

SystemC Quickreference Card

For Training: www.Transfer.nl

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Module structure

```
SC_MODULE(module_name) {
  Port declarations
  Local channel declarations
  Variable declarations
  Process declarations
  Other method declarations
  Module instantiations
SC_CTOR(module_name){
  Process registration
  Static sensitivity list
  Module variable initialization
  Module instance / channel binding
}:
Port declarations:
  sc_port<interface_name> [, number of channels]> port_name,...
Local channel declaration:
  channel_type name [, name, name ... ]:
Variable declaration:
  Variable_type name [, name, name ... ];
Process declaration:
  void process name();
Process registration:
  SC METHOD(process name);
  SC THREAD(process name);
  SC_CTHREAD(process_name, clock_edge_reference);
  SC_SLAVE(process_name, slave_port);
Static sensitivity list:
  Functional syntax:
  sensitive(event1 [, event2, ...])
  sensitive pos(event1 [, event2, ...])
  sensitive_neg(event1 [, event2, ...])
  Stream syntax:
  sensitive << event1 << event2 ...;
  sensitive_pos << event1 << event2 ...;
  sensitive neg << event1 << event2 ...;
Custom constructor:
SC MODULE( module name )
  SC HAS PROCESS( module name ):
  module name( sc module name name string, arg1 [, arg2, ...]
   sc_module( name_string )
  Process registration
  Static sensitivity list
  Module variable initialization
  Module instance / channel binding
```

```
Hierarchical module instantation:
```

```
Method1: Initializaing using constructor initialization list
```

Method2: Using pointers and dynamic memory allocation

```
#include "submodule_name.h"

SC_MODULE(module_name) {
    Module port declarations
    ...
    module_name_A *instance_name_A;
    module_name_N *instance_name_N;
    ...
    Local channel declarations

SC_CTOR(module_name)
    {
        instance_name_A = new
    submodule_name("instance_name");
        instance_name_A->subport_name(modport_name);
        instance_name_A->subport_name(local_channel_name);
        or:
        ("instance_name_N)(modport_name,
local_channel_name,...);
        ...
    }
};
```

Main Routine Structure

```
#include "systemc.h"
include module declarations
int sc_main(int argc, char *agv[])
{
    Channel declarations
    Variable declarations
    Module instance declarations
    Module port binding
    Time unit / resolution setup
    Set up tracing
    Start simulation
    return 0;
```

```
Module_name instance_name("instance_name");

With custom constructor:
    Module_name instance_name("instance_name", arg1 [, arg2, ...]);

Port binding:
    Named method
    Instance_named.port_name(channel_name);
```

Positional method

Module instantation:

Instance_name(channel_name [, channel_name, ...]);
Instance_name << channel_name [<< channel_name << ...];</pre>

Function Reference

```
dont_initialize(); Prevent SC_METHOD or SC_THREAD process from automatically running at start of simulation.
```

gen_unique_name(basename); Returns a unique string that can be used to satisfy object initializations that require a

unique string.

name(): Returns a string with the current module instance name

```
next_trigger(); Temporary overrides the static sensitivity list.
next_trigger( event_expression );
next_trigger(time);
next_trigger( time, event_expression);
```

sc_assert_fail(message_string, file_name, line_num);
prints out an error message

sc_copyright(); Returns string with SystemC copyright information

```
sc_cycle(duration); Advanced simulation time by specified
amount of time. Should be called after
sc initialize()
```

sc_cycle(value [, sc_time_unit]);

sc_initialize(); Initialize the simulation

sc_simulation_time(); Returns current simulation time as double

sc_start(run_time); Initialize simulation and advances time

```
sc_start(value [, sc_time_unit]);
sc_start(-1);
```

sc_stop(); Stops simulation

```
sc_set_default_time_unit(value, sc_time_unit);
sc_get_default_time_unit(); Set and get the default time unit
```

sc_set_default_time_resolution(value, sc_time_unit);
sc_get_default_time_resolution(); Set and get minimum time
resolution

sc_time_stamp(); Retuns current simulation time as sc_time

sc_version(); Returns string with SystemC library version

timed_out(); Returns bool, true if reactivation after last wait was due to timenout an not to event trigger

wait(); Wait for event as specified in static sensitivity list

wait(time);
wait(time, event_expression);

