

Exercise 10b

Question 1.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x :

(i) e^{4x}

(ii) e^{-5x}

(iii) $(e)^{x^3}$

Answer:

(i) Let $y = e^{4x}$ $z = 4x$

Formula : $\frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$= (e^{4x}) \times 4$$

$$= 4e^{4x}$$

(ii) Let $y = e^{-5x}$ $z = -5x$

Formula : $\frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$= (e^{-5x}) \times (-5)$$

$$= -5e^{-5x}$$

(iii) Let $y = (e)^{x^3}$ $z = x^3$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x, \frac{d(x^n)}{dx} = n \times x^{n-1}$$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$= ((e)^{x^3}) \times 3x^2$$

$$= 3x^2 (e)^{x^3}$$

Question 2.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x:

(i) $e^{2/x}$

(ii) $e^{\sqrt{x}}$

(iii) $e^{-2\sqrt{x}}$

Answer:

(i) Let $y = e^{2/x}$ $z = 2/x$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x, \frac{d(x^n)}{dx} = n \times x^{n-1}$$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$= (e^{2/x}) \times \left(\frac{-2}{x^2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{-2}{x^2} \times e^{\frac{2}{x}}$$

(ii) Let $y = e^{\sqrt{x}} z = \sqrt{x}$

Formula : $\frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x, \frac{d(x^n)}{dx} = n \times x^{n-1}$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$= (e^{\sqrt{x}}) \times \left(\frac{1}{2} \times x^{-0.5} \right) = (e^{\sqrt{x}}) \times \left(\frac{1}{2 \times \sqrt{x}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

(iii) Let $y = e^{-2\sqrt{x}} z = -2\sqrt{x}$

Formula : $\frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x, \frac{d(x^n)}{dx} = n \times x^{n-1}$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$= (e^{-2\sqrt{x}}) \times \left(-2 \times \frac{1}{2} \times x^{-0.5} \right) = (e^{-2\sqrt{x}}) \times \left(\frac{-1}{\sqrt{x}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{-e^{-2\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

Question 3.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x:

(i) $e^{\cot x}$

(ii) $e^{-\sin 2x}$

(iii) $e^{\sqrt{\sin x}}$

Answer:

(i) Let $y = e^{\cot x}$ $z = \cot x$

Formula : $\frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x$, $\frac{d(\cot x)}{dx} = -\operatorname{cosec}^2 x$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$= (e^{\cot x}) \times (-\operatorname{cosec}^2 x)$$

$$= -\operatorname{cosec}^2 x e^{\cot x}$$

(ii) Let $y = e^{-\sin 2x}$ $z = -\sin 2x$

Formula : $\frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x$, $\frac{d(\sin x)}{dx} = \cos x$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$= (e^{-\sin 2x}) \times (-\cos 2x \times 2)$$

$$= (-2 \cos 2x) e^{-\sin 2x}$$

(iii) Let $y = e^{\sqrt{\sin x}}$ $z = \sqrt{\sin x}$

Formula : $\frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x$, $\frac{d(\sin x)}{dx} = \cos x$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$dy/dx = \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$= (e^{\sqrt{\sin x}}) \times \left(\frac{1}{2} \times (\sin x)^{-0.5} \times \cos x \right) = (e^{\sqrt{\sin x}}) \times \left(\frac{1 \times \cos x}{2\sqrt{\sin x}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\cos x}{2\sqrt{\sin x}} e^{\sqrt{\sin x}}$$

Question 4.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x:

(i) $\tan(\log x)$

(ii) $\log(\sec x)$

(iii) $\log(\sin(x/2))$

Answer:

(i) Let $y = \tan(\log x)$ $z = \log x$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(\tan x)}{dx} = \sec^2 x, \frac{d(\log x)}{dx} = 1/x$$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$dy/dx = \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$= (\sec^2 \log x) \times \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\sec^2(\log x)}{x}$$

