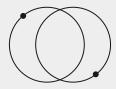
Darwis | DSI-38



# HDB Resale Price Prediction

Analysis of HDB resale prices based on various contributing factors





Image Source: Unsplash

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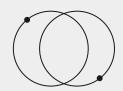
05

**Conclusion & Recommendation** 









# Project Background & Goal





### \* \* \* \*

### **Project Background**

HDB resale price has been steadily increasing over the decades, especially post COVID-19 pandemic. Understanding key factors that influence the price is crucial to maximize return of investment (ROI).

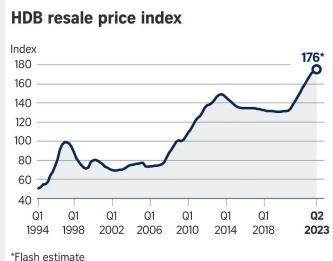
#### **Main Goals**



**UNDERSTAND HDB FEATURES AFFECTING RESALE PRICE** 



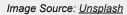
SUCCESSFULLY PREDICT HDB **RESALE PRICE BASED ON** PROPOSED MODEL



Source: HOUSING BOARD STRAITS TIMES GRAPHICS

### **Dataset**





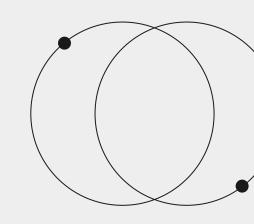








Number of Transaction



70+

Number of Features

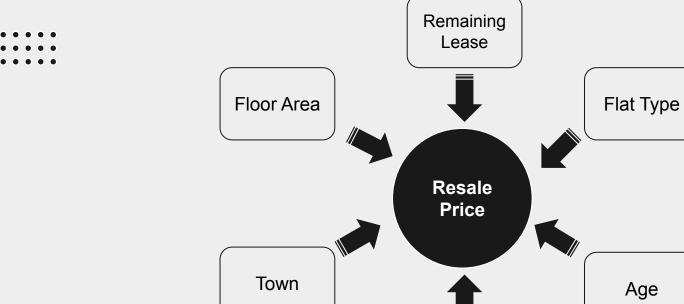
10 years

Period of Data Collection (2012-2022)



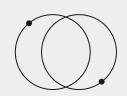


### **Key Features**



Floor

Level

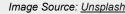






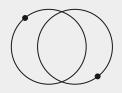
# **Exploratory Data Analysis**



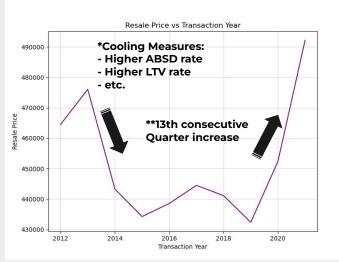


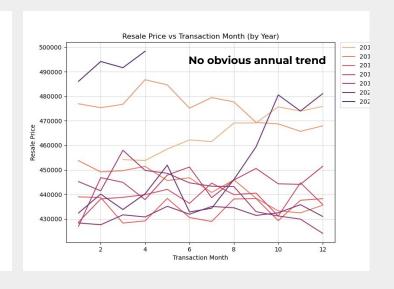


### **#1: Annual Resale Price**







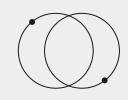




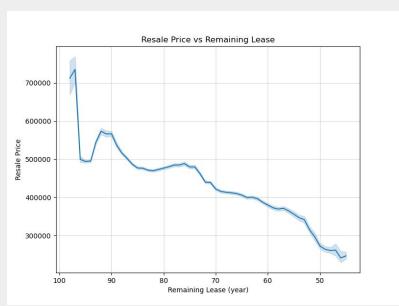


<sup>\*</sup>Source: <u>Stackhomes</u> \*\*Source: <u>The Straits Times</u>

### #2: Resale Price vs 99-year Remaining Lease







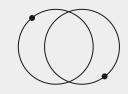
Remaining Lease >

Resale Price >





### #3: Resale Price vs HDB Storey/Size







Resale Price vs flat\_type MULTI-GENERATION EXECUTIVE 5 ROOM 4 ROOM 3 ROOM 2 ROOM 1 ROOM 100000 200000 300000 400000 500000 600000 700000 800000

