

Automation Demystified

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Automation in General

- ▶ Regression Oriented
- ▶ Purpose: catch defects
- ▶ Client: regression engineers
- ▶ Process:
 - ▶ Collect what to test against
 - ▶ Setup environment
 - ▶ Run test
 - ▶ Collect report
 - ▶ Analyze report

Automation Design Gist

- ▶ Data and Code Separation
 - ▶ Code
 - ▶ Data:
 - ▶ Testbed
 - ▶ Static Names for Feature Test
 - ▶ Test Cases for Regression
- ▶ Pass/Fail Criteria
 - ▶ clear criteria for pass: actual value vs expected value
 - ▶ exception: performance & scaling
- ▶ Configuration and Verification
 - ▶ Verify Often and Fail Early

Automation Design Gist Continued

- ▶ Log Messages
 - ▶ Clear Message in Failure: actual value vs expected value
 - ▶ Logging Levels
 - ▶ critical/error/warning/info/debug/notset
 - ▶ Lacking of Logs
 - ▶ Inaccurate Information

Log Message Example 1

The received byte number is not expected.

Log Message Example 2

The received byte number, 12283, is not expected.

```
show counter interface ethernet1/1
```

```
Interface: ethernet1/1
```

```
-----  
Physical port counters read from MAC:
```

```
-----  
rx-broadcast      5  
rx-bytes          12283  
rx-multicast      20  
rx-unicast        49  
tx-broadcast      8  
tx-bytes          36795  
tx-multicast      380  
tx-unicast        49  
-----
```

Log Message Example 3

The received byte number is not expected. (intf="ethernet1/1", rx-bytes=12283, expected-rx-bytes=12284)

```
show counter interface ethernet1/1
```

```
Interface: ethernet1/1
```

```
-----  
Physical port counters read from MAC:
```

```
-----  
rx-broadcast      5  
rx-bytes          12283  
rx-multicast      20  
rx-unicast        49  
tx-broadcast      8  
tx-bytes          36795  
tx-multicast      380  
tx-unicast        49  
-----
```

The Zen of Python, by Tim Peters

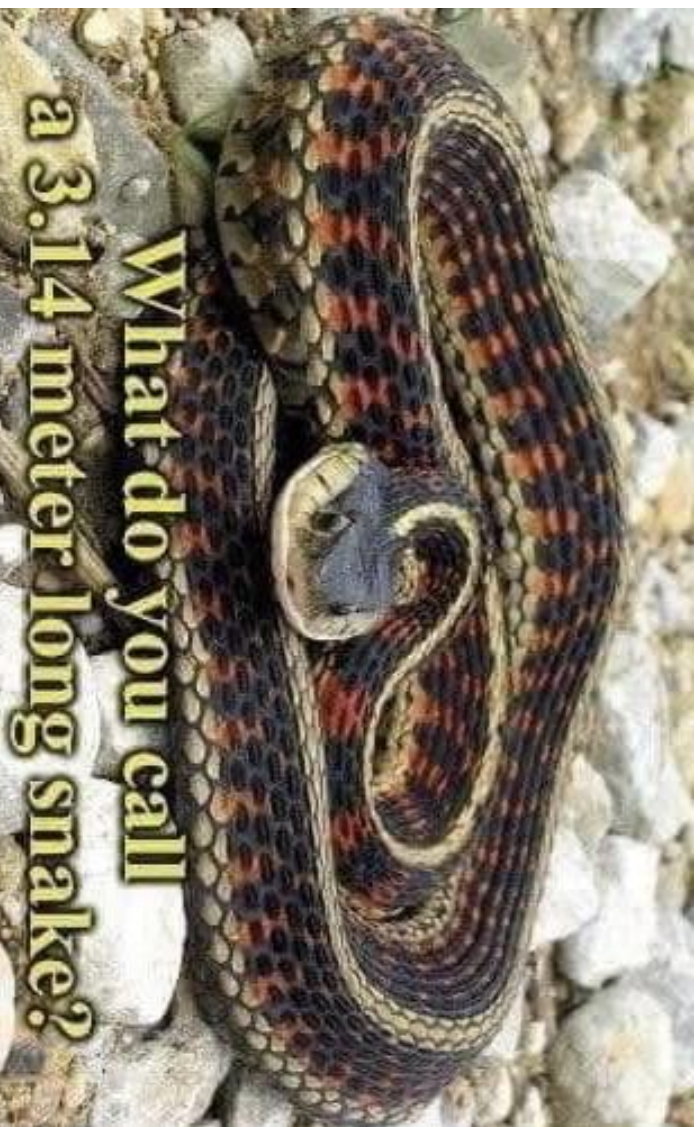
- ▶ Explicit is better than implicit.
- ▶ Simple is better than complex.
- ▶ Readability counts.
- ▶ Errors should never pass silently.
- ▶ In the face of ambiguity, refuse the temptation to guess.
- ▶ If the implementation is hard to explain, it's a bad idea.

