

# Using NEURON to model cells

## Tutorial

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# Introduction

The **NEURON Simulation Environment** is designed for modeling **individual neurons** and networks of neurons.

It is particularly well-suited to explore problems which are closely linked to experimental data.

NEURON was build and is maintained by Ted Carnevale and Michael Hines, lately the Blue Brain Project is becoming heavily involved with the development of the software

Neuron is written in C & C++, the interface with the simulator is with HOC, but a Python wrapper was build and now commonly used instead of HOC (NEURON as a python package). In addition User-defined mechanisms such as **voltage- and ligand-gated ion channels** are used in order to expand NEURON (NMODL files, need to be compiled).

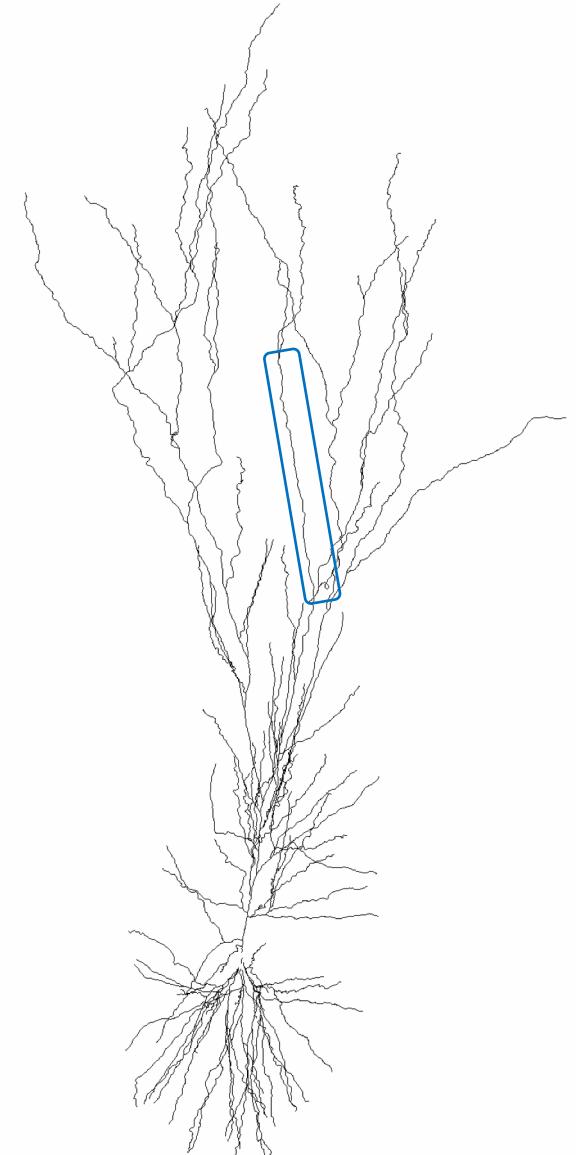
## In this presentation we will show the following examples:

- Single compartment model
- Ball and Stick model and the replication of a published result (Gidon et al.)
- **Multicompartmental** L5 Pyramidal cell and two published results (Hay et al., Doron et al.)

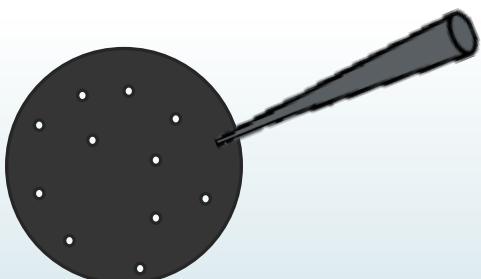
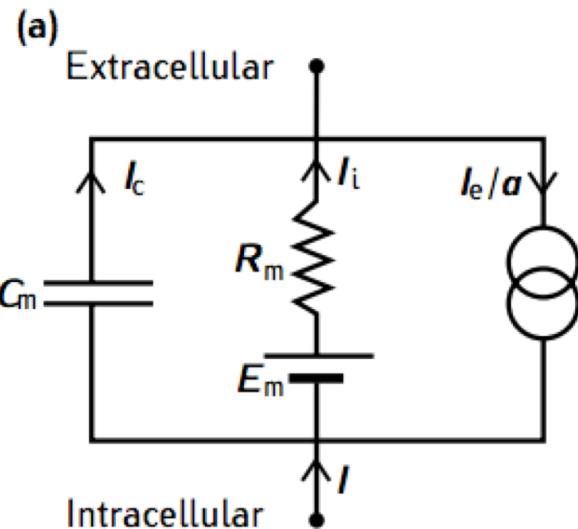
# Introduction

