Strictly Confidential: (For Internal and Restricted use only) Senior School CertificateTerm II Examination, 2022 Marking Scheme – ACCOUNTANCY (SUBJECT CODE – 055) (PAPER CODE – 67/2/3)

General Instructions: -

- You are aware that evaluation is the most important process in the actual and correct assessment of the candidates. A small mistake in evaluation may lead to serious problems which may affect the future of the candidates, education system and teaching profession. To avoid mistakes, it is requested that before starting evaluation, you must read and understand the spot evaluation guidelines carefully.
- 2. "Evaluation policy is a confidential policy as it is related to the confidentiality of the examinations conducted, Evaluation done and several other aspects. Its leakage to public in any manner could lead to derailment of the examination system and affect the life and future of millions of candidates. Sharing this policy/document to anyone, publishing in any magazine and printing in News Paper/Website etc. may invite action under IPC."
- 3. Evaluation is to be done as per instructions provided in the Marking Scheme. It should not be done according to one's own interpretation or any other consideration. Marking Scheme should be strictly adhered to and religiously followed. However, while evaluating, answers which are based on latest information or knowledge and/or are innovative, they may be assessed for their correctness otherwise and marks be awarded to them.
- 4. The Head-Examiner must go through the first five answer books evaluated by each evaluator on the first day, to ensure that evaluation has been carried out as per the instructions given in the Marking Scheme. The remaining answer books meant for evaluation shall be given only after ensuring that there is no significant variation in the marking of individual evaluators.
- 5. Evaluators will mark($\sqrt{}$) wherever answer is correct. For wrong answer 'X' be marked. Evaluators will not put right kind of mark while evaluating which gives an impression that answer is correct and no marks are awarded. This is most common mistake which evaluators are committing.
- 6. If a question has parts, please award marks on the right-hand side for each part. Marks awarded for different parts of the question should then be totaled up and written in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may be followed strictly.
- 7. If a question does not have any parts, marks must be awarded in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may also be followed strictly.
- 8. If a student has attempted an extra question, answer of the question deserving more marks should be retained and the other answer scored out.

- No marks to be deducted for the cumulative effect of an error. It should be penalized only once.
- 10. A full scale of 0-40 marks as given in Question Paper has to be used. Please do not hesitate to award full marks if the answer deserves it.
- 11. Every examiner has to necessarily do evaluation work for full working hours i.e. 8 hours every day and evaluate 30 answer books per day in main subjects and 35 answer books per day in other subjects (Details are given in Spot Guidelines). This is in view of the reduced syllabus and number of questions in question paper.
- 12. Ensure that you do not make the following common types of errors committed by the Examiner in the past:-
 - Leaving answer or part thereof unassessed in an answer book.
 - Giving more marks for an answer than assigned to it.
 - Wrong totaling of marks awarded on a reply.
 - Wrong transfer of marks from the inside pages of the answer book to the title page.
 - Wrong question wise totaling on the title page.
 - Wrong totaling of marks of the two columns on the title page.
 - Wrong grand total.
 - Marks in words and figures not tallying.
 - Wrong transfer of marks from the answer book to online award list.
 - Answers marked as correct, but marks not awarded. (Ensure that the right tick mark
 is correctly and clearly indicated. It should not merely be a line. Same is with the X for
 incorrect answer.)
 - Half or a part of answer marked correct and the rest as wrong, but no marks awarded.
- 13. While evaluating the answer books if the answer is found to be totally incorrect, it should be marked as cross (X) and awarded zero (0)Marks.
- 14. Any unassessed portion, non-carrying over of marks to the title page, or totaling error detected by the candidate shall damage the prestige of all the personnel engaged in the evaluation work as also of the Board. Hence, in order to uphold the prestige of all concerned, it is again reiterated that the instructions be followed meticulously and judiciously.
- 15. The Examiners should acquaint themselves with the guidelines given in the Guidelines for spot Evaluation before starting the actual evaluation.
- 16. Every Examiner shall also ensure that all the answers are evaluated, marks carried over to the title page, correctly totaled and written in figures and words.
- 17. The Board permits candidates to obtain photocopy of the Answer Book on request in an RTI application and also separately as a part of the re-evaluation process on payment of the processing charges.