Data Types

```
sc_time_unit
```

```
can be one of: SC_FS, SC_PS, SC_NS, SC_US, SC_MS, SC_SEC
```

sc_clock("ID", period, duty_cycle, offset, first_edge_positive);

sc int<N>. sc uint<N>

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} N: number of bits, max=64 \\ Methods: & range(x,y) & to\_int() & to\_uint() \\ length() & test(i) & set(i) \\ set(i,b) & \end{tabular}
```

sc bigint<N>. sc biguint<N>

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} N: number of bits, max=512 \\ Methods: & range(x,y) & to\_int() & to\_uint() \\ length() & test(i) & set(i) \\ set(i,b) & to\_string() \\ \end{tabular}
```

to_string can take an argument: SC_NOBASE, SC_BIN, SC_OCT, SC_DEC, SC_HEX

sc_logic

single bit value: '0', '1', 'X', 'Z'

sc Iv<N>

```
Vector of sc_logic values, N is number of bits
Methods:
range(x,y) to_int() to_uint() length()
set_bit(i, d) get_bit(i) to_string()
and_reduce()
nand_reduce() nor_reduce() or_reduce() xor_reduce()
```

sc bit

single bit value: '0', '1'

xnor_reduce()

sc bv

Vector of sc_bit values, N is number of bits Methods:

range(x,y) to_int() to_uint() length()
and_reduce()
and reduce() nor reduce() or reduce() xor reduce()

and_reduce() nor_reduce() or_reduce() xor_reduce() xnor_reduce()

Anor_reduce()

sc_fixed<wl, iwl, q_mode, o_mode, n_bits> sc_ufixed<wl, iwl, q_mode, o_mode, n_bits>

wl: total word_length iwl: integer word length q_mode: quantization mode o_mode: overflow mode n_bits: number of saturated bits

Quantization modes: SC_RND, SC_RND_ZERO, SC_RND_INF, SC_RND_MIN_INF, SC_RND_CONV, SC_TRN, SC_TRN ZERO

Overflow modes:SC_SAT, SC_SAT_ZERO, SC_SAT_SYM, SC_WRAP, SC_WRAP_SM

sc fixed fast and sc ufixed fast

Faster implementations of sc fixed and sc ufixed, max bits is 53



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Operators

	Ari	ithme	tic			Bit	wise				
	+	-	*	1	%	ı	&	_	^	^	<<
sc_int											
sc_uint] .	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
sc_bigint] '	ľ	ļ '	l '	Ċ	<u>'</u>	ľ	<u>'</u>	<u>'</u>	· ·	ľ
sc_biguint											
sc_bv						+	+	+	+	+	+
sc_lv						ľ	Ů	ľ	ľ		Ċ
sc_fixed											
sc_ufixed	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
sc_fix	1	ľ	ļ '	l '	Ċ	<u>'</u>	ľ	<u>'</u>	<u>'</u>	· ·	ľ
sc_ufix	1										

	Ass	ignm	ent							Equa	ı
	=	+=	ļ	*=	/=	%=	&=	=	^=	==	!=
sc_int											
sc_uint	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
sc_bigint	1	+	*	+	7	7	7	*		+	+
sc_biguint											
sc_bv	+						+	+	+	+	+
sc_lv	l						·	ľ	Ċ		Ċ
sc_fixed											
sc_ufixed	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
sc_fix	[_		[ĺ	ŕ	ĺ		ſ	ĺ	ĺ
sc_ufix											

	Rela	tional			Auto)	Bit	
	<	'=	^	>=	++		[]	(,)
sc_int								
sc_uint	+	+	+	+	+	+√	+	+
sc_bigint	l '	' '	·	l '			l '	' I
sc_biguint	ĺ							
sc_bv							+	+
sc_lv								
sc_fixed								
sc_ufixed	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
sc_fix	1	ı .		,	· ·	ı .	Ċ	
sc_ufix								

Channel Reference

sc buffer

Multipoint communications, one writer, many readers Implements interface: sc_signal_inout_if

Events:

default event() value changed event()

Custom ports: sc_in<T>, sc_out<T>, sc_inout<T>

Methods:

delayed() event() get_data_ref() operator=() get_new_value() get_old_value kind() posedge() negedge() read(port_or_signal) read() write(val)

sc signal rv<N>

Similar to sc signal resolved, N is the number of bits

sc fifo

Point-to-point communication, one reader, one writer. Can not be used in SC_METHOD process Implements interface: sc fifo in if, sc fifo out if

Methods: nb_read() read() read(port/signal) operator=() write(val) nb_write(val)

Custom ports: sc fifo in<T>, sc fifo out<T>

num free()

Specify fifo depth in sc_main: sc_fifo<T> f(10); Depth is 10 Specify fifo depth in a module: SC CTOR(module name): f(10)

num_available() kind()

sc mutex

Multipoint communication, used to access a shared resource. Can not be used in SC_METHOD process Implements interface: sc_mutex_if

Methods: kind() lock() trylock() unlock()

sc semaphore

Multipoint communication, limited concurrent access, Parameter to assign the maximum number of users. Can not be used in SC METHOD process.