## Basic concepts of Neuron models:

- **Model** - a Neuron object, it can have soma, basal dendrites (dend) and apical dendrite (apic).
- **Section** - more of a morphological definition, a section is usually a dendrite between 2 bifurcation points.
- **Segment** - one RC circuit that resemble (approximate) the computation in a piece of membrane.
- **Clamps** - an object that represent an experimental electrode.
- **Synapses** - object that resemble a single synapse (we will see it later, and how it's activated in the simulation).
- **Point Process** - a more general idea, it's an object that seats on the segment (RC circuit), and simulate a channel or synapse.



# Single compartment neuron - single RC circuit

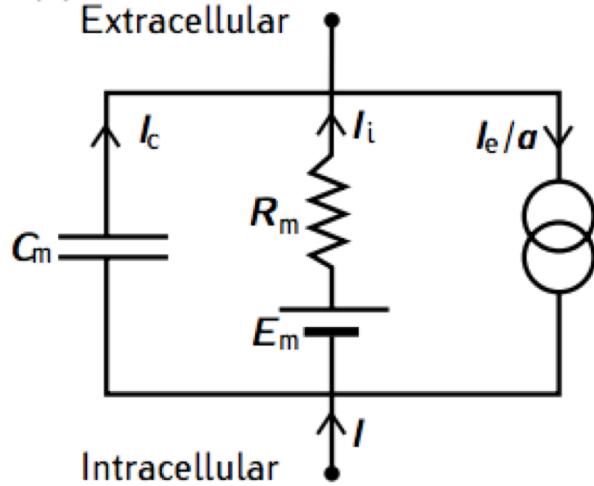


```
from neuron import h, gui
# create model
Soma = h.Section(name="soma")
soma.L = 10 # length  $\mu\text{m}$ 
soma.diam = 10 # diameter  $\mu\text{m}$ 
soma.insert('pas'). # add passive properties
soma.g_pas = 1/10000 # set the specific membrane
                      resistance to 10000  $\text{ohm}\cdot\text{cm}^2$ 
```

```
# current current clamp
stim = h.IClamp(soma(0.5))
stim.delay = 20. # start of the current injection (ms)
stim.dur    = 100 # duration (ms)
stim.amp    = 0.01 # amplitude (nA)
```

# Single compartment neuron - recording

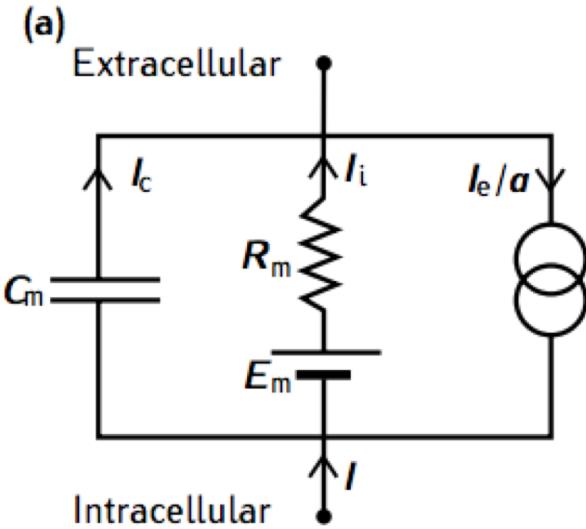
(a)



```
# record injected current soma voltage (and time)
soma_v = h.Vector()
soma_v.record(soma(0.5)._ref_v)
stim_current = h.Vector()
stim_current.record(stim._ref_i)
t = h.Vector()
t.record(h._ref_t)

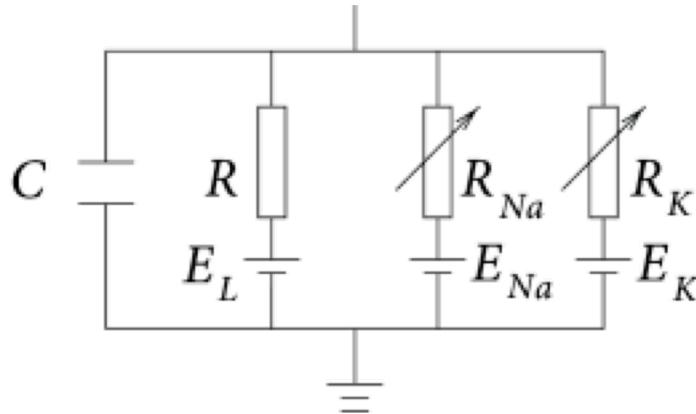
# run simulation
h.tstop = 220 # simulation time (ms)
h.dt = 0.025.
h.v_init = -70. # initial voltage (mV)
h.run()
```

