

500+ MCQ on Indian National Movement Part III

1. **Mangal Pandey was a sepoy at**

- [A] 34th Bengal Native Infantry
- [B] Madras Light Cavalry
- [C] 5th Royal Gurkha Rifle
- [D] None of the above

Correct Answer: [A] 34th Bengal Native Infantry

2. **Which one is the first fort constructed by British in India**

- [A] Fort William
- [B] Fort St George
- [C] Fort St Angelo
- [D] Fort St David

Correct Answer: [B] Fort St George

3. **The second battle of Panipat, 1556 fought between**

- [A] Babur and Lodi
- [B] Maratha and Durrani
- [C] Akbar and Hemu
- [D] Mughal and British

Correct Answer: [C] Akbar and Hemu

4. **Who wrote the biography of Akbar - "Akbarnama" (Book of Akbar)**

- [A] Abul Fazl
- [B] Shaikh Mubarak
- [C] Abd al-Qadir Bada'uni
- [D] Abdul Hamid Lahori

Correct Answer: [A] Abul Fazl

5. **Vande Matram was first sung at the session of the Indian National Congress in**

- [A] 1896
- [B] 1892
- [C] 1886
- [D] 1947

Correct Answer: [A] 1896

6. **The first Muslim to be elected President of the Indian National Congress was**

- [A] Abul Kalam Azad
- [B] R. [A] Kidwai
- [C] Badrudin Tyabji
- [D] Mohammad Ali

Correct Answer: [C] Badrudin Tyabji

7. **Who amongst the following was the first woman President of the Indian**

National Congress?

- [A] Annie Besant
- [B] Mira Behn
- [C] Sarojini Naidu
- [D] Kasturba Gandhi

Correct Answer: [A] Annie Besant

8. **The viceroy who invited the delegates of the Indian National Congress to a garden Party in 1886 was:**

- [A] Lord Caning
- [B] Lord Mayo
- [C] Lord Liton
- [D] Lord Dufferin

Correct Answer: [D] Lord Dufferin

9. **Which one of the following was the most immediate factor for the spread of Swadeshi?**

- [A] Curzon's attempt to control the universities
- [B] Curzon's design to curtail the sphere of local self-government
- [C] Curzon's partition of Bengal
- [D] Curzon's plan to curb the growing popularity of the Indian National Congress

Correct Answer: [C] Curzon's partition of Bengal

10. **The political methods of the moderates can be summed up as**

- [A] extra-parliamentary means
- [B] constitutional agitation within the four walls of the law
- [C] petitions
- [D] resolutions and speeches

Correct Answer: [B] constitutional agitation within the four walls of the law

11. **Who had said, "Let's go back to the Vedas?"**

- [A] Vivekananda
- [B] Dayanand Saraswati
- [C] Ram Mohan Roy
- [D] Ramakrishna Paramhansa

Correct Answer: [B] Dayanand Saraswati

12. **In which year, first census was conducted in India?**

- [A] 1884
- [B] 1872
- [C] 1881
- [D] 1856

Correct Answer: [B] 1872

13. **In which region freedom movement of India started at earliest?**

- [A] Punjab
- [B] Maharashtra
- [C] Bengal
- [D] Gujrat

Correct Answer: [C] Bengal

14. **The zamindars of India were found generally:**

- [A] helpful towards freedom movement
- [B] against freedom movement
- [C] indifferent towards freedom movement
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] against freedom movement

15. **Which had the highest effect on freedom movement in India?**

- [A] Economic exploitation
- [B] Political oppression
- [C] transportation development
- [D] expansion of education

Correct Answer: [D] expansion of education

16. **Raja Ram Mohan Roy wrote a book on 'Monotheism' in:**

- [A] English
- [B] Bengali
- [C] Persian
- [D] Sanskrit

Correct Answer: [C] Persian

17. **During the period of Sepoy Mutiny, Nana Sahib declared him-self as the Peshwa of:**

- [A] Nagpur
- [B] Gwalior
- [C] Kanpur
- [D] None

Correct Answer: [C] Kanpur

18. **The Indian National Trade Union Congress (INTUC) was organised by:**

- [A] Mahatma Gandhi
- [B] Sardar Vallabhai Patel

- [C] Motilal Nehru
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] Sardar Vallabhai Patel

19. **Which one of the following district was mainly associated with 'Chuar' rebellion?**

- [A] Burdwan
- [B] Murshidabad
- [C] Midnapore
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [C] Midnapore

