

# Simple Spectrogram

- sample bird call audio

```
[channels, sample_rate] = audioread('../datasets/XC403881.wav');  
whos;
```

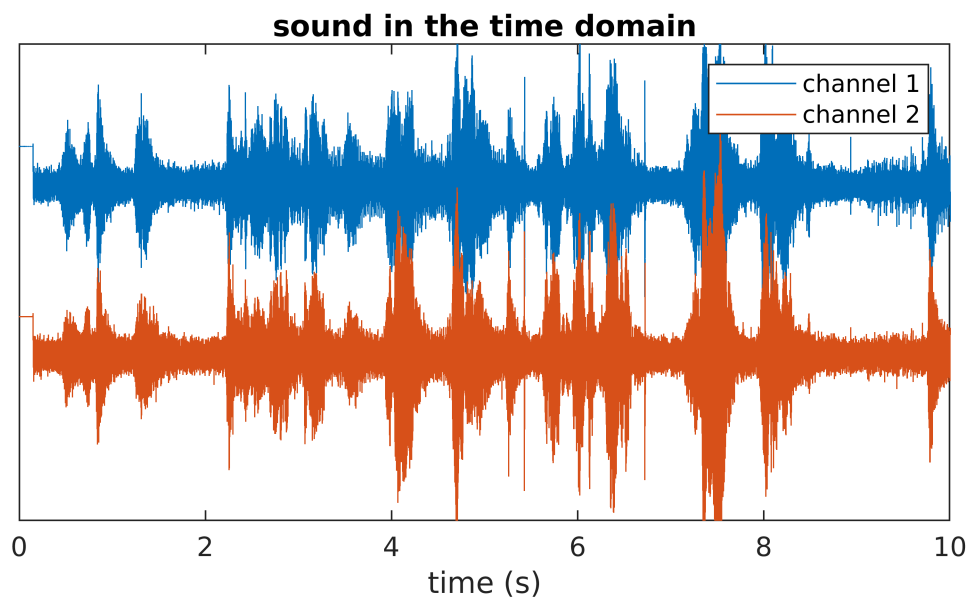
Name	Size	Bytes	Class	Attributes
channels	450879x2	7214064	double	
sample_rate	1x1	8	double	

- note there are 2 channels
- play the audio

```
soundsc(channels, sample_rate);  
N = length(channels);  
t = (0:N-1)/sample_rate;
```

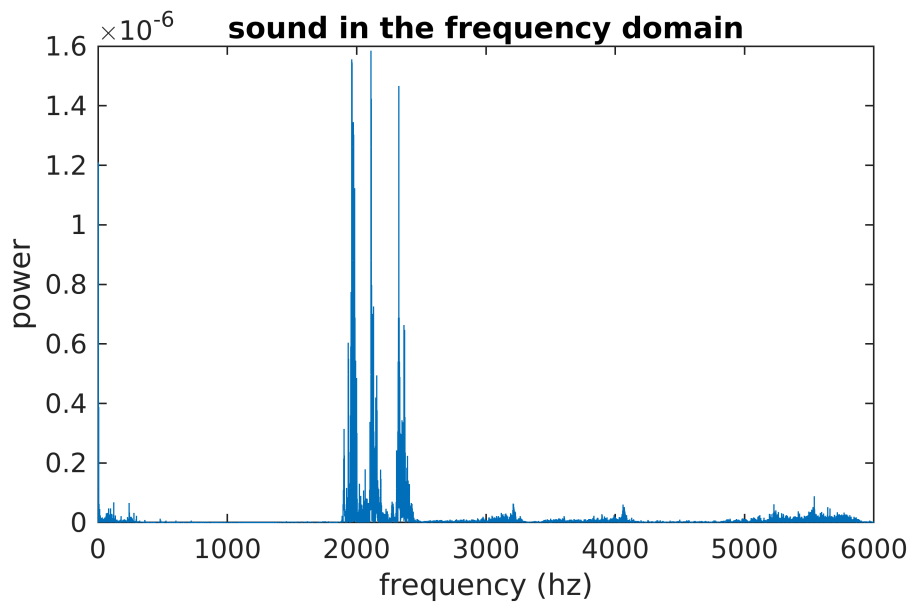
- plot the channels

```
f1 = figure(1); clf;  
f1.Position = [0 0 600 300];  
plot(t, bsxfun(@plus, channels, [.25 0])); %offset the channels  
xlabel("time (s)");  
title("sound in the time domain");  
xlim([0 10]);  
ylim([-0.3 0.4]);  
yticks([]);  
legend(["channel 1", "channel 2"]);
```