MARKING SCHEME

Senior School Certificate Examination TERM-II, 2022

ACCOUNTANCY (Subject Code-055)

[Paper Code : 67/2/3]

Maximum Marks: 40

| Q. No. | . EXPECTED ANSWER / VALUE POINTS | | | | | | | Marks |
|--------|--|--------------|------------------------------|------|----------|------------|---------------|---------|
| | | | PART— | A | | | | |
| | (Acc | counting fo | r Not-for-Profit Organi | sati | ons, | Partnershi | p Firms and | |
| | | | Companie | es) | | | | |
| 1. | Q. Distinguish between 'Receipts and Payments Account' and | | | | | | | |
| | Ans. | | | | | | | |
| | | Basis | Receipts and Paym | ents | • | | ome and | |
| | | | Account | | | • | iture Account | |
| | Period | l | It may relate to | | | | s to current | |
| | | | preceding or suc periods | cee | ding | period | | |
| | Debit | side | Debit side of this | acc | ount | Debit s | ide of this | 1×2 |
| | | | records receipts | | | account | records | = |
| | | | | | | expenses | and losses | 2 marks |
| 2. | Q. Pas | s the necess | ary journal entry | • | | | | |
| | Ans. | | | | | | | |
| | | | Journal | | | | | |
| | Date | | Particulars | L | | Debit | Credit | |
| | Date | | raniculars | | A | mount | Amount | |
| | | | | F | | (₹) | (₹) | |
| | | Realization | n A/c Dr. | | 2 | 36,000 | | |
| | | | ar's Capital A/c | | | | 36,000 | |
| | | | ed creditor paid by | | | | | 2 marks |
| | | , | nar at 10% discount) | | | | | |
| | | l | | 1 | <u> </u> | | | |
| 3. | O. A. | B and C are | e partners in a firm sha | rino | J | | | |
| | ~· · · · · · · | | Parameter in a milit office. | | ••••• | | | |
| | Ans. | | | | | | | |
| | | C. ' C1 . | D' | | | | | |
| | Old Pro | ofit Sharing | Katio | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| | $A \qquad B \qquad C$ | |
|----|--|-------------------|
| | 1 1 1 | |
| | $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ | |
| | C's share = $\frac{1}{3}$ | |
| | Share acquired by $A = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{3}{5}$ | |
| | $=\frac{3}{15}$ | 1/2 |
| | Share acquired by $B = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{2}{5}$ | |
| | $=\frac{2}{15}$ | 1/2 |
| | New Share= Old Share + Gain A's old share = $1/3$, A's gain = $3/15$ | |
| | A's new share = $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{15}$ | 1/2 |
| | = 8/15 | |
| | B's old share $= 1/3$, B's gain $= 2/15$ | |
| | B's new share $=$ $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{15}$ | 1/- |
| | = 7/15 | 1/ ₂ = |
| | | 2 marks |
| | New ratio = 8:7 | |
| 4. | Q. (a) From the following information | |
| | Ans. | |
| | Calculation of amount of sports material to be debited to income and expenditure $\mbox{\ensuremath{A/c}}$: | |
| | $(\mathbf{\xi})$ | |
| | Amount paid for sports material 90,000 | 1/2 |
| | Less creditors for sports material as on 1.4.20 (8,000) | 1/2 |
| | Add creditors for sports material as on 31.3.21 10,000 | 1/2 |
| | Add stock of sports material as on 1.4.20 40,000 | 1/2 |
| | Less stock of sports material on 31.3.21 (20,000) | 1/2 |
| L | | |