# Single compartment neuron - synapse



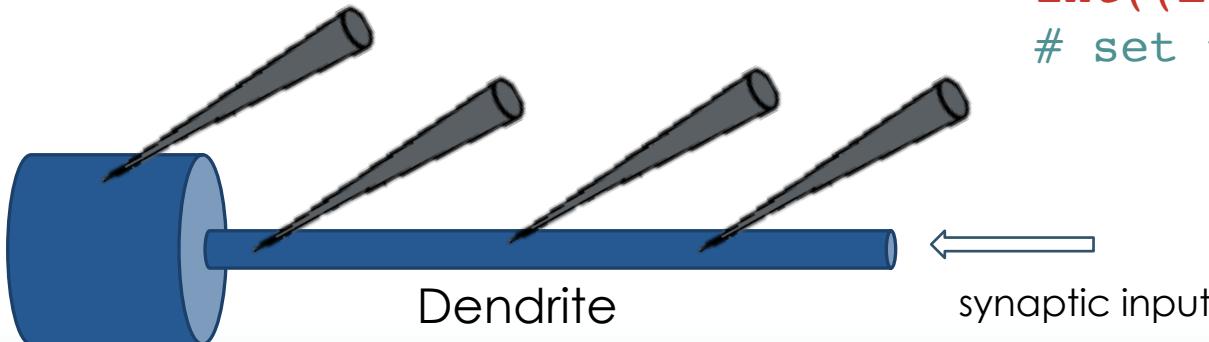
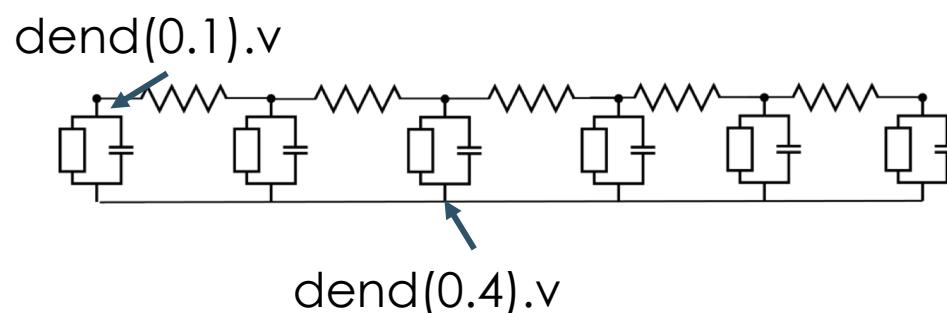
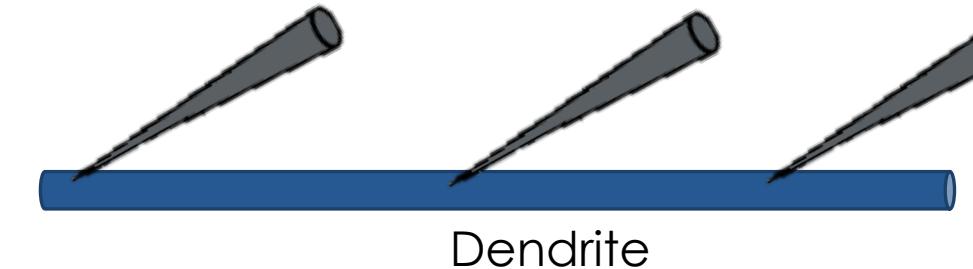
```
# add a synapse
synapse = h.Exp2Syn(soma(0.5))
synapse.tau1 = 0.3 # rise time constant
synapse.tau2 = 1.8 # decay time constant
Stim = h.NetStim()
stim.number = 1
stim.noise = 0 # no noise
stim.interval = 1
net_con = h.NetCon(stim, synapse)
net_con.weight[0]= 0.0004 # the maximal conductance
                           of the synapse
```

