CSCI 455: Lab #8 — Advanced MPI: Group/Communicator Management and Virtual Topologies

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Part 1: Group/Communicator Management

MPI Split Method

Figure 1: Console output: group-split.c

group-split.c

```
1 |#include <mpi.h>
  #include <stdio.h>
2
  #include <stdlib.h>
   int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
5
       MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
6
       int numprocs;
7
       MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &numprocs);
8
       int world_rank;
9
       MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &world_rank);
10
11
       /* Color of local process:
12
        * decides to which communicator the process will
13
        * belong after the split.
14
        */
15
       int color = world_rank % 2;
16
17
       // Communicator split is a remote opration?
18
       MPI Comm New Comm;
19
       MPI Comm split(MPI COMM WORLD, color, world rank, &New Comm);
20
       int new_rank;
21
       MPI_Comm_rank(New_Comm, &new_rank);
22
       int new_nodes;
23
       MPI_Comm_size(New_Comm, &new_nodes);
24
25
       int broad val;
26
       if(new_rank == 0)
27
           broad val = color;
28
       MPI_Bcast(&broad_val, 1, MPI_INT, 0, New_Comm);
29
30
       printf("Old proc [%d] has new rank [%d], received value %d\n",
31
                 world_rank,
                                        new_rank,
                                                             broad val);
32
33
       MPI_Comm_free(&New_Comm);
34
       MPI_Finalize();
35
       return 0;
37 }
```

MPI Include Method

Figure 2: Console output: group-incl.c

group-incl.c

```
1 |#include <mpi.h>
  #include <stdio.h>
  #include <stdlib.h>
  #define NPROCS 8
   int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
7
       MPI_Init(&argc,&argv);
9
       int world_rank;
       MPI Comm rank(MPI COMM WORLD, &world rank);
10
       int numtasks;
11
       MPI Comm size(MPI COMM WORLD, &numtasks);
12
13
       if (numtasks != NPROCS) {
14
           printf("Must specify MP_PROCS= %d. Terminating.\n", NPROCS);
15
           MPI_Finalize();
16
           exit(0);
17
       }
18
19
       // extract the original group handle
20
       MPI_Group orig_group;
21
       MPI_Comm_group(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &orig_group);
22
       MPI_Group new_group;
23
24
       // divide tasks into two distinct groups based upon world rank
25
       // Group Contruction: happens locally.
26
       if (world rank < NPROCS/2) {</pre>
27
           const int ranks1[4]={0,1,2,3};
28
           MPI_Group_incl(orig_group, 4, ranks1, &new_group);
29
       }
30
       else {
31
           const int ranks2[4]=\{4,5,6,7\};
32
           MPI_Group_incl(orig_group, 4, ranks2, &new_group);
33
       }
34
35
       // create new new communicator and then perform collective communications
36
       // Communicator Construction: happens remotely/collectively.
37
       MPI Comm
                  new comm:
38
       MPI_Comm_create(MPI_COMM_WORLD, new_group, &new_comm);
39
40
       int sendbuf = world rank;
41
       int recvbuf;
42
       MPI Allreduce(&sendbuf, &recvbuf, 1, MPI INT, MPI SUM, new comm);
43
44
       // get rank in new group
45
       int new rank:
46
       MPI_Group_rank(new_group, &new_rank);
47
48
49
       printf("rank = %d newrank = %d recvbuf= %d\n",
50
              world rank,
                               new_rank,
                                              recvbuf);
51
52
53
       MPI Group free(&orig group);
54
       MPI_Group_free(&new_group);
55
```