(ii) Let $y = \log(\sec x)$ $z = \sec x$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(\sec x)}{dx} = \sec x \times \tan x, \frac{d(\log x)}{dx} = 1/x$$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{\sec x} \right) (\sec x \times \tan x)$$

$$= \tan x$$

(iii) Let $y = \log (\sin (x/2))$ $z = \sin (x/2)$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(\sin x)}{dx} = \cos x, \frac{d(\log x)}{dx} = 1/x$$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{\sin (x/2)} \right) \left(\cos (x/2) \times \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \cot (x/2)$$

Question 5.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x:

(i) $\log_3 x$

(ii) 2^{-x}

(iii) 3^{x+2}

Answer:

(i) Let $y = \log_3 x$

$$\text{Formula : } \log_a b = \frac{\log b}{\log a}, \frac{d(\log x)}{dx} = 1/x$$

$$\text{Therefore } y = \frac{\log x}{\log 3}$$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{\log 3} \right) \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{x(\log 3)}$$

(ii) Let $y = 2^{-x}$ $z = -x$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(a^x)}{dx} = a^x (\log a)$$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$= (2^{-x}) \times (\log 2)(-1)$$

$$= -2^{-x}(\log 2)$$

(iii) Let $y = 3^{x+2}$ $z = x$

$$\text{Therefore } Y = 3^2 \times 3^x$$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(a^x)}{dx} = a^x (\log a)$$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$= 9(3^x) \times (\log 3)$$

Question 6.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x:

(i) $\log\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)$

(ii) $\log(\sin(3x))$

(iii) $\log\left(x + \sqrt{1+x^2}\right)$

Answer:

(i) Let $y = \log\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)$ $z = x + \frac{1}{x}$

Formula : $\frac{d(\log x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{x}$, $\frac{d(x^n)}{dx} = n \times x^{n-1}$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{x + \frac{1}{x}} \right) \times \left(1 - \frac{1}{x^2} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{x}{x^2 + 1} \right) \times \left(\frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{x^2 - 1}{x(x^2 + 1)} \right)$$

(ii) Let $y = \log(\sin(3x))$ $z = \sin(3x)$

Formula : $\frac{d(\sin x)}{dx} = \cos x$, $\frac{d(\log x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{x}$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{\sin(3x)} \right) (\cos(3x) \times 3)$$

$$= 3 \times \cot(3x)$$

$$(iii) \text{ Let } y = \log(x + \sqrt{1 + x^2}) \quad z = x + \sqrt{1 + x^2}$$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(\log x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{x}, \quad \frac{d(x^n)}{dx} = n \times x^{n-1}$$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{x + \sqrt{1 + x^2}} \right) \times \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} (1 + x^2)^{-0.5} 2x \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{x + \sqrt{1 + x^2}} \right) \times \left(1 + \frac{x}{1} (1 + x^2)^{-0.5} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{x + \sqrt{1 + x^2}} \right) \times \left(1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{1 + x^2}} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{x + \sqrt{1 + x^2}} \right) \times \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 + x^2} + x}{\sqrt{1 + x^2}} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + x^2}} \right)$$

Question 7.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x:

$$e^{\sqrt{x}} \log x$$

Answer:

Let $y = e^{\sqrt{x}} \log x$, $z = e^{\sqrt{x}}$ and $w = \log (x)$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x, \frac{d(\log x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{x}$$

According to product rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = w \times \frac{dz}{dx} + z \times \frac{dw}{dx}$$

$$= [\log (x) \times (e^{\sqrt{x}}) \times \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}] + [e^{\sqrt{x}} \times \frac{1}{x}]$$

$$= e^{\sqrt{x}} \times \left[\frac{\log (x)}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{x} \right]$$

$$= e^{\sqrt{x}} \times \left[\frac{\sqrt{x} \log (x)}{2x} + \frac{2}{2x} \right]$$

$$= e^{\sqrt{x}} \times \left[\frac{2 + \sqrt{x} \log (x)}{2x} \right]$$

Question 8.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x :

$$\log \sin \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$$

Answer:

Let $y = \log \sin \sqrt{1 + x^2}$, $z = \sin \sqrt{1 + x^2}$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(\sin x)}{dx} = \cos x, \frac{d(\log x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{x}$$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{\sin \sqrt{1+x^2}} \right] \times [\cos \sqrt{1+x^2}] \times \left[\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \times 2x \right]$$

$$= [\cot \sqrt{1+x^2}] \times \left[\frac{1}{1} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \times x \right]$$

$$= \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} \cot \sqrt{x^2+1}$$

Question 9.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x:

$$e^{2x} \sin 3x$$

Answer:

Let $y = e^{2x} \sin 3x$, $z = e^{2x}$ and $w = \sin 3x$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x \text{ and } \frac{d(\sin x)}{dx} = \cos x$$

According to product rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = w \times \frac{dz}{dx} + z \times \frac{dw}{dx}$$

$$= [\sin 3x \times (2 \times e^{2x})] + [e^{2x} \times 3 \cos 3x]$$

$$= e^{2x} \times [2 \sin 3x + 3 \cos 3x]$$

Question 10.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x:

$$e^{3x} \cos 2x$$

Answer:

Let $y = e^{3x} \cos 2x$, $z = e^{3x}$ and $w = \cos 2x$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x \text{ and } \frac{d(\cos x)}{dx} = -\sin x$$

According to product rule of differentiation

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= w \times \frac{dz}{dx} + z \times \frac{dw}{dx} \\&= [\cos 2x \times (3 \times e^{3x})] + [e^{3x} \times (-2 \sin 2x)] \\&= e^{3x} \times [3 \cos 2x - 2 \sin 2x]\end{aligned}$$

Question 11.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x:

$$e^{-5x} \cot 4x$$

Answer:

Let $y = e^{-5x} \cot 4x$, $z = e^{-5x}$ and $w = \cot 4x$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x \text{ and } \frac{d(\cot x)}{dx} = -\operatorname{cosec}^2 x$$

According to product rule of differentiation

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= w \times \frac{dz}{dx} + z \times \frac{dw}{dx} \\&= [\cot 4x \times (-5e^{-5x})] + [e^{-5x} \times (-4 \operatorname{cosec}^2 4x)] \\&= -e^{-5x} \times [5 \cot 4x + 4 \operatorname{cosec}^2 4x]\end{aligned}$$

Question 12.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x:

$$e^x \log (\sin 2x)$$

Answer:

Let $y = e^x \log (\sin 2x)$, $z = e^x$ and $w = \log (\sin 2x)$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x, \frac{d(\log x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{x} \text{ and } \frac{d(\sin x)}{dx} = \cos x$$

According to product rule of differentiation

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= w \times \frac{dz}{dx} + z \times \frac{dw}{dx} \\&= [\log(\sin 2x) \times (e^x)] + [e^x \times \frac{1}{\sin 2x} \times 2 \cos 2x] \\&= e^x \times [\log(\sin 2x) + \frac{2 \cos 2x}{\sin 2x}] \\&= e^x \times [\log(\sin 2x) + 2 \cot 2x]\end{aligned}$$

Question 13.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x:

$$\log(\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x)$$

Answer:

$$\text{Let } y = \log(\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x), z = (\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x)$$

Formula :

$$\frac{d(\operatorname{cosec} x)}{dx} = -\operatorname{cosec} x \cot x, \frac{d(\log x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{x} \text{ and } \frac{d(\cot x)}{dx} = -\operatorname{cosec}^2 x$$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx} \\&= \left[\frac{1}{(\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x)} \right] \times [-\operatorname{cosec} x \cot x - (-\operatorname{cosec}^2 x)] \\&= \left[\frac{1}{(\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x)} \right] \times [-\operatorname{cosec} x \cot x + \operatorname{cosec}^2 x] \\&= \left[\frac{1}{(\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x)} \right] \times [\operatorname{cosec} x (\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x)]\end{aligned}$$

$$= \operatorname{cosec} x$$

Question 14.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x :

$$\log \left(\sec \frac{x}{2} + \tan \frac{x}{2} \right)$$

Answer:

$$\text{Let } y = \log \left(\sec \frac{x}{2} + \tan \frac{x}{2} \right), z = \left(\sec \frac{x}{2} + \tan \frac{x}{2} \right)$$