# Single compartment neuron – active conductances



```
from neuron import h, gui
# create model
Soma = h.Section(name="soma")
soma.L = 10 # length  $\mu\text{m}$ 
soma.diam = 10 # diameter  $\mu\text{m}$ 
soma.insert("pas"). # add passive properties
soma.g_pas = 1/10000 # set the specific membrane
                     resistance to 10000 ohm*cm^2
soma.insert("kv") # add potassium channel
                  (from a mod file)
soma.gbar_kv = 2000 # set the potassium conductance
soma.insert("na") # add sodium channel
                  (from a mod file)
soma.gbar_na = 8000 # set the sodium conductance
h.celsius = 30. # set temperature
```

# Moving towards the cable model

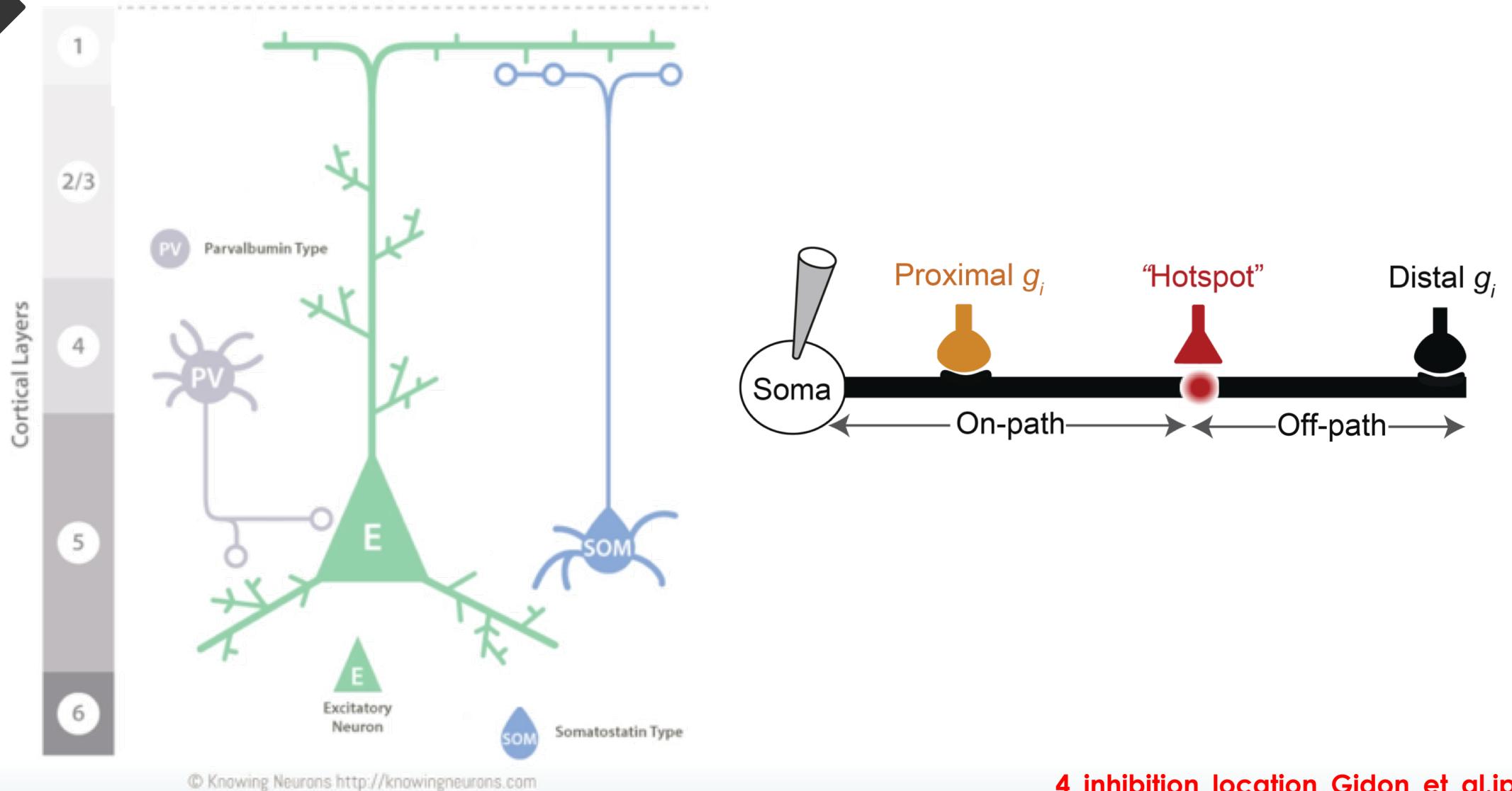


```
# create dendrite
dend = h.Section(name="dend")
dend.L = 500 # um
dend.diam = 1 # um
dend.Ra = 100 # ohm*cm
dend.insert("pas")
dend.g_pas = 1/10000
dend.connect(soma, 1, 0). # connect the end of
# The dendrite to the beginning of the soma
h"forall { nseg =
int((L/(0.1*lambda_f(100))+0.9)/2)*2 + 1 }"
# set the number of segments
```

