Letter of motivation

June 25, 2021

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thesis.

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	The goal of this short letter is to give you a picture of me and my research intere	ests.
Siı	nce it is not usual to be attached to a particular mathematical question at my level a	and
sir	nce I tried during last two years to broaden my mathematical scope as much as possil	ble,
Ιv	vould like to describe instead my taste and my mathematical identity, in the supposit	ion
tha	at they are getting in form and will not depend much on the problem I approach in	mv

Scientific background 1

Scientific background

I started my undergraduate study in a small department in the south of Vietnam which provides a curriculum narrowly focused in Analysis and PDE, with almost no Algebra or Geometry covered. I managed however to understand very basic ideas and notions of mathematics. I later moved to Ecole polytechnique for an engineer program where I enjoyed a very multidisciplinary program. I took courses primarily on Mathematics, Applied mathematics, Physics, and Mechanics. I did not take courses in Computer Science as I prefer to learn them through team projects. Being part of student projects at Ecole polytechnique was a good experience, hardly did I see elsewhere that Banach-Alaoglu theorem and weak* convergence of Dirac distribution can be employed to prove a result in graph theory ¹ and later use that result to create an error-correcting code. ² Mathematics courses however were good enough to convince me to pursue it as a career. During my specialized year (Master 1) in Mathematics, I also kept an eye on Physics courses (e.g. General Relativity, Classical Field Theory) to be familiar with some basic notions.

¹An idea due to J.-P. Serre to prove a theorem of Alon and Boppana.

²I was supposed to be in the mathematical side, but then turned to help my friends write the majority of the code.

2 Mathematical interests

I have always been interested in branches of geometry that araised and inspired from Field theory: I got introduced to Differential geometry by the excellent lectures at Ecole polytechnique then to Complex geometry during my internship in Marseille and I read a bit later in that summer about Symplectic geometry in a lecture note of Denis Auroux. I also love the joy of problem solving as well as the insight gained after proving by oneself a mathematical result. From a practical view, I may learn a theorem faster and remember a technical detail for longer if I put them in use or explain them in simpler, sometimes unrigorous term. I often write notes where I try to explain why a statement is true before proving it and they appear to be useful in many cases. It is also a reason that I would prefer to attack a concrete problem in my thesis.

After the M1 internship and more advanced courses at Université Paris-Sud, I am however also convinced that structured and systematized approaches are also important in mathematics and can help significantly simplify a problem.

Recently, through conversations with Sébastien Boucksom and Chinh Lu, I heard and read a few surveys on canonical metrics and I also find the subject interesting. I would be happy to work on a problem around it.

3 Brief description of my Master 1 project.

The project, being part of my third year curriculum at Ecole polytechnique, was my first scientific internship and my first try of serious mathematical research. It was coordinated by S.Boucksom and supervised by J.Keller at Institut de Mathématiques de Marseille and the goal was for me to understand the proof of Bogomolov-Beauville decomposition of complex manifolds with vanishing Chern class and to pick up mathematical background on the way. There was hence no expect of original results coming from my side and that was also the case in reality.

The decomposition is a simple, although not formally trivial, translation of a decomposition theorem in Riemannian geometry to the category of complex manifolds, using Calabi-Yau theorem. In retrospect, the results that I find to be the most interesting are in the geometric analysis side, including the decomposition by holonomy (de Rham's theorem) and the phenomena discovered by J.Cheeger and D.Gromoll on manifolds with nonnegative Ricci curvature. It was later that I started to appreciate the proof of S.-T. Yau for Calabi conjecture.

There is as I said no original results coming from the project, but since I want to convince you that beside understanding books and articles or reorganizing lemmas and theorems into a memoir, I also did mathematics actively, I will refer to an easy linear algebraic lemma in which I shows that the existence part of de Rham decomposition theorem implies two things: its uniqueness and the fact that Kahler manifolds decompose into Kahler ones. More precisely, the lemma shows, using the existence part, that holonomy representations have a nice property: their irreducible factors are not only unique as representations (as in

Schur lemma) but also as sub vector spaces. I do not think the result is completely obvious, as my reference textbook in Riemannian geometry (the one by Takashi Sakai) provides separate proofs for the two phenomena. I also pointed out in the memoir an inaccuracy in a recent generalized version of Bogomolov-Beauville decomposition and correct it.

The project won the Research Internship Awards by Mathematics department, along with two others, one in PDE and one in Number Theory.