Part 2: Virtual Topologies

MPI Cartesian Map with 1 Dimension

```
### Open Communication | Commu
```

Figure 3: Console output: mpi-cart-1D-get-nbrs.c

mpi-cart-1D-get-nbrs.c

```
1 | /* mpi-cart-1D-get-nbrs.c
   * -
2
   * 1 Dimensional Cartesian Virtual Topology
3
      finds the neighbors in a cartesian communicator
4
  #include <mpi.h>
6
  #include <stdlib.h>
7
  #include <stdio.h>
  typedef enum { false, true } bool;
10
11
  int main( int argc, char *argv[] ) {
12
      MPI Init( &argc, &argv );
13
       int cluster_size;
14
      MPI_Comm_size( MPI_COMM_WORLD, &cluster_size );
15
      int rank;
16
      MPI_Comm_rank( MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank );
17
18
      const int ndims = 1;
19
      int dims[ndims];
20
      /* processor dimensions */
21
      dims[0] = cluster_size;
22
      /* create Cartesian topology for processes */
23
24
             nnodes, ndims, dims[]
      MPI Dims create(cluster size, ndims, dims);
25
26
      if(rank == 0)
27
          printf("PW[%d]/[%d]: NDims=%d, PEdims = [%d]\n",
28
                  rank, cluster_size, ndims, dims[0]);
29
30
       int periods[ndims];
31
       int source, dest;
32
      bool reorder = true;
33
      MPI_Comm comm1D;
34
35
36
      /* Create periodic shift */
37
      38
      /* periodic shift is true. */
39
      periods[0] = true;
40
      /* create Cartesian mapping */
41
      MPI_Cart_create(MPI_COMM_WORLD, ndims, dims, periods, reorder, &comm1D);
42
43
       //int errs = 0;
44
      MPI_Cart_shift(comm1D, dims[0], 1, &source, &dest);
45
       printf( "P[%d]:
                        periodic: shift 1: src[%d] P[%d] dest[%d]\n",
46
               rank,
                                         source, rank,
                                                          dest );
47
       fflush(stdout);
48
49
      MPI_Cart_shift(comm1D, dims[0], 0, &source, &dest);
50
      printf( "P[%d]:
                          periodic: shift 0: src[%d] P[%d] dest[%d]\n",
51
               rank,
                                         source, rank,
                                                          dest );
52
      fflush(stdout);
53
54
      MPI_Cart_shift(comm1D, dims[0], -1, &source, &dest);
55
```

```
printf( "P[%d]:
                        periodic: shift -1: src[%d] P[%d] dest[%d]\n",
56
                                       source, rank,
                                                       dest );
              rank,
57
      fflush(stdout);
58
      MPI_Comm_free( &comm1D );
59
60
      61
      /* Create non-periodic shift */
62
      63
      if (rank == 0)
64
          printf("\nNon-periodic next\n");
65
      /* periodic shift is false. */
66
      periods[0] = false;
67
      MPI Cart create(MPI COMM WORLD, ndims, dims, periods, reorder, &comm1D);
68
69
      MPI_Cart_shift(comm1D, dims[0], 1, &source, &dest);
70
      printf( "P[%d]: non-periodic: shift 1: src[%d] P[%d] dest[%d]\n",
71
                                       source, rank,
              rank,
                                                       dest );
72
      fflush(stdout);
73
      MPI_Cart_shift(comm1D, dims[0], 0, &source, &dest);
74
      printf( "P[%d]: non-periodic: shift 0: src[%d] P[%d] dest[%d]\n",
75
              rank,
                                       source, rank,
                                                       dest );
76
      fflush(stdout);
77
      MPI_Cart_shift(comm1D, dims[0], -1, &source, &dest);
78
      printf( "P[%d]: non-periodic: shift -1: src[%d] P[%d] dest[%d]\n",
79
              rank,
                                       source, rank,
80
      fflush(stdout);
81
      MPI_Comm_free( &comm1D );
82
83
      MPI_Finalize();
84
      return 0;
85
86 }
```