- compute and plot the power spectrum

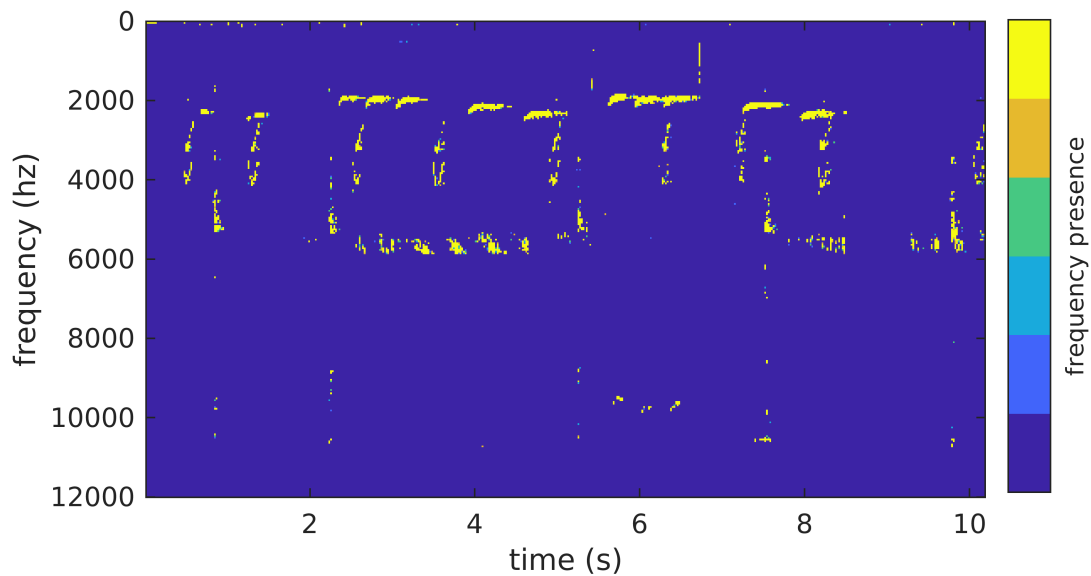
```
hz_vals = linspace(0, sample_rate/2, floor(N/2)+1);  
powers = abs(fft(detrend(channels(:,1)))/N).^2;  
  
f2 = figure(2); clf;  
f2.Position = [0 0 500 300];  
plot(hz_vals, powers(1:length(hz_vals)));  
xlabel("frequency (hz)");  
ylabel("power");  
title("sound in the frequency domain");  
xlim([0 6000]);
```



## Now Apply spectrogram

- use function in signal processing tool box

```
[spectrum, frequency, time] = spectrogram(detrend(channels(:,1)), hann(1000), 100, [],
f3 = figure(3); clf;
f3.Position = [0 0 600 300];
imagesc(time, frequency, abs(spectrum).^2);
ax = gca;
ax.CLim = [3 4];
ax.YLim = frequency([1 dsearchn(frequency, 12000)]);
ax.XLim = time([1 end]);
colormap(parula(6));
c = colorbar();
c.Label.String = "frequency presence";
set(c, 'YTick', []);
xlabel("time (s)");
ylabel("frequency (hz)");
```