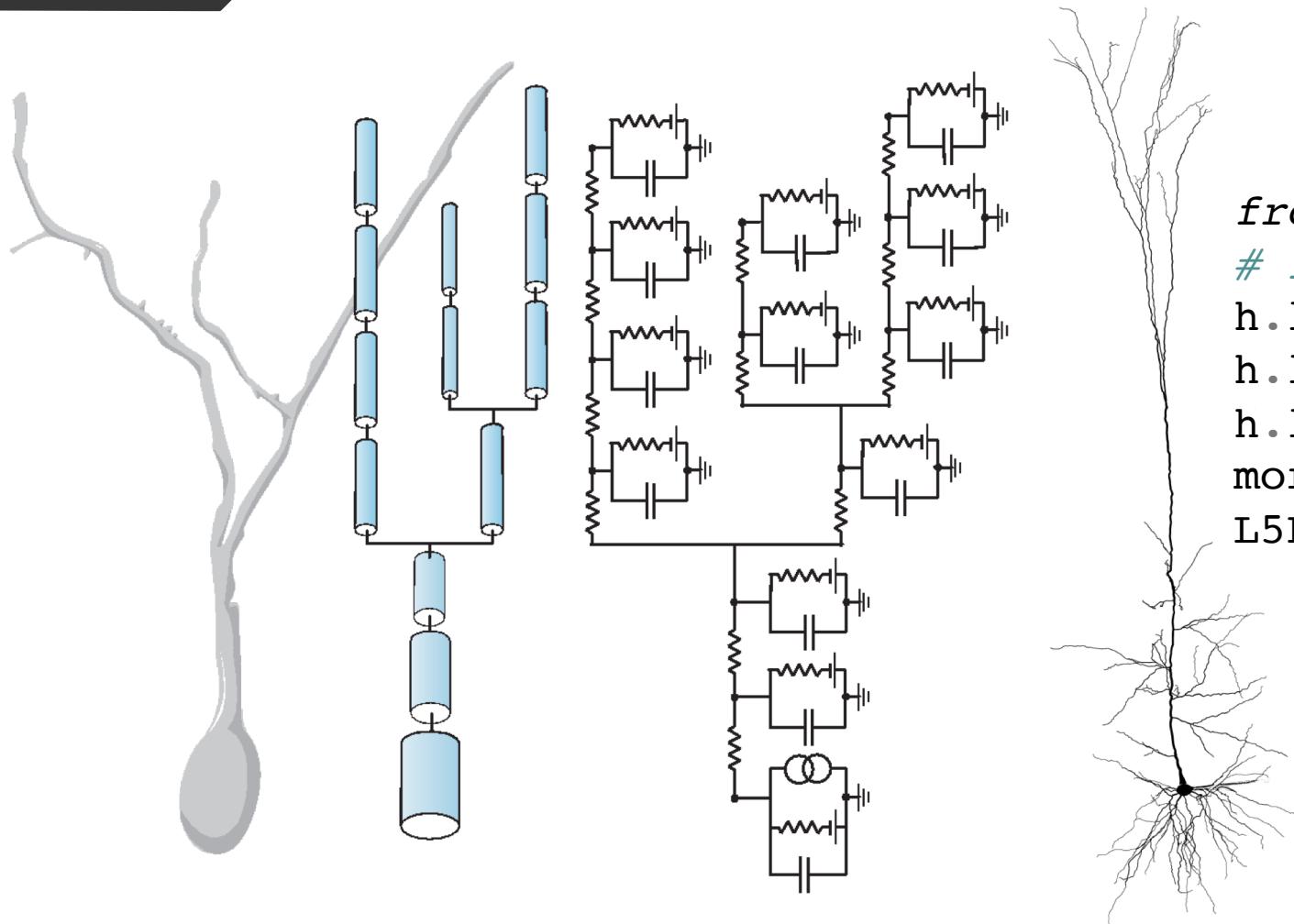
Note:  $d_{lambda}$  rule – NEURON book p50

