Kotlin: getting started

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Di cosa si tratta

- Multiparadigma
- Fortemente tipizzato
- 100% interoperabilità Java
- Multipiattaforma
- Open source (https://github.com/JetBrains/kotlin)







Multiplatform

- Android (Kotlin JVM)
- Backend (Kotlin JVM)
- JavaScript (Kotlin JS)
- iOS, macOS, Windows, Linux (Kotlin Native beta)







Control flow

- if
- while
- for
- when







Strings







Range

```
(1..10).forEach { print(it) }
(10 downTo 0).forEach { print(it) }
(1..10 step 2).forEach { print(it) }
(1 until 10).forEach { print(it) }
```







Type inference

```
val a = "abc"
val b = 4

// Tipo String dedotto
// Tipo Int dedotto

val c: Double = 0.7

// Tipo dichiarato esplicitamente
```







Null Safety

Exception in thread "AWT-EventQueue-0" java.lang.NullPointerException





Null Safety

```
var name: String = "Hello"
name = null // null cannot be a value of non-null variable
var name: String? = "Hello"
name = null // OK
println(name?.hashCode()) // Prints null if name is null
val l = name?.length ?: -1 // If name is null return name.length else -1
print(l)
// Safe cast
val ageString: String? = age as? String
// Meglio evitarlo
print(name!!.length)
```







Smart cast

```
if (obj is String) {
    print(obj.toUpperCase()) // obj qui è riconosciuto come String
}

fun printIfNotNull(message: String?) {
    if (message != null) {
        print(message.length) // message qui è riconosciuto come not null
    }
}
```







Collections

```
val numbers = listOf(1, 2, 3)

val strings = setOf("a", "b", "c", "c")

val map = mapOf("key1" to 1, "key2" to 2)
```







Classi

- Creazione di classi e costruttori meno verbose che in Java
- Niente metodi statici (sostituiti da package functions o companion object)
- Valori di default nel costruttore
- Arguments naming
- init function







Classi

```
class Spaceship(id: String,
                             val name: String,
                             val cFactor: Float,
                             var description: String,
                             var notes: String? = null) {
                init {
                }
          }
val spaceship = Spaceship("12345","Enterprise", 10.5f, "Exploration ship")
val spaceship = Spaceship(
       id = "12345",
       cFactor = 10.5f
       name = "Enterprise",
       notes = "Various notes",
       description = "Exploration ship")
```







Data class







Equals

```
val john1 = Person("John")
val john2 = Person("John")
john1 == john2  // true uguaglianza strutturale
john1 === john2  // false uguaglianza di reference
```







Deconstrictive declarations





}

print("\$key: \$value")



Properties

```
val fasterThanLight: Boolean
   get() = cFactor > 1

var captain: String? = null
   set(value) {
       println("Captain has changed from $field to $value")
       field = value
   }
```







Extensions

```
fun Spaceship.canDock(): Boolean {
    return allowedIds.contains(this.id)
if (spaceship.canDock()) {
    print("Clear to proceed")
} else {
    print("Spaceship not allowed")
val String.date: Date?
    get() {
        val format = SimpleDateFormat("yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSS'Z'", Locale.ENGLISH)
        return try {
            format.parse(this)
        } catch (e: Exception) {
            null
val date = "2018-12-05T10:30:00.000Z".date
```







```
fun double(x: Int): Int {
    return 2 * x
}

fun double(x: Int): Int = x * 2

val handler: (String?) -> Boolean = { message -> message != null
}
```







```
fun waitAndDo(millis: Long, closure: () -> Unit) {
    Thread {
        Thread.sleep(millis)
        closure()
    }.start()
}

waitAndDo(2000, {
    print("Hello")
})

waitAndDo(2000) {
    print("Hello")
}
```



















Classi e Funzioni

```
class SpaceGun(init: SpaceGun.() -> Unit) {
    var id: String = ""
    var name: String? = null
    var type: String? = null
}

val gun = SpaceGun {
    id = "123"
        name = "Boom"
        type = "Rifle"
}
```







Infix functions

```
infix fun List<String>.merge(list: List<String>): List<String> {
    val mutableList = this.toMutableList()
    mutableList.addAll(list)
    return mutableList
}

val l1 = listOf("A", "B", "C")
val l2 = listOf("1", "2", "3")
val lm = l1 merge l2
print(lm) // [A, B, C, 1, 2, 3]
```







Sealed class

```
sealed class Status
data class Approaching(val velocity: Double): Status()
data class Leaving(val spaceship: Spaceship): Status()
data class Docking(val spaceship: Spaceship, val dockNumber: Int): Status()
data class NoMovement(): Status()
// status from stream service
when(status) {
   is Approaching -> if (status.velocity > MAX VELOCITY) print("Alarm!")
                  -> print("${status.spaceship.name} is leaving")
   is Leaving
   is Docking
                  -> {
       if (isFriend(status.spaceship)) {
           print("${status.spaceship.name} can proceed to dock number ${status.dockNumber}")
       } else {
           print("${status.spaceship.name} in an enemy. Attack")
   is NoMovement -> print("Nothing in sight")
```







Singleton Pattern - Java

```
public class Singleton {

private final static Singleton instance= new Singleton();

private Singleton() {}

public static Singleton getInstance() {
   return instance;
}
```







