# AI G AI

### Implementation concept:

- (1) While the game is running, pass data(observations) to from labview to python using python node.
- (2) In python, create a model(neuro network).
- (3) Since the game is continuously running, the training must happen simultaneously.
- (4) A replay buffer is used to collect the data from previous states.
- (5) Only train and save the model after we call the train function 'steps' of times.
  - (a) To reduce the amount of time to train, since training slows down the game.
- (6) Load the trained model and predict the movement of player.

## Model and hyperparameters:

```
# Neural Network model
model = Sequential([
    Dense(64, activation='relu', input_shape=(num_features,)),
    BatchNormalization(),
    Dropout(0.2),
    Dense(128, activation='relu'),
    BatchNormalization(),
    Dropout(0.2),
    Dense(64, activation='relu'),
    Dense(num_actions, activation='linear')
])
model.compile(optimizer=tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate), loss='mse')
```

```
Learning rate = 0.001
Discount_factor = 0.9
Epsilon = 0.2
Decay = 0.95
Replay buffer size = 10000
Batch size = 200
```

# **Action/Observation Space:**

#### Observations (5):

- (a) Ball\_vector[0]
- (b) Ball\_vector[1]
- (c) Ball position[0]
- (d) Ball position[1]
- (e) Player\_top\_left\_y\_value

#### **Actions**:

- (a) 0 (UP)
- (b) 1 (DOWN)

# **Reward Shaping:**

- (a) Self-Score: +1
- (b) Opponent Score: -2
- (c) No Score: 0

# Note:

To accelerate the training process the data is passed to python every 20 frames. Training took around 20000 frames (10000 observations to replay buffer)

# **Environment:**

Python 3.10

Tensorflow 2.15.0