|)r | Stock of | f Sports Material Account | Cr |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|---|-----------------|
| Particulars | Amount | | Amount |
| | (₹) | | (₹) |
| To Balance b/d | 40,000 | By Income and Expenditure A/c | 1,12,000 |
| To Creditors A/c -Credit Purchases | 92,000 | (Sports Material consumed during the year- Balancing figure) | |
| | | By Balance c/d | 20,000 |
| | 1,32,000 | | 1,32,000 |
| Or Particulars | Creditors Amount (₹) | for Sports Material Account Particulars | Cr Amount (₹) |
| To Bank A/c To Balance c/d | 90,000 | By Balance b/d By Stock of Sports Material A/c (Credit purchase of Sports Material) | 8,000 92,000 |
| | 1,00,000 | | 1,00,000 |
| b) Show the follo | owing inforn | OR nation in the Balance Sheet of ' | Royal Sports |

| | | Balance Sheet of Royal Sport | s Club as at 3 | 31st | March, 202 | 1 | |
|----|------------|---|----------------|------|------------|------------|--------------------------------|
| | | Liabilities | Amount (₹) | | Assets | Amount (₹) | |
| | Match | n fund 70,000 | | | | | 1/2 |
| | Add: 1 | Donation for match fund 20,000 | | | | | 1/2 |
| | Add: | Sale of match tickets 10,000 | | | | | 1/2 |
| | Less N | Match expenses (10,000) | 90,000 | | | | ¹ / ₂ +1 |
| | | | l l | | | | = |
| | | | | | | | 3 mark |
| 5. | Q. Ran | nesh, Rajesh and Raman | ••••• | | | | |
| | A | | | | | | |
| | Ans. | or 2020, 21 ₹ 12.00.000 | | | | | |
| | | or $2020-21$ $ ₹ 12,00,000 $ for $2020-21$ $ ₹ 1,20,000 $ | | | | | |
| | | or 3 months = $₹4,00,000$ | | | | | |
| | Profit | F profit = 1,20,000 /12,00,000 t t for 3 months = 10% of 4,00,00 h's share of profit = $\frac{2}{5} \times ₹ 40,00$ | 0 = ₹40,000 | | | | 2 |
| | | = ₹ 16,000 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | Jo | urnal | | | | |
| | D | D - 4 - 1 | | L | Debit | Credit | |
| | Date | Particulars | | | Amount | Amount | |
| | | | | F | (₹) | (₹) | 1 |
| | 2021 | Profit & Loss Suspense A/c | | | 16,000 | | = |
| | June 30 | To Ramesh's capital A | | | | 16,000 | 3 |
| | 30 | (Ramesh's share of profit till death transferred to his capital | | | | | marks |

| | Khandelwal L | td. | | | |
|--------|--|--------|------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| | Journal | | | | |
| Date | Particulars | L.F | Debit Amount (₹) | Credit Amount (₹) | |
| | Sundry assets A/c Dr. | | 25,00,000 | | |
| | Goodwill A/c Dr. | | 9,80,000 | | 1 |
| | To Sundry liabilities A/c | | | 7,80,000 | |
| | To Sharma Ltd. | | | 27,00,000 | |
| | (Acquired Assets and Liabilities of Sharma Ltd.) | | | | |
| | Sharma Ltd. (30,000×90) Dr. | | 27,00,000 | | |
| | Loss /Discount on issue of | | 2 00 000 | | |
| | Debentures A/c (30,000×10) Dr. | | 3,00,000 | 30,00,000 | 1 |
| | To 10% Debentures A/c | | | | |
| | (Issued 10% debentures in favour of Sharma Ltd. and recorded loss/ discount on issue of debentures) | | | | m |
| | er of debentures to be issued = $\frac{27,00,0}{100-1}$ $= \frac{27,00,0}{90}$ $30,000 \text{ debentures}$ | 0 | | | |
| | OR | | | | |
| Q. (b) | Explain the meaning of issue of debe | ntures | as collateral | security | |
| Ans. | • | | | · | |

institution. Collateral security is to be realized only when the loan amount is not fully recovered from the sale proceeds of the primary security.

The company may issue its own debentures to the lenders in addition to some other assets already pledged. Such issue of debentures is known as 'debentures issued as collateral security'.

