# Strictly Confidential: (For Internal and Restricted use only) Senior School Certificate Term II Examination, 2022 Marking Scheme – ACCOUNTANCY (SUBJECT CODE — 055) (PAPER CODE — 67/3/1)

## **General Instructions: -**

- You are aware that evaluation is the most important process in the actual and correct assessment of the candidates. A small mistake in evaluation may lead to serious problems which may affect the future of the candidates, education system and teaching profession. To avoid mistakes, it is requested that before starting evaluation, you must read and understand the spot evaluation guidelines carefully.
- 2. "Evaluation policy is a confidential policy as it is related to the confidentiality of the examinations conducted, Evaluation done and several other aspects. Its leakage to public in any manner could lead to derailment of the examination system and affect the life and future of millions of candidates. Sharing this policy/document to anyone, publishing in any magazine and printing in News Paper/Website etc. may invite action under IPC."
- 3. Evaluation is to be done as per instructions provided in the Marking Scheme. It should not be done according to one's own interpretation or any other consideration. Marking Scheme should be strictly adhered to and religiously followed. However, while evaluating, answers which are based on latest information or knowledge and/or are innovative, they may be assessed for their correctness otherwise and marks be awarded to them..
- 4. The Head-Examiner must go through the first five answer books evaluated by each evaluator on the first day, to ensure that evaluation has been carried out as per the instructions given in the Marking Scheme. The remaining answer books meant for evaluation shall be given only after ensuring that there is no significant variation in the marking of individual evaluators.
- 5. Evaluators will mark( $\sqrt{\ }$ ) wherever answer is correct. For wrong answer 'X' be marked. Evaluators will not put right kind of mark while evaluating which gives an impression that answer is correct and no marks are awarded. This is most common mistake which evaluators are committing.
- 6. If a question has parts, please award marks on the right-hand side for each part. Marks awarded for different parts of the question should then be totaled up and written in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may be followed strictly.
- 7. If a question does not have any parts, marks must be awarded in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may also be followed strictly.
- 8. If a student has attempted an extra question, answer of the question deserving more marks should be retained and the other answer scored out.
- 9. No marks to be deducted for the cumulative effect of an error. It should be penalized only once.
- 10. A full scale of 0-40 marks as given in Question Paper has to be used. Please do not hesitate to award full marks if the answer deserves it.
- 11. Every examiner has to necessarily do evaluation work for full working hours i.e. 8 hours every day and evaluate 30 answer books per day in main subjects and 35 answer books per day in other subjects (Details are given in Spot Guidelines). This is in view of the reduced syllabus and number of questions in question paper.

- 12. Ensure that you do not make the following common types of errors committed by the Examiner in the past:-
  - Leaving answer or part thereof unassessed in an answer book.
  - Giving more marks for an answer than assigned to it.
  - Wrong totaling of marks awarded on a reply.
  - Wrong transfer of marks from the inside pages of the answer book to the title page.
  - Wrong question wise totaling on the title page.
  - Wrong totaling of marks of the two columns on the title page.
  - Wrong grand total.
  - Marks in words and figures not tallying.
  - Wrong transfer of marks from the answer book to online award list.
  - Answers marked as correct, but marks not awarded. (Ensure that the right tick mark is correctly and clearly indicated. It should not merely be a line. Same is with the X for incorrect answer.)
  - Half or a part of answer marked correct and the rest as wrong, but no marks awarded.
- 13. While evaluating the answer books if the answer is found to be totally incorrect, it should be marked as cross (X) and awarded zero (0)Marks.
- 14. Any unassessed portion, non-carrying over of marks to the title page, or totaling error detected by the candidate shall damage the prestige of all the personnel engaged in the evaluation work as also of the Board. Hence, in order to uphold the prestige of all concerned, it is again reiterated that the instructions be followed meticulously and judiciously.
- 15. The Examiners should acquaint themselves with the guidelines given in the Guidelines for spot Evaluation before starting the actual evaluation.
- 16. Every Examiner shall also ensure that all the answers are evaluated, marks carried over to the title page, correctly totaled and written in figures and words.
- 17. The Board permits candidates to obtain photocopy of the Answer Book on request in an RTI application and also separately as a part of the re-evaluation process on payment of the processing charges.