Python Virtual Environment - Setup

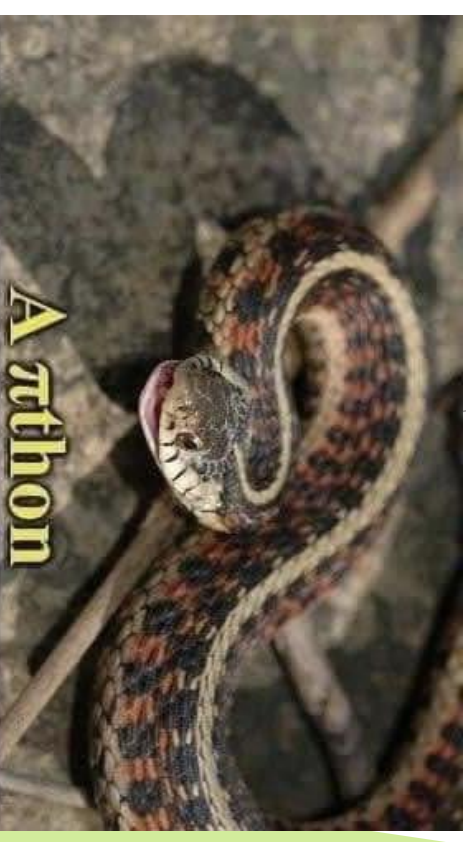
- ▶ Python Ecosystem (Python 3.6)
 - ▶ \$ sudo apt-get install python3.6-venv
 - ▶ \$ python3 -m venv py36
 - ▶ \$ source py36/bin/activate
 - ▶ \$ which python
 - ▶ /home/test/penvs/py36/bin/python
 - ▶ \$ python --version
 - ▶ Python 3.6.7
 - ▶ \$ deactivate

Virtual Environment - Packages

- ▶ In the virtual environment
 - ▶ \$ pip install beautifulsoup4
 - ▶ \$ pip list | grep beautifulsoup4
 - ▶ **beautifulsoup4 (4.7.1)**
 - ▶ >>> from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
 - ▶ >>>
- ▶ Not in the virtual environment
 - ▶ >>> from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
 - ▶ Traceback (most recent call last):
 - ▶ File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
 - ▶ ImportError: No module named bs4



What do you call
a 3.14 meter long snake?

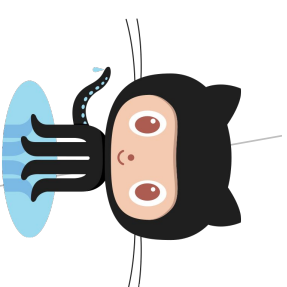


A π thon



Automation and the CI/CD Pipeline

- ▶ CI/CD Pipeline
 1. Checkin
 2. Build
 3. Automated Tests
 4. Deploy
- ▶ Benefits of CI/CD
 - ▶ Faster Release Cycles
 - ▶ Reduced Risk
 - ▶ Higher Quality