3 marks

Example: Ananda Ltd. took a loan of ₹ 50 lakhs from Sind Bank and issued 9% debenture of ₹ 60 lakhs (₹ 100 each) as a collateral security.

Or any other correct example.

7. Q. Pass the necessary journal entries......

Ans.

Journal

| Date | Particulars | L.F. | Debit Amount (₹) | Credit Amount (₹) |
|------|---|------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| (a) | (i) Bank A/c Dr. To Debentures Application and Allotment A/c (Application Money received on 7,500 10% Debentures) | | 7,40,000 | 7,40,000 |
| | (ii) Debentures Application and Allotment A/c Dr. Loss an issue of Debenture A/c Dr. To 10% Debentures A/c To Premium on Redemption of Debentures A/c (Application money transferred to 10% Debentures A/c) | | 7,40,000 47,500 | 7,50,000 37,500 |

| (b) | (i) Bank A/c Dr. To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c (Application Money received on 5,000 10% Debentures) | 5,50,000 | 5,50,000 |
|-----|--|--------------------|------------------------------|
| | (ii) Debenture Application and Allotment A/c Dr. Loss on issue of Debenture A/c Dr. To 10% Debenture A/c To Premium on Redemption of Debentures A/c To Securities Premium Reserve A/c (Application money transferred to | 5,50,000 50,000 | 5,00,000 50,000 50,000 |
| (c) | (Application money transferred to 10% Debentures A/c and Securities Premium Reserve) (i) Bank A/c Dr. To Debentures Application and Allotment A/c (Received Application money for 1,000 Debentures) | 1,00,000 | 1,00,000 |
| | (ii) Debentures Application and Allotment A/c Dr. To 9% Debentures A/c (Application money transferred to 9% Debentures A/c) | 1,00,000 | 1,00,000 |
| (d) | (i) Bank A/c Dr. To Debentures Application and Allotment A/c (Received Application money for 2,000 Debentures) | 1,80,000 | 1,80,000 |

| | (ii) Debentures Application and Allotment A/c Dr. Loss/Discount on issue of | 1,80,000 | | |
|-----|--|----------|----------------------|-----------|
| | Debentures A/c Dr. To 9% Debentures A/c (Application money transferred to 9% Debentures A/c) | 20,000 | 2,00,000 | ½ x10 |
| (e) | (i) Bank A/c Dr. To Debentures Application and Allotment A/c | 6,00,000 | 6,00,000 | = 5 marks |
| | (Received Application money for 5,000 Debentures) | 6,00,000 | | |
| | (ii) Debentures Application and Allotment A/c Dr. To 9% Debentures A/c To Securities Premium Reserve A/c | 0,00,000 | 5,00,000 1,00,000 | |
| | (Application money transferred to 9% Debentures A/c and Securities Premium Reserve) | | | |

Ans.

Dr. Realization A/c Cr

| Particulars | Amount (₹) | Particulars | Amount (₹) | |
|---|--------------------|---|--------------------|---|
| To Sundry Assets: Stock 2,40,000 Furniture 2,00,000 Plant & Machinery 1,00,000 | 5,40,000 | By Sundry Liabilities: Creditors 3,00,000 Mrs. A's loan 70,000 By A's Capital A/c | 3,70,000 | 1/2 + 1/2 |
| To Bank: -Creditors To A's Capital A/c: -Mrs. A's loan | 2,40,000 70,000 | -Furniture By Bank A/c: -Plant and Machinery | 1,80,000 80,000 | $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$ |