MPI Cartesian Map with 2 Dimensions

Figure 4: Console output: mpi-cart-2D-get-nbrs.c

mpi-cart-2D-get-nbrs.c

```
1 | /* mpi-cart-2D-get-nbrs.c
   * -
2
   * 2 Dimensional Cartesian Virtual Topology
3
   * finds the neighbors in a cartesian communicator
  #include <mpi.h>
6
  #include <stdio.h>
  #include <stdlib.h>
  #include <math.h>
  #define SHIFT_ROW 0
11
  #define SHIFT COL 1
12
  #define DISP 1
13
14
   typedef enum { false, true } bool;
15
   int wrap_row(int row_width, int col);
17
   int wrap_col(int col_height, int row);
18
19
   int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
20
       //int errs;
21
22
       /* start up initial MPI environment */
23
      MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
24
       int size;
25
       MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &size);
26
       int my_rank;
27
       MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &my_rank);
28
29
       int ndims=2;
30
       int dims[ndims];
31
       int nrows;
32
       int ncols:
33
34
       /* process command line arguments*/
35
       if (argc == 3) {
           nrows = atoi (argv[1]);
37
           ncols = atoi (argv[2]);
38
           dims[0] = nrows; /* number of rows */
39
           dims[1] = ncols; /* number of columns */
40
           if( (nrows*ncols) != size) {
41
               if( my_rank ==0)
42
                   printf("ERROR: nrows*ncols) = %d * %d = %d != %d \n",
43
                           nrows, ncols, nrows*ncols, size);
44
               MPI Finalize();
45
               exit(0):
46
           }
47
       }
48
       else {
           nrows = ncols = (int)sqrt(size);
50
           dims[0] = dims[1] = 0;
51
       }
52
53
       54
       /* create cartesian topology for processes */
55
```

```
56
       MPI Dims create(size, ndims, dims);
57
       if(my rank == 0)
58
           printf("PW[%d], CommSz[%d]: PEdims = [%d x %d]\n",
59
                   mv rank.
                                             dims[0]. dims[1]):
                                 size.
60
61
       /* create cartesian mapping */
62
       int periods[ndims];
63
       periods[0] = periods[1] = 0; /* periodic shift is .false. */
64
       int reorder = true:
65
       MPI Comm comm2D;
66
       int ierr = 0;
67
       ierr = MPI Cart create(MPI COMM WORLD, ndims, dims, periods, reorder,
68
                               &comm2D):
69
       if (ierr != 0)
70
           printf("ERROR[%d] creating CART\n", ierr);
71
72
       /* find my coordinates in the cartesian communicator group */
73
       int coord[ndims];
74
       MPI Cart coords(comm2D, my rank, ndims, coord);
75
76
       /* use my cartesian coordinates to find my rank in cartesian group*/
77
       int my cart rank;
78
       MPI Cart rank(comm2D, coord, &my cart rank);
79
80
       //int source, dest;
81
       /* get my neighbors; axis is coordinate dimension of shift */
82
       /* axis=0 ==> shift along the rows: P[my row-1]: P[me] : P[my row+1] */
83
       /* axis=1 ==> shift along the columns P[my_col-1]: P[me] : P[my_col+1] */
84
       int nbr_i_lo, nbr_i_hi;
85
       MPI Cart shift(comm2D, dims[0], DISP, &nbr i lo, &nbr i hi);
86
       nbr_i_lo = wrap_row(ncols, nbr_i_lo);
87
       nbr_i_hi = wrap_row(ncols, nbr_i_hi);
88
       printf("PW[%2d] Coord(%d,%d): SHIFT_DIM[%d], Shift=%d: "
89
                                    "nbr_lo[%2d] P[%2d] nbr_hi[%2d]\n",
90
               my rank, coord[0], coord[1], SHIFT ROW, DISP,
91
                                        nbr_i_lo, my_rank, nbr_i_hi);
92
93
       int nbr_j_lo, nbr_j_hi;
94
       MPI_Cart_shift(comm2D, dims[1], DISP, &nbr_j_lo, &nbr_j_hi);
95
       nbr_j_lo = wrap_col(nrows, nbr_j_lo);
96
       nbr_j_hi = wrap_col(nrows, nbr_j_hi);
97
       printf("PW[%2d] Coord(%d,%d): SHIFT_DIM[%d], Shift=%d: "
98
                                    "nbr lo[%2d] P[%2d] nbr hi[%2d]\n",
99
               my_rank, coord[0], coord[1], SHIFT_COL, DISP,
100
                                        nbr_j_lo, my_rank,
                                                            nbr_j_hi);
101
       fflush(stdout);
102
103
       MPI_Comm_free( &comm2D );
104
       MPI_Finalize();
105
       return 0;
106
   }
107
108
   int wrap_dim(int dim_width, int idx) {
109
       if (idx < 0)
110
           return dim_width + idx;
111
```

```
return idx;
}
int wrap_row(int row_width, int col) { return wrap_dim(row_width, col); }
int wrap_col(int col_height, int row) { return wrap_dim(col_height, row); }
```

Part 3: Simplified Matrix Multiplication

Using Cannon's algorithm.

