%telerik



Text Files

Reading and Writing Text Files

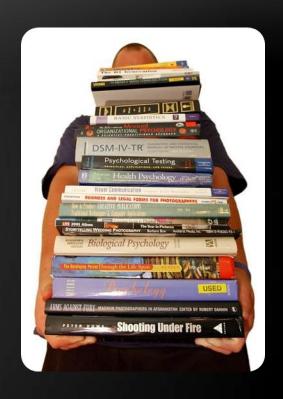
Svetlin Nakov

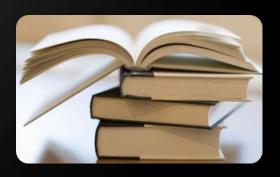
Telerik Corporation www.telerik.com



Table of Contents

- 1. What is Stream?
 - Stream Basics
- 2. Reading Text Files
 - The StreamReader Class
- 3. Writing Text Files
 - The StreamWriter Class
- 4. Handling I/O Exceptions





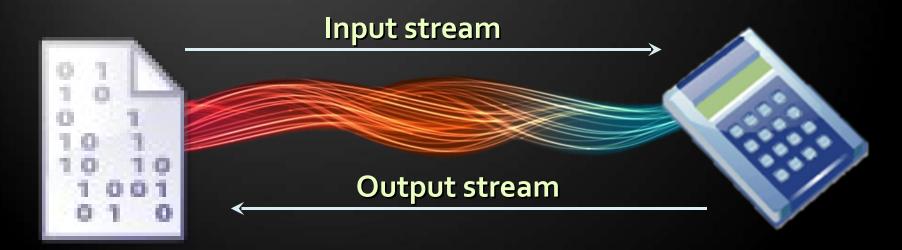


What Is Stream?

Streams Basic Concepts

What is Stream?

- Stream is the natural way to transfer data in the computer world
- To read or write a file, we open a stream connected to the file and access the data through the stream



Streams Basics

- Streams are used for reading and writing data into and from devices
- Streams are ordered sequences of bytes
 - Provide consecutive access to its elements
- Different types of streams are available to access different data sources:
 - File access, network access, memory streams and others
- Streams are open before using them and closed after that



Reading Text Files

Using the StreamReader Class

The StreamReader Class

- System.IO.StreamReader
 - The easiest way to read a text file
 - Implements methods for reading text lines and sequences of characters
 - Constructed by file name or other stream
 - Can specify the text encoding (for Cyrillic use windows - 1251)
 - Works like Console.Read() / ReadLine() but over text files

StreamReader Methods

- new StreamReader(fileName)
 - Constructor for creating reader from given file
- * ReadLine()
 - Reads a single text line from the stream
 - Returns null when end-of-file is reached
- ReadToEnd()
 - Reads all the text until the end of the stream
- * Close()
 - Closes the stream reader

Reading a Text File

 Reading a text file and printing its content to the console:

```
StreamReader reader = new StreamReader("test.txt");
string fileContents = streamReader.ReadToEnd();
Console.WriteLine(fileContents);
streamReader.Close();
```

Specifying the text encoding:

```
StreamReader reader = new StreamReader(
    "cyr.txt", Encoding.GetEncoding("windows-1251"));
// Read the file contents here ...
reader.Close();
```

Stelerik Using StreamReader – Practices

- The StreamReader instances should always be closed by calling the Close() method
 - Otherwise system resources can be lost
- In C# the preferable way to close streams and readers is by the "using" construction

```
using (<stream object>)
{
    // Use the stream here. It will be closed at the end
}
```

 It automatically calls the Close()after the using construction is completed

Reading a Text File – Example

Read and display a text file line by line:

```
StreamReader reader =
    new StreamReader("somefile.txt");
using (reader)
    int lineNumber = 0;
    string line = reader.ReadLine();
    while (line != null)
        lineNumber++;
        Console.WriteLine("Line {0}: {1}",
            lineNumber, line);
        line = reader.ReadLine();
    }
```



Reading Text Files

Live Demo

Writing Text Files

Using the StreamWriter Class



The StreamWriter Class

- System.IO.StreamWriter
 - Similar to StringReader, but instead of reading, it provides writing functionality
- Constructed by file name or other stream

```
StreamWriter streamWriter = new StreamWriter("test.txt");
```

- Can define encoding
- For Cyrillic use "windows 1251"

StreamWriter Methods

- *Write()
 - Writes string or other object to the stream
 - Like Console.Write()
- * WriteLine()
 - Like Console.WriteLine()
- AutoFlush
 - Indicates whether to flush the internal buffer after each writing

Writing to a Text File – Example

 Create text file named "numbers.txt" and print in it the numbers from 1 to 20 (one per line):

```
StreamWriter streamWriter =
   new StreamWriter("numbers.txt");
using (streamWriter)
{
   for (int number = 1; number <= 20; number++)
    {
      streamWriter.WriteLine(number);
   }
}</pre>
```

%telerik



Writing Text Files

Live Demo



Handling I/O Exceptions

Introduction

What is Exception?

- "An event that occurs during the execution of the program that disrupts the normal flow of instructions" – definition by Google
 - Occurs when an operation can not be completed
- Exceptions tell that something unusual was happened, e. g. error or unexpected event
- I/O operations throw exceptions when operation cannot be performed (e.g. missing file)
 - When an exception is thrown, all operations after it are not processed

How to Handle Exceptions?