# MARKING SCHEME

Senior School Certificate Examination TERM-II, 2022

# ACCOUNTANCY (Subject Code-055)

[ Paper Code : 67/3/1 ]

Maximum Marks: 40

	PART -A (ACCOUNTING FOR NOT-FOR-PROFIT ORGANISATIONS, PARTNERSHIP FIRMS AND COMPANIES)	
Q. No.	EXPECTED ANSWER / VALUE POINTS	Marks
1.	Q. What is meant by a 'Not-for-Profit Organisation'?  Ans.  Not-for-profit organization is the organization that is used for the welfare of the society and is set up as a charitable institution which functions without any profit motive.  (Any other correct meaning)	2 Marks
2.	Q. A,B,C and D were	2 Walks
	Ans. C's share = $\frac{3}{10}$ A's gain = $\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{3}{10} = \frac{9}{50}$ A's new share = $\frac{1}{10} + \frac{9}{50} = \frac{5+9}{50} = \frac{14}{50}$ B's gain = $\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{10} = \frac{6}{50}$ B's new share = $\frac{2}{10} + \frac{6}{50} = \frac{10+6}{50} = \frac{16}{50}$ New profit-sharing ratio of A, B and D = $\frac{14}{50} : \frac{16}{50} : \frac{4}{10}$	1/2
3.	Or $\frac{14}{50} : \frac{16}{50} : \frac{20}{50}$ Or $14 : 16 : 20$ Or $7 : 8 : 10$ Q. P, Q and R were	1 = 2 Marks
	Ans.	

		Books of P, Q and R					
Date	Pa	Journal erticulars	L.F	Debit Amount (₹)	Credit Amount		
То	Debts A/c Sundry Debtored to the state of t	Dr. ors A/c		5,000	5,000	0	1
,, ,, Reva	aluation A/c Bad Debts A debts writ	Dr.		5,000	5,000	0	1/2
" " Reva	uation)  uluation A/c  Provision for doubtful deb			9,250	9,250	0	1/2 = 2 Mark
Ans.  Dr  Particulars	J	Medicines Account  Particulars			Cr mount ₹)		
To Balance b/d To Bank A/c 1/2 To Creditors A/c 1/2	1,70,000 3,30,000 14,34,000	By Income and Expenditu (Medicines consumed d the year- Balancing figu By Balance c/d	uring	15,5	9,000		1 + 1/2 + 1/2
Dr	19,34,000  Creditors		ks for	19,3  Balance	4,000 b/d and c	c/d	=2
Particulars	Amount (₹)	Particulars			nount (₹)		17 . 17
To Bank A/c 1/2 To Balance c/d	11,49,000 8,25,000	By Balance b/d By Stock of Medicine (Credit purchase of medi			40,000		=1 2+1
1	19,74,000				74,000		

	Alternatively:								
			₹						
	Closing Balance of Creditors		8,25,000						
	Add: Payment made to Creditors	1/2	11,49,000						
			19,74,000						
	Less: Opening Balance of Creditors	1/2	5,40,000						
	Medicines Purchased on Credit		14,34,000						
	Add: Medicines Purchased for Cash	1/2	3,30,000						
	Total Medicines Purchased		17,64,000						
	Add: Opening Stock of Medicines	1/2	1,70,000						
	Amount of medicines available for use duri	ng the year	19,34,000						
	Less: Closing Stock	1/2	3,75,000						
	Medicines used during the year	1/2	15,59,000		=3 Marks				
	Or								
	Q. State with reason how the	••••							
	Ans.								
	(a) Sale of used sports material: It is a regular for it is shown as an income in the Income and E.			Hence	1				
	(b) Life Membership Fees: Some members presubscription instead of paying periodic subscription capital receipt and is credited directly to the other liability side of the Balance Sheet.	ription. Such	amount is treat	ed as	1				
	(c) Government Grant for the construction of but for the construction of building is treated as a liability side of the Balance Sheet.				1				
5.	Q. X, Y and Z were partners in a	•••••							
	Ans.								
	Firm's profit for 9 months = $\gtrless 6,00,000 \times \frac{9}{12}$								
	= ₹ 4,50,000								
	X's share is the profits till the date of his death = $\frac{1}{3}$	×4,50,000							
	= ₹	1,50,000			1½				
	If number of months are correct ,1 mark should	be awarded.							