| 20,000 Stock By Loss Transferred to : A's Capital A/c 30,000 Stya 1,500 Siya 1 | To B's Capital A/c: | | | By B's Capital | | |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------|----------|-----------------|----------|---------|
| By Loss Transferred to: A's Capital A/e 30,000 B's Capital A/e 30,000 B,70,000 B | -Realization Expenses | 20, | 000 | | 1,80,000 | 1/2 + |
| Transferred to: A's Capital A/c 30,000 B's Capital A/c 30,000 B,70,000 B,70,000 | | | | | | |
| A/c 30,000 B's Capital A/c 5 max | | | | Transferred to: | | |
| B's Capital A/c 60,000 8,70,000 5 mix | | | | | | |
| Sq.000 | | | | | | 1 |
| OR Q. (b) Vidit, Vinay and Siya Dr. Revaluation A/c | | | | _ | 60.000 | = |
| OR Q. (b) Vidit, Vinay and Siya Ans. Dr. Revaluation A/c Cr. Particulars (₹) Particulars (₹) To Stock A/c 10,000 By Plant A/c 14,000 To Debtors A/c 4,000 By Creditor A/c 4,500 To Gain on Revaluation transferred to Partners' Capital Accounts: Vidit 1,500 Vinay 1,500 18,500 Vinay 1,500 4,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 Dr. Vinay's Capital A/c Cr. Particulars (₹) Particulars (₹) To Vinay's Loan A/c 23,500 By Balance b/d 16,000 By General Reserve 6,000 4,200 1,500 1,500 By General Reserve 6,000 1,5 | | | | 30,000 | | _ |
| Q. (b) Vidit, Vinay and Siya | | 8,7 | 0,000 | | 8,70,000 | mark |
| Q. (b) Vidit, Vinay and Siya | | | | | | |
| Ans. Dr. Revaluation A/c Cr. Particulars (₹) Particulars (₹) To Stock A/c 10,000 By Plant A/c 14,000 To Debtors A/c 4,000 By Creditor A/c 4,500 To Gain on Revaluation transferred to Partners' Capital Accounts: Vidit 1,500 4,500 4,500 Vinay 1,500 4,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 Dr. Vinay's Capital A/c Cr. Particulars (₹) Particulars (₹) To Vinay's Loan A/c 23,500 By Balance b/d 16,000 By Revaluation A/c 1,500 By General Reserve 6,000 1/22 23,500 23,500 23,500 23,500 23,500 23,500 | | | | | | |
| Dr. Revaluation A/c Cr. Particulars (₹) Particulars (₹) To Stock A/c 10,000 By Plant A/c 14,000 To Debtors A/c 4,000 By Creditor A/c 4,500 To Gain on Revaluation transferred to Partners' Capital Accounts: Vidit 1,500 4,500 18,500 Vinay 1,500 4,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 Dr. Vinay's Capital A/c Cr. Particulars (₹) Particulars (₹) To Vinay's Loan A/c 23,500 By Balance b/d 16,000 1,500 By General Reserve 6,000 1/2) =2 3+ 23,500 23,500 | | • • • • • • | | | | |
| To Stock A/c | Dr. | Revalu | ation A | <i>Vc</i> | Cr. | |
| To Stock A/c To Debtors A/c To Debtors A/c To Gain on Revaluation transferred to Partners' Capital Accounts: Vidit 1,500 Vinay 1,500 Siya 1,500 To Vinay's Capital A/c Vinay's Capital A/c Vinay's Capital A/c To Vinay's Loan A/c 23,500 Particulars (₹) Particulars (₹) Particulars (\$\frac{1}{8}\$) Revaluation A/c By General Reserve 6,000 14,000 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 | Particulars | | (₹) | Particulars | (₹) | |
| To Debtors A/c 4,000 By Creditor A/c 4,500 1/2 To Gain on Revaluation transferred to Partners' Capital Accounts: Vidit 1,500 4,500 18,500 18,500 Vinay 1,500 4,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 Dr. Vinay's Capital A/c Cr. Cr. Cr. Cr. 16,000 <td>To Stock A/c</td> <td>10</td> <td>0,000</td> <td>By Plant A/c</td> <td></td> <td>1/2 + 1</td> | To Stock A/c | 10 | 0,000 | By Plant A/c | | 1/2 + 1 |
| transferred to Partners' Capital Accounts: Vidit 1,500 Vinay 1,500 Siya 1,500 18,500 Dr. Vinay's Capital A/c Particulars (₹) Particulars (₹) Particulars To Vinay's Loan A/c By Revaluation A/c By General Reserve 6,000 134 23,500 23,500 3+ 23,500 | To Debtors A/c | 4 | 4,000 | By Creditor A/ | /c 4,500 | 1/2 + 1 |
| Vidit 1,500 Vinay 1,500 Siya 1,500 Dr. Vinay's Capital A/c Cr. Particulars (₹) Particulars (₹) To Vinay's Loan A/c 23,500 By Balance b/d By Revaluation A/c By General Reserve 1,500 6,000 By General Reserve 6,000 1,500 6,000 23,500 23,500 23,500 | transferred to Partners' Capital | l | | | | |
| Vinay 1,500 4,500 18,500 18,500 Dr. Vinay's Capital A/c Cr. Particulars (₹) Particulars (₹) To Vinay's Loan A/c 23,500 By Balance b/d By Revaluation A/c By General Reserve 1,500 6,000 By General Reserve 6,000 1,500 6,000 23,500 23,500 23,500 | | | | | | |
| Siya 1,500 4,500 18,500 Dr. Vinay's Capital A/c Cr. Particulars (₹) Particulars (₹) To Vinay's Loan A/c 23,500 By Balance b/d By Revaluation A/c By General Reserve 1,500 6,000 1/23 By General Reserve 6,000 23,500 =2 | , | | | | | |
| Dr. Vinay's Capital A/c Cr. | | 4 | 4.500 | | | +1 |
| Dr. Vinay's Capital A/c Cr. Particulars (₹) Particulars (₹) To Vinay's Loan A/c 23,500 By Balance b/d By Revaluation A/c By General Reserve 1,500 6,000 By General Reserve 6,000 3+ 23,500 23,500 3+ | | | | | 18,500 | |
| Particulars (₹) Particulars (₹) To Vinay's Loan A/c 23,500 By Balance b/d By Revaluation A/c By General Reserve 16,000 6,000 By General Reserve 6,000 1/25 23,500 23,500 3+ =2 3+ = 23,500 3+ | Dr. | Vinay's Ca | apital A | 1/c | Cr. | =3 |
| To Vinay's Loan A/c 23,500 By Balance b/d By Revaluation A/c By General Reserve 3+ 23,500 23,500 23,500 | | | | | (₹) | |
| By Revaluation A/c By General Reserve 6,000 =2 23,500 | To Vinay's Loan A/c | | By | Balance b/d | | |
| By General Reserve 6,000 =2 23,500 | | | _ | | | ½x4 |
| 23,500 | | | By | General Reserve | 6,000 | / 2/1 |
| 23,500 | | | | | | =2 |
| 23,500 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 3+2 |
| 5 n | | 23,500 | | | 23,500 | |
| ı | | | | | | 5 ma |