20. **Who criticised Congress Conference as 'Circus for three days'?**

- [A] Lord Curzen
- [B] Lala Lajpat Rai
- [C] Ashwini Kumar Dutta
- [D] Subhas Bose

Correct Answer: [C] Ashwini Kumar Dutta

21. **Badruddin Tayabjee was chosen as the third President of In-dian National Congress in Conference held in 1887 in**

- [A] Allahabad
- [B] Lucknow
- [C] Madras
- [D] Pune

Correct Answer: [C] Madras

22. **'Dawn Society' was established by:**

- [A] Aurobindo Ghosh
- [B] Rashbehari Ghosh
- [C] Satish Chandra Mukherjee
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [C] Satish Chandra Mukherjee

23. **In which year Satish Chandra Basu organised 'Anusilan Samity'?**

- [A] 1902 AD
- [B] 1906 AD
- [C] 1909 AD
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [A] 1902 AD

24. **On which day of 1908 AD, Khudiram Basu was hanged to death in Muzaffarpur jail?**

- [A] 30th April
- [B] 16th May
- [C] 17th June
- [D] 11th August

Correct Answer: [D] 11th August

25. **Rash Bihari Bose bombed towards Lord Hardinge in 1912 AD when he was serving as a Forest Research Officer in:**

- [A] Delhi
- [B] Lucknow
- [C] Dehradun
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [C] Dehradun

26. **Hindustan Republic Association was organised in 1912 by:**

- [A] Jogesh Chandra Chatterjee
- [B] Chandra Sekhar Azad
- [C] Basant Biswas
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] Chandra Sekhar Azad

27. **Who organised the Communist Party of India in Tashkent of Soviet Union?**

- [A] Manabendranath Roy
- [B] Sripad Amrit Dange
- [C] P. C. Joshi
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [A] Manabendranath Roy

28. **Who was the Chief of British ruler of India when First War of Indian Independence or Sepoy Mutiny happened in India?**

- [A] Lord Dalhousie
- [B] Lord Canning
- [C] Lord Elgin
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] Lord Canning

29. **In which year Subhas Bose had to resign the post of Congress President after being elected?**

- [A] 1937
- [B] 1938
- [C] 1939
- [D] 1940

Correct Answer: [C] 1939

30. **In which region freedom movement of India started at earliest?**

- [A] Punjab
- [B] Maharashtra
- [C] Bengal
- [D] Gujrat

Correct Answer: [C] Bengal

31. **Which one helped towards launch of First War of Indian independence in 1857?**

- [A] Zamindari system
- [B] Subsidiary alliance
- [C] Doctine of lapse
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [C] Doctine of lapse

32. **'Poverty and Un-British Rule in India' was authored by :**

- [A] R. C. Dutta
- [B] G. V. Joshi
- [C] Ram Mohan Roy
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [A] R. C. Dutta

33. **The Pioneer of 'Drain Theory' who authored Economic History of India, was :**

- [A] R. C. Dutta
- [B] G. V. Joshi
- [C] Ram Mohan Roy
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [A] R. C. Dutta

34. **During the British rule the foreign trade of India remained :**

- [A] Balanced
- [B] Favourable
- [C] Unfavourable
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] Favourable

35. **During British rule India used to have more export in relation to import to have trade surplus to be invested in :**

- [A] India
- [B] England
- [C] Wars
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] England

36. **During the period of British rule in India the cottage industries of India began to face closure for :**

- [A] Shortage of demand in India
- [B] import of cheap machine made Items
- [C] forcible closure of industries by British rulers
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] import of cheap machine made Items

37. **The zaminders of India were found generally :**

- [A] helpful towards freedom movement
- [B] against freedom movement
- [C] indifferent towards freedom movement
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] against freedom movement

38. **Sir Hyde East, who was a pioneer of expansion of education in India, was :**

- [A] Chancellor of Calcutta University
- [B] Chief Justice of the Supreme Court
- [C] Education Secretary of British India
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] Chief Justice of the Supreme Court

39. **Which one has not been correctly matched regarding year of establishment?**

- [A] Sanskrit College : 1823
- [B] Roorkee Engineering College : 1849
- [C] Presidency college : 1853
- [D] Calcutta University : 1865

Correct Answer: [D] Calcutta University : 1865

40. **Which had highest effect towards freedom movement in India?**

- [A] Economic exploitation
- [B] Political oppression
- [C] transportation development
- [D] expansion of education

Correct Answer: [D] expansion of education

41. **Who used to publish 'Sambad Kaumudi'?**

- [A] Ram Mohan Roy
- [B] Iswar Chandra Vidya Sagar
- [C] Dwaraka Nath Tagore
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [A] Ram Mohan Roy

