

CSS IS AWESOME

Codecademy Ready

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Plan

Semantics of CSS

How to use CSS

Elements/Classes/Ids

Combinations of Selectors

Question Time

Live Coding: Front Page of a Newspaper

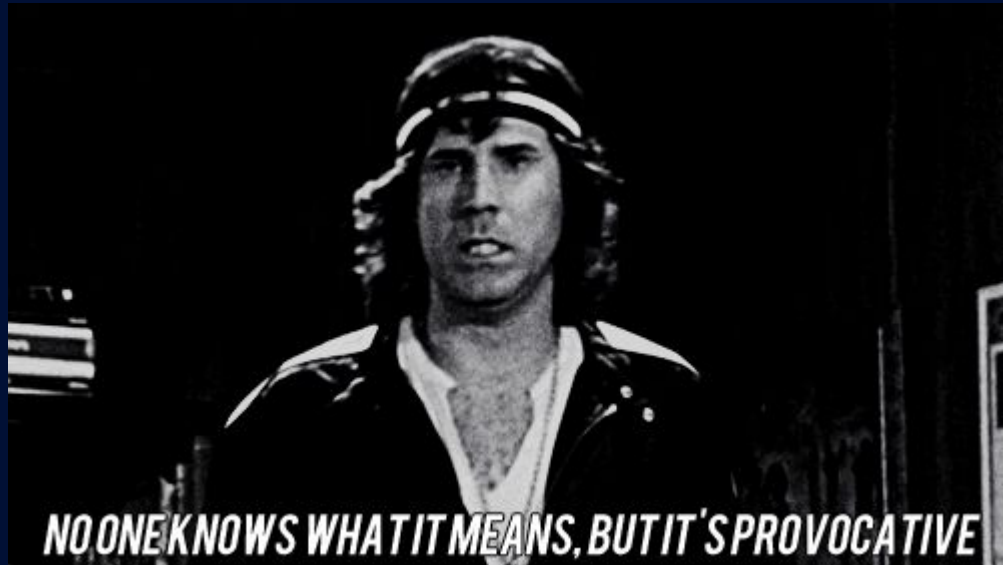
What is CSS?

Cascading Style Sheets

What is CSS?

What does that even mean?

What is CSS?



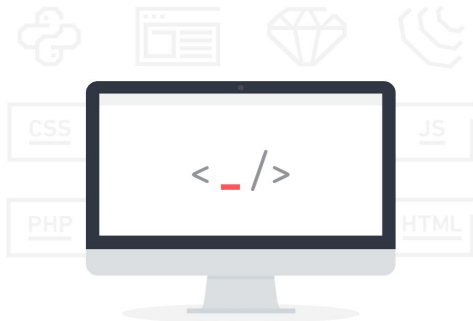


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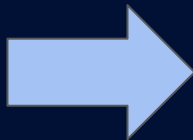
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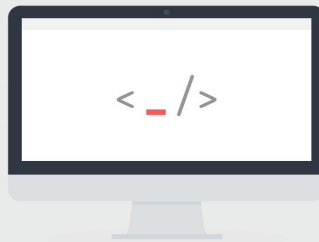
Hear how Tommy went from knowing nothing about code to building one of Time's '50 Best



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What is CSS: Syntax

selector: the part that selects what element the property will apply to

property: the value set to update how the HTML content is displayed

declaration: the property/value pair

What is CSS: Syntax

`h1` {
 color: blue;
}

selector

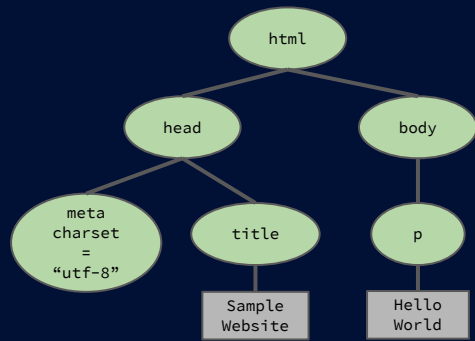
property

value

A diagram illustrating the syntax of a CSS rule. The rule is shown as 'h1 { color: blue; }'. A purple bracket under 'h1' is labeled 'selector'. A teal bracket under 'color:' is labeled 'property'. A yellow bracket under 'blue;' is labeled 'value'. The closing brace '}' is shown without a bracket or label.

How is CSS put onto a webpage?

DOM Tree



Style Sheet

+

```
p {  
  color: blue;  
}
```



Display



How to use CSS

Inline

```
<p style='color:red'>Hello World</p>
```

Internal Style Sheet

```
<style>
  p {
    color:red
  }
</style>
```

External Style Sheet

```
~/style.css

p {
  color:red
}
```

Comments

```
/*This is what comments look like*/
```

Selectors (that we're going to talk about)

Element

```
h1 {  
    color: blue;  
}
```

Class

```
.titleText {  
    font-size: 12px;  
}
```

Id

```
#headline {  
    color: red;  
}
```

Selectors (that we're not going to talk about today)

Attribute

Pseudo-classes



More information can be found [here](#) and [here](#).

Pseudo-elements

The Comma

```
h1, h2, h3 {  
    font-style: italic;  
}
```

Used to declare the same property on multiple selectors

Combinators (aka multiple selectors)

AB - Any element matching both A and B at the same time.

A B - Any element matching B that is a descendant of an element matching A (that is: a child, or a child of a child, etc.)

A>B - Any element matching B that is a direct child of an element matching A.

[From MDN](#)

The Cascade™

importance --> specificity --> source order

Importance

!important

(but not that important)

Specificity

element --> class --> id

Source Order

- Except for #ids, the latest source is the one that is used
- Specificity first → source order

Inheritance

`inherit` - use what my parents have

`initial` - use what the document default is

`unset` - resets to inherited/initial value

DevTools 

Live Coding: Front Page of a Newspaper 📰



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🐙 github: [@jesselumarie](https://github.com/jesselumarie)