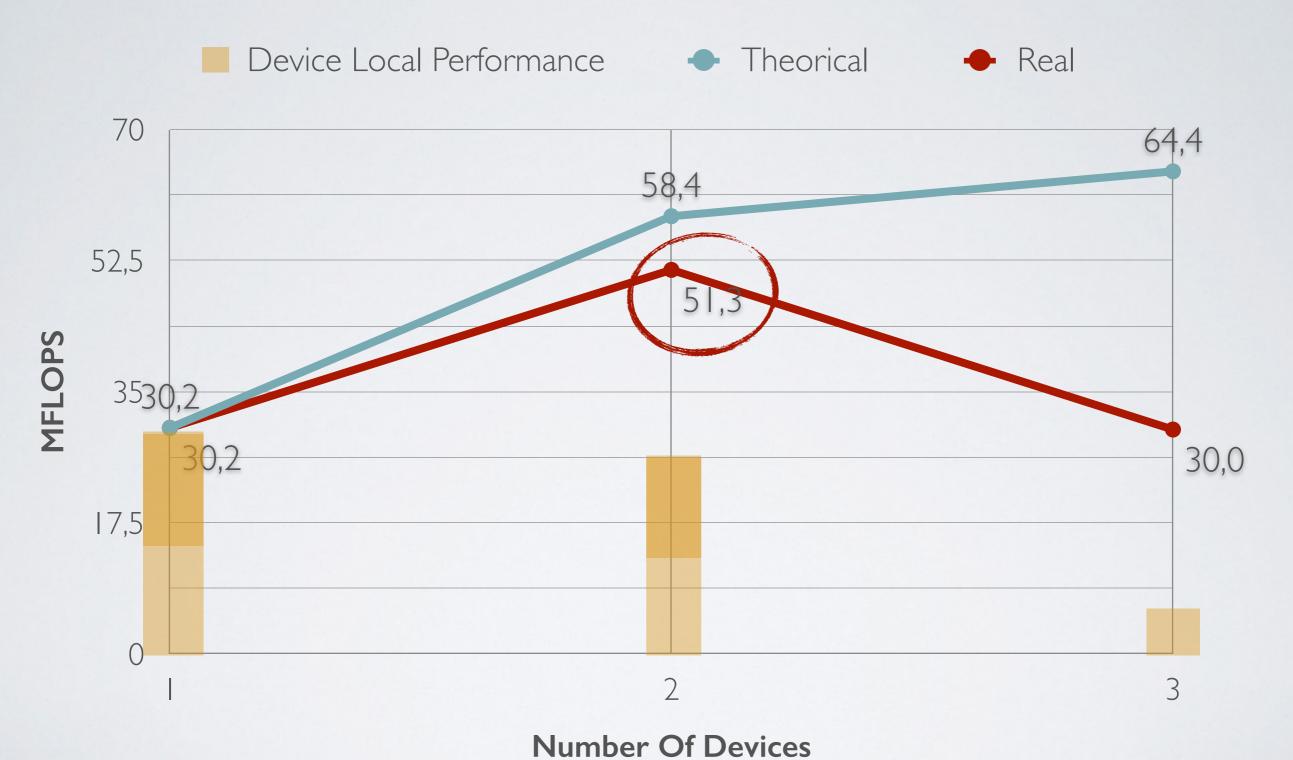
I PROCESS PER CORE

Device Local Performance - Theorical - Real - Previous Real



Number Of Devices

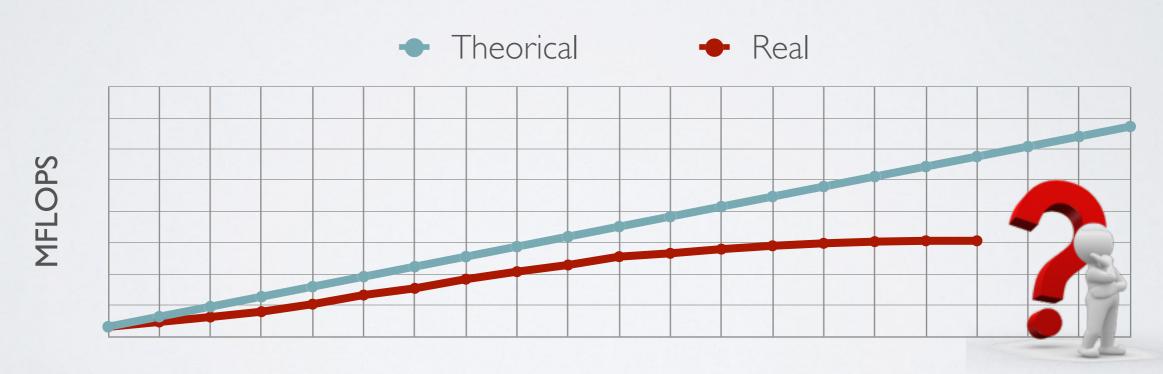
THE BOTTLENECK



FUTURE WORK

What happens with tens / hundreds of devices ?





Number Of Devices

QUESTIONS?

REFERENCES

- 1. <u>digitaltrends.com</u>: Number of mobile phones to exceed world population by 2014
- 2. Büsching, Schildt, Wolf: "DroidCluster: Towards Smartphone Cluster Computing"; 20 | 2, Technische Universität Braunschweig
- 3. J. Dongarra, P. Luszczek, A. Petitet, 'The linpack benchmark: Past, present and future.' 2003
- 4. Daniel Loreto, Erik Nordlander, Adam Oliner, "Benchmarking a Large-Scale Heterogeneous Cluster", MIT, 2005
- 5. <u>netlib.org</u>: /benchmark/hpl/tuning.html