Exercise 5e

Question 1.

Using elementary row transformations, find the inverse of each of the following matrices:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

Answer:

Let,
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now we are going to write the Augmented Matrix followed by matrix A and the Identity matrix I, i.e.,

$$Aug\begin{bmatrix}A \mid I\end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix}1 & 2 \mid 1 & 0\\ 3 & 7 \mid 0 & 1\end{bmatrix}, \text{ where } I = \begin{bmatrix}1 & 0\\ 0 & 1\end{bmatrix}$$

Now our job is to convert the matrix A into Identity Matrix. Therefore, the matrix we will get converting the matrix I will be our A⁻¹.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 7 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 - 3R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 - 2R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 7 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Here, the matrix A is converted into Identity matrix. Therefore, we get the A⁻¹ as,

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -2 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 [Answer]

The value of A^{-1} is correct or not can be verified by the formula: $AA^{-1} = I$

Question 2.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Answer:

Let,
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now we are going to write the Augmented Matrix followed by matrix A and the Identity matrix I, i.e.,

$$Aug\begin{bmatrix} A & I \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ where } I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now our job is to convert the matrix A into Identity Matrix. Therefore, the matrix we will get converting the matrix I will be our A⁻¹.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & | 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & | 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 - 2R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & | 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & | -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{5}R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & | 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & | \frac{2}{5} & -\frac{1}{5} \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 - 2R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & | \frac{1}{5} & \frac{2}{5} \\ 0 & 1 & | \frac{2}{5} & -\frac{1}{5} \end{bmatrix}$$

Here, the matrix A is converted into the Identity matrix. Therefore, we get the A-1 as,

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{5} & \frac{2}{5} \\ \frac{2}{5} & -\frac{1}{5} \end{bmatrix}$$
 [Answer]

The value of A^{-1} is correct or not can be verified by the formula: $AA^{-1} = I$

Question 3.

Using elementary row transformations, find the inverse of each of the following matrices:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Answer

Let,
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now we are going to write the Augmented Matrix followed by matrix A and the Identity matrix I, i.e.,

$$Aug\begin{bmatrix} A | I \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 | 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 1 | 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ where } I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now our job is to convert the matrix A into Identity Matrix. Therefore, the matrix we will get converting the matrix I will be our A⁻¹.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 & 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 + R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 6 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 + R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 11 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 6 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 + R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 11 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 17 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Here, the matrix A is converted into Identity matrix. Therefore, we get the A⁻¹ as,

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{17} & -\frac{5}{17} \\ \frac{3}{17} & \frac{2}{17} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{17} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -5 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
[Answer]

The value of A^{-1} is correct or not can be verified by the formula: $AA^{-1} = I$

Question 4.

Using elementary row transformations, find the inverse of each of the following matrices:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Answer

Let,
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now we are going to write the Augmented Matrix followed by matrix A and the Identity matrix I, i.e.,

$$Aug\begin{bmatrix} A & I \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 5 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ where } I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now our job is to convert the matrix A into Identity Matrix. Therefore, the matrix we will get converting the matrix I will be our A^{-1} .

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 5 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 - 2R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 11 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 11 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{11}R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{2}{11} & \frac{1}{11} \end{bmatrix}$$

Here, the matrix A is converted into Identity matrix. Therefore, we get the A⁻¹ as,

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{5}{22} & \frac{3}{22} \\ -\frac{2}{11} & \frac{1}{11} \end{bmatrix}$$
 [Answer]

The value of A^{-1} is correct or not can be verified by the formula: $AA^{-1} = I$

Question 5.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Answer:

Let,
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now we are going to write the Augmented Matrix followed by matrix A and the Identity matrix I, i.e.,

$$Aug\begin{bmatrix} A & I \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ where } I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now our job is to convert the matrix A into Identity Matrix. Therefore, the matrix we will get converting the matrix I will be our A⁻¹.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 - 2R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -10 & 1 & -2 \\ 2 & 5 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -10 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{5}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & -10 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Here, the matrix A is converted into Identity matrix. Therefore, we get the A^{-1} as,

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & 0\\ -\frac{1}{10} & \frac{1}{5} \end{bmatrix}$$
[Answer]

The value of A^{-1} is correct or not can be verified by the formula: $AA^{-1} = I$

Question 6.

