Docker Compose on Ubuntu 20

Get started with Docker Compose

In this tutorial, you build a simple python web application running on Docker Compose. The application uses the Flask Framework and maintains a hit counter in Redis.

Prerequisites

• Make sure you have already installed both Docker Engine and Docker Compose. You don't need to install python or Redis, as both are provided by Docker Images.

Following Commands:

Define the application dependencies:

- 1. Create a directory for the project:
 - # mkdir composetest
 - # cd composetest

2. Create a file called app.py in you project directory and paste this in:

```
import time
import redis
from flask import Flask
app = Flask( name )
cache = redis.Redis(host='redis', port=6379)
def get hit count():
   retries = 5
   while True:
        try:
            return cache.incr('hits')
        except redis.exceptions.ConnectionError as exc:
            if retries == 0:
                raise exc
            retries -= 1
            time.sleep(0.5)
@app.route('/')
def hello():
   count = get hit count()
   return 'Hello World! I have been seen {} times.\n'.format(count)
```

3. Create another file called requirements.txt in your project directory and paste this in.

flask redis

Create a Dockerfile:

1. In your project directory, create a file named Dockerfile and paste the following:

```
# syntax=docker/dockerfile:1
FROM python:3.7-alpine
WORKDIR /code
ENV FLASK_APP=app.py
ENV FLASK_RUN_HOST=0.0.0.0
RUN apk add --no-cache gcc musl-dev linux-headers
COPY requirements.txt requirements.txt
RUN pip install -r requirements.txt
EXPOSE 5000
COPY . .
CMD ["flask", "run"]
```

2. This tells docker to:

- o Build an image starting with the **Python 3.7** image.
- $\circ~$ Set the working directory to /code.
- Set environment variables used by the flask command.
- o Install gcc and other dependencies
- Copy requirements.txt and install the Python dependencies.
- o Add metadata to the image to describe that the container is listening on port 5000
- \circ Copy the current directory . in the project to the workdir . in the image.
- o Set the default command for the container to flask run.

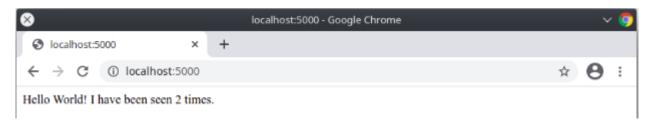
- 3. Define services in a compose file.
 - Create a file called docker-compose.yml in your project directory and paste the following:

```
version: "3.9"
services:
  web:
    build: .
    ports:
        - "5000:5000"
  redis:
    image: "redis:alpine"
```

- 4. Build and run your app with compose.
 - o From your project directory, start up your application by running docker-compose up.
 - # docker-compose up
 - Enter http://localhost:5000/ in a browser to see the application running.



Refresh the page.



The number should increase.

Hello World! I have been seen 2 times.

- 5. Edit the Compose file to add a bind mount
 - Edit docker-compose.yml in your project directory to add a bind mount for the web service:

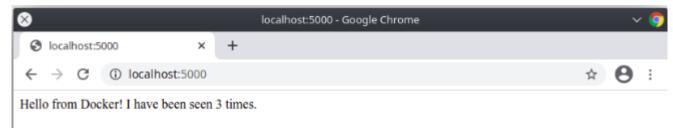
6. Re-build and run the app with compose.

```
# docker-compose up
```

- 7. Update the application
 - o Change the greeting in app.py and save it. For example, change the Hello World! message to Hello from Docker!:

```
return 'Hello from Docker! I have been seen {} times.\n'.format(count)
```

o Refresh the app in your browser. The greeting should be updated, and the counter should still be incrementing.



- 8. Experiment with some other commands:
 - o If you want to run your service in the background, you can pass the -d flag (for "detached" mode) to docker-compose up and use docker-compose ps to see what is currently running:

```
# docker-compose up -d
```

docker-compose ps

```
Name Command State Ports

composetest_redis_1 docker-entrypoint.sh redis ... Up 6379/tcp
composetest_web_1 flask run Up 0.0.0.5000->

# docker-compose stop
# docker-compose rm
# docker-compose down --volumes
```