

Practical 1: Implement a C program to detect tokens in a C program

Concept:

- Lexical Analysis is the first phase of compiler also known as scanner. It converts the input program into a sequence of Tokens.
- A C program consists of various tokens and a token is either a keyword, an identifier, a constant, a string literal, or a symbol.

Example of Tokens

1) Keywords:

Examples- for, while, if etc.

2) Identifier

Examples- Variable name, function name etc.

3) Operators:

Examples- '+', '++', '-' etc.

4) Separators:

Examples- ',', ';' etc

Prelab what you should learn

- 1) What is token
- 2) Lexeme
- 3) What is lexical analysis
- 4) Tokens used in C program

Expected Input to Token Generation Program

Enter the expression:

Example 1:

a=b+c;

Example 2:

int a,b,c;

Expected Output to token generation program

Example1:

A is identifier

= is operator

B is identifier
+ is operator
C is identifier
; is operator

Pseudocode

- 1) Declare String Array which is used to store the expression entered by the user
- 2) Define a user defined function to generate a token i.e which will compare every character in the given string to identify whether it belongs to identifier, constant, operator.
- 3) Compare every character entered in the expression with a range of identifiers and numbers and operators and print the message accordingly.
- 3) Print the tokens