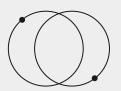
Floor A Resale Price A

Unit Size > Resale Price >

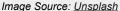






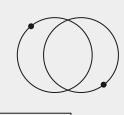


# Model & Evaluation





### **Data Preparation & Modeling**



Handling Missing Data

Replace missing data with 0s

**Data Separation** 

into binary/numerical/ categorical Feature Engineering

optimize feature and drop redundant ones

**Train-Test Split** 

60% train 40% test

One-Hot Encoding

translate categorical features to 0/1s

**Standard Scaler** 

standardize numerical features

**Model Data** 

using linear/ridge/ lasso regression model

**Evaluate Model** 

assess R<sup>2</sup> and RMSE





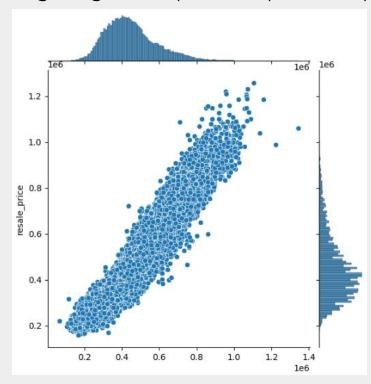
### **Model Evaluation**

	Linear Regression	Ridge Regression	Lasso Regression
Model Accuracy (R2)	-5.8 x 10^16	0.915	0.897
Error in Prediction (RMSE)	3.4 x 10^13	41,625	45,664
Model fitting (Train-Test % difference)	100,000,000,	0.1%	0.1%

⇒ **Ridge Regression** has the highest model accuracy and demonstrate repeatability.

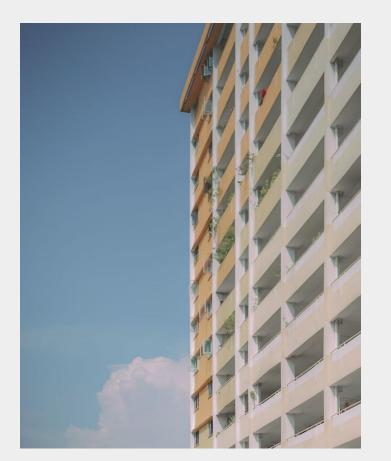
⇒ **Linear regression** is worst with significantly varying result during cross-validation (model not robust).

### Ridge Regression (actual vs prediction)

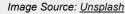




# Conclusion & Recommendation









### **Best Model**

#### **Ridge Regression**

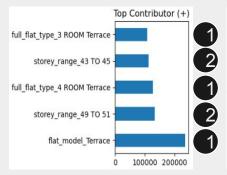
Most Accurate Model with ~91% accuracy (R2)

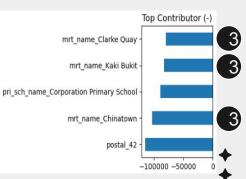
Model able to predict with ~\$41k error

Demonstrate repeatability with 0.1% difference

## Top Contributing Features

- Flat Model/Type
- 2 Flat Storey
- 3 Nearest MRT







### **Future Improvement**

### **Consider Time Series Testing**

- As seen in EDA section, data span across period where price fluctuated.
- Potential time dependency that could skew the conclusion.
- Train data could be based on past and test on the latest time-frame.

### **Consider More Features**

- Economic Indicators (e.g. interest rate, GDP)
- Updated Policies (LTV rate, ABSD rate, MOP\*)
- HDB Condition (renovated block)



<sup>\*</sup>MOP (Minimum Occupancy Period) for different locations



### Thank You!