42. **Raja Ram Mohan Roy wrote a book on 'Monothism' in :**

- [A] English
- [B] Bengali
- [C] Persian
- [D] Sanskrit

Correct Answer: [C] Persian

43. **Which one is not true about the life of Raja Ram Mohan Roy**

- [A] He served under British rulers
- [B] He established Vedanta College
- [C] He was against the philosophy vedas
- [D] He died at Bristol of England

Correct Answer: [C] He was against the philosophy vedas

44. **Which one of the following associations was not set up in Calcutta/kolkata ?**

- [A] Zamindary Association
- [B] British India Association
- [C] Indian Association
- [D] Indian National Congress

Correct Answer: [D] Indian National Congress

45. **During the period of the 'Sepoy Mutiny' around what percentage of the members of Armed forces under the British rulers of India were of European origin?**

- [A] 20
- [B] 30
- [C] 40
- [D] 50

Correct Answer: [A] 20

46. **In a day of which month in 1857 AD Mangal Pande revolted at Barrackpore?**

- [A] February
- [B] March
- [C] June
- [D] None

Correct Answer: [B] March

47. **During the period of Sepoy Mutiny, Nana Sahib declared himself as the Peshwa of :**

- [A] Nagpur
- [B] Gwalior
- [C] Kanpur
- [D] None

Correct Answer: [C] Kanpur

48. **Who described Lakshmi Bai of Jhansi as the 'best and bravest' of the rebels ?**

- [A] Sir Henry Lawrence
- [B] Sir Hugh Rose
- [C] R. C. Majumder
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] Sir Hugh Rose

49. **Sepoy Mutiny activist who was caught and executed was :**

- [A] Nana Saheb
- [B] Kunwar Singh
- [C] Tantia Tope
- [D] lakshmi Bai

Correct Answer: [C] Tantia Tope

50. **Who authored 'War of Indian Independence of 1857'?**

- [A] V. D. Shavarkar
- [B] Dababhai Nauroji
- [C] Subhas Chandra Bose
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [A] V. D. Shavarkar

51. **Permanent Settlement adversely affected the interest of the :**

- [A] Zaminders
- [B] businessmen
- [C] tenants
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [C] tenants

52. **The Sir William Hunter Commission to enquire about educational system was set up in 1882 by :**

- [A] Lord Ripon
- [B] Lord Lytton
- [C] Lord Mayo
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [A] Lord Ripon

53. **The Prarthana Samaj was established by Keshab Chandra Sen in 1867 in :**

- [A] Calcutta
- [B] Allahabad
- [C] Bombay
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [C] Bombay

54. **The 'Suddhi' programme was introduced by:**

- [A] Swami Sraddhananda
- [B] Dayanand Saraswati
- [C] Lala Lajpat Rai
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] Dayanand Saraswati

55. **Indians had higher sense of nationalism from :**

- [A] American freedom Movement

[B] French Revolution

[C] Russian Revolution

[D] all of these

Correct Answer: [A] American freedom Movement

56. **Which one has not been correctly matched ?**

- [A] Dayanand Saraswati : Satartha Prakash
- [B] Surendranath Banerjee : A National in Making
- [C] Deena Bandhu Mitra : Neel Darpan
- [D] Michael Madhusudhan Dutta : Sitaram

Correct Answer: [D] Michael Madhusudhan Dutta : Sitaram

57. **The first Bengali weekly 'Samachar Darpan' was started in 1818 from :**

- [A] Calcutta
- [B] Srerampore
- [C] Howrah
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] Srerampore

58. **Margaret Nobel, popularly known as Sister Nivedita, was of :**

- [A] English origin
- [B] Irish origin
- [C] French origin
- [D] American origin

Correct Answer: [B] Irish origin

59. **Which one has not been correctly matched?**

- [A] Atmiya Sabha : Rammohan Roy
- [B] Satya Shondhak Samaj : Jyotirao Govindrao Phule
- [C] Samaj Samata Sangh : B. R. Ambedkar
- [D] Tatvabodhini Sabha : Dwaraka Nath Tagore

Correct Answer: [D] Tatvabodhini Sabha : Dwaraka Nath Tagore

60. **The book 'Taufat-ul-Muwahidin' or 'A Gift to Monotheists' was authored by :**

- [A] Rammohan Roy
- [B] Abul Kalam Azad
- [C] M.G.Ranade
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [A] Rammohan Roy

61. **Satyashodhak Samaj was set up for the upliftment of the conditions of :**

- [A] Peasants
- [B] workers
- [C] Lower caste people
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [C] Lower caste people

