Programming Assignment 2: Pseudocode CS5280

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K-MVTO

variables

```
class transaction
    mutex tLock // lock for transaction
    int id; // transaction id
    // transaction status: 0: active, 1: commit, 2: abort
    int tStatus;
    vector < int > local memory
    set <int> read_set;
    set <int> write_set;
class item
    mutex itemLock // lock for item
    int val; // value of item
    set <int> read_list;
    set <int > W_TS; // write timestamp
    set < pair < int , int >> R_TS; // read timestamp (t_id , item_ts)
}
// scheduler variables
mutex sch_lock; // lock for scheduler
vector < item> items; // vector of items
vector<transaction> tList; // vector of transactions
```

begin_trans

```
begin_trans()
    // returns the id for the transaction
    lock(sch_lock);
    int id = idCounter++;
    // create a new transaction
    transaction t = new transaction (id);
    // initialize the variables
    unlock (sch_lock);
    return id;
}
read(i, x, l)
read(i, x, l)
    // i is the transaction id
    // x is the variable to be read
    // store value of x in l
    lock(items[x]->itemLock); // lock the item
    lock(i->tLock); // lock the transaction
    ts = -1;
    for (auto k : items[x]->W_TS) {
         if (k < i \rightarrow id \&\& k > ts) {
             ts = k;
    }
    if (ts = -1) {
         i\rightarrow status = 2; // abort the transaction
         unlock (i->tLock);
         unlock (items [x]->itemLock);
         return -1;
    }
    if (i\rightarrow status = 2) {
         items [x]. read_list.erase(i->id);
         unlock (i->tLock);
         unlock (items [x]->itemLock);
         return -1;
    }
    // update the read timestamp
    items [x]->R-TS.insert (make_pair (i->id, ts));
    *l = items[x].val; // read the value
```

```
i->read_set.insert(x); // update the read set
    unlock (i->tLock);
    unlock (items [x]->itemLock);
    return 0;
}
write(i, x, l)
write(i, x, l)
    // i is the transaction id
    // x is the variable to be written
    // l is the value to be written
    lock(items[x]->itemLock); // lock the item
    lock(i->tLock); // lock the transaction
    for (auto (j, k): items [x]->R_TS) {
         if (j > i->id \&\& k < i->id) {
             i\rightarrow status = 2; // abort the transaction
             unlock (i->tLock);
             unlock (items [x]->itemLock);
             return -1;
    }
    // if size of W_TS is greater than k
    if (items[x]->W_TS.size()>k) {
        // remove the oldest write timestamp
        auto it = items [x]->W_TS. begin ();
        items [x] \rightarrow W_TS. erase (it);
    }
    // update the write timestamp
    items[x]->W_TS.insert(i->id);
    i\rightarrow localmem[x] = 1; // write the value
    i->write_set.insert(x); // update the write set
    items [x]->read_list.insert(i->id); // update the read list
    unlock (i->tLock);
    unlock (items [x]->itemLock);
    return 0;
```

```
}
try_commit(i)
try_commit(i)
    // i is the transaction id
    lock(i->tLock); // lock the transaction
    if (i\rightarrow status = 2) {
         for (auto x : i \rightarrow read\_set) {
             lock(items[x]->itemLock); // lock the item
             items[x] \rightarrow read_list.erase(i \rightarrow id);
             unlock (items [x]->itemLock); // unlock the item
             return -1;
         }
    for (auto x : i->write_set) {
         lock(items[x]->itemLock); // lock the item
         items[x]->val = i->localmem[x]; // write the value
         unlock(items[x]->itemLock); // unlock the item
         unlock(i->tLock); // unlock the transaction
    i\rightarrow status = 1; // commit the transaction
    reutrn 0;
}
free_trans(i)
free_trans(i) {
    delete localMem
```

delete read_set delete write_set

}

remove i from read_list