| 9. | Q. From the following Club | Receipts a | and Payn | nents Account. | • • • • • • | of Truth | |
|-----|---|------------------------------|----------------|---|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Ans | | | | | | |
| | Dr. Income and Expend | diture Accour | nt for the yea | ur ending 31st Marc | ch, 2021 | Cr | |
| | Expenditure | Amount (₹) | | Income | | Amount (₹) | |
| | To Salaries | 1,80,000 50,000 2,000 | - | er Rent 2 of old newspaper 2 cription [80×1000] | 2 1 | 80,000 200 80,000 | 1/2+1/2+1/2 1+1/2+1/2 |
| | To Depreciation of furniture $ \left[80000 \times \frac{10}{100} \times \frac{3}{12} \right] \boxed{1} $ | 2,000 | • | ss of Expenditure | over | 73,800 | 1+1/2 |
| | | 2,34,000 | | | | 2,34,000 | = 5 marks |
| | | | ART B | | | | |
| | (Ans | alysis of Fi | | atements) | | | |
| 10. | Q. State with reason whe | | | | | | |
| 10. | Ans. | | | | | | |
| | Redemption of debentures | would resi | ılt in outfl | ow of cash. | | | |
| | Reason: It involves u | | | he payment of d | ebentu | resl | 1+1 |
| | | | [| FJ | | , | = 2 marks |
| 11. | Q. (a) From the follo | owing inf | Cormation | , prepare a | Comn | ion Size | |
| | Ans. | | | | | | |
| | | ment of Profi March, 2021 | | X Ltd. for the years Jarch, 2022 | ended | | |
| | Particulars | 2020–21 | 2021–22 | % of Revenue | | Revenue | |
| | | (₹) | (₹) | from Operations 2020–21 | | Operations 021-22 | |
| | Revenue from operations | 20,00,000 | 25,00,000 | 100 | | 100 | 1/2 |
| | Add other income | 2,00,000 | 3,00,000 | 10 | | 12 | 1/2 |
| | | | | | • | | |

