Mathematics for Machine Learning

Homework IV

Due 11/11/2017

- 1. If $A_n \subset A_{n-1} \subset ... \subset A_1$, show that $\bigcap_{i=1}^n A_i = A_n$, $\bigcup_{i=1}^n A_i = A_1$
- 2. If X is the number of successes in n Bernoulli trials, find the probability that $X \geq 3$ and $X \geq 1$.
- 3. Let C_1 be an unbiased coin, and C_2 a biased coin with probability of heads $\frac{3}{4}$. At time t=0, C_1 is tossed. If the result is heads, then C_1 is tossed at time t=1. If the result is tails, C_2 is tossed at t=1. Then, the process is repeated at time $t=2,3,\ldots$. In general, if heads appears at t=n, then C_1 is tossed at t=n+1. If tails appears at t=n, then C_2 is tossed at t=n+1.
 - (a) Find y_n = the probability that the toss at t=n will be head. Hint set a difference equation:

$$y_n = a_1 y_{t-1} + \dots + a_n y_{t-n}$$

- 4. Consider a sequence of Bernoulli Trials. Let R be the number of times that a head is followed immediately by a tail. For example, if $\omega = HHTHT$, then $R(\omega) = 2$ since a head is followed by a tail at trials 2 and 3, and also at trials 4 and 5. Find the probability function of R.
- 5. An employer is about to hire one new employee from a group of N candidates, whose future potential can be rated on a scale form 1 to N. the employer proceeds using the following rules:
 - (a) Each candidate is seen in succession and a decision is made whether to hire the candidate.
 - (b) Having rejected m-1 candidates (m>1), the employer can hire the m^{th} only if the m^{th} candidate is better than the previous m-1.

Suppose a candidate is hired on the i^{th} trial. What is the probability that the best candidate was hired?