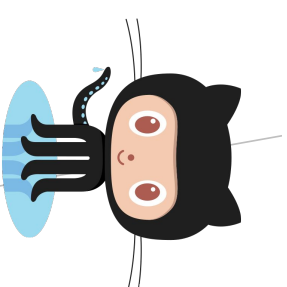
pytest



Google app engine

CI/CD Pipeline Walkthrough

1. Jenkins Installation
2. Jenkins Setup
3. GCP Setup
4. Create Application
5. Test and Deploy Application



pytest



Google app engine

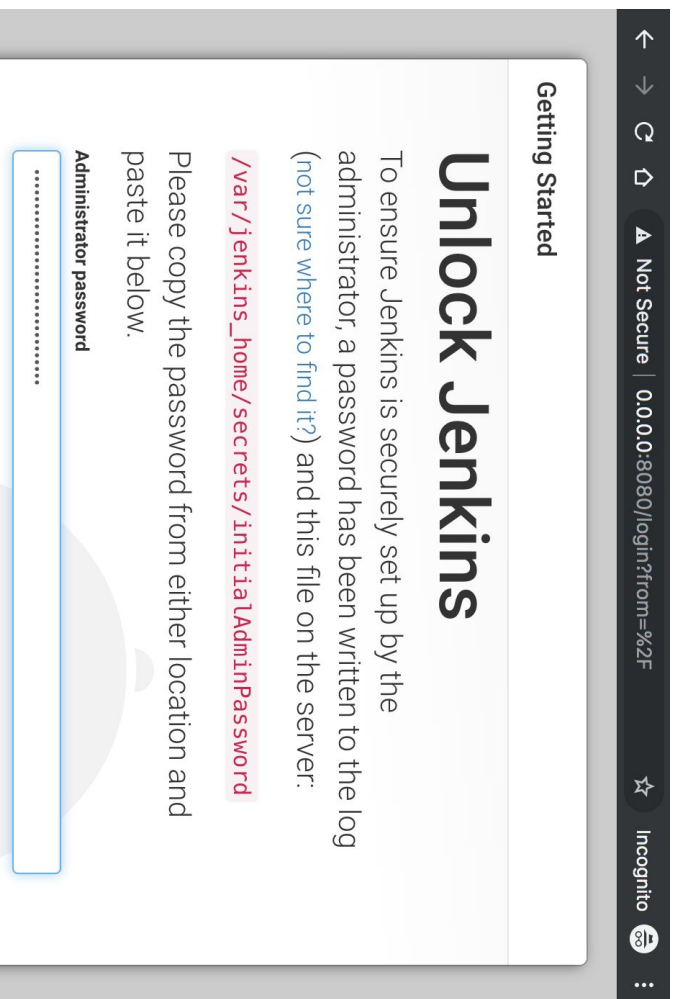
Jenkins Installation (1/1)



- ▶ Build and run Jenkins Docker image
 - ▶ `$ docker build -t jenkins:vervecon .`
 - ▶ `$ docker run -d -p 8080:8080 -p 5000:5000 \`
`-v /var/run/docker.sock:/var/run/docker.sock -u root jenkins:vervecon`
- ▶ Get the running container ID
 - ▶ `$ docker ps`
- ▶ Run bash in container to obtain password for unlocking Jenkins
 - ▶ `$ docker exec -it c0d7bc99ed99 bash`
 - ▶ `bash-4.4# cat /var/jenkins_home/secrets/initialAdminPassword`

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
c0d7bc99ed99	jenkins:vervecon	"/bin/tini -- /usr/l..."	4 hours ago	Up 4 hours	0.0.0.0:5000->5000/tcp, 0.0.0.0:8080->8080/tcp, 50000/tcp	inspiring_khorana

