Python training - lab 15

Databases

- RDBMS Relational Database Management System
- SQL structured query language
- Examples: PostgreSQL, MySQL, MariaDB, Oracle

Table Employee					
id	surname	name	department	birth_date	position
1	Popescu	Elena	DevOps	1985-10-11	Senior
2	Ionescu	Marcel	Front-end	1997-05-21	Junior

Connecting to the DB server

DB server

command line client psql -h host -u user -p

graphical client
DBeaver, Dbvisualizer,
PhpMyAdmin

application written in Python, PHP, JavaScript

Data types

- https://www.postgresql.org/docs/14/datatype.h
 tml
- Numeric types: smallint, integer, bigint, decimal, real, serial
- Character types: varchar, text
- Date and time types: timestamp, date, time date: YYYY-MM-DD 2022-06-12
 time: HH:MM:SS 14:23:31
 timestamp: YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS

DDL - Data definition language

• create

```
create database mydb;
create table employee (
   id serial primary key,
   surname varchar(20),
   first_name varchar(20),
   birth date date
  alter
alter table employee add column department varchar(15);
  drop
drop table employee;
drop database mydb;
```

DML - Data manipulation language

• insert

```
insert into employee (surname, first_name, birth_date)
values ('Popescu', 'Elena', '1985-10-11');
```

update

```
update employee set birth_date = '1987-10-11' where id = 1;
```

• delete

delete from employee where department = 'DevOps';

• select

```
select surname, first_name from employee where birth_date >
'2000-01-01';
```

DCL - Data control language

• create

create user myuser password 'some-password';

• grant

grant select on all tables in schema public to myuser;

revoke

revoke all privileges on database mydb from myuser;

drop

drop user myuser;

Data selection, sorting, filtering

```
select *
from employee
where
    surname like '%escu' and
    birth_date
        between '1980-01-01' and '2000-01-01'
order by surname desc, birth_date asc
limit 10;
```