Figure 5: Console output: cannon.c

cannon.c

```
1 /* cannon.c
2
   * Simplified Matrix-Matrix Multiplication
3
4
   * This code is based on Cannon algorithm for matrix matrix multiplication.
5
   * The main assumption in Cannon is that both A and B matrix must be square
6
   * matrix and number of processors must be equal to the no of elements in
7
   * A matrix.
   */
9
  #include <mpi.h>
  #include <stdio.h>
11
12 | #include <stdlib.h>
13
   #define ndims 2 // 2 Dimension topology
14
   #define SHIFT ROW 1 // coord[1] is j
15
   #define SHIFT_COL 0
                           // coord[0] is i
16
17
   enum TaskRanks { Master = 0 };
18
   // MxN Matrix: M rows, N columns
19
   typedef struct MatrixSize {
20
   int m;
              // rows indexed by i
21
               // columns indexed by j
     int n;
   } mat size t;
   mat_size_t get_matrices(float **L, float **R);
  int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
26
    // Initializing MPI
27
     MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
28
     int size;
29
     MPI Comm size(MPI COMM WORLD, &size);
30
     int rank:
31
     MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
32
33
     // Read the data only if it is the root process (rank = 0)
34
     int row, column;
35
     float *A = NULL;
36
     float *B = NULL;
37
     if (rank == Master) {
38
       mat\_size\_t msize = get\_matrices(&A, &B);
39
            = msize.m;
40
       column = msize.n;
41
     }
42
43
     MPI Barrier(MPI COMM WORLD);
44
     MPI_Bcast(&row, 1, MPI_INT, Master, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
45
     MPI_Bcast(&column, 1, MPI_INT, Master, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
46
47
     // set periodicity both vertical and horizontal movement
48
     // periodic == true, wraps == true
49
     int periods[ndims] = {1, 1};
50
     int dims[ndims] = {row, column};
51
     int reorder = 1; // true
52
     // Create Cartesian mapping of processes, a topological map
53
     MPI Comm cart_comm;
54
     MPI_Cart_create(MPI_COMM_WORLD, ndims, dims, periods, reorder, &cart_comm);
```

```
56
     // Sending/Assigning each A and B element to the individual processor
57
           ASSUMES 1 element per process, enough processes
58
     float a ii = 0;
59
     MPI Scatter(A,
                        1, MPI FLOAT,
60
                  &a_ij, 1, MPI_FLOAT,
61
                  Master, cart_comm);
62
     float b_ij = 0;
63
     MPI_Scatter(B,
                        1, MPI_FLOAT,
64
                  &b ij, 1, MPI FLOAT,
65
                  Master, cart_comm);
66
     //printf("p[%d] a=%f, b=%f\n", rank, a_ij, b_ij);
67
     MPI Barrier(MPI COMM WORLD);
68
69
     // 2 Dimension topology, so 2 coordinates
70
     int coords[2];
71
     // get the coordinates in the new Cartesian grid
72
     MPI Cart coords(cart comm, rank, ndims, coords);
73
     // get the new rank in Cartesian group using coords
74
     int cart rank;
75
     MPI_Cart_rank(cart_comm, coords, &cart_rank);
76
     //printf("Coordinate of processor rank %d is [%d, %d], new rank is %d\n",
77
                                          rank, coords[0], coords[1], cart rank);
78
79
     float c ij = 0;
80
     int msg_tag = 11;
81
     // neighbor ranks
82
     int right = 0, left = 0, down = 0, up = 0;
83
     // Pumping along systolic array:
84
           ASSUMES a square matrix
85
     for (int ij = 0; ij < row; ij++) {</pre>
86
       // get the shifted source and destination rank horizontally
87
       MPI_Cart_shift(cart_comm, SHIFT_ROW, ij, &right, &left);
88
       // get the shifted source and destination rank vertically
89
       MPI_Cart_shift(cart_comm, SHIFT_COL, ij, &down, &up);
90
       // send and receive using single buffer:
91
                shift value from RIGHT coordinate to LEFT coordinate
92
       MPI_Sendrecv_replace(&a_ij, 1, MPI_FLOAT,