	Date	Particulars		Debit Amount (₹)	Credit Amount (₹)		
2021 December 31		1		1,50,000			1½ = 3 Mark
Q. X		chased assets	•••				
D	ate	Particulars	L.F	Debi Amour (₹)		Credit Amount (₹)	
	(Acq	ry Assets A/c Dr.  To Sundry Liabilities A/c  To Y Ltd. A/c  To Capital Reserve A/c  uired assets and liabilities from		18,00,0	6	5,00,000 0,00,000 ,,00,000	11/2
	Т	I. A/c Dr. To 9% Debentures A/c To Securities Premium Reserve A/c ed 9% debentures in favour		10,00,0	8	3,00,000	1½ = 3 Mark
	king Note of Debentu	res issued in favour of $Y$ Ltd. = $\frac{10,00}{12}$	0,000	= 8000			
Q. F	Pass neces	sary journal entries in the books of	Z Lto	d	••••		

		Z Ltd.					
		Journal				_	
	Date	Particulars	L.F.	Debit Amount (₹)	Credit Amount (₹)		
(a)		Bank A/c D  To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c	r.	16,50,000	16,50,000	-	1
		(Debenture application mone received)	у				
(b)		Debenture Application and Allotment A/c D To 9% Debentures A/c To Securities Premium Reserve A/c To Bank A/c		16,50,000	10,00,000 1,00,000 5,50,000		1
		(Allotment of 10,000 debentures an refund of excess application mone on 5,000 debentures)					
		Securities Premium Reserve A/c D Statement of Profit &Loss D To Loss on issue of Debentures A	·.	60,000 40,000	1,00,000		1
		(Loss on issue of debentures writte off.)			, ,	=;	3 Mai
Q. T. Ans.	, U and	V were partners	•••••				
		Journal					
Dat	e	Particulars	L.F	Debit Amount (₹)	Credit Amount (₹)		
(i)	T's	Capital A/c Dr.		90,000			
	Bar	nk A/c / Cash A/c Dr.		40,000			
	T	o Realisation A/c			1,30,000		
		% of stock taken over by T and the					
	,	ance was sold for ₹ 40,000)					
(ii)	bal		-				

(iv) F	Realisation A/c		Dr.	72,000		
To Bank A/c/ (Mrs. V's loan was			firm)		72,000	
	"'s Capital A/c	s paid by the i	Dr.	32,000		
	J's Capital A/c		Dr.	16,000		
	's Capital A/c		Dr.	32,000		
	To Realisation	on A/c	D1.	32,000	80,000	1 x 5
,	Loss on realiza Partners' Capital A		rred to			= 5 Mar
			Or			
Q. D, E, Ans.	and F were parti	ners in a firn	1	•••		
Dr.		Revaluation Account			Cr	
$P_{i}$	Particulars Amount		Particulars		Amount	
		₹			₹	
To Investments A/c To Machinery A/c To Profit on Revaluation transferred to:  D's Capital A/c 60,000  E's Capital A/c 24,000		30,000 50,000	By Land an A/c	nd Building	2,00,000	½ x 4=2
_	tal A/c 36,000	1,20,000				
		2,00,000			2,00,000	
Dr.		D's	s Capital A/c		Cr	
$P_{\ell}$	articulars	Amount	Parti	culars	Amount	
		₹			₹	
To D's	Loan A/c	9,10,000	By Balance	e b/d	7,00,000	
İ			By Genera	l Reserve	1,00,000	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> x 6=3
			By E's Cap	oital A/c	20,000	
			By F's Cap	oital A/c	30,000	
İ			By Revalu	ation A/c	60,000	2+3
				1		=5 Marl

### 8. Q. Pass necessary journal entries..... Ans. Journal L.F Debit Credit Date **Particulars** Amount Amount (₹) (₹) 50,00,000 Bank A/c (a) Dr. To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c 50,00,000 (Application money on 9% Debentures received) Debenture Application and Allotment A/c Dr. 50,00,000 To 9% Debentures A/c 50,00,000 (Debentures application money transferred to 9% Debentures Account) 10,70,000 Bank A/c Dr. *(b)* To Debenture Application 10,70,000 and Allotment A/c (Application money on 8% Debentures received) Debenture Application and 10,70,000 Allotment A/c Dr. 10,00,000 To 8% Debentures A/c 70,000 To Securities Premium Reserve A/c (Debentures application money transferred to 8% Debentures and Securities Premium account ) 67,500 Bank A/c Dr. (c) To Debenture Application 67,500 and Allotment A/c (Application 8% money on Debentures received) Debenture Application and 67,500 Allotment A/c Dr. Loss/Discount on issue of 7,500 Debentures A/c Dr. To 8% Debentures A/c 75,000 application (Debentures money transferred to 8% Debentures A/c)

