## **Experiment 15**

## **Line Detection**

In Edge Detection, a pixel is attenuated, if there is a dramatic change in color in any direction. Line detection is a special kind of edge detection. For line detection, the direction in which a color changes is considered is restricted.

The common filter kernels are

```
edge = [-1 -1 -1; - 1 8 -1; -1 -1 -1];
horizontal = [-1 -1 -1; 2 2 2; -1 -1 -1];
vertical = [-1 2 -1; -1 2 -1; -1 2 -1];
diagonal_1 = [-1 -1 2; -1 2 -1; 2 -1 -1];
diagonal_2 = [2 -1 -1; -1 2 -1; -1 -1 2];

building = imread('build.jpg');
imshow(building), title('ORIGINAL IMAGE')
```



```
horizontal_building = imfilter(building, horizontal);

vertical_building = imfilter(building, vertical);

diagonal_1_building = imfilter(building, diagonal_1);

diagonal_2_building = imfilter(building, diagonal_2);

subplot(221),imshow(horizontal_building), title('Horizontal edges')

subplot(222),imshow(vertical_building), title('vertical edges')

subplot(223),imshow(diagonal_1_building), title('Diagonal UP edges')

subplot(224),imshow(diagonal_2_building), title('Diagonal DOWN edges')
```

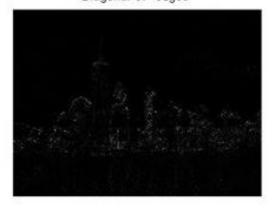
Horizontal edges



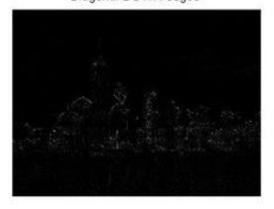
Vertical edges



Diagonal UP edges



Diagonal DOWN edges



## **Conclusion**

Common filter kernels used to detect horizontal, vertical and diagonal edges in the input image successfully.

Published with MATLAB® R2013a