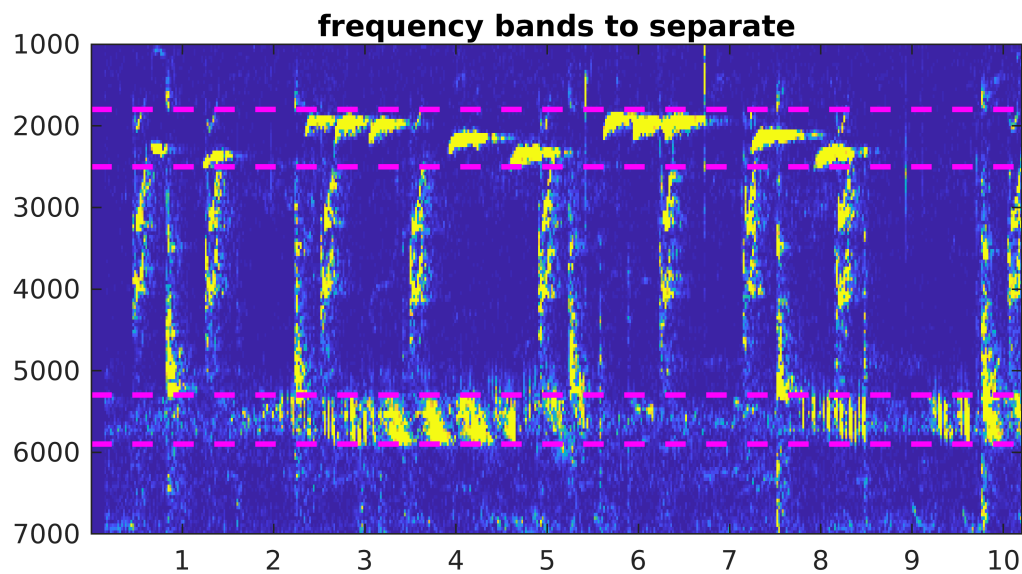
## Separate the sources

- visually inspect the spectrogram to identify frequencies of interest

```
freq_{1} = [1800 2500];
freq_{2} = [2501 5299];
freq_{3} = [5300 5900];
```

## Plot

```
colorz = 'kk';
f4 = figure(4); clf;
f4.Position = [0 0 600 300];
imagesc(time, frequency, abs(spectrum).^2);
ylim([1000 7000]);
ax = gca;
ax.CLim = [0 2];
hold on;
for k = 1:length(freq_)
    plot(get(gca,'xlim'), [1 1]*freq_{k}(1), 'm--', 'linew', 2);
    plot(get(gca,'xlim'), [1 1]*freq_{k}(2), 'm--', 'linew', 2);
end
hold off;
title("frequency bands to separate");
```



## Filter both frequency ranges

```
filtered_freqs = cell(length(freq_),1);

for k=1:length(freq_)
    order = round(10*sample_rate/freq_{1}(1));
    kernel = fir1(order, freq_{k}/(sample_rate/2));

    for l=1:2
        chan = channels(:,l);
        filtered = filtfilt(kernel, 1, chan);
        filtered_freqs{k}(:,l) = filtered;
    end
end
```

## Play and plot the sounds

- original

```
soundsc(channels, sample_rate);
```

- lower frequency

```
soundsc(filtered_freqs{1}, sample_rate);
low_powers = abs(fft(detrend(filtered_freqs{1}(:,1)))/N).^2;
[low_spectrum, low_frequency, low_time] = spectrogram(detrend(filtered_freqs{1}(:,1)),
```