(d)	Bank A/c Dr.	1,05,000		
	To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c		1,05,000	
	(Application money on 9% Debentures received)			
	Debenture Application and Allotment A/c Dr.	1,05,000		
	Loss on issue of Debentures A/c Dr.  To 9% Debentures A/c	8,000	1,00,000	
	To Securities Premium Reserve A/c		5,000	
	To Premium on redemption of Debentures A/c		8,000	
	(Debentures application money transferred to 9% Debentures A/c)			
(e)	Bank A/c Dr.  To Debenture Application and	45,000		
	Allotment A/c		45,000	
	(Application money on 9% Debentures received)			
	Debenture Application and Allotment A/c Dr.	45,000		
	Loss on issue of debentures A/c Dr.  To 9% Debentures A/c	10,000	50,000	
	To Premium on Redemption of Debentures A/c		5,000	½×10
	(Debentures application money transferred to 9% Debentures A/c			=5
	and Premium on debenture account)			Marks
9. Q. From	the following 'Receipts and Payments Acco	unt' of Golden	Club	
A				
Ans.				

	Dr. Income and E for the	Expenditure A year ended 3			Cr.	
	Expenditure	Amour (₹)		Amount (₹)		
	To Honorarium	75,00	00 By Subse	criptions		
	To Stationery	15,00	-	$50 \times 100$ )	1,75,000	
	To Electricity Bill	35,00	`	,	50,000	
	To Rent	1,20,00	00 By Sale	of Old Newspa	per 2,000	½×10
	To Loss on Sale of Furniture	6,00	O By Dona	tions	45,000	=5
	To Excess of Income over Expenditure : Surplus	21,00	00			marks
		2,72,00	00		2,72,000	
		PART	Г-В			
		OPTIC	N-I			
	(Analy	ysis of Finan	cial Stateme	ents)		
0.	Q. What is meant by 'Cash	Flow Statem	nent'?			
	Ans.					
	A Cash Flow Statement is a	statement tha	at provides in	nformation a	bout historical	
	changes in cash and cash equi		_	y classifying	cash flow into	2 Mark
	operating, investing and finar	cing activitie	es.			
	(Any other meaning)					
1.	Q. From the following infor Ans.	mation	•••••			
		KKI	Ltd.			
		size Statemer				
	for the yea	ir ended 31.3	.2021 and 3	1.3.2022		
	Particulars	2020–21	2021–22	% of	% of	
		(₹)	(₹)	Revenue	Revenue	
				from Operations	from Operations	
				2020–21	2021–22	
	Revenue from Operations	15,00,000	20,00,000	100	100	1/2
	Other Income	1,50,000	2,00,000	10	10	1/2
	Total Revenue	16,50,000	22,00,000	110	110	1/2
	Less: Expenses	3,00,000	4,00,000	20	20	1/2
	Profit before Tax	13,50,000	18,00,000	90	90	
	Less: Tax @ 50%	6,75,000	9,00,000	45	45	1/2
	Profit after Tax	6,75,000	9,00,000	45	45	1/2
						= 3 Mark
			Or			
			01			