| 1 1 | | Γ | | 1 | | | | |
|---|---|-------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|---------|--|--|--|
| Total Revenue | 22,00,000 | 28,00,000 | 110 | 112 | 1/2 | | | |
| Less Expenses | 1,00,000 | 3,00,000 | 5 | 12 | 1/2 | | | |
| Profit before Tax | 21,00,000 | 25,00,000 | 105 | 100 | 1/2 | | | |
| Less Tax @50% | 10,50,000 | 12,50,000 | 52.5 | 50 | | | | |
| | | | | | 1/2 | | | |
| Profit after Tax | 10,50,000 | 12,50,000 | 52.5 | 50 |] | | | |
| | | | | | 3 marks | | | |
| | | 0.0 | | | 3 marks | | | |
| | | OR | | | | | | |
| Q. (b) From the follo | wing informa | ition, prep | oare a Compa | rative Statement | | | | |
| ••••• | | | | | | | | |
| Ans. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | of Y Ltd. for the y | vears | | | | |
| en | ded 31st March, 2 | | | . 0/ 01 | 1 | | | |
| Particulars | 2020–. (₹) | | 1–22 Absoli ₹) Change | U | | | | |
| Revenue from operations | 30,00 | | 00,000 10,00,0 | · · | 1/2 | | | |
| Add other income | 10,00, | - | 00,000 | _ | 72 | | | |
| Total Revenue | 40,00, | ,000 50,0 | 00,000 10,00,0 | 000 25 | 1/2 | | | |
| Less expenses : | | | | | | | | |
| Employee benefit expo | | - | 00,000 — | | 1/ | | | |
| Other Expenses Profit before Tax | 20,00, 15,00, | · · | 00,000 $15,00,00$ $00,000$ $(5,00,0)$ | | 1/2 | | | |
| Less Tax @ 50% | 7,50, | - | (3,00,000) $(3,00,00)$ $(2,50,00)$ | , , , , | 1/2 | | | |
| Profit after Tax | 7,50, | | 00,000 (2,50,0 | | 1/2 | | | |
| 2 | . ,, | ,,,,,, | (=,= =,= | (00.0) |] = | | | |
| | | | | | 3 | | | |
| | | | | | marks | | | |
| Q. Calculate 'Cash F | lows from Op | erating A | ctivities' | | ļ | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Ans. | | | | | | | | |
| Calculati | Calculation of 'Cash Flows from operating activities' for the year ended 31st March, 2021 | | | | | | | |
| f | | | | | | | | |
| Particulars Amount | | | | | | | | |
| | Particul | ars | | (₹) | | | | |
| Net profit before tax | and extraordin | arv items | | 80,000 | | | | |
| Add: Non-cash and | | • | | 00,000 | 1/2 | | | |
| | | capenses . | • | 25,000 | | | | |
| Depreciatio | 11 | | | 25,000 | | | | |