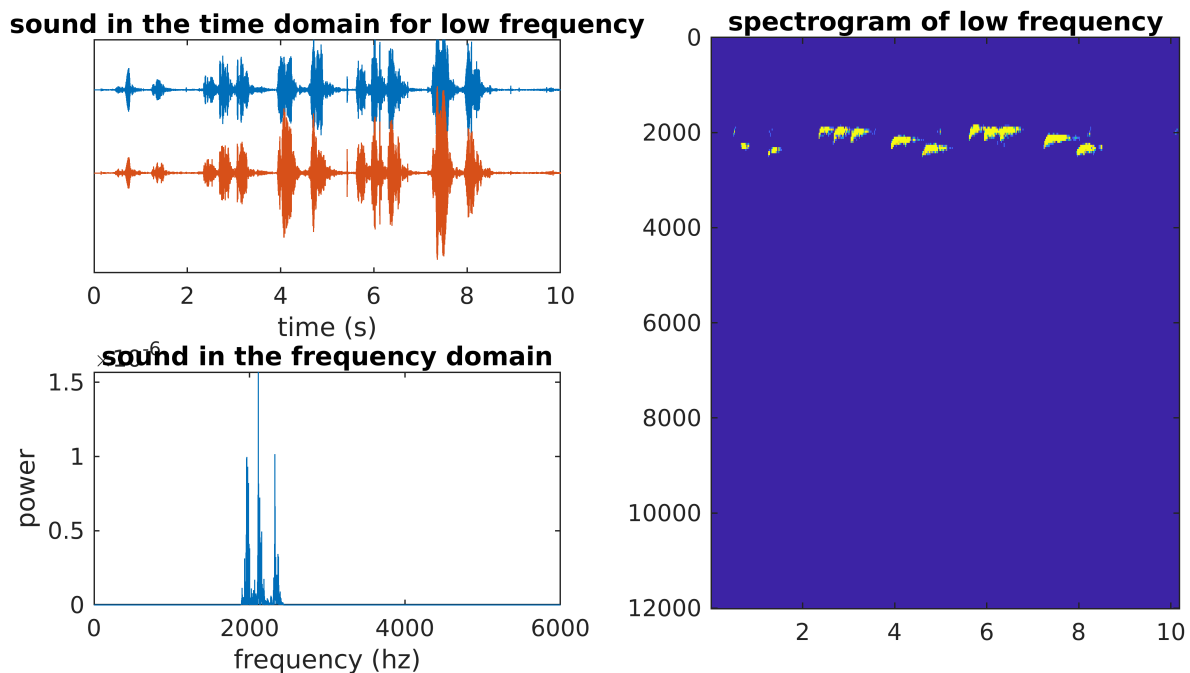
```

f5 = figure(5); clf;
f5.Position = [0 0 800 400];
subplot(221);
plot(t, bsxfun(@plus, filtered_freqs{1}, [.25 0])); %offset the channels
xlabel("time (s)");
title("sound in the time domain for low frequency");
xlim([0 10]);
ylim([-0.3 .4]);
yticks([]);

subplot(223);
plot(hz_vals, low_powers(1:length(hz_vals)));
xlabel("frequency (hz)");
ylabel("power");
title("sound in the frequency domain");
xlim([0 6000]);

subplot(2,2,[2;4]);
imagesc(low_time, low_frequency, abs(low_spectrum).^2);
ax = gca;
ax.CLim = [0 4];
ax.YLim = low_frequency([1 dsearchn(low_frequency, 12000)]);
ax.XLim = low_time([1 end]);
colormap(parula(6));
title("spectrogram of low frequency");

```



- middle frequency

```

soundsc(filtered_freqs{2}, sample_rate);

```

```

med_powers = abs(fft(detrend(filtered_freqs{2}(:,1)))/N).^2;
[med_spectrum, med_frequency, med_time] = spectrogram(detrend(filtered_freqs{2}(:,1)),

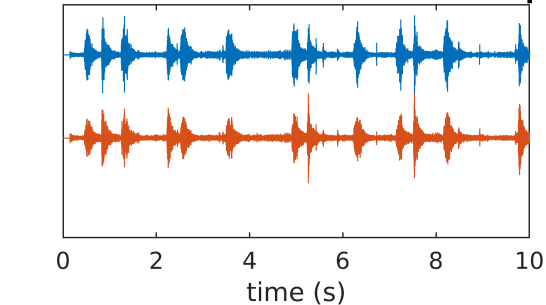
f5 = figure(5); clf;
f5.Position = [0 0 800 400];
subplot(221);
plot(t, bsxfun(@plus, filtered_freqs{2}, [.25 0])); %offset the channels
xlabel("time (s)");
title("sound in the time domain for med frequency");
xlim([0 10]);
ylim([-0.3 .4]);
yticks([]);

subplot(223);
plot(hz_vals, med_powers(1:length(hz_vals)));
xlabel("frequency (hz)");
ylabel("power");
title("sound in the frequency domain");
xlim([0 6000]);

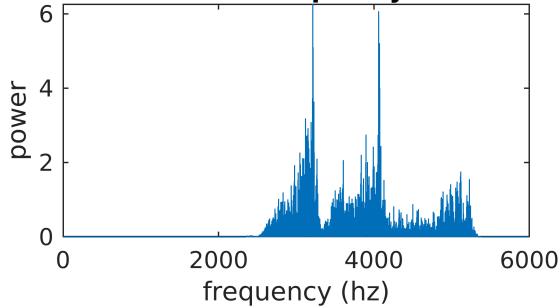
subplot(2,2,[2;4]);
imagesc(med_time, med_frequency, abs(med_spectrum).^2);
ax = gca;
ax.CLim = [0 4];
ax.YLim = med_frequency([1 dsearchn(med_frequency, 12000)]);
ax.XLim = med_time([1 end]);
colormap(parula(6));
title("spectrogram of med frequency");