Using try{}, catch{} and finally{} blocks:

```
try
    // Some exception is thrown here
catch (<exception type>)
{
    // Exception is handled here
finally
{
       The code here is always executed, no
       matter if an exception has occurred or not
```

Catching Exceptions

- Catch block specifies the type of exceptions that is caught
 - If catch doesn't specify its type, it catches all types of exceptions

```
try
{
   StreamReader reader = new StreamReader("somefile.txt");
   Console.WriteLine("File successfully open.");
}
catch (FileNotFoundException)
{
   Console.Error.WriteLine("Can not find 'somefile.txt'.");
}
```

Handling Exceptions When Opening a File

```
try
    StreamReader streamReader = new StreamReader(
        "c:\\NotExistingFileName.txt");
catch (System.NullReferenceException exc)
{
    Console.WriteLine(exc.Message);
catch (System.IO.FileNotFoundException exc)
{
    Console.WriteLine(
        "File {0} is not found!", exc.FileName);
catch
    Console.WriteLine("Fatal error occurred.");
```



Handling I/O Exceptions

Live Demo

%telerik

Reading and Writing Text Files

More Examples



Counting Word Occurrences – Example

 Counting the number of occurrences of the word "foundme" in a text file:

```
StreamReader streamReader =
    new StreamReader(@"..\..\somefile.txt");
int count = 0;
string text = streamReader.ReadToEnd();
int index = text.IndexOf("foundme", 0);
while (index != -1)
    count++;
    index = text.IndexOf("foundme", index + 1);
Console.WriteLine(count);
                                               What is
```

wnat is missing in this code?

%telerik



Counting Word Occurrences

Live Demo

Reading Subtitles – Example

We are given a standard movie subtitles file:

```
. . . . .
{2757}{2803} Allen, Bomb Squad, Special Services...
{2804}{2874} State Police and the FBI!
{2875}{2963} Lieutenant! I want you to go to St. John's
Emergency...
{2964}{3037} in case we got any walk-ins from the street.
{3038}{3094} Kramer, get the city engineer!
{3095}{3142} I gotta find out a damage report. It's very
important.
{3171}{3219} Who the hell would want to blow up a department
store?
```

Fixing Subtitles – Example

Read subtitles file and fix it's timing:

```
static void Main()
 try
    // Obtaining the Cyrillic encoding
    System.Text.Encoding encodingCyr =
      System.Text.Encoding.GetEncoding(1251);
    // Create reader with the Cyrillic encoding
    StreamReader streamReader =
      new StreamReader("source.sub", encodingCyr);
    // Create writer with the Cyrillic encoding
    StreamWriter streamWriter =
      new StreamWriter("fixed.sub",
        false, encodingCyr);
                                           (example continues)
```

Fixing Subtitles – Example

```
try
    string line;
   while (
      (line = streamReader.ReadLine()) != null)
      streamWriter.WriteLine(FixLine(line));
                                   FixLine(line)
  finally
                                 perform fixes on the
                                     time offsets:
    streamReader.Close();
    streamWriter.Close();
                                 multiplication or/and
                                addition with constant
catch (System.Exception exc)
 Console.WriteLine(exc.Message);
```

∜telerik



Fixing Movie Subtitles

Live Demo

- Streams are the main I/O mechanisms in .NET
- The StreamReader class and ReadLine()
 method are used to read text files
- The StreamWriter class and WriteLine()
 method are used to write text files
- Exceptions are unusual events or error conditions
 - Can be handled by try-catch-finally blocks

%telerik

Text Files



Questions?





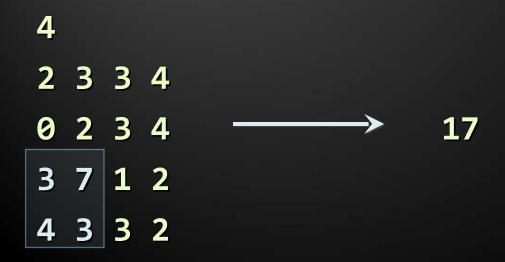


- Write a program that reads a text file and prints on the console its odd lines.
- 2. Write a program that concatenates two text files into another text file.
- 3. Write a program that reads a text file and inserts line numbers in front of each of its lines. The result should be written to another text file.
- 4. Write a program that compares two text files line by line and prints the number of lines that are the same and the number of lines that are different. Assume the files have equal number of lines.

%telerik

Exercises (2)

Write a program that reads a text file containing a square matrix of numbers and finds in the matrix an area of size 2 x 2 with a maximal sum of its elements. The first line in the input file contains the size of matrix N. Each of the next N lines contain N numbers separated by space. The output should be a single number in a separate text file. Example:



Exercises (3)

Write a program that reads a text file containing a list of strings, sorts them and saves them to another text file. Example:

Ivan George

Peter Ivan

Maria Maria

George Peter

- 2. Write a program that replaces all occurrences of the substring "start" with the substring "finish" in a text file. Ensure it will work with large files (e.g. 100 MB).
- 3. Modify the solution of the previous problem to replace only whole words (not substrings).

- Write a program that deletes from given text file all odd lines. The result should be in the same file.
- 2. Write a program that extracts from given XML file all the text without the tags. Example:

```
<?xml version="1.0"><student><name>Pesho</name>
<age>21</age><interests count="3"><interest>
Games</instrest><interest>C#</instrest><interest>
Java</instrest></interests></student>
```

6. Write a program that deletes from a text file all words that start with the prefix "test". Words contain only the symbols o...9, a...z, A...Z, _.

- Write a program that removes from a text file all words listed in given another text file. Handle all possible exceptions in your methods.
- 2. Write a program that reads a list of words from a file words.txt and finds how many times each of the words is contained in another file test.txt. The result should be written in the file result.txt and the words should be sorted by the number of their occurrences in descending order. Handle all possible exceptions in your methods.