Singleton pattern - Kotlin

```
object Singleton {
    var value: String? = null
}
```







Observer pattern - Java

```
public class TypeChangeListener {
    public void onValueChanged(String newValue) {
        System.out.println("Type has changed to " + newValue);
}
public class ObservableObject {
    private TypeChangeListener typeChangeListener;
   private String name;
   private String type;
    public ObservableObject(String name) {
        this.name = name;
   public String getName() {
        return name;
    public TypeChangeListener getTypeChangeListener() {
        return typeChangeListener;
   public void setTypeChangeListener(TypeChangeListener typeChangeListener) {
        this.typeChangeListener = typeChangeListener;
    public String getType() {
        return type;
    public void setType(String type) {
        this.type = type;
        typeChangeListener.onValueChanged(type);
}
```







Observer pattern - Kotlin

```
class Planet(val name: String, val capital: String ) {
    private var observerTypeFunction: ((String) -> Unit)? = null
    var type: String by Delegates.observable("") { prop, old, new -> observerTypeFunction?.invoke(new)
    }
}

val planet = Planet("Mars")
planet.observerTypeFunction = {
    print("Type changed to $it")
}
planet.type = "Red planet"
```







Strategy pattern - Java

```
public interface Strategy {
                                                       public class Context {
   public int doOperation(String text);
                                                          private Strategy strategy;
                                                          public Context(Strategy strategy){
                                                             this.strategy = strategy;
public class OperationUpperCase implements Strategy{
   @Override
   public int doOperation(String text) {
                                                          public int executeStrategy(String text){
      return text.toUpperCase();
                                                             return strategy.doOperation(text);
public class OperationLowerCase implements Strategy{
   @Override
   public int doOperation(String text) {
      return text.toLowerCase();
                                                      Context context = new Context(new OperationUpperCase());
                                                      System.out.println(context.executeStrategy("Hello"));
                                                      context = new Context(new OperationLowerCase());
                                                      System.out.println(context.executeStrategy("Hello"));
```







Strategy pattern - Kotlin

```
class Printer(val printStrategy: (String) -> (String)) {
    fun printString(toBePrint: String) {
        println(printStrategy(toBePrint))
    }
}

val lowerCasePrinter = Printer {
    it.toLowerCase()
}
lowerCasePrinter.printString("Hello") // hello

val upperCasePrinter = Printer {
    it.toUpperCase()
}
lowerCasePrinter.printString("my friend") // MY FRIEND
```







Builder pattern - Java

```
class Pizza
{
    private String dough = "";
    private String sauce = "";
    private String topping = "";

    public void setDough(String dough)
    { this.dough = dough; }
    public void setSauce(String sauce)
    { this.sauce = sauce; }
    public void setTopping(String topping)
    { this.topping = topping; }
}
```

```
/** "Abstract Builder" */
abstract class PizzaBuilder
                                             pizzaBuilder.createNewPizzaProduct();
                                             pizzaBuilder.buildDough();
   protected Pizza pizza;
                                             pizzaBuilder.buildSauce();
   public Pizza getPizza()
                                             pizzaBuilder.buildTopping();
       return pizza;
   public void createNewPizzaProduct()
       pizza = new Pizza();
   public abstract void buildDough();
   public abstract void buildSauce();
   public abstract void buildTopping();
/** "ConcreteBuilder" */
class HawaiianPizzaBuilder extends PizzaBuilder
   public void buildDough()
       pizza.setDough("cross");
   public void buildSauce()
       pizza.setSauce("mild");
   public void buildTopping()
       pizza.setTopping("ham+pineapple");
/** "ConcreteBuilder" */
class SpicyPizzaBuilder extends PizzaBuilder
   public void buildDough()
       pizza.setDough("pan baked");
   public void buildSauce()
       pizza.setSauce("hot");
   public void buildTopping()
      pizza.setTopping("pepperoni+salami");
```







Build Pattern - Kotlin

```
class Pizza(var dough: String? = null,
            var sauce: String? = null,
            var toppings: String? = null)
fun buildPizza(closure: Pizza.() -> Unit): Pizza {
    val pizza = Pizza()
    pizza.closure()
    return pizza
val pizza = buildPizza {
    dough = "Baked"
    sauce = "Normal"
    toppings = "Ham"
val bigPizza = buildPizza {
    dough = "Double baked"
    sauce = "Double tomato"
    toppings = "Ham, Mushrooms"
```







Builder pattern - Kotlin

```
class SpaceGun() {
    var id: String = ""
    var name: String? = null
    var type: Type? = null
}

class Type() {
    var name: String? = null
    var number: Int? = null
}
```

```
fun spaceGun(init: SpaceGun.() -> Unit): SpaceGun {
    val spaceGun = SpaceGun()
    spaceGun.init()
    return spaceGun
}

fun type(init: Type.() -> Unit): Type {
    val type = Type()
        type.init()
    return type
}
```

```
val spaceGun = spaceGun {
    id = "123"
    name = "Boom"
    type {
        name = "Rifle"
        number = 1
    }
}
```







Altro

- Coroutine
- Observable
- Delegation
- Generics
- Operator overloading
- DSL
- Type alias
- Enum







Grazie per l'attenzione

Codice sorgente app Android e slide disponibili



https://github.com/dariopellegrini/CISB2018