Implements interface: sc semaphore if

Methods: kind() post() trywait() wait() get_value()

Number of concurrent users:

In sc main: sc semaphore s(4)

In a module: SC_CTOR(module_name): s(4) { ... };

sc_signal<T>

Multipoint communications, one writer, many readers Implements interface: sc_signal_inout_if

Events

default_event() value_changed_event()

Methods: delayed() read(port/signal) event() operator=() get_data_ref() kind() get new value() write(val) neaedae() get_old_value() read() posedge()

Custom ports: sc_in<T>, sc_out<T>, sc_inout<T>

sc signal resolved

Implements interface: sc_signal_inout_if

Events: default event()value changed event()

Methods: delayed() read(port/signal) event() get data ref() kind() operator=() write(val) negedge() get_new_value() read() get old value() posedge() Resolvetable:

	'0'	'1'	'X'	ʻZ'
'0'	'0'	'X'	'X'	'0'
'1'	'X'	'X'	'X'	'X'
'X'	'X'	'X'	'X'	'X'
ʻZ'	'0'	'1'	'X'	ʻZ'

Methods used by datatypes and channels

and_reduce()	Reduction operation "and"-ing each bit
delayed()	Used in delay-evaluated expressions
event()	Returns bool, true if default_event has triggered in the current timestep
get_bit(i)	Returns long, representing bit value of i^{th} bit (0 = '0', 1 = '1', 2 = 'Z', 3 = 'X')
get_data_ref()	Get a reference to the current value (for tracing)
get_new_value()	Returns value after update
get_old_value()	Returns value before update
get_value()	Returns int, value of the semaphore
kind()	Returns channel type (sc_buffer or sc_fifo etc)
length()	Returns the bit width
lock()	Blocks until mutex can be locked
nand_reduce()	Reduction operation "nand"-ing each bit
nb_read()	Non-blocking read, returns bool, false if fifo is empty, true if read successful
nb_write(val)	Non-blocking write, returns bool, false if fifo is full, true if write successful
negedge()	
nor_reduce()	Reduction operation "nor"-ing each bit
num_available()	Returns int, number of elements that are in the fifo
num_free()	Returns int, number of remaining elements that can be written before fifo is full
Operator=()	Assignment operator For convenience, does a write()
or_reduce()	Reduction operation "or"-ing each bit
or_reduce() posedge()	Reduction operation "or"-ing each bit <bool> only. returns true if a false-to-true</bool>
posedge() post()	
posedge()	<book> onlv. returns true if a false-to-true</book>
posedge() post() range(x, y) read()	<booklyonly. (give)="" a="" false-to-true="" if="" returns="" semaphore<="" th="" the="" true="" unlock=""></booklyonly.>
posedge() post() range(x, y)	<bool> onlv. returns true if a false-to-true Unlock (give) the semaphore Refer to a bit range within the object Returns current value of signal Blocking for</bool>
posedge() post() range(x, y) read() read(port_or_	cbools only. returns true if a false-to-true Unlock (give) the semaphore Refer to a bit range within the object Returns current value of signal Blocking for sc_fifo Returns void, current value of signal is stored in port_or_signal. Blocking for sc_fifo Set i th bit to 1
posedge() post() range(x,y) read() read(port_or_ signal)	<bool> onlv. returns true if a false-to-true Unlock (give) the semaphore Refer to a bit range within the object Returns current value of signal Blocking for sc_fifo Returns void, current value of signal is stored in port_or_signal. Blocking for sc_fifo</bool>
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posedge() post() range(x, y) read() read(port_or_	cbool> onlv. returns true if a false-to-true Unlock (give) the semaphore Refer to a bit range within the object Returns current value of signal Blocking for sc_fifo Returns void, current value of signal is stored in port_or_signal. Blocking for sc_fifo Set i th bit to 1 Set i th bit to b (b is bool, true = 1, false = 0) Set i th bit to d (d is long, can be 0, 1, 2, 3, '0', '1', 'X', '2') Return true if i th bit is 1, false if 0 Converts a sc_uint to an int Returns a string representation of vector Converts a sc_int to an unsigned int Nonblocking, returns bool, true if lock
posedge() post() range(x, y) read() read(port_or_ signal) set (i) set(i, b) set_bit(i, d) test(i) to_int() to_string() to_uint() trylock() unlock()	cbools onlv. returns true if a false-to-true Unlock (give) the semaphore Refer to a bit range within the object Returns current value of signal Blocking for sc_fifo Returns void, current value of signal is stored in port_or_signal. Blocking for sc_fifo Set i th bit to 1 Set i th bit to b (b is bool, true = 1, false = 0) Set i th bit to d (d is long, can be 0, 1, 2, 3, '0', '1', 'X', 'Z') Return true if i th bit is 1, false if 0 Converts a sc_uint to an int Returns a string representation of vector Converts a sc_int to an unsigned int Nonblocking, returns bool, true if lock successful, false otherwise Nonblocking, attempt to lock, returns int, -1 if semaphore is not available Gives up mutex ownership, returns int, -1 if mutex was not locked by caller
posedge() post() range(x, y) read() read(port_or_	cbool> onlv. returns true if a false-to-true Unlock (give) the semaphore Refer to a bit range within the object Returns current value of signal Blocking for sc_fifo Returns void, current value of signal is stored in port_or_signal. Blocking for sc_fifo Set i th bit to 1 Set i th bit to 0 (b is bool, true = 1, false = 0) Set i th bit to d (d is long, can be 0, 1, 2, 3, '0', '1', 'X', 'Z') Return true if i th bit is 1, false if 0 Converts a sc_uint to an int Returns a string representation of vector Converts a sc_int to an unsigned int Nonblocking, returns bool, true if lock successful, false otherwise Nonblocking, attempt to lock, returns int, -1 if semaphore is not available Gives up mutex ownership, returns int, -1 if
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posedge() post() range(x, y) read() read(port_or_signal) set (i) set(i, b) set_bit(i, d) test(i) to_int() to_string() trylock() trywait() unlock() write(val)	cbool> onlv. returns true if a false-to-true Unlock (give) the semaphore Refer to a bit range within the object Returns current value of signal Blocking for sc_fifo Returns void, current value of signal is stored in port_or_signal. Blocking for sc_fifo Set i*n bit to 1 Set i*n bit to b (b is bool, true = 1, false = 0) Set i*n bit to d (d is long, can be 0, 1, 2, 3, '0', '1', 'X', 'Z') Return true if i*n bit is 1, false if 0 Converts a sc_uint to an int Returns a string representation of vector Converts a sc_int to an unsigned int Nonblocking, returns bool, true if lock successful, false otherwise Nonblocking, attempt to lock, returns int, -1 if semaphore is not available Gives up mutex ownership, returns int, -1 if mutex was not locked by caller Lock (take) the semaphore, block until it is Schedules val to be written to the signal at the next update phase. Blocking for sc_fifo

