$Task_1$

April 26, 2023

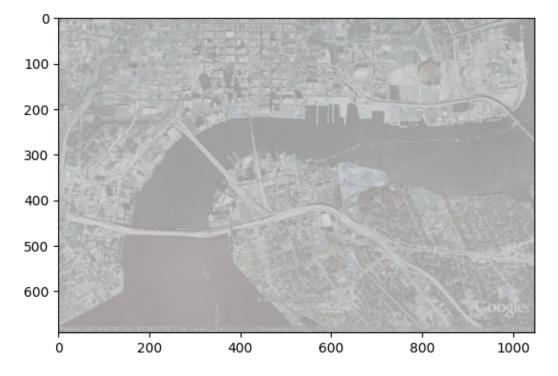
0.1 Task 1 - Image Enhancement

a) Visualize the initial image and the corresponding histogram (figure, imshow, imhist...).

```
[]: from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import cv2
import numpy as np

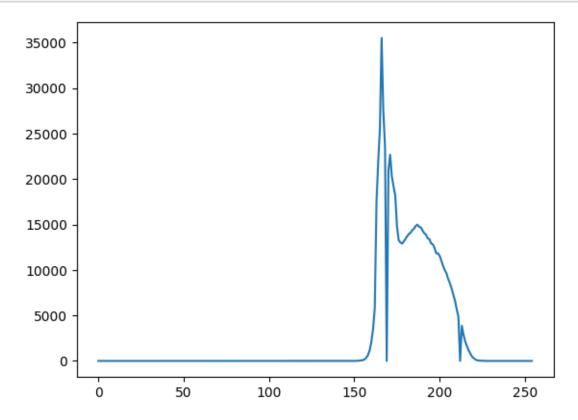
[]: #read image and show
```

```
[]: #read image and show
img = cv2.imread("input_sat_image.jpg")
plt.imshow(img)
plt.show()
img.shape
```



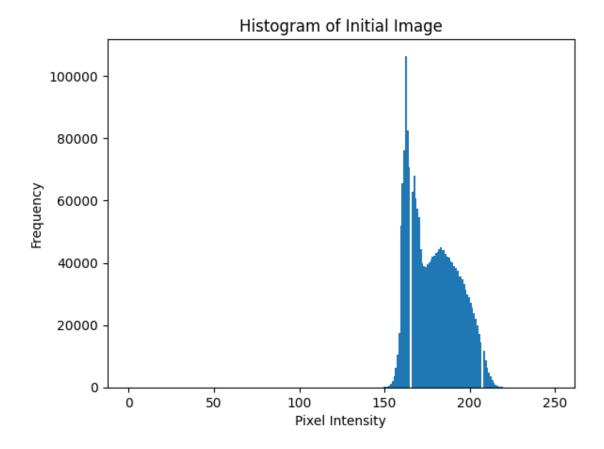
```
[]: (691, 1048, 3)
```

```
[]: img=cv2.imread("input_sat_image.jpg",cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)
img.shape
histogram = cv2.calcHist([img],[0],None,[255],[0,249])
plt.plot(histogram)
plt.show()
```



```
[]: img=cv2.cvtColor(img,cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
   plt.hist(img.ravel(), bins=255, range=(0, 249))
   plt.title('Histogram of Initial Image')
   plt.xlabel('Pixel Intensity')
   plt.ylabel('Frequency')
   plt.show()

plt.savefig("After_Streched")
```



<Figure size 640x480 with 0 Axes>

- b) The histogram of the initial grayscale image shows the pixel intensities are clustered around the middle of the 150-255 intensity range, with a peak around 160. This indicates that the image has low contrast, as most of the pixel values are concentrated in a narrow range.
 - c) Enhance the image using contrast stretching (self-written code; built-in min, max are allowed).

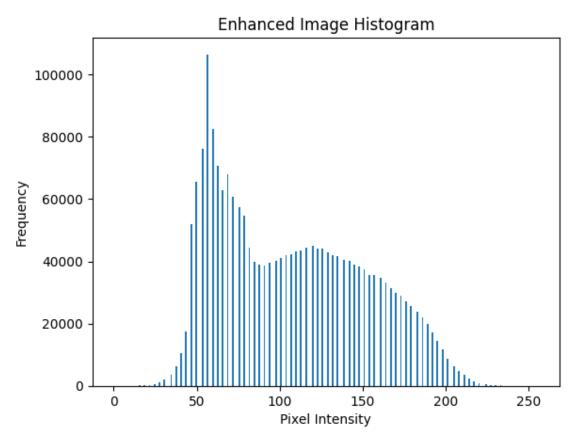
```
[]: # Calculate minimum and maximum pixel values
min_val=np.min(img)
max_val=np.max(img)

#vectorized operations
contrast_stretching= np.zeros_like(img)
# Perform contrast stretching
contrast_stretching = 255*((img - min_val)/ (max_val - min_val))

# Round the pixel values to the nearest integer
contrast_stretching = np.round(contrast_stretching)
```

```
#pixel values to the range [0, 255]
contrast_stretching = np.clip(contrast_stretching, 0, 255)
contrast_stretching = contrast_stretching.astype('uint8')

plt.figure()
plt.hist(contrast_stretching.ravel(), bins=255, range=(0, 256))
plt.title('Enhanced Image Histogram')
plt.xlabel('Pixel Intensity')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
plt.figure()
plt.imshow(contrast_stretching, cmap='gray')
plt.title("Enhanced Image")
plt.savefig("enhanced_image.png")
plt.show()
```



Enhanced Image 100 - 10

- d) Shortly describe the differences compared to the initial histogram. Differences are
- 1. Histogram of the enhanced image shows an increased spread of pixel intensities compared to the initial histogram.
- 2. The contrast of the image has been enhanced, resulting in a greater range of pixel values.
- 3. The pixel values in the enhanced image are distributed over a wider range of intensities than in the initial image, which is reflected in the shape of the histogram.

```
[]: cv2.imwrite("Enhanced.jpg", contrast_stretching)
```

[]: True

e) Visualize the resulting enhanced image.

```
[]: img = cv2.imread("input_sat_image.jpg")
  plt.title("Before Streching")
  plt.imshow(img)
  plt.show()

plt.title("After Streching")
  plt.imshow(contrast_stretching)
  plt.show()
```