| Net profit before change | s in workin | g capital | 1,05,000 |
|--|---------------|---|----------|
| Add: Decrease in Cualitabilities: | rrent Asset | ts and increase in Current | |
| Inventories | | | 11,000 |
| Less: Increase in Cur Liabilities: | rent Asset | s and decrease in Current | 11,000 |
| : | | | (1,500) |
| Trade Receival | | | (34,000) |
| Trade payables | ; | | |
| Cash generated from ope | erations | | 80,500 |
| Less: Tax paid | | | (6,500) |
| Cash Flow from operating | ng activities | | 74,000 |
| Particulars | (₹) | Particulars | (₹) |
| Dr. | Provision | a for Tax | Cr. |
| | (₹) | Particulars | (₹) |
| To Bank A/c To Balance c/d | 6,500 | By Balance b/d By Statement of Profit &loss | 5,500 |
| 10 Balance C/U | 9,000 | By Statement of Profit &loss | 10,000 |
| Working Notes : Calculation of net profit b | vefore tax : | | |
| N. D. C. | | (₹) | |
| Net Profit Add provision for Ta | Y | 70,000 10,000 | |
| ridd provision for 1d | (x | 80,000 | |
| | | 00,000 | |
| | | | |
| _ | PA | ART—B | |
| | | | |
| | _ | tion—II | |
| (| _ | ition—II ized Accounting) | |

| 10. | Q. State any two | |
|-----|--|---------------------|
| | Ans. | |
| | Characteristics of Computerized Accounting System : (Any two) | |
| | (i) Simple and integrated Computerized Accounting System is designed to automate and integrate all the business operations, such as sales, finance, purchase, inventory and manufacturing. CAS is integrated to provide accurate, up-to-date business information rapidly. The CAS may be integrated with enhanced MIS (Management Information System), Multi-lingual and Data Organisation capabilities to simplify all the business processes of the organization easily and cost-effectively. (ii) Transparency and Control CAS provides sufficient time to plan, increases data accessibility and enhances user satisfaction. With computerized accounting, the organization will have greater transparency for day-to-day business operations and access to the vital information. (iii) Accuracy and Speed CAS provides user-definable templates (data entry screens or forms) for fast, accurate data entry of the transactions. It also helps in generalising desired documents and reports. (iv) Scalability CAS enables in changing the volume of data processing in tune with the change in the size of the business. The software can be used for any size of the business and type of the organization. (v) Reliability CAS makes sure that the generalised critical financial information is accurate, controlled and secured. | 1x2 = 2 marks |
| 11. | Q. (a) Give the meaning of Database Management system. | |
| | Ans. | |
| | DBMS is a system that provides a variety of software tools for organizing, processing and querying data in a flexible manner. | |
| | It is computerized data-keeping system. Users of the system are given facilities to perform several kinds of operations on such system for either manipulation of the data in database or the management of the data base structure itself. | 3 marks |
| | OR | OR |
| | Q (b) State the steps involved | |
| | Ans. | |

| | Steps involved in Payroll Accounting: | | | |
|-----|---|---------|--|--|
| | (i) Maintaining payroll related data such as Employee No., Name, Attendance, Basic Pay, etc. | 1 | | |
| | (ii) Periodic Payroll Computations, which includes the calculation of various earnings and deduction heads. | | | |
| | (iii) Preparation of salary statement and employee salary slips. | 1 | | |
| | (iv) Generation of advice to bank to transfer salary and other related statutory payments in employees individual, bank A/c. | 1 | | |
| | | = | | |
| | | 3 marks | | |
| 12. | Q. Explain the steps involved in installation | | | |
| | Ans. | | | |
| | Steps involved in installation of computerized accounting systems: | | | |
| | 1. Insert CD in the system | | | |
| | 2. After inserting CD, select the option in following steps: | | | |
| | (a) Select any (C : or E :, D :) from My Computer icon on the Desktop. Double click on install.exe | | | |
| | OR | | | |
| | (b) Select Start > Run > Type the file name E:\install.exe | | | |
| | 3. After the above process the default directories of application, data and Configuration opens in a window. In case, the user wants to change the default directories then it can be changed by providing the desired drive and file name / directory name for example: D:\software name, instead of C:\accounting software (default name) | | | |
| | 4. Click on Install and installation process begins, accounting software | | | |
| | displays the message of successful installation, then this CD can be removed. | 5 marks | | |