93
                left, msg_tag,
                                    // rank of dest
                                                       (send to left)
94
                right, msg_tag,
                                     // rank of source (recv from right)
95
                cart_comm, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
96
       // send and receive using single buffer:
                shift value from DOWN coordinate to UP coordinate
98
       MPI_Sendrecv_replace(&b_ij, 1, MPI_FLOAT,
99
                                   // rank of dest (send up)
                      msg_tag,
100
                down, msg_tag,
                                    // rank of source (recv from below)
101
                cart_comm, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
102
       // Calculation of matrix multiplication
103
        c_{ij} += a_{ij} * b_{ij};
104
105
106
     // allocate memory for C matrix
107
     float *C = (float *) calloc(sizeof(float), row * row);
108
     // Gather the multiplication result from every processor
109
     MPI_Gather(&c_ij, 1, MPI_FLOAT,
110
                     C, 1, MPI_FLOAT,
111
```

```
Master, cart_comm);
112
113
      // Printing the result of Matrix multiplication stored in C array
114
      if (rank == Master) {
115
        int k = 0;
116
        printf("\nA * B:\n");
117
        for (int i = 0; i < row; i++) {
118
          for (int j = 0; j < column; j++) {
119
            printf("%f\t", C[k]);
120
            k++;
121
122
          printf("\n");
123
        }
124
125
126
     MPI_Finalize();
127
      return 0;
128
129
130
   // Assumes A and B will have same number of rows and columns
131
   // TODO Should only assume that columns(A) == rows(B).
132
            A_mxl \cdot B_lxn ==> C_mxn
133
   mat size t get matrices(float **L, float **R) {
134
     int row = 0;
135
      int column = 0;
136
      // finding the number of rows & columns in A matrix
137
     FILE *fp;
138
      fp = fopen("A.txt", "r");
139
      int count = 0;
140
      char ch;
141
      float n;
142
      // scan each line
143
     while (fscanf(fp, "%f", \&n) != -1) {
144
        ch = fgetc(fp);
145
        if (ch == '\n') {
146
          row++;
147
        }
148
        count++;
149
150
      column = count / row;
151
152
      // Check to see to have enough processors for the elements
153
      int cluster_size;
154
     MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &cluster_size);
155
      if (count != cluster_size) {
156
        printf("No of Processors must be equal to %d\nCode terminated\n", count);
157
        MPI_Finalize();
158
        fclose(fp);
159
        exit(1);
160
161
162
      // Jump back to beginning of file for matrix A
163
      fseek(fp, 0, SEEK_SET);
164
165
      // allocate memory for A and B
166
      float *A = (float *)calloc(sizeof(float), row * column);
```

```
float *B = (float *)calloc(sizeof(float), row * column);
168
169
      // Scanning and printing Matrix A
170
      int k = 0;
171
      printf("A matrix:\n");
172
       for (int i = 0; i < row; i++) {</pre>
173
         for (int j = 0; j < column; j++) {
  fscanf(fp, "%f", &n);</pre>
174
175
           A[k] = n;
176
           printf("%f\t", A[k]);
177
           k++;
178
         }
179
         printf("\n");
180
181
      fclose(fp);
182
183
      // Scanning and printing Matrix B
184
      k = 0;
185
      printf("\nB matrix:\n");
186
      // read data for B matrix
187
      fp = fopen("B.txt", "r");
188
       for (int i = 0; i < row; i++) {</pre>
189
         for (int j = 0; j < column; j++) {
  fscanf(fp, "%f", &n);</pre>
190
191
           B[k] = n;
192
           printf("%f\t", B[k]);
193
           k++;
194
         }
195
         printf("\n");
196
197
      fclose(fp);
198
199
      *L = A;
200
      *R = B;
201
       return (mat_size_t){row, column};
203
```