Comparative Balance	JJ Ltd.	31 3 2021 an	A 31 3 202	2	
Сотрагануе Вананск	e sneet as at s	)1.3.2021 an	ia 51.5.202.		
Particulars	31.3.2021 (₹)	31.3.2022 (₹)	Absolute Increase/ Decrease (₹)	% of Increase/ Decrease	
I. Equity and Liabilities :  1. Shareholders' Funds :					
(a) Equity Share Capital	20,00,000	25,00,000	5,00,000	25	1/2
	4,00,000	5,00,000	1,00,000	25	1/2
(b) Reserves and Surplus	4,00,000	3,00,000	1,00,000	23	72
2. Non-Current Liabilities: Long-term Borrowings	10,00,000	10,00,000	_	_	
3. Current Liabilities : Trade Payables	1,00,000	2,00,000	1,00,000	100	1/2
Total	35,00,000	42,00,000	7,00,000	20	1/2
1 otal	33,00,000	12,00,000	7,00,000	20	
II. Assets: 1. Non-Current Assets: Fixed Assets	25,00,000	30,00,000	5,00,000	20	1/2
2. Current Assets :	10.00.000	12 00 000	2 00 000	20	1/2
Inventories Total	10,00,000	12,00,000	2,00,000 7,00,000	20 20	= 3 Mai
Total	33,00,000	42,00,000	7,00,000	20	
Q. From the following Balance	Sheet of Jay	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••		
Ans.					
Calculation of ca					
	ear ended 31st	March 2022		<u> </u>	
Particu	nars		Amount (	()	
Net profit before tax			5,50,000		1/2
Add: Interest on Debent			40,000		1/2
Net Profit before working	ng capital chai	nges	5,90,000		1/2
Add: Outstanding rent	(6.60.000		2,00,000		1/2
Less: Inventories Trade Payables	(6,60,000 (1,00,000	*	(7,60,000	)	1/2
Cash flow from operation	ons		30,000		1/2
Less: Tax paid			(100,000)	)	1/2
2000 . 1 4.11 P 4.10					

	Working Note:						
	Calculation of Net Profit before tax : (₹)	1					
	Net Profit 4,00,000	1					
	$Add$ : Provision for tax $\underline{1,50,000}$	=5 Marks					
	<u>5,50,000</u>	Marks					
	PART-B						
	OPTION -II						
	(COMPUTERIZED ACCOUNTING)						
10.	Q. What is the meaning of the term						
	Ans. Meaning of Data Audit						
	Audit feature of accounting software provides the user with administrator right in						
	order to keep track of unauthorised access to the database. It audits for the	2 Marks					
	correctness of entries. Once entries are audited with alterations, if any the						
	software displays all entries along with the name of the auditor user and date and						
	time of alteration.						
11.	Q. State the three elements						
	Ans. Any three from the following:						
	1. Pay in the scale plus grade pay which is known as Basic pay.						
	2. Grade pay is decided by the designation of the employee and added to Basic						
	pay.						
	3. Dearness pay is that portion of the Dearness allowance which is merged to Basic pay.						
	4. Dearness allowance is a compensation for erosion in purchasing power of wage earner due to price rise.						
	5. House rent allowance is an amount paid to facilitate employee in acquiring on lease of residential accommodation.						
	6. Transport allowance is an amount paid to facilitate commuting to the place of work.						
	7. Any other earning may include any other allowance not included above but declared from time to time, such as Medical Allowance, Education Allowance, etc.						
	8. Professional Tax is a statutory deduction according to the legislature of the State Government.						
	9. Provident Fund is a statutory declaration, as part of social security.						
	10. Tax deduction at source is a statutory deduction, which is deducted monthly towards Income Tax Liability of an employee.	1×3					
	11. Recovery of loan Instalment (LOAN) denotes any amount signified by the	= 3					
	employee for deduction on account of any loan taken up by him/her.						
	12. Any other deduction may include any deduction not included above	Marks					

		Or						
	Q. What is the use of							
	Ans.							
	This function returns the cumulati	ve interest paid between two periods syntax.						
	CUMIPMT (rate, nper, pv, start_1	period, end_period, type)						
	Rate : Interest rate	e						
	nper : Total no. o	f interest period						
	pv : Present Va	lue						
	start_period : Payment pe	eriod no. 1						
	end_period : Last payme	<u>^</u>	3					
	type : Timing of j	payment	Marks					
12.	Q. State the steps to	•••••						
	Ans.							
	Following are the steps to constru	ct BRS in Tally:						
	Bring up the monthly summ	nary of any bank book						
	• Bring your cursor to the first month, Enter. This brings up the vouchers for the month of April. Since this is a Bank Account, and additional button F5; Reconcile will be visible on the right press F5							
	± •	an Edit screen in 'Reconciliation' mode. The column for the 'Bankers Date'						
	• The 'Reconciliation' at the	bottom of the screen						
	Balance as per company bo	oks						
	Amount not reflected in the	bank						
	Balance as per Bank		5 Marks					

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