```
#include<GL/glut.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
#define PI 3.1416
float theta = 0;
struct point
    GLfloat x, y, z;
};
int factorial(int n)
    if (n<=1)
       return(1);
       n=n*factorial(n-1);
    return n;
void computeNcR(int n, int *hold_ncr_values)
    int r;
    for(r=0; r<=n; r++) //start from nC0, then nC1, nC2, nC3 till nCn</pre>
       hold ncr values[r] = factorial(n) / (factorial(n-r) * factorial(r));
}
void computeBezierPoints(float t, point *actual_bezier_point, int
number of control points, point *control points array, int *hold ncr values)
    int i, n = number of control points-1;
    float bernstein polynomial;
    actual_bezier_point -> x =
   0; actual_bezier_point -> y
    = 0; actual bezier point ->
    z = 0;
    for(i=0; i < number of control points; i++)</pre>
        bernstein polynomial = hold ncr values[i] * pow(t, i) * pow( 1-t, n-i);
        actual bezier point
                                                +=
                                                         bernstein polynomial
                                         X
        control points array[i].x; actual bezier point -> y += bernstein polynomial
             control points array[i].y; actual bezier point -> z +=
       bernstein polynomial * control_points_array[i].z;
}
void bezier(point *control_points_array, int number_of_control_points, int
number_of_bezier_points)
    point actual bezier point;
    float t;
    int *hold ncr values, i;
    hold_ncr_values = new int[number_of_control_points]; // to hold the nCr values
    computeNcR(number_of_control_points-1, hold_ncr_values); // call nCr function
   glBegin(GL_LINE_STRIP);
    for(i=0; i<=number_of_bezier_points; i++)</pre>
            t=float(i)/float(number of bezier points);
           computeBezierPoints(t, &actual_bezier_point, number_of_control_points,
control points array, hold ncr values);
           glVertex2f(actual_bezier_point.x, actual_bezier_point.y);
    glEnd();
```

```
delete[] hold ncr values;
void display()
   glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
int number_of_control_points = 4, number_of_bezier_points = 20;
   point control_points_array[4] = {{100, 400, 0}, {150, 450, 0}, {250, 350, 0},{300,
400, 0}};
    control points array[1].x += 50*sin(theta *
    PI/180.0); control_points_array[1].y += 25*sin(theta
    * PI/180.0);
    control points array[2].x -= 50*sin((theta+30) *
    PI/180.0); control_points_array[2].y -= 50*sin((theta+30)
    * PI/180.0);
    control points array[3].x -= 25*sin((theta-30) *
    PI/180.0); control_points_array[3].y += sin((theta-30) *
    PI/180.0);
   theta += 2;
   glPushMatrix();
    glPointSize(5);
   glColor3f(1, 0.4, 0.2); //Indian flag: Saffron color code for(int i=0; i<50; i++)
        glTranslatef(0, -0.8, 0);
       bezier(control_points_array, number_of_control_points, number_of_bezier_points);
    glColor3f(1, 1, 1); //Indian flag: white color code
    for(int i=0; i<50; i++)
        glTranslatef(0, -0.8, 0);
       bezier (control points array, number of control points, number of bezier points);
    glTranslatef(0, -0.8, 0);
        bezier(control_points_array, number_of_control_points, number_of_bezier_points);
    glPopMatrix();
    glLineWidth(5);
    glColor3f(0.7, 0.5,0.3); //pole colours
    glBegin(GL LINES);
        glVertex2f(100,400);
        glVertex2f(100,40);
    glEnd();
    glutPostRedisplay();
    glutSwapBuffers();
void init()
    glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
   glLoadIdentity();
    gluOrtho2D(0,500,0,500);
int main(int argc, char **argv)
    glutInit(&argc, argv);
```

```
glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_DOUBLE | GLUT_RGB);
glutInitWindowPosition(0, 0);
glutInitWindowSize(500,500);
glutCreateWindow("Bezier_Curve - updated");
init();
glutDisplayFunc(display);
glutMainLoop();
```