Interface Reference:

When creating a custom channel to replace a standard channel and can be bound to standard port you must implement these methods

Required Methods Interface T read(), void read(T&), bool nb read(T&), sc fifo in if<T> int num available() const void write(const T&), bool nb write(const sc fifo out if<T> T&), int num_free() const sc mutex if void lock(), int trylock(), int unlock() void wait(), int trywait(), void post(), sc semaphore if int get_value() sc_signal_in_if<T> void read(T&), T read(), bool event() sc_signal_inout_if<T> void read(T&), T read(), bool event(),

void write(const T&)

Master-Slave Library:

Master Ports:

sc master<> port name [, port name, ...]; sc_inmaster<T> port_name [, port_name,...]; sc_outmaster<T> port_named [, port_name,...]; sc_inoutmaster<T> port_name [, port_name,...)];

Indexed Form sc master<sc indexed<N> > port name [, port name, ...]; sc_inmaster<T, sc_indexed<N> > port_name [, port_name,...]; sc_outmaster<T, sc_indexed<N> > port_named [, port_name,...]; sc_inoutmaster<T, sc_indexed<N> > port_name [, port name....)1:

Methods: read(), write(), master_port_name()

Slave Ports:

sc_slave<> port_name [, port_name, ...]; sc_inslave<T> port_name [, port_name,...]; sc_outslave<T> port_named [, port_name,...]; sc inoutslave<T> port name [, port name,...)];

Indexed Form

sc_slave<sc_indexed<N> > port_name [, port_name, ...]; sc inslave<T, sc_indexed<N> > port_name [, port_name,...]; sc_outslave<T, sc_indexed<N> > port_named [, port name,...]; sc_inoutslave<T, sc_indexed<N> > port_name [,

Methods: read(), write(), input(), get_address() (for indexed slaves)

Refined ports:

sc_masterrprotocol> port_name [, port_name, ...]; sc_inmaster<T, protocol > port_name [, port_name,...];

sc_outmaster<T, protocol > port_named [, port_name,...]; sc_inoutmaster<T, protocol > port_name [, port_name,...)];

sc_slave< protocol > port_name [, port_name, ...];

sc_inslave<T, protocol > port_name [, port_name,...]; sc outslave<T. protocol > port_named f. port_name....]:

sc_inoutslave<T, protocol > port_name [, port_name,...)];

Where protocol is one of:

sc_noHandshake<T> sc_enable_Handshake<T> sc fullHandshake<T> sc memenHandshake<T> sc memfullHandshake<T>

T must match the type T specified in the port

sc_link_mp<T>

Channel to connect master en slave ports. Type must be the same as the master and slave ports