62. **A Congress Committee led by Motilal Nehru demand 'Dominion' Status for India in 1928 during the reign of :**

- [A] Lord Chelmsford
- [B] Lord Irwin
- [C] Lord Linlithgow
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] Lord Irwin

63. **Which colony of Britain was not enjoying Dominion status when Congress leaders of India was willing to have this Status?**

- [A] Canada
- [B] Australia
- [C] New Zealand
- [D] Nigeria

Correct Answer: [D] Nigeria

64. **Indian leader who attended all the three Round Table Conferences held in London was :**

- [A] M. K. Gandhi
- [B] B. R. Ambedkar
- [C] Sarojini Naidu
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] B. R. Ambedkar

65. **Which one has not been correctly matched?**

- [A] Champaran Satyagraha : 1917
- [B] Kaira or Kheda Satyagraha : 1918
- [C] Moplah Rebellion : 1921
- [D] Bardoloi Satyagraha : 1929

Correct Answer: [D] Bardoloi Satyagraha : 1929

66. **Which one was not an aspects of Gandhi-Irwin Pact of 1931?**

- [A] Withdrawal of civil Disobedience Movement launched by Gandhiji in 1930
- [B] Participation of the Congress Party in the Second Round Table Conference

[C] Release of all Satyagrahi prisoners by the British rulers

[D] Decision to accord 'Dominion' status for India

Correct Answer: [D] Decision to accord 'Dominion' status for India

67. **Gandhi-Irwin Pact was signed in March, 1931 and Gandhiji attended the Second Round Table Conference in London in 1931 starting in :**

- [A] September
- [B] October
- [C] November
- [D] December

Correct Answer: [A] September

68. **Gandhiji was arrested and sent to Yervada prison of Poona in 1932 during the reign of :**

- [A] Lord Irwin
- [B] Lord Willingdon
- [C] Lord Linlithgow
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] Lord Willingdon

69. **In August, 1928 an all party Conference was arranged in :**

- [A] Lahore
- [B] Allahabad
- [C] Lucknow
- [D] Bombay

Correct Answer: [C] Lucknow

70. **British Prime Minister Mr. Ramsay Macdonald announced Communal Award in :**

- [A] 1931
- [B] 1932
- [C] 1933
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] 1932

71. **On the basis of Government of Indian Act of 1935, Congress Ministries were formed in majority of Indian provinces in:**

- [A] 1936
- [B] 1937
- [C] 1938
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] 1937

72. **Poona Pact was signed in 1932 mainly between Gandhiji and :**

- [A] Mohammed Ali Jinnah
- [B] Lord Willingdon
- [C] B. R. Ambedkar
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [C] B. R. Ambedkar

73. **In 1938 Subhas Chandra Bose was chosen as the President of All India Congress in Congress session held at :**

- [A] Lucknow
- [B] Haripura
- [C] Tripura
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] Haripura

74. **Pattabhi Sitaramayya was defeated by Subhas Chandra Bose for the post of the Congress President in Conference held in:**

- [A] Tripuri
- [B] Calcutta
- [C] Haripura
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [A] Tripuri

75. **Lord Wavell arranged a all-party conference in 1945 at :**

- [A] Poona
- [B] Lucknow
- [C] Shimla
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [C] Shimla

76. **The Congress adopted 'Quit India Movement' resolution after the arrival :**

- [A] Simon Commission
- [B] Cripps Mission
- [C] Cabinet Mission
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] Cripps Mission

77. **In which year the Provincial Congress Ministries resigned and the Muslim League observed 'Deliverance Day'?**

- [A] 1939
- [B] 1940
- [C] 1941
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] 1940

78. **Who was not associated as a member of the Cabinet Mission?**

- [A] Sir Stafford Cripps
- [B] A. V. Alexander
- [C] Lord Pethick Lawrence
- [D] Lord Chelmsford

Correct Answer: [D] Lord Chelmsford

79. **When the Cabinet Mission came to India from London then Chief of the British rulers of India was :**

- [A] Lord Wavell
- [B] Lord Linlithgow
- [C] Lord Mountbatten
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [A] Lord Wavell

80. **Rajaji Formula put forward by C. Rajagopalachari was in :**

- [A] 1943
- [B] 1944
- [C] 1945
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] 1944

81. **Which one has not been correctly matched**

- [A] Debendranath Tagore set up Tatvabodhini Sabha
- [B] The pioneer of young Bengal Movement was Henry Vivian Derozio
- [C] Adi Brahmo Samaj was organised by Keshab Chandra Sen
- [D] The pioneer of Aligarh Movement was Sir Syed Ahmed