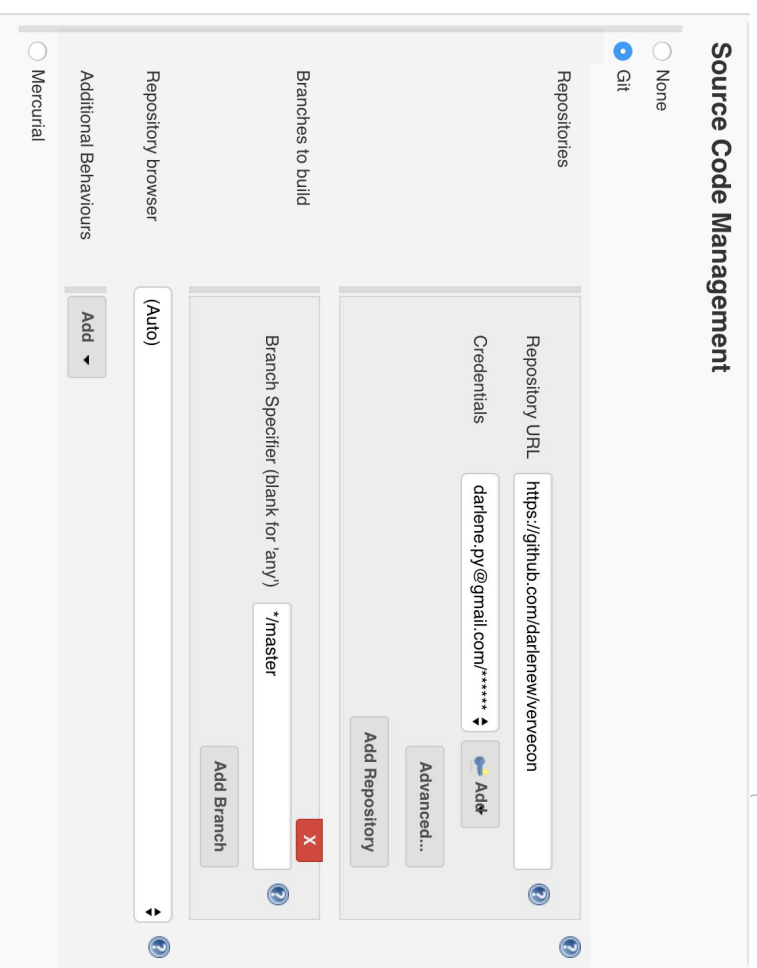
Jenkins Setup (1/7)



- ▶ Browse to 0.0.0.0:8080
- ▶ Unlock Jenkins with initial Administrator password
- ▶ Go to **admin** -> **Configure** to change password
- ▶ Install plugin GitHub Integration Plugin

Jenkins Setup (2/7) - SCM Credentials

- ▶ GitHub Repository URL
- ▶ Credentials
 - ▶ username/password
 - ▶ SSH key
- ▶ Specify Branch to build/test



The screenshot shows the 'Source Code Management' configuration page in Jenkins. At the top, there are two radio buttons: 'None' and 'Git', with 'Git' selected. Below this, the 'Repositories' section contains three main fields: 'Repository URL' with the value 'https://github.com/darlenuw/vervecon', 'Credentials' with a dropdown menu showing 'darlene.py@gmail.com/*****' and an 'Add' button, and 'Branches to build' with a text input '*/master' and an 'Add Branch' button. There is also an 'Add Repository' button. At the bottom, there is a 'Repository browser' dropdown set to '(Auto)' and an 'Add' button. The 'Additional Behaviours' section is empty. The 'Mercurial' radio button is also visible at the bottom left.