[2\\_soma\\_dend\\_step\\_current.ipynb](#)  
[3\\_soma\\_dend\\_synapse.ipynb](#)

# Inhibition location

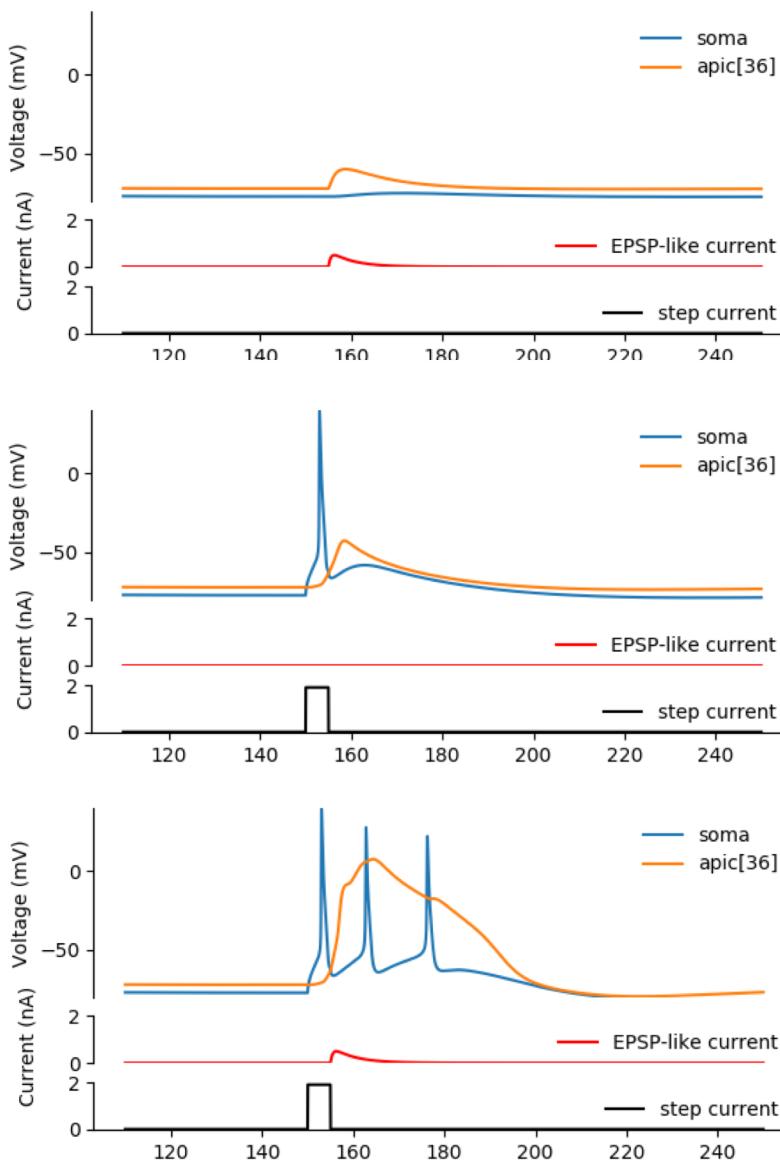
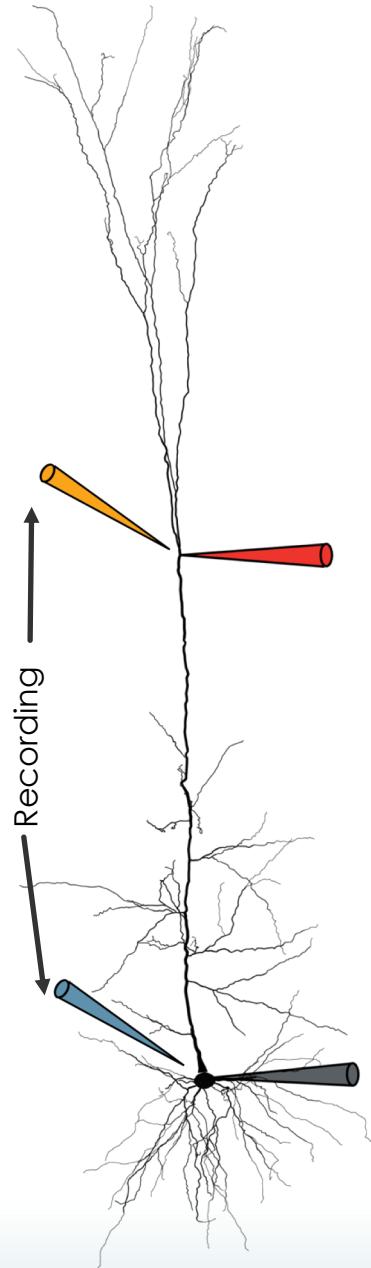