Formula :

$$\frac{d(\sec x)}{dx} = \sec x \tan x, \frac{d(\log x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{x} \text{ and } \frac{d(\tan x)}{dx} = \sec^2 x$$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{\left(\sec \frac{x}{2} + \tan \frac{x}{2} \right)} \right] \times \left[\left(\sec \frac{x}{2} \tan \frac{x}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \right) + \left(\sec^2 \frac{x}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \right) \right]$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{\left(\sec \frac{x}{2} + \tan \frac{x}{2} \right)} \right] \times \left[\frac{1}{2} \sec \frac{x}{2} \left(\sec \frac{x}{2} + \tan \frac{x}{2} \right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sec \frac{x}{2}$$

Question 15.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x :

$$\sqrt{\frac{1+e^x}{1-e^x}}$$

Answer:

$$\text{Let } y = \sqrt{\frac{1+e^x}{1-e^x}}, u = 1 + e^x, v = 1 - e^x, z = \frac{1+e^x}{1-e^x}$$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x$$

According to quotient rule of differentiation

$$\text{If } z = \frac{u}{v}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dz}{dx} &= \frac{v \times \frac{du}{dx} - u \times \frac{dv}{dx}}{v^2} \\ &= \frac{(1 - e^x) \times (e^x) - (1 + e^x) \times (-e^x)}{(1 - e^x)^2} \\ &= \frac{e^x - e^{2x} + e^x + e^{2x}}{(1 - e^x)^2} \\ &= \frac{2e^x}{(1 - e^x)^2} \end{aligned}$$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx} \\ &= \left[\frac{1}{2} \times \left(\frac{1+e^x}{1-e^x} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}-1} \right] \times \left[\frac{2e^x}{(1-e^x)^2} \right] \\ &= \left[\frac{e^x}{1} \times \left(\frac{1+e^x}{1} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right] \times \left[\frac{1}{(1-e^x)^{2-\frac{1}{2}}} \right] \\ &= \left[\frac{e^x}{(1+e^x)^{\frac{1}{2}} \times (1-e^x)^{2-\frac{1}{2}}} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$= \left[\frac{e^x}{(1+e^x)^{\frac{1}{2}} \times (1-e^x)^{\frac{1}{2}} \times (1-e^x)^1} \right]$$

$$= \left[\frac{e^x}{((1+e^x)(1-e^x))^{\frac{1}{2}} \times (1-e^x)^1} \right]$$

$$= \frac{e^x}{(1-e^x)\sqrt{1-e^{2x}}}$$

Question 16.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x:

$$\frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{e^x - e^{-x}}$$

Answer:

$$\text{Let } y = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{e^x - e^{-x}}, \quad u = e^x + e^{-x}, \quad v = e^x - e^{-x}$$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x$$

According to quotient rule of differentiation

$$\text{If } y = \frac{u}{v}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{v \times \frac{du}{dx} - u \times \frac{dv}{dx}}{v^2}$$

$$= \frac{(e^x - e^{-x}) \times (e^x - e^{-x}) - (e^x + e^{-x}) \times (e^x + e^{-x})}{(e^x - e^{-x})^2}$$

$$= \frac{(e^x - e^{-x})^2 - (e^x + e^{-x})^2}{(e^x - e^{-x})^2}$$

$$= \frac{(e^x - e^{-x} + e^x + e^{-x})(e^x - e^{-x} - e^x - e^{-x})}{(e^x - e^{-x})^2}$$

$$(a^2 - b^2 = (a - b)(a + b))$$

$$= \frac{(2e^x)(-2e^{-x})}{(e^x - e^{-x})^2}$$

$$= \frac{-4}{(e^x - e^{-x})^2}$$

Question 17.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x:

$$xe^{\sqrt{\sin x}}$$

Answer:

Let $y = xe^{\sqrt{\sin x}}$, $z = x$ and $w = e^{\sqrt{\sin x}}$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x, \frac{d(\sin x)}{dx} = \cos x$$

According to product rule of differentiation

$$dy/dx = w \times \frac{dz}{dx} + z \times \frac{dw}{dx}$$

$$= [e^{\sqrt{\sin x}} \times (1)] + [x \times e^{\sqrt{\sin x}} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin x}} \times \cos x]$$

$$= e^{\sqrt{\sin x}} \times [1 + \frac{x \cos x}{2\sqrt{\sin x}}]$$

Question 18.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x:

$$e^{\sin x} \sin(e^x)$$

Answer:

Let $y = e^{\sin x} \sin e^x$, $z = e^{\sin x}$ and $w = \sin e^x$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x, \frac{d(\sin x)}{dx} = \cos x$$

According to product rule of differentiation

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= w \times \frac{dz}{dx} + z \times \frac{dw}{dx} \\ &= [\sin e^x \times (e^{\sin x} \times \cos x)] + [e^{\sin x} \times \cos e^x \times e^x] \\ &= e^{\sin x} [(\sin e^x \times \cos x) + (\cos e^x \times e^x)] \\ &= e^{\sin x} (e^x \cos e^x + \cos x \sin e^x) \end{aligned}$$

Question 19.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x:

$$e^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \tan x$$

Answer:

Let $y = e^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \tan x$, $z = e^{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$ and $w = \tan x$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x, \frac{d(\tan x)}{dx} = \sec^2 x$$

According to product rule of differentiation

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= w \times \frac{dz}{dx} + z \times \frac{dw}{dx} \\ &= [\tan x \times (e^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \times (-2x))] + [e^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \times \sec^2 x] \\ &= e^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \times \left[\sec^2 x - \frac{x \tan x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \right] \end{aligned}$$

Question 20.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x:

$$\frac{e^x}{1 + \cos x}$$

Answer:

$$\text{Let } y = \frac{e^x}{1 + \cos x}, u = e^x, v = 1 + \cos x$$

$$\text{Formula: } \frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x, \frac{d(\cos x)}{dx} = -\sin x$$

According to quotient rule of differentiation

$$\text{If } y = \frac{u}{v}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{v \times \frac{du}{dx} - u \times \frac{dv}{dx}}{v^2}$$

$$= \frac{(1 + \cos x) \times (e^x) - (e^x) \times (-\sin x)}{(1 + \cos x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{e^x(1 + \cos x + \sin x)}{(1 + \cos x)^2}$$

Question 21.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x:

$$x^3 e^x \cos x$$

Answer:

$$\text{Let } y = x^3 e^x \cos x, z = x^3 \text{ and } w = e^x \cos x$$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x \text{ and } \frac{d(\cos x)}{dx} = -\sin x$$

$$\frac{dw}{dx} = [\cos x \times (e^x)] + [e^x \times (-\sin x)] = e^x[\cos x - \sin x]$$

According to product rule of differentiation

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= w \times \frac{dz}{dx} + z \times \frac{dw}{dx} \\&= [e^x \cos x \times (3x^2)] + [x^3 \times (e^x[\cos x - \sin x])] \\&= e^x x^2 \times [3 \cos x + x \cos x - x \sin x] \\&= e^x x^2 (x \cos x - x \sin x + 3 \cos x)\end{aligned}$$

Question 22.

Differentiate each of the following w.r.t. x:

$$e^{x \cos x}$$

Answer:

Let $y = e^{x \cos x}$, $z = x \cos x$

$$\text{Formula : } \frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x \text{ and } \frac{d(\cos x)}{dx} = -\sin x$$

$$\frac{dz}{dx} = [\cos x \times (1)] + [x \times (-\sin x)] = [\cos x - x \sin x] \text{ (Using product rule)}$$

According to chain rule of differentiation

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{dy}{dz} \times \frac{dz}{dx} \\&= [e^{x \cos x}] \times [\cos x - x \sin x] \\&= e^{x \cos x} (\cos x - x \sin x)\end{aligned}$$