Jenkins Setup (3/7) - Job Trigger

- ▶ Want job to run when code is pushed to repository
- ▶ Multiple trigger options:
 - ▶ Poll the repository for changes
 - ▶ Push notification received when changes occur

Jenkins Setup (4/7) - Trigger Job by Polling

- ▶ Select Poll SCM
- ▶ Schedule polling frequency

Build Triggers

- ☐ Trigger builds remotely (e.g., from scripts)
- ☐ Build after other projects are built
- ☐ Build periodically
- ☐ GitHub hook trigger for GITScm polling
- ☒ Poll SCM

Schedule

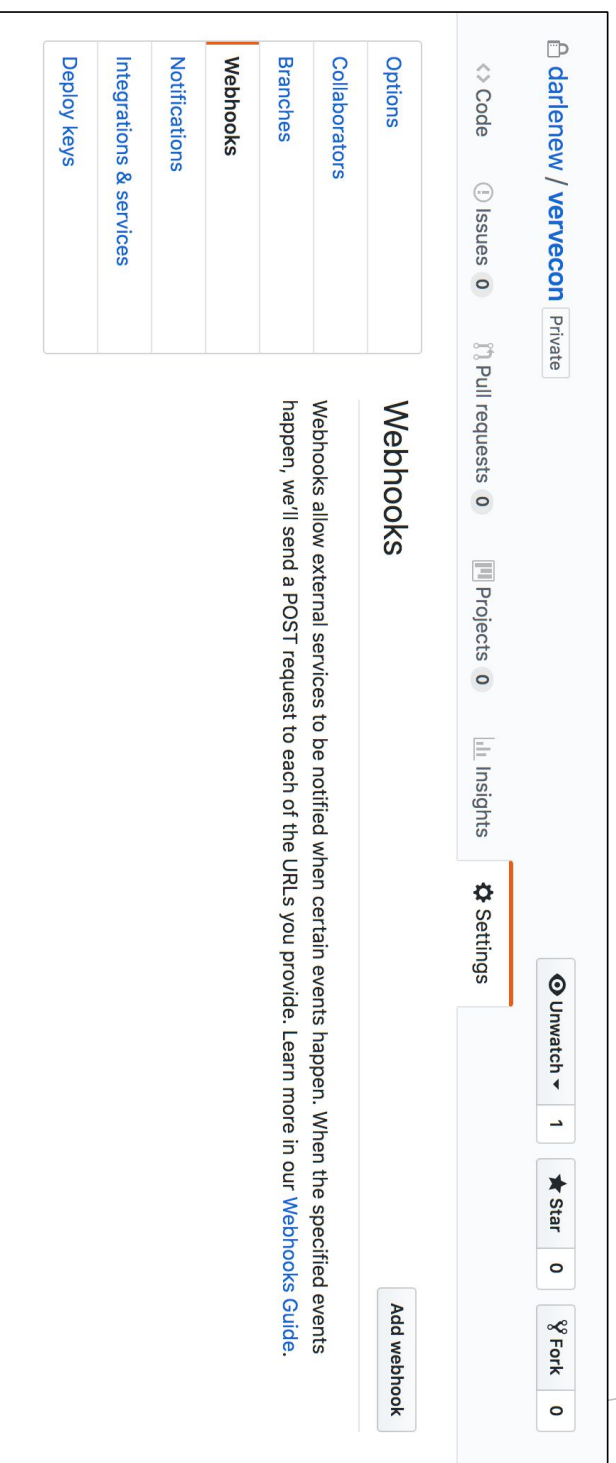
H/5 * * * * *

Would last have run at Monday, April 29, 2019 12:23:45 AM GMT; would next run at Monday, April 29, 2019 12:28:45 AM GMT.

Ignore post-commit hooks ☐

Jenkins Setup (5/7) - Trigger Job by Webhook

- ▶ On github.com, browse to your source repository's **Settings** tab
- ▶ Click “Add webhook”



Jenkins Setup (6/7) - Configure Webhook

- ▶ Payload URL
 - ▶ \$JENKINS_BASE_URL/github-webhook/
 - ▶ ngrok
 - ▶ Expose local web server on temporary public URL
 - ▶ \$ ngrok http 8080
 - ▶ e.g. `http://1a765bb4.ngrok.io/github-webhook/`

Options
Collaborators
Branches
Webhooks
Notifications
Integrations & services
Deploy keys
Moderation
Interaction limits

Webhooks / Manage webhook

We'll send a POST request to the URL below with details of any subscribed events. You can also specify which data format you'd like to receive (JSON, x-www-form-urlencoded, etc). More information can be found in our [developer documentation](#).