Correct Answer: [C] Adi Brahmo Samaj was organised by Keshab Chandra Sen

82. **In which year the Deccan Peasant uprising happened mainly in Maharashtra?**

- [A] 1875
- [B] 1895
- [C] 1915
- [D] None of these

Correct Answer: [A] 1875

83. **Who was the President of first All India Kishan Sabha at Lucknow in 1936?**

- [A] N. G. Ranga
- [B] Gauri Shankar Mishra
- [C] Swami Sahajanand

[D] None of these

Correct Answer: [C] Swami Sahajanand

84. **The first newspaper of India 'The Bengal Gazette' by James Augustus Hickey had first publication in :**

[A] 1780

[B] 1795

[C] 1815

[D] None of these

Correct Answer: [A] 1780

85. **Who started publication of 'Mirat-ul-Akbar'?**

[A] Raja Rammohan Roy

[B] Sir Syed Ahmed

[C] Mazhar-ul-Huq

[D] None of these

Correct Answer: [A] Raja Rammohan Roy

86. **The Bardoli Satyagraha held in 1928 against the increase of land tax rate by :**

[A] 15%

[B] 22%

[C] 26%

[D] 30%

Correct Answer: [B] 22%

87. **Which one has not been correctly matched?**

[A] Kesari : B. G. Tilak

[B] Voice of India : Dadabhai Nouroji

[C] Bengalee : S. N. Banerjee

[D] Indian Mirror : G. K. Gokhale

Correct Answer: [D] Indian Mirror : G. K. Gokhale

88. **Who, among the following served in the post of the Congress President?**

[A] Allen Octavian Hume

[B] Bal Gangadhar Tilak

[C] Ramesh Chandra Dutta

[D] None of these

Correct Answer: [C] Ramesh Chandra Dutta

89. **Shimla Conference organised by Lord Minto was arranged in :**

[A] 1906

[B] 1907

[C] 1908

[D] None of these

Correct Answer: [A] 1906

90. **Though the Muslim League was organised in Dhaka in 1906 but the activities of this organisation were mainly in the areas of :**

[A] Maharashtra

[B] Delhi

[C] Calcutta

[D] Uttar Pradesh

Correct Answer: [D] Uttar Pradesh

91. **Which one is not true about Ms. Annie Besant?**

[A] She organised Theosophical Society

[B] She organised 'Home Rule League' in Madras

[C] She was elected first women Congress President in 1917 AD

[D] She was associated with the Non-Cooperation Movement

Correct Answer: [D] She was associated with the Non-Cooperation Movement

92. **The Indian National Trade Union Congress (INTUC) was organised by :**

[A] Mahatma Gandhi

[B] Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel

[C] Motilal Nehru

[D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel

93. **Who led the formation of the Radical Democratic Party?**

[A] M. N. Roy

[B] Lala Lajpat Rai

[C] N. M. Joshi

[D] None of these

Correct Answer: [A] M. N. Roy

94. **Which one of the following districts was mainly associated with 'Chuar' rebellion?**

[A] Burdwan

[B] Murshdabad

[C] Midnapore

[D] None of these

Correct Answer: [C] Midnapore

95. **Sidhu and Kanhu were associated with :**

[A] Ho rebellion

[B] Santal rebellion

[C] Sanyasi rebellion

[D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] Santal rebellion

96. **Farazi rebellion led by Haji Shariatullah happened mainly in the district of :**

[A] Dhaka

[B] Chittagong

[C] Maldaha

[D] Faridpur

Correct Answer: [D] Faridpur

97. **Begam Hazrat Mahal was an important leader of Sepoy Mutiny in :**

[A] Lucknow

[B] Kanpur

[C] Bareilly

[D] None of these

Correct Answer: [A] Lucknow

98. **Who stated, "Political freedom is the breath of a nation"?**

[A] B. G. Tilak

[B] Aurobindo Ghosh

[C] Swami Vivekananda

[D] None of these

Correct Answer: [B] Aurobindo Ghosh

99. **Which one was not organised by V. D. Savarkar?**

[A] Mitra Mela

[B] Abhinav Bharat

[C] Yugantar

[D] None of these

Correct Answer: [C] Yugantar

100. **The 'Ghadar Party' was organised in USA but its activities led by Lala Hardyal used to be operated from :**

[A] Tokyo

[B] Singapore

[C] Berlin

[D] Paris

Correct Answer: [C] Berlin

Pratiyogita Abhiyan

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