

Más demostraciones

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1 Simple

1) $(\backslash x \rightarrow \text{maybe } x \text{ id Nothing}) = \text{head} . (:[])$

2 Sobre listas

1) `factorial x = product (countFrom x)`
`countFrom :: Int -> [Int]`
`countFrom 0 = []`
`countFrom n = n : countFrom (n-1)`

2) `map f . concat = concat . map (map f)`

3) `replicate n x = applyN n (x:) []`

4) `snoc xs y = xs ++ [y]`
`snoc xs y = xs ++ [y]`
`snoc :: [a] -> a -> [a]`
`snoc [] y = [y]`
`snoc (x:xs) y = x : snoc xs y`

5) `last xs = head (reverse xs)`

3 Sobre árboles binarios

1) `sumT . mapT (const 1) = sizeT`

2) `sizeT = sizeT . mirrorT`

3) `allT f = andT . (mapT f)`

4 Más sobre listas

- 1) `sum (xs ++ ys) =
 sum (zipWith (+) xs ys)`
(es falsa, dar contraejemplo)
- 2) `filter p (xs ++ ys) = filter p xs ++ filter p ys`
- 3) `filter p (filter q xs) = filter (\y -> p y && q y) xs`
- 4) `filter p . map f = map f . filter (p . f)`
- 5) `takeWhile p xs ++ dropWhile p xs = xs`
- 6) `applyN n f . applyN m f = applyN (n+m) f`
- 7) `applyN n (applyN m f) = applyN (n*m) f`
- 8) `applyN n (applyN m) = applyN (m^n)`
- 9) `applyN n f x = iterate f x !! n`
- 10) `(!!) n = head . drop n`