Payload URL •

`http://8ed77e4e.ngrok.io/github-webhook/`

Content type

application/json

Secret

Which events would you like to trigger this webhook?

- ☒ Just the push event.
- ☐ Send me everything.
- ☐ Let me select individual events.

Active

We will deliver event details when this hook is triggered.

[Update webhook](#) [Delete webhook](#)

Session Status **online**

Account Darlene Wong (Plan: Free)

Update **update available (version 2.3.27, Ctrl-U to update)**

Version 2.2.8








Region United States (us)

Web Interface `http://127.0.0.1:4040`

Forwarding `http://1a765bb4.ngrok.io -> localhost:8080`
`https://1a765bb4.ngrok.io -> localhost:8080`

Jenkins (7/7) - Configure Webhook build trigger





Build Triggers

- ☐ Trigger builds remotely (e.g., from scripts) 
- ☐ Build after other projects are built 
- ☐ Build periodically 
- ☐ GitHub Branches 
- ☐ GitHub Pull Requests 
- ☒ GitHub hook trigger for GITScm polling 
- ☐ Poll SCM 

GCP Configuration (1/1)



- ▶ Create GCP project: `$ gcloud projects create vervecon-app`
- ▶ Initialize app engine app
 - ▶ `$ gcloud app create --project=vervecon-app --region=us-central`
- ▶ Enable billing on the project in GCP console
- ▶ Create service account with deployment permissions

			
	svc-appengine-deploy@vervecon-	svc-appengine-	App Engine Deployer
	app.iam.gserviceaccount.com	deploy	App Engine Service Admin
			App Engine flexible environment Service Agent

▶ Copy service account key to Docker container

- ▶ `$ docker cp ~/vervecon-app-d1f448f0a2b0.json dd1467d86cb7:/service-key.json`

Create Application (1/1)

- ▶ Create Hello World Flask App Engine application

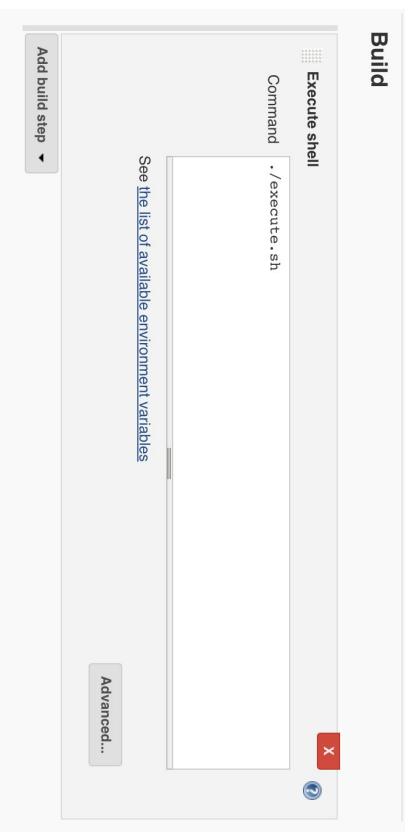
```
from flask import Flask

app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route('/')
def hello():
    """Return a friendly HTTP greeting."""
    return 'Hello World!'
```



Test and Deploy (1/2)



```
#!/bin/bash

APP_NAME="hello_world"
GCP_PROJECT="vervecon-app"
SVC_ACCOUNT="svc-appengine-deploy@vervecon-app.iam.gserviceaccount.com"
SVC_KEY_JSON="/service-key.json"

# Activate virtual environment
python3 -m venv vervecon
source vervecon/bin/activate
pip install -r hello_world/requirements.txt
pip install pytest

# Execute tests
python -m pytest tests
pytest_exit_code=$?

# Deploy if the tests passed
if [ $pytest_exit_code -eq 0 ]
then
    cd $APP_NAME
    gcloud auth activate-service-account $SVC_ACCOUNT --key-file $SVC_KEY_JSON
    gcloud config set project $GCP_PROJECT
    gcloud app deploy --project=$GCP_PROJECT
    deploy_exit_code=$?
else
    deploy_exit_code=$pytest_exit_code
fi
exit "$deploy_exit_code"
```