```

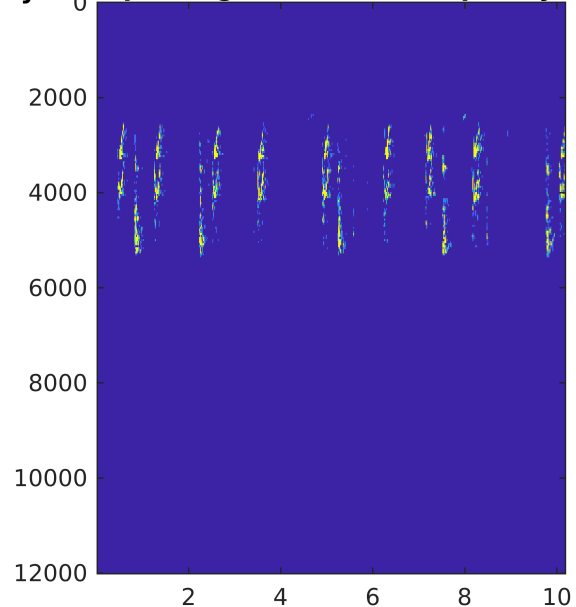
**sound in the time domain for med frequency**



**sound in the frequency domain**



**spectrogram of med frequency**



- higher frequency (don't use headphones)

```

soundsc(filtered_freqs{3}, sample_rate);

high_powers = abs(fft(detrend(filtered_freqs{3}(:,1)))/N).^2;
[high_spectrum, high_frequency, high_time] = spectrogram(detrend(filtered_freqs{3}(:,1),
f5 = figure(5); clf;
f5.Position = [0 0 800 400];
subplot(221);
plot(t, bsxfun(@plus, filtered_freqs{3}, [.25 0])); %offset the channels
xlabel("time (s)");
title("sound in the time domain for high frequency");
xlim([0 10]);
ylim([-0.3 .4]);
yticks([]);

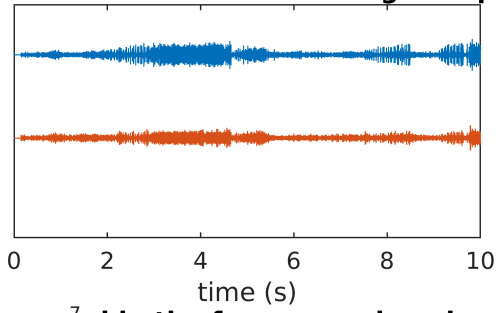
subplot(223);
plot(hz_vals, high_powers(1:length(hz_vals)));
xlabel("frequency (hz)");
ylabel("power");
title("sound in the frequency domain");
xlim([0 6000]);

subplot(2,2,[2;4]);
imagesc(high_time, high_frequency, abs(high_spectrum).^2);
ax = gca;
ax.CLim = [0 4];
ax.YLim = high_frequency([1 dsearchn(high_frequency, 12000)]);
ax.XLim = high_time([1 end]);
colormap(parula(6));
title("spectrogram of high frequency");

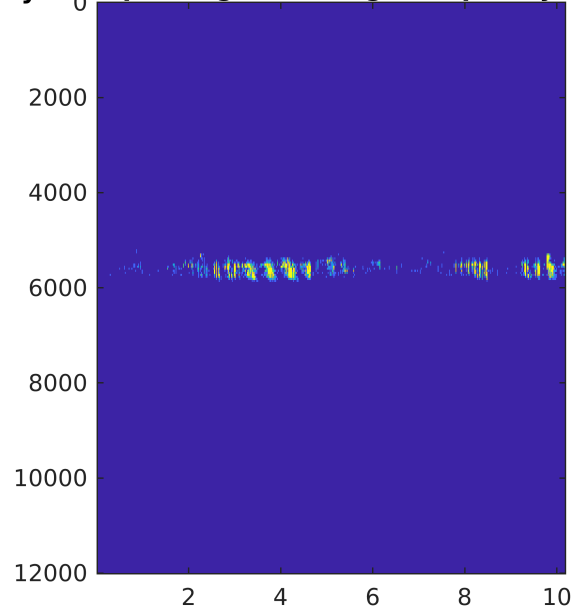
```



**sound in the time domain for high frequency**



**spectrogram of high frequency**



**sound in the frequency domain**