Using elementary row transformations, find the inverse of each of the following matrices:

Answer:

Let,
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 7 \\ 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now we are going to write the Augmented Matrix followed by matrix A and the Identity matrix I, i.e.,

$$Aug\begin{bmatrix} A | I \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 7 | 1 & 0 \\ 8 & 9 | 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ where } I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now our job is to convert the matrix A into Identity Matrix. Therefore, the matrix we will get converting the matrix I will be our A⁻¹.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 7 & 1 & 0 \\ 8 & 9 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 - R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 7 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 6 & 7 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 - 3R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Here, the matrix A is converted into Identity matrix. Therefore, we get the A⁻¹ as,

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{9}{2} & \frac{7}{2} \\ 4 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 [Answer]

The value of A^{-1} is correct or not can be verified by the formula: $AA^{-1} = I$

Question 7.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Answer:

Let, A =
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now we are going to write the Augmented Matrix followed by matrix A and the Identity matrix I, i.e.,

$$Aug[A|I] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ where } I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now our job is to convert the matrix A into Identity Matrix. Therefore, the matrix we will get converting the matrix I will be our A⁻¹.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_3 - 3R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & -8 & 0 & -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Here, the matrix A is converted into Identity matrix. Therefore, we get the A⁻¹ as,

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ -4 & 3 & -1 \\ \frac{5}{2} & -\frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -8 & 6 & -2 \\ 5 & -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
[Answer]

The value of A^{-1} is correct or not can be verified by the formula: $AA^{-1} = I$

Question 8.

Using elementary row transformations, find the inverse of each of the following matrices:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 3 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Answer

Let, A =
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 3 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now we are going to write the Augmented Matrix followed by matrix A and the Identity matrix I, i.e.,

$$Aug[A|I] = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -2 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ where } I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -2 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 - R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -2 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_3 - R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{2}{5} & 0 & \frac{3}{5} \\ -\frac{1}{5} & \frac{1}{5} & 0 \\ \frac{2}{5} & \frac{1}{5} & -\frac{2}{5} \end{bmatrix} = -\frac{1}{5} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & -3 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
[Answer]

The value of A^{-1} is correct or not can be verified by the formula: $AA^{-1} = I$

Question 9.

Using elementary row transformations, find the inverse of each of the following matrices:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 & 9 \\ 6 & 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

Answer:

Let, A =
$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 & 9 \\ 6 & 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now we are going to write the Augmented Matrix followed by matrix A and the Identity matrix I, i.e.,

$$Aug[A|I] = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 5 & 9 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 6 & 4 & 7 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ where } I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 5 & 9 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 6 & 4 & 7 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \leftrightarrow R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 9 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 6 & 4 & 7 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_3 - 2R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 9 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 3 & -2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{55} & -\frac{8}{55} & \frac{10}{55} \\ -\frac{47}{55} & -\frac{9}{55} & \frac{25}{55} \\ \frac{26}{55} & \frac{12}{55} & -\frac{15}{55} \end{bmatrix} = -\frac{1}{55} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 8 & -10 \\ 47 & 9 & -25 \\ -26 & -12 & 15 \end{bmatrix}$$
[Answer]

The value of A^{-1} is correct or not can be verified by the formula: $AA^{-1} = I$

Question 10.

Using elementary row transformations, find the inverse of each of the following matrices:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & -3 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Answer:

Let, A =
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & -3 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now we are going to write the Augmented Matrix followed by matrix A and the Identity matrix I, i.e.,

$$Aug[A|I] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -3 & -4 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ where } I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -3 & -4 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_3 - R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -6 & -6 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 - R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 5 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -6 & -6 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{6}{67} & \frac{17}{67} & \frac{13}{67} \\ \frac{14}{67} & \frac{5}{67} & -\frac{8}{67} \\ -\frac{15}{67} & \frac{9}{67} & -\frac{1}{67} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{67} \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 17 & 13 \\ 14 & 5 & -8 \\ -15 & 9 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
[Answer]

The value of A^{-1} is correct or not can be verified by the formula: $AA^{-1} = I$

Question 11.