Test and Deploy (2/2)

←

→

🔄

📍

🔒 Not Secure

0.0.0.0:8080/job/vervecon/

Jenkins

Jenkins

vervecon

📌 Back to Dashboard

🔍 Status

📄 Changes

📁 Workspace

🔄 Build Now

🚫 Delete Project

⚙️ Configure

📄 GitHub Hook Log

📄 Rename

🔍 find

📈 trend

✕

📡 Build History

📅 #3 May 6, 2019 7:04 AM

📅 #2 May 6, 2019 7:01 AM

📅 #1 May 6, 2019 6:59 AM

📡 RSS for all

📡 RSS for failures

📁 Workspace

📄 Recent Changes

Project

===== test session starts =====

platform linux -- Python 3.5.3, pytest-4.4.1, py-1.8.0, pluggy-0.9.0

rootdir: /var/jenkins_home/workspace/vervecon/tests, inifile: pytest.ini

collected 1 item

tests/main_test.py .

===== 1 passed in 0.09 seconds =====

[100%]

🔒 Permissions

Stopping version [vervecon-app/default/20190503t055807].

⌕ Sent request to stop version [vervecon-app/default/20190503t055807]. This operation may take some time to complete. If you would like to verify that it succeeded, run:

⌕ \$ gcloud app versions describe -s default 20190503t055807

⌕ until it shows that the version has stopped.

⌕ Deployed service [default] to [https://vervecon-app.appspot.com]

⌕ You can stream logs from the command line by running:

⌕ \$ gcloud app logs tail -s default

⌕ To view your application in the web browser run:

⌕ \$ gcloud app browse

⌕ Finished: SUCCESS

Success!

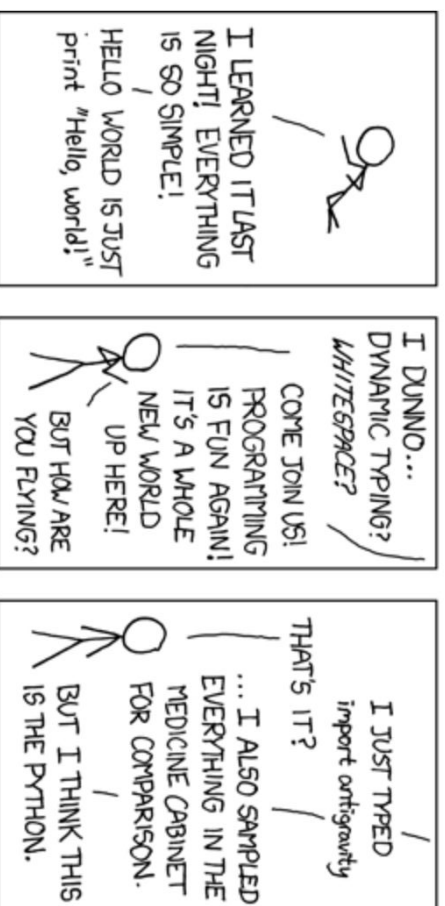
- ▶ Further changes to application will trigger tests
- ▶ Successful tests trigger deployment



Thank You!

<https://github.com/darlenew/vervecon>

yvangelopal@palatonetworks.com
darlene.py@gmail.com



References

- ▶ <https://jenkins.io/doc/book/installing/>
- ▶ <https://ngrok.com/download>
- ▶ <https://developer.github.com/webhooks/>
- ▶ <https://wiki.jenkins.io/display/JENKINS/Github+Plugin>