# Layer 5b Pyramidal Cell



```
from neuron import h, gui
# instantiating cell
h.load_file("import3d.hoc")
h.load_file("models/L5PCbiophys3.hoc")
h.load_file("models/L5PCtemplate.hoc")
morph_fname = "morphologies/cell1.asc"
L5PC = h.L5PCtemplate(morph_fname )
```

6\_L5\_PC\_Hay\_et\_al.ipynb



### # Only EPSP-like current

```
syn.imax = 0.5
stim.amp = 0
h.run();
plot_result(...)
```

### # Only small step current

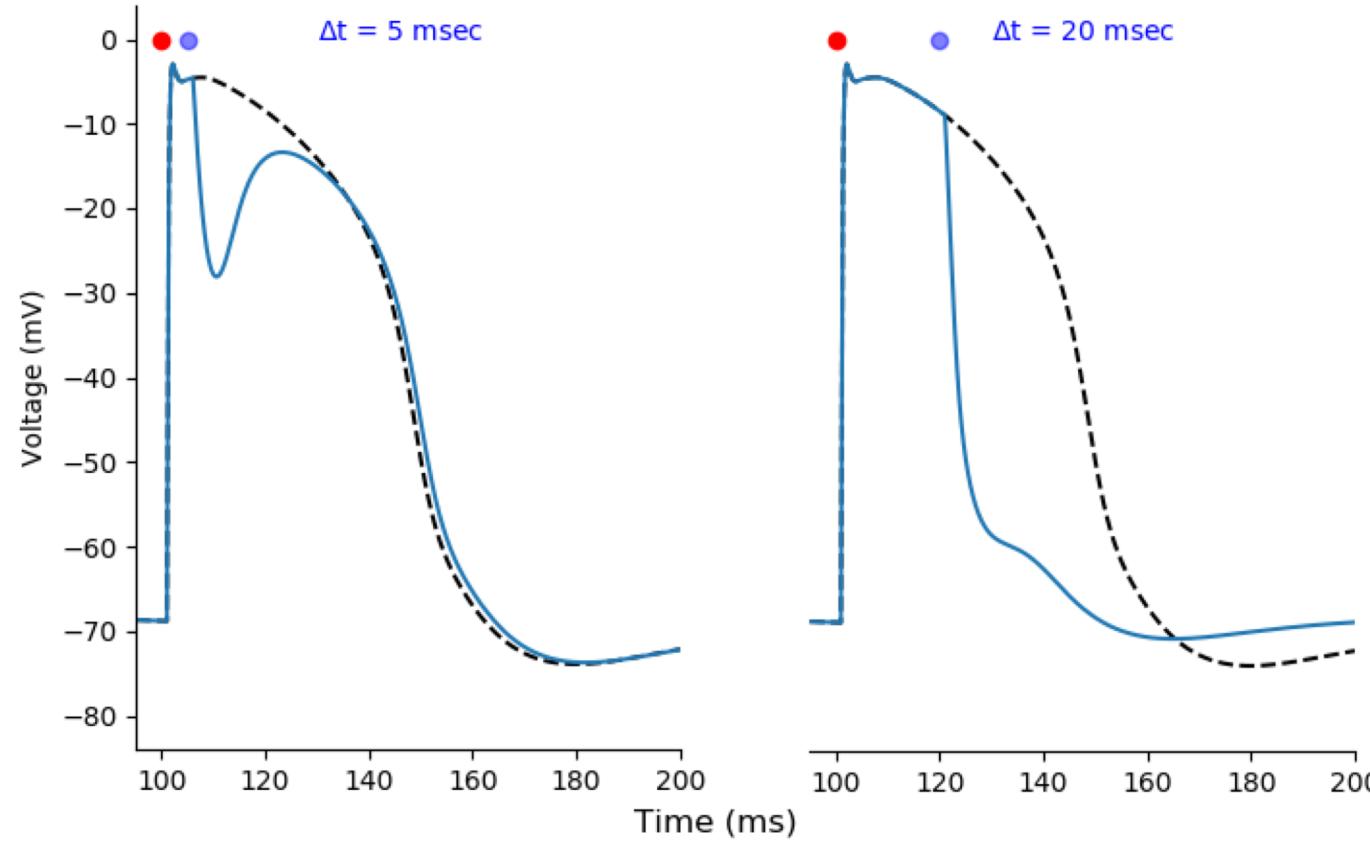
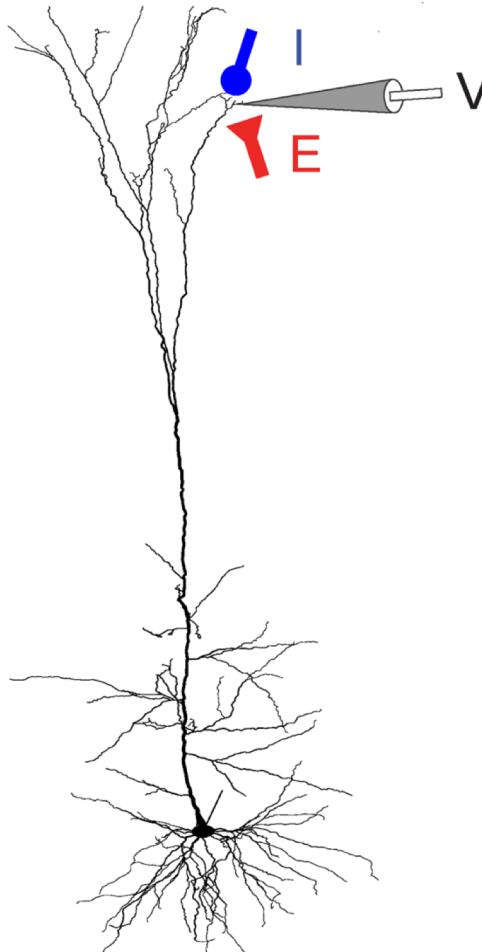
```
syn.imax = 0
stim.amp = 1.9
h.run();
plot_result(...)
```

### # both currents

```
syn.imax = 0.5
stim.amp = 1.9
h.run()
plot_result(...);
```

[7\\_calcium\\_spike\\_Hay\\_et\\_al.ipynb](#)

# Timed inhibition



[8\\_timed\\_inhibition\\_Doron\\_et\\_al.ipynb](#)

"Timed Synaptic Inhibition Shapes NMDA Spikes, Influencing Local Dendritic Processing and Global I/O Properties of Cortical Neurons" Michael Doron, Giuseppe Chindemi, Eilif Muller, Henry Markram, Idan Segev. *Cell Reports*, 2017