Using elementary row transformations, find the inverse of each of the following matrices:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 \\ 3 & -5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

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Let, A =
$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 \\ 3 & -5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now we are going to write the Augmented Matrix followed by matrix A and the Identity matrix I, i.e.,

$$Aug\begin{bmatrix} A | I \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & -2 | 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 | 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -5 & 0 | 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ where } I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & -2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -5 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_3 - R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & -2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -4 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 - R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -4 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{5}{8} & \frac{10}{8} & \frac{1}{8} \\ -\frac{3}{8} & \frac{6}{8} & -\frac{1}{8} \\ -\frac{5}{4} & \frac{6}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \end{bmatrix} = -\frac{1}{8} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -10 & -1 \\ 3 & -6 & 1 \\ 10 & -12 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$
[Answer]

The value of A^{-1} is correct or not can be verified by the formula: $AA^{-1} = I$

Question 12.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -2 \\ -3 & 0 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Answer:

Let, A =
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -2 \\ -3 & 0 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now we are going to write the Augmented Matrix followed by matrix A and the Identity matrix I, i.e.,

$$Aug[A|I] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -3 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ where } I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -3 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_3 - 2R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -3 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 4 & -2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 + 3R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 9 & -7 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 4 & -2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -3 \\ -2 & 4 & 7 \\ -3 & 5 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$
[Answer]

The value of A^{-1} is correct or not can be verified by the formula: $AA^{-1} = I$

Question 13.

Using elementary row transformations, find the inverse of each of the following matrices:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 5 & 7 \\ -2 & -4 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Answer

Let, A =
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 5 & 7 \\ -2 & -4 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now we are going to write the Augmented Matrix followed by matrix A and the Identity matrix I, i.e.,

$$Aug[A|I] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & 7 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & -4 & -5 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ where } I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & 7 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & -4 & -5 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 - 2R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & -4 & -5 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_3 + 2R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & -1 \\ -4 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} [Answer]$$

The value of A^{-1} is correct or not can be verified by the formula: $AA^{-1} = I$

Question 14.

Using elementary row transformations, find the inverse of each of the following matrices:

$$\begin{vmatrix}
3 & 0 & -1 \\
2 & 3 & 0 \\
0 & 4 & 1
\end{vmatrix}$$

Answer:

Let, A =
$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now we are going to write the Augmented Matrix followed by matrix A and the Identity matrix I, i.e.,

$$Aug\begin{bmatrix} A & I \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ where } I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now our job is to convert the matrix A into Identity Matrix. Therefore, the matrix we will get converting the matrix I will be our A⁻¹.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 - R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 - 2R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 9 & 2 & -2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Here, the matrix A is converted into Identity matrix. Therefore, we get the A⁻¹ as,

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -4 & 3 \\ -2 & 3 & -2 \\ 8 & -12 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$
 [Answer]

The value of A^{-1} is correct or not can be verified by the formula: $AA^{-1} = I$

Question 15.

Using elementary row transformations, find the inverse of each of the following matrices:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Answer:

Let, A =
$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now we are going to write the Augmented Matrix followed by matrix A and the Identity matrix I, i.e.,

$$Aug[A|I] = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ where } I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now our job is to convert the matrix A into Identity Matrix. Therefore, the matrix we will get converting the matrix I will be our A⁻¹.

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 + R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 5 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_3 - 3R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 5 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & -8 & 0 & -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_3 - R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 5 & -4 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -8 & 7 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 5 & -4 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -8 & 7 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \leftrightarrow R_3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -8 & 7 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 5 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Here, the matrix A is converted into Identity matrix. Therefore, we get the A⁻¹ as,

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -8 & 7 & -5 \\ 5 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
[Answer]

The value of A^{-1} is correct or not can be verified